POLICE REPORTS

OF THE

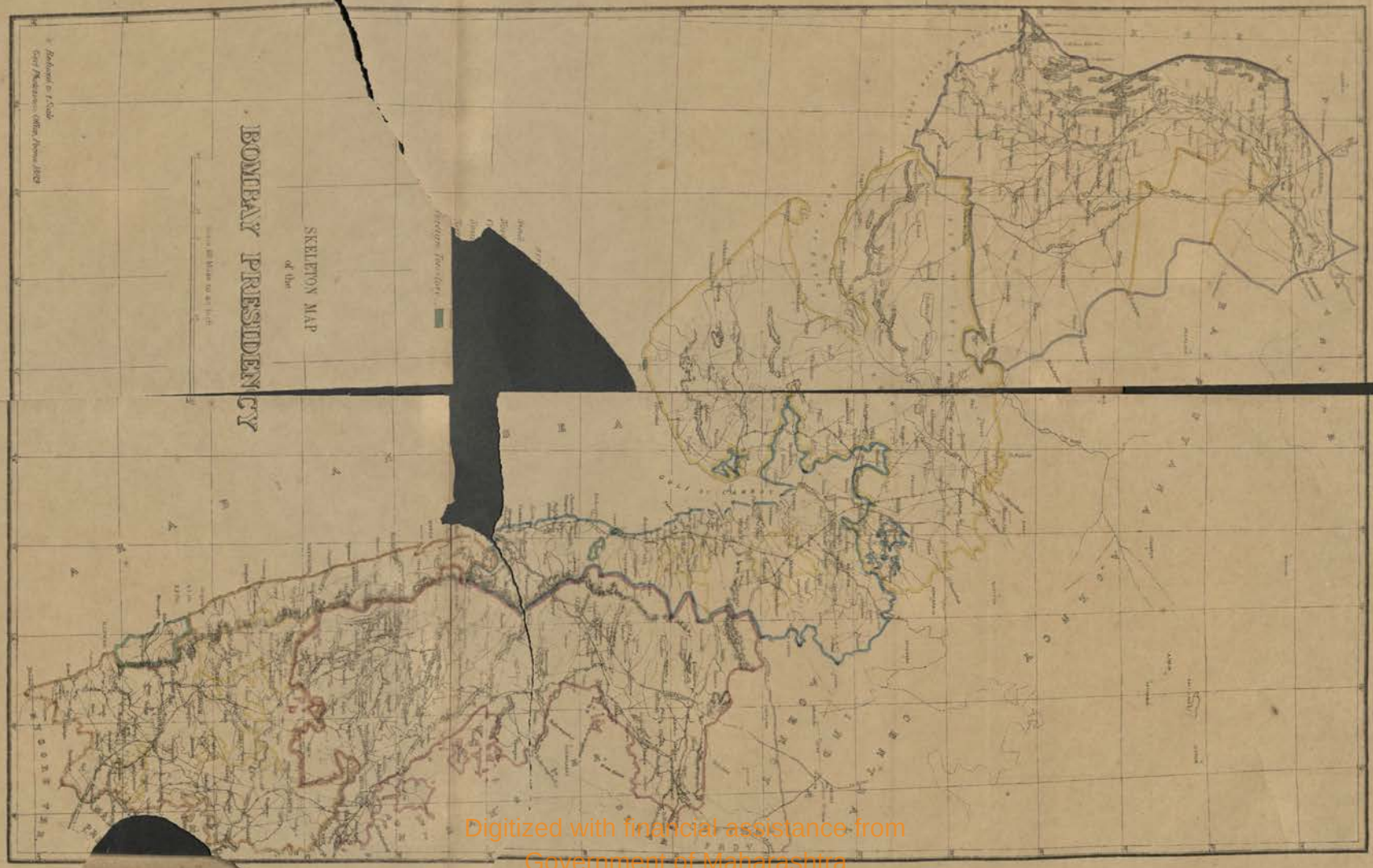
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

INCLUDING THE

PROVINCE OF SIND

FOR THE YEAR 1888.

Bombay:
PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS.
1889.



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3. As regards the new supplementary Form I Government has stated that it is different both in principle and detail from the Imperial Statement A, Part I, and that the two cannot tally, so no effort should be made to effect uniformity. Nevertheless I am directed in making comparisons with previous years to follow the principle on which the statement is based. The instructions of Government are further that the statistics of Indian Penal Code cases should be separately dealt with and separately compared and in dealing with crime only real cognizable cases should be considered.

4. In endeavouring to carry out these orders it has been necessary to thoroughly grasp the difference of principle of the old system and the new; and in the first place I would record my opinion that the new form is in every way more business-like and satisfactory. The old form did not show the whole number of complaints made to the Police, inasmuch as it took no account whatever of cases that were false owing to a mistake of fact or law; and it only accounted for a limited number of the cases entered, no reference being made to undetected cases. The percentages, moreover, were based on an arbitrary conjunction of true cases reported to the Police and those that were maliciously false. Thus if in a district 10 dacoities were reported to the police, in 5 of which the accusation was maliciously false, *i.e.*, there were only 5 real cases, and in 2 of these convictions were obtained, the percentage of convictions to cases was held to be not 40 per cent. as it should be, but only 20. The value of such calculations was consequently not perspicuous. Under the new system all cases reported to the Police are shown, whether true or false, and all false cases of whatever kind are at once excluded from the grand total. Thus the amount of real cases is seen at a glance. Moreover, every case has to be accounted for, and if not disposed of is shown as pending and carried over to next year. The percentage tests are calculated on the number of real cases disposed of. With regard to this two remarks are necessary. Any District Superintendent of Police, by showing as pending all cases that are not likely to end in a conviction, can keep his list of cases disposed of very low, and so make his percentages of convictions to cases disposed of unwarrantably high and by this means convey a false impression as to the working of his Police. This has been done in many districts, as will be observed from my several reviews of them. In connection with this subject it is necessary to point out the difficulties caused to the preparation of Police statistics, and also to the due discharge of current routine work, by the great delay with which many Magistrates issue their final orders upon Police final reports. I am addressing Government separately upon these points both as regards the Police and the Magistrates. As until Government issued the new rules about registration of crime and submission of final reports, undetected cases were not shown as pending and brought over to next year but simply allowed to lapse, it follows that the undetected cases of 1887 are not shown, as a rule at all events, in the pending cases brought over into 1888. But the undetected pending cases of 1888 will all be shown in the form for 1889, and each will have to be accounted for by a final report; hence it may be expected that the percentages for 1889 will be much lower than for 1888. When the prompt submission of final reports is thoroughly enforced in each district the number of true cases reported and disposed of during the year will not appreciably differ.

5. I am now in a position to explain the method that I have adopted in endeavouring to compare the criminal statistics of the Presidency for 1888 with 1887. By deducting from column 4 of Statement A, Part I, columns 5, 18, 18*a*, 18*b*, I have obtained the number of real cognizable cases reported to the Police during each year. In working out this process for 1888, I find that the figures arrived at will not tally with the figures representing the same result in Supplementary Statement I, *i.e.*, the result obtained by deducting column 5 from column 3 and adding to the remainder column 13. The results should correspond, but they fail to do so. According to figures arrived at by the process described above, the total number of real cognizable offences for 1888 is, according to Statement A, Part I, 32,955, but according to Supplementary Statement I, 32,619. The comparative results are as follows. The difference under thefts can only be accounted for by a different classification of the various kinds of thefts, for the divergence is not so marked under the various class headings :—

Offences.	Supplementary Statement No. I, 1888.	Statement A, Part I, 1888.
Murders	215	217
Attempts at murder and culpable homicide ...	95	92
Dacoities	110	110
Robberies	245	262
Thefts	12,355	10,762
Receiving stolen property	871	857
Abetments	.....	.....
Class I	609	620
Class II	1,826	1,843
Class III	4,267	4,324
Class IV	248	297
Class V	13,683	14,035
Total, I. P. C. Cases ...	20,633	21,119
Class VI ...	11,986	11,836
Grand Total ...	32,619	32,955

6. Of these sets of figures I think it fairer to take the second one compiled from Statement A, Part I, for the purpose of comparing the fluctuations of crime that have occurred in 1887 and 1888. In compiling the tabular statements for the two years, I have borne in mind the directions of Government that while I consolidate the reports of all the districts, I should retain the four divisions of the Presidency as separate stages in the statistical tables, thus enabling a comparison of the results of each division to be easily instituted. In order to arrive at an estimate of the comparative success of the Police in the various divisions, I have compiled for each division, as well as the Presidency as a whole, a statement in the form of new Supplementary Statement No. I.* This shows at a glance the results of the Police operations as shown by the various percentages. In their reports for previous years the Commissioners have given a great many statistical tables in the body of their reports and in their reviews of each district. I have not attempted to reproduce them, as I deem it more valuable to give a few definite conclusions as to the success or otherwise of the Police operations.

* Appendix A for Presidency.
Do. B. for Sind.
Do. C. for Northern Division.
Do. D. for Central Division.
Do. E. for Southern Division.

7. The following table (*vide* beginning of paragraph 6) gives the comparative amount of crime for 1887 and 1888, under each class and heading for each division and the Presidency as a whole :—

Statement of real Cognizable Cases reported during the two years 1887 and 1888 prepared from Statement A, Part I.

Offences.	Sind.		Northern Division.		Central Division.		Southern Division.		Total.	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Murders	40	50	41	49	51	65	28	53	160	217
Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	21	17	31	32	27	23	18	20	97	92
Dacoities	2	1	16	32	37	48	17	29	72	110
Robberies	46	50	86	81	69	84	35	47	236	262
Thefts, including cattle-thefts.	3,466	3,430	2,156	2,475	2,807	3,070	1,717	1,787	10,146	10,762
Receiving stolen property ...	304	331	243	322	180	149	85	55	812	857

Offences.	Sind.		Northern Division.		Central Division.		Southern Division.		Total.	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Abetments	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Class I	242	206	115	137	106	162	93	115	556	620
Do. II...	433	442	471	557	455	472	346	372	1,705	1,843
Do. III...	1,366	1,263	1,247	1,317	1,189	1,219	453	525	4,255	4,324
Do. IV...	41	40	85	53	160	137	66	67	352	297
Do. V...	4,419	4,400	2,741	3,167	4,002	4,198	2,268	2,270	13,430	14,035
Total, I. P. C. Cases ...	6,501	6,351	4,660	5,231	5,912	6,188	3,226	3,349	20,299	21,119
Class VI	1,772	2,136	3,205	3,366	4,703	5,094	1,426	1,240	11,1 06	11,836
Grand Total ...	8,273	8,487	7,865	8,597	10,615	11,282	4,652	4,589	31,405	32,955

8. The result shows that offences under the Indian Penal Code have increased for the Presidency by 820, and under all laws by 1,550. Considering the bad season experienced in many districts during the year under report, this is not more than might have been expected; but it is a matter for regret that a considerable number of these cases consist of serious crimes of violence. Taking Indian Penal Code cases there is a decrease of 150 cases in Sind, an increase of 571 in the Northern Division, of 276 in the Central Division and of 123 in the Southern Division. The reasons for the increase or decrease in the various classes are given, as far as possible, in my reviews of the several districts. The most serious feature in this statement is the increase of murders from 160 to 217, the increase being 10 in Sind, 8 in the Northern Division, 14 in the Central Division and 25 in the Southern Division. As regards the Southern Division the chief increase is in the Belgaum and Bijápur districts, from 5 and 2 to 19 and 10 respectively. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide have hardly fluctuated at all. The increase in the serious crimes of dacoity and robbery is very serious. Under dacoities there is a decrease of 1 in Sind, an increase from 16 to 32 in the Northern Division, from 37 to 48 in the Central Division and from 17 to 29 in the Southern Division. In the Northern Division the increase occurred more or less in all the districts except Thána where the number has fallen from 11 to 5. Robberies have increased by 26, from 236 to 262. An increase of 15 occurs in the Central Division, while the Northern Division shows a decrease of 5. Thefts show a considerable increase of 616, but this is, as might have been expected, owing to the unpropitious season. An increase of 319 occurs in the Northern Division and of 263 in the Central Division. The chief feature of the report is the increase in the more serious crimes of violence.

9. It will be seen from the subjoined statement that there is a slight improvement in the percentage of cases convicted to cases reported both as regards Indian Penal Code cases and also Class VI, the figures in the case of the former being 39·1 for 1887 and 40·6 for 1888 and in the case of the latter 89·1 in the year under report as compared with 88·9 in the previous year. The percentage of persons convicted to those arrested has likewise improved. In 1887 the number of persons arrested in the Indian Penal Code cases was 29,129, of whom 12,875 or 44·1 per cent. were convicted. During the year under report the number of arrests amounted to 31,182, while the number of convictions was 13,792 or 44·2 per cent. of the whole. The improvement under Class VI is somewhat more marked, the percentage in 1888 being 85·5 as compared with 83·8 in the preceding year :—

	Cases pending.		True cases reported.		Total.		Cases convicted.		Persons arrested.		Persons convicted.		Percentage of cases convicted to cases reported.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Indian Penal Code cases ...	1,340	1,723	20,299	21,119	21,639	22,842	8,465	9,284	29,129	31,182	12,875	13,792	39·1	40·6	44·1	44·2
Class VI	104	130	11,106	11,836	11.210	11,966	9,976	10,663	13,326	14,145	11,177	12,095	88·9	89·1	83·8	85·5

10. In taking the new Supplementary Statement I for the Presidency the following figures call for remarks. The total number of pending cases at the end of the year is very large, being 6,647, or an increase of 2,068 over the number shown as pending at the beginning of the year. I have alluded to this matter in my reviews of the various districts. In many cases it is due to bad work, but the increase is not so large as it seems, for, as already stated in previous years, final reports were not submitted in undetected cases, and such cases were not brought to account in following years, only cases pending before the Courts or those which were subsequently sent before the Magistrates by the Police being shown in the returns. The rules for filling up Statement A, Part I, distinctly implied that final reports should be issued in every case, and that all cases in which such report was not submitted should be shown in column 6, but as a matter of fact this was not done.

11. The number of excluded cases is 13,505, as compared with 32,618 cases under all laws. It is impossible to say how many of these excluded cases are non-cognizable or compounded, but undoubtedly the great majority consist of false accusations. Even if these charges are not maliciously false, they are at all events recklessly made; and the fact that 23·7 per cent. of complaints made to the Police are unfounded, indicates that the remedies provided by the law for the protection of the people are ignorantly or systematically abused. It is just as much trouble to the Police to investigate a false case as a true one. Their time is wasted over investigation into such matters; and finding so many charges to be false they not unnaturally are inclined too often to regard every complaint with suspicion. To get convictions against persons who make false charges is not easy; but I consider that much more should be done to repress this evil, and I beg to bring the subject prominently to the notice of Government.

12. Under persons it is discouraging to see that no less than 2,751 out of 36,060 persons arrested by the Police or 7·6 per cent. were released without being brought to trial. About half or 1,427 of these persons released without trial were arrested in theft cases. The probability is that most of these persons ought to have been sent up for trial, but the Police deliberately refrain from sending up a prisoner in a theft case unless the stolen property is recovered for fear that the accused should be acquitted and their percentage of conviction to cases and persons disposed of by trial lowered. It is noteworthy that the Southern Division is responsible for only 197 persons released without trial, while the number for Sind is 936, the Northern Division 917 and the Central Division 701. I am unable to say how many arrests were made by the Village Police, but I consider that the District Police are responsible for nearly all arrests that are recorded. The number of cases (27) and persons (60) ended by death of accused does not appear serious, when compared with the number of arrests, but in future some explanation should be given in each instance.

13. In several districts I have had to call attention to the independent action of Magistrates in the arrest of offenders. Out of 6,726 persons arrested by them in Indian Penal Code cases, 6,512 were tried and only 1,212, or 18 per cent., were convicted. After making due allowance for the large number of compoundable offences with which the Magistrates deal directly, it must be admitted that the Police have exercised much greater discretion in this matter than the Magistrates.

14. In comparing the results of Indian Penal Code cases achieved in the several Divisions by means of the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement No. I., I observe that in the percentage of convictions to real cognizable cases disposed of the Central Division is the best, having a percentage of 55, as compared with 52 for the Northern Division, 51 for the Presidency and Sind, and 46 for the Southern Division. The Central Division has, however, an excessive number of pending cases, and I do not consider this apparent superiority to be real. In convictions to cases decided by trial while the average figure for the Presidency is 72, Sind comes first with 78, the Northern Division follows with 72, the Southern Division is nearly on the same level with

71, while the Central Division is a long way behind with 66, these figures very closely indicating the real degrees of success. Under persons there is a remarkable equilibrium between all the Divisions, the percentage of convictions to arrests being for Sind 55, for the Presidency 53, and for the Northern and Central Divisions 52. Under convictions to persons disposed of by trial, while the average for the Presidency is 60, Sind comes a long way first with 64 and the other Divisions have the following figures in order: Northern Division 59, Central Division 58 and Southern Division 56.

15. Taking the property tests it will be seen that out of a total of Rs. 4,20,391 stolen in pending cases, the Central Division is responsible for no less than 2,68,738, as compared with 11,849 for Sind, 50,962 for Northern Division and 88,842 for Southern Division. Yet even after this in the percentage of property recovered to property stolen in cases disposed of the Central Division is far inferior to the rest of the Presidency. The percentage for the Presidency is 57, for the Central Division only 44, while for the Southern Division it is 54, for Sind 61, and Northern Division 74. As regards the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to those in which property was stolen, while for the Presidency the figure is 79, the Northern Division is 93, Southern Division 80, Central Division 74 and Sind 71. It is as well to put all these results in tabular form :—

Percentage of real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.		Percentage of real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.		Percentage of Persons convicted to persons arrested by Police *suo motu*.		Percentage of Persons convicted to Persons disposed of by trial.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.		Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.	
1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
													Rs.
Central Division.	55·	Sind	78·	Sind	55·	Sind	64·	Northern Division.	74·	Northern Division.	93·	Sind	11,849
Northern Division.	52·	Northern Division.	72·	Southern Division.	53·	Northern Division.	59·	Sind	61·	Southern Division.	80·	Northern Division.	50,962
Sind	51·	Southern Division.	71·	Northern Division.	52·	Central Division.	58·	Southern Division.	54·	Central Division.	74·	Southern Division.	88,842
Southern Division.	46·	Central Division.	66·	Central Division.	52·	Southern Division.	56·	Central Division.	44·	Sind	71·	Central Division.	2,68,738

Note.—As I have shown, the high place in column 1 of Central Division is by no means deserved, both the Northern Division and Sind being really superior. Thus the Central Division under none of the tests stands higher than 3rd, and in 4 of them is last.

16. The quality of the work done by the various District Superintendents of Police can be easily gauged from my remarks on their several districts. These officers have, as a body, evinced a loyal and hearty zeal in the discharge of their duties. Mr. H. Kennedy, who was away from Ratnágiri for 8 months in the year, for 5 of which he was employed under me on special duty in the Crawford case, afforded me very valuable assistance in a by no means easy task. It is a matter for great regret that there have been so many changes of District Superintendents of Police during the year. It is essential for the efficiency of a district that there should be, as far as possible, continuity of superintendence. No officer can really keep his men in proper control unless he is personally well acquainted with them; nor can he make successful arrangements for the repression and detection of crime unless he is familiar with the local peculiarities of his district. Transfers moreover are a terrible interruption to the District Superintendent of Police's tour, many districts having but a poor record of outpost inspection on this account. When a Superintendent is absent on privilege leave I think that less inconvenience would be caused were the office placed temporarily in the hands of a local Magistrate than by transferring several officers from one end of the Presidency to the other for the purpose of carrying on the work.

Officers in charge.

17. The subjoined table gives the names of the several officers who held charge of the offices of District Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police in each district of the Presidency :—

	District.	Name of Officer.	Period. From	Period. To
		Superintendent.		
Sind.	Karáchi ...	Colonel Simpson	1st January 1888.	2nd December 1888.
		Colonel Crawford, District Magistrate.	3rd December ,,	31st ,, ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Green	1st January ,,	,, ,, ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Hyderabad	Mr. Duggan	,, ,, ,,	6th May ,,
		,, Jones	7th May ,,	31st December ,,
	Thar and Párkar.	,, Watson, Deputy Commissioner.	1st January ,,	,, ,, ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Shikárpur	Mr. Austin	,, ,, ,,	6th August ,,
		,, Bulkley	7th August ,,	21st October ,,
		,, Austin	22nd October ,,	30th November ,,
		,, Vincent	1st December ,,	31st December ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Penton	1st January ,,	30th April ,,
			And again from 10th December 1888.	to 31st December ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Upper Sind Frontier.	Mr. Bulkley	1st January ,,	30th April ,,
		,, Giles	,, May ,,	2nd May ,,
		,, Penton	3rd ,, ,,	10th September ,,
		,, Giles	11th September ,,	8th October ,,
		,, Penton	9th October ,,	1st December ,,
		,, Austin	2nd December ,,	31st ,, ,,
		Superintendent.		
Northern Division.	Ahmedabad	Mr. Adams	1st January ,,	31st December ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Adams	1st ,, ,,	12th January ,,
		,, Beatty	13th ,, ,,	22nd February ,,
		,, Adams	23rd February ,,	31st December ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Kaira ...	Mr. Spence	1st January ,,	,, ,, ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Panch Maháls.	Mr. Beatty	,, ,, ,,	2nd January ,,
		Captain Marriott	3rd ,, ,,	14th February ,,
		Mr. Urquhart	15th February ,,	17th ,, ,,
		,, Lester	18th ,, ,,	31st December ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Beatty	1st January ,,	4th January ,,
		Captain Marriott	5th ,, ,,	14th February ,,
		Mr. Urquhart	15th February ,,	17th ,, ,,
		,, Lester	18th ,, ,,	17th November ,,
		,, Souter	18th November ,,	27th December ,,
		,, Lester	28th December ,,	31st ,, ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Broach ...	Mr. Warden	1st January ,,	14th May ,,
		,, Quin	15th May ,,	20th ,, ,,
		,, Duggan	21st ,, ,,	31st December ,,
	Surat ...	Mr. Henderson	1st January ,,	26th June ,,
		,, Gibbs	27th June ,,	31st December ,,
	Thána ...	Mr. Cotgrave	1st January ,,	13th January ,,
		,, Dhanjisha Dadabhoy ...	14th ,, ,,	31st December ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Dhanjisha Dadabhoy ...	1st ,, ,,	31st ,, ,,

	District.	Name of Officer.	Period. From	Period. To
Central Division.		*Superintendent.*		
	Ahmednagar.	Mr. Vincent	1st January 1888.	6th November 1888.
		,, Bulkley	7th November ,,	31st December ,,
		Major Macbay	1st January ,,	25th April ,,
		Mr. Cotgrave	26th February ,,	17th June ,,
		,, Davies	18th June ,,	14th October ,,
		Captain Macpherson	15th October ,,	31st December ,,
		Assistant Superintendent, W. D.		
	Khándesh.	Mr. Davies	1st January ,,	18th March ,,
		,, Abdul Islam	19th March ,,	31st May ,,
		,, Davies	1st June ,,	14th October ,,
		Captain Macpherson	15th October ,,	12th November ,,
		Mr. Abdul Islam	13th November ,,	9th December ,,
		,, Rustomji Hormasji ...	10th December ,,	31st ,, ,,
		Assistant Superintendent, E. D.		
		Mr. Souter	1st January ,,	16th April ,,
		Ráo Bahádur Balkison Amarsing.	17th April ,,	27th May ,,
		Mr. Biddle	28th May ,,	28th August ,,
		Ráo Bahádur Balkison Amarsing.	29th August ,,	27th October ,,
		Mr. Biddle	28th October ,,	31st December ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Násik ...	Colonel Wilson...	1st January ,,	30th June ,,
		Mr. Henderson...	,, July ,,	31st December ,,
	Poona ...	Colonel Babington	,, January ,,	,, ,, ,,
		Assistant Superintendent.		
		Mr. Biddle	,, ,, ,,	16th March ,,
		No Assistant	17th March ,,	31st December ,,
		Superintendent.		
	Sátára ...	Colonel Codrington	1st January ,,	19th March ,,
		Mr. Biddle	20th March ,,	19th May ,,
		Colonel Codrington	,, May ,,	31st December ,,
	Sholápur ...	Mr. Yates	1st January ,,	10th August ,,
		Colonel Babington	11th August ,,	11th ,, ,,
		Mr. Logan	12th ,, ,,	30th ,, ,,
		,, Biddle	31st ,, ,,	19th October ,,
		,, Davies	20th October ,,	31st December ,,
Southern Division.	Belgaum ...	Mr. Down	1st January ,,	24th August ,,
		,, Bagnell	25th August ,,	13th September ,,
		,, Down	14th September ,,	31st December ,,
	Bijápur ...	Mr. Kennedy	1st January ,,	7th April ,,
		,, Ebden	8th April ,,	7th May ,,
		,, Kennedy	,, May ,,	25th August ,,
		,, Ebden	26th August ,,	14th September ,,
		,, Kennedy	15th September ,,	31st December ,,
	Dhárwár ...	Mr. Scannell	1st January ,,	1st September ,,
		,, Spence	2nd September ,,	2nd October ,,
		,, Scannell	3rd October ,,	31st December ,,
	Kánara ...	Mr. Mactier	1st January ,,	27th September ,,
		,, Ingle	28th September ,,	6th October ,,
		,, Mactier	7th October ,,	31st December ,,

	District.	Name of Officer.	Period. From	Period. To
Southern Division — *continued.*	Kolába	Mr. Goldsmid	1st January 1888 ...	23rd April 1888.
		„ Souter	24th April „ ...	25th May „
		Ráo Sáheb Chinto Vinayak ...	26th May „ ...	3rd June „
		Mr. Beatty	4th June „ ...	31st December „
	Ratnágiri	Mr. Kennedy	1st January „ ...	1st March „
		„ Beatty	2nd March „ ...	26th May „
		„ Kennedy	27th May „ ...	21st July „
		„ Cumine	22nd July „ ...	20th December „
		„ Kennedy	21st December „ ...	31st „ „

18. The table below exhibits the number of offences against the opium and excise laws and the operations of the Police in connection therewith :—

Districts.	Description of cases.	Number of cases reported.	Number of cases investigated by Police.	Number of Persons arrested by Police.	Number of Persons convicted.
Sind.					
Karáchi	Excise Laws	8	6	4	3
	Opium Act	7	7	5	4
Hyderabad	Excise Laws	26	11	13	11
	Opium Act	3	2	2	2
Thar and Párkar ...	Excise Laws	1	1	1	...
	Opium Act	26	25	26	25
Shikárpur	Excise Laws	16	16	18	13
	Opium Act	14	13	14	11
Upper Sind Frontier	Excise Laws	20	5	8	9
	Opium Act	5	4	11	6
Total ...	Excise Laws	71	39	44	36
	Opium Act	55	51	58	48
Northern Division.					
Ahmedabad.. ...	Excise Laws	30	30	39	35
	Opium Act	44	44	50	34
Kaira	Excise Laws	95	95	105	90
	Opium Act	55	55	55	44
Panch Mahális ...	Excise Laws	45	*47	75	68
	Opium Act	63	62	79	70
Broach	Excise Laws	9	9	11	9
	Opium Act	18	17	17	15
Surat	Excise Laws	234	209	230	227
	Opium Act	...	...	...	...
Thána	Excise Laws	557	478	569	423
	Opium Act	2	2	2	2
Total ...	Excise Laws	970	868	1,029	852
	Opium Act	182	180	203	165
Central Division.					
Ahmednagar ...	Excise Laws	9	8	9	9
	Opium Act	4	*7	8	6
Khándesh	Excise Laws	199	192	228	183
	Opium Act	32	*35	47	35
Násik	Excise Laws	114	104	134	96
	Opium Act	13	11	11	10
Poona	Excise Laws	62	55	60	44
	Opium Act	14	10	10	5
Sátára	Excise Laws	18	18	17	13
	Opium Act	3	1	1	1
Sholápur	Excise Laws	15	13	13	6
	Opium Act	9	9	12	5
Total ...	Excise Laws	417	390	461	351
	Opium Act	75	73	89	62

* Includes persons and cases pending from last year.

Districts.	Description of cases.	Number of cases reported.	Number of cases investigated by Police.	Number of Persons arrested by Police.	Number of Persons convicted.
Southern Division.					
Belgaum	Excise Laws	35	34	44	29
	Opium Act	1	...	...	...
Bijápur	Excise Laws	27	*28	33	22
	Opium Act	1	1	7	7
Dhárwár	Excise Laws	18	17	14	10
	Opium Act	...	...	...	...
Kánara	Excise Laws	...	...	...	...
	Opium Act	...	...	...	...
Kolába	Excise Laws	27	21	38	18
	Opium Act	...	...	...	...
Ratnágiri	Excise Laws	94	30	36	26
	Opium Act	...	...	...	...
Total ...	Excise Laws	201	130	165	105
	Opium Act	2	1	7	7
Grand Total ...	Excise Laws	1,659	1,427	1,699	1,344
	Opium Act	314	305	357	282
GRAND TOTAL FOR 1887.	Excise Laws	1,715	1,545	1,780	1,464
	Opium Act	328	325	390	303

* Includes persons and cases pending from last year.

19. It is satisfactory to observe that cases under the Excise Laws and Opium Act show a general decrease for the whole Presidency, although taking the figures by Divisions a slight increase in cases and persons is noticeable in Sind under the Opium Act and in cases only in the Central Division under the Excise Laws. In the Southern Division the number of persons arrested for offences under the Opium Act has increased from 3 to 7, and a like increase from 1,005 to 1,029 in the number of persons arrested for offences under the Excise Laws is to be observed in the Northern Division. The percentage of convictions to arrests remains almost the same as in 1887. It is noteworthy that the bulk of the cases under the Excise Laws come from Surat and Thána in the Northern Division and Khándesh and Násik in the Central Division, and under the Opium Act along the northern frontier of Gujarát.

Non-cognizable Crime.

20. The subjoined table, which is an abstract of Statement A, Part II, exhibits the number of non-cognizable offences committed in each district of the Presidency during the year under review and the results of the year's operations in comparison with the same for the previous year :—

Districts.	Total number of cases.		Number of cases in which the Police were employed.		Percentage of cases in Column 3 to those in Column 2.		PERSONS.								Percentage of Persons convicted to those appearing before the Courts.	
							Number of Persons appearing before the Courts.		Discharged.		Convicted.		Acquitted.			
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Sind.																
Karáchi	3,575	3,360	38	17	1·06	·5	6,912	6,387	2,356	1,441	1,795	1,400	2,652	3,461	25·96	21·9
Hyderabad ..	3,266	2,944	16	66	·49	2·2	8,150	6,658	735	2,654	735	731	6,522	3,098	9·02	10·9
Thar and Párkar..	402	447	54	23	13·43	5·1	798	909	178	269	196	231	400	407	24·56	25·4
Shikárpur.. ..	3,289	3,473	11	26	·33	·7	6,921	7,223	4,719	625	822	735	1,332	5,795	11·87	10·1
Upper Sind Frontier	545	648	29	17	5·32	2·6	885	1,136	129	177	231	335	486	571	26·10	29·4
Total ..	11,077	10,872	148	149	1·33	1·3	23,666	22,313	8,117	5,166	3,779	3,432	11,392	13,332	15·96	15·3

Districts.	Total number of cases.		Number of cases in which the Police were employed.		Percentage of Cases in Column 3 to those in Column 2.		Persons. Number of Persons appearing before the Courts.		Discharged.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Percentage of Persons convicted to those appearing before the Courts.	
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Northern Division.																
Ahmedabad ..	4,939	3,849	295	8	5·97	·2	8,778	7,649	1,845	2,187	3,351	2,026	3,561	3,405	38·17	26·4
Kaira	2,236	2,591	95	24	4·24	·9	4,402	4,012	606	479	600	775	3,196	2,735	13·63	19·3
Panch Mahâls ..	607	739	6	20	·98	2·7	1,054	1,274	195	184	374	381	471	693	35·48	29·9
Broach	981	905	7	55	·71	6·07	2,160	1,784	367	592	697	272	1,096	886	32·26	15·2
Surat	2,210	2,285	161	68	7·2	2·9	4,188	4,215	2,081	1,848	1,064	947	1,015	1,366	25·4	22·4
Thâna	4,583	5,110	22	51	·48	·9	9,590	10,993	800	4,891	898	817	7,891	5,180	9·36	7·4
Total ..	15,556	15,479	586	226	3·7	1·4	30,172	29,927	5,894	10,181	6,984	5,218	17,230	14,265	23·14	17·4
Central Division.																
Ahmednagar ..	3,803	2,382	41	41	1	1·7	4,498	4,288	910	921	1,348	1,123	2,204	2,205	30	26·1
Khândesh	4,044	4,423	32	8	1	·18	8,227	8,218	4,218	4,223	889	1,086	2,996	2,802	11	13·2
Nâsik	2,989	3,948	10	22	..	·5	6,085	7,859	819	1,087	586	799	4,659	6,911	10	10·1
Poona	5,277	4,707	199	34	4	·72	9,751	9,477	1,949	4,620	1,820	1,421	5,958	3,412	19	14·9
Sátára	2,384	3,142	187	296	8	9·4	4,155	5,023	853	1,897	784	846	2,510	2,272	19	16·8
Sholápur .. .	1,668	2,124	137	131	8	6·1	3,247	3,827	528	599	363	665	2,388	2,550	11	17·3
Total ..	20,165	20,726	606	532	3	2·5	35,963	38,692	9,277	13,347	5,790	5,940	20,665	19,152	16	15·3
Southern Division.																
Belgaum	1,552	1,800	105	128	6·7	7·1	2,601	2,860	638	842	634	575	1,319	1,427	24·3	20·1
Bijápur	967	1,099	39	48	4·	4·3	2,237	2,066	1,324	442	303	274	610	1,344	13·5	13·2
Dhárwár	1,295	1,584	59	51	4·5	3·2	2,329	2,915	521	1,086	448	490	1,344	1,322	19·2	16·8
Kánara	764	721	34	4	4·4	·5	1,337	1,287	230	183	313	280	774	854	23·4	17·3
Kolába	2,038	2,241	69	100	3·3	4·4	4,100	4,499	1,457	1,393	322	504	2,306	2,574	7·8	11·2
Ratnágiri	1,373	1,549	147	105	10·7	6·7	2,701	2,884	1,151	782	310	332	1,234	1,747	11·4	11·5
Total ..	7,989	8,994	453	436	5·6	4·8	15,305	16,511	5,321	4,728	2,330	2,405	7,587	9,268	15·2	14·5
GRAND TOTAL ..	54,787	56,071	1,793	1,813	3·2	2·3	105,106	107,443	28,609	33,422	18,883	16,996	56,874	47,017	17·9	15·8

21. The above shows a net increase of 1,284 non-cognizable cases for the Presidency over the preceding year, the figures for the two years being 56,071 in 1888 and 54,787 in 1887. In the Southern Division there is an increase of 1,005 cases and in the Central Division of 561. Against these may be set a decrease of 205 cases in Sind and of 77 in the Northern Division. Looking to districts, it may be noted that the highest number of cases (5,110) occurs in Thâna and that in the same district there is the lowest rate of conviction. The lowest number (447) is in Thar and Párkar.

The number of persons concerned in these cases has also increased by 2,337 for the Presidency, the Central Division contributing an increase of 2,729 and the Southern Division of 1,206, whilst in the Northern Division and Sind there has been a decrease of 245 and 1,353 respectively.

22. Although the convictions recorded for the different Divisions do not show better results than in the previous year, it is satisfactory to note that Police agency has been less availed of in investigating this description of cases, the percentages in this respect for the Presidency, Sind, Northern, Central and Southern Divisions for 1888 being 2·3, 1·3, 1·4, 2·5 and 4·8 against 3·2, 1·33, 3·7, 3 and 5·6 for 1887 respectively.

Supervision over Bad Characters.

23. In the summaries of district reports I have touched upon the more important suggestions of the Police Superintendents on this subject. Definite proposals for the registration of and supervision over released convicts and suspected characters have been placed before Government in connection with the new District Police Bill, and I need not enlarge upon them here.

Statement B.

24. The statement, which relates to professional crime, is, as usual, almost blank. It is remarkable that in Kánara dacoity on land was rife, the number of cases for the year of report being 19 against 7 in 1887. Owing to the dense forest with which the whole district is clothed, detection is extremely difficult,

almost impossible, and no case was brought to trial in the course of the year. The amount of property stolen in the district was Rs. 2,882, which exceeds that in 1887 by Rs. 2,182. As in 1887 no recoveries whatever were effected. Special measures have, however, been taken this year by the Commissioner, S. D., to prevent the occurrence of decoities. The Superintendents of Police, Bijápur, Belgaum and Ratnágiri have been ordered to have each 15 men with officers ready for Kánara, if dacoits enter the district, which they have not yet done. It appears that they have been intimidated by the energetic enquiries pursued by Mr. Scannell in the Bellary District whence there is every reason to believe they come; and the watchfulness of the Superintendents in Kánara and Dhárwár. They have however been active across the British borders in Mysore territory. In Upper Sind Frontier cattle-thieving has prevailed to a great extent. During the year the number of these cases amounted to 155, whereas none were recorded in the previous year. This fact is striking and should have been explained by the Superintendent. No less than 310 persons concerned in this class of crime are still supposed to be at large. The loss and recovery of property during the year were both somewhat in excess of the preceding year. It is probable that some of the dacoities which occurred in Khándesh should have found place in this return, but the District Superintendent of Police has submitted it blank.

Statement C.

25. During the year 174 fairs were held in the Presidency, including Sind. Of these the principal were:—

(*a*). In Sind those at Lalshabaz and Manora in Karáchi, Lal Udero, Shah Kadri and Halani in Hyderabad and Cheti and Vishaki in Shikárpur, There is an increase on last year in the number of those who attended at Shah Kadri and Halani, and a decrease in the attendance at the others. At none of these fairs were there disturbances and but a few petty cases, the majority of which were detected and the offenders punished.

(*b*). In the Northern Division, those held at Wautha, Dholka Táluka, Ahmedabad District, where 90,000 people gathered this year, and at Tavra and Sukaltirth in Broach, where the attendance was 25,000 and 90,000 respectively. The Tavra fair, it may be mentioned, comes round once in 20 years, and on this occasion lasted from the 12th April to the 11th May. In addition to 4 officers and 39 men posted from the Broach Police, 25 more were deputed for duty from the Ahmedabad, Kaira, and Panch Maháls districts as a large gathering was anticipated. The monthly fairs at Dákor have again this year been poorly attended. The Superintendent of Police observes that the decrease in attendance was most marked at the Dassera and Mánekthári Punams and he attributes the falling off in attendance to the imposition of the pilgrim tax, and in a greater measure to a bad season.

(*c*). In the Central Division, fairs were held at Máheji, Páchora Táluka, Khándesh District, where 25,000 people were congregated, at Alandi, Poona District, where there were 48,000 people, and at Pandharpur, Sholápur District, at the A'shádhi and Kártiki gatherings, when there are said to have been as many as 137,114 and 66,517 respectively. During the A'shádhi fair cholera appeared at Pandharpur and it was found necessary to disperse the pilgrims.

(*d*). In the Southern Division, the great fair was that at Yamnur in the Dhárwár District, which lasted for three days (3rd to 5th March), and was attended by 150,000 people. At this immense gathering no disturbances occurred, in fact no offences were reported, which speaks well for the Police arrangements. The Superintendent of Police says that this fair is increasing in size yearly and that it owes its popularity to the number of dancing girls and prostitutes who visit it. The god, Raja Bagh-Sowar, too, is believed to have the power of curing certain diseases.

Punitive posts.

Hyderabad.—A punitive post has since April 1888 been posted at Tando Jam in consequence of a double murder. The post consists of 2 officers and 8 men and was first quartered for six months, but subsequently the period was extended to a year.

Thar and Párkár.—A punitive post consisting of 2 officers and 3 mounted constables has been quartered for a year from 1st April in the Sanghar Táluka on account of the depredations of a class of people called "Hurs." Their conduct having but slightly improved, sanction has been applied for to the continuance of the post for another year.

Shikárpur.—The punitive post placed at Dabar in the Rohri Táluka in August 1887 has been removed.

Upper Sind Frontier.—The punitive post established in Kashmor Táluka in May 1887 for a year has been continued for another year owing to the unsatisfactory conduct of the Bangwars, a notorious class of thieves.

Broach.—A new punitive post was established at Uber, táluka Jambusar. The post quartered at Tankária was maintained during the year and abolished on 1st March 1889.

Násik.—Two punitive posts have during the year been established—one at Kalusta, Igatpuri Táluka, the other at Pimpalgaon Bahula, Násik Táluka. Both have been sanctioned for a year.

Poona.—During the year a small punitive force was quartered for six months and fifteen days in the Khed Táluka in consequence of the robberies, dacoities, &c. It had an excellent effect.

Bijápur.—The post at Guledgudd, which has been sanctioned up to 1st May 1889, the Superintendent reports, will have to be continued for a longer period as caste feeling still runs high and the people continue unruly and turbulent.

Statement D.

26. The total strength of the Police force was 18,998. It was maintained at a cost of Rs. 32,26,924 and distributed as below:—

	Rs.
General Police duties	10,913
Jail guards	295
Treasury and miscellaneous guards	4,881
Town duties	2,590
Cantonment	290
Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents ...	29
Total ...	18,998

27. As compared with last year there is an increase of 80 in the strength of the force, while there is a decrease of Rs. 59,928 in its total cost. The principal cause of the increase in the strength is, in a great measure, due to the strengthening of the Abkári Police in the districts of Kolába, Thána and Kaira, while the decrease in expenditure is most marked under the different heads of Travelling Allowance (*vide* columns 14, 15 and 18 of the statement) as well as under the heading Contingencies, &c.

28. The subjoined table shows at a glance the strength of the Police and its proportion to area and population of the whole as well as to each district of the Presidency, including Sind:—

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength.	Area in Square Miles.	Population.	Proportion of Force.	
				To Area.	To Population.
Sind.					
Karáchi	1,421	14,115	478,688	9·93	1 to 336
Hyderabad	905	9,052	754,624	10·	1 to 833
Thar and Párkar	574	12,729	203,340	22·17	1 to 354
Shikárpur	1,116	9,629	822,178	8·62	1 to 736
Upper Sind Frontier ...	253	2,759	147,181	10·90	1 to 581

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Proportion of Force.	
				To Area.	To Population.
Northern Division.					
Ahmedabad	1,222	3,821	856,324	3·12	1 to 700
Kaira	729	1,609	804,800	2·20	1 to 1,103
Panch Maháls	791	1,588	255,479	2·01	1 to 322
Broach	428	1,453	326,930	3·39	1 to 763
Surat	766	1,662	614,198	2·17	1 to 801
Thána	826	3,935	807,367	4·76	1 to 977
Central Division.					
Ahmednagar	677	6,666	751,228	9·84	1 to 1,109
Khándesh	1,698	9,944	1,237,231	5·85	1 to 728
Násik	763	5,940	781,206	7·78	1 to 1,023
Poona	1,130	5,369	901,828	4·75	1 to 798
Sátára	1,012	4,988	1,062,350	4·92	1 to 1,049
Sholápur	572	4,521	582,487	7·90	1 to 1,018
Southern Division.					
Belgaum	691	4,656	864,014	6·73	1 to 1,250
Bijápur	654	5,695	638,493	8·70	1 to 976
Dhárwár	844	4,535	882,907	5·37	1 to 1,046
Kánara	693	3,910	421,840	5·64	1 to 608
Kolába	458	1,803	482,830	3·93	1 to 1,054
Ratnágiri	775	3,922	997,090	6·06	1 to 1,286
Total ...	18,998	124,301	15,674,613	6·54	1 to 825

Statement E.

29. The subjoined table gives the number of punishments, including dismissals, inflicted during the year on officers and men, the district having the lowest percentage of defaulters being placed first and the others arranged in order of merit:—

District.	Strength of the Police.	Number judicially punished.	Number of departmental punishments.	Total, punishments in 1888.	Average for the last three years.	Percentage of punishments in 1888 on total strength.
Ratnágiri	774	1	31	32	35	4·1
Sátára	1,011	8	38	46	50	4·5
Kolába	457	1	21	22	35	4·8
Kánara	692	5	44	49	44	7·08
Ahmednagar... ...	*696	...	52	52	69	7·4
Sholápur	571	5	40	45	52	7·8
Karáchi	1,419	14	113	127	96	8·9
Thána	824	9	66	75	61	9·1
Poona	1,129	6	106	112	126	9·9
Thar and Párkar ...	574	11	47	58	73	10·1
Broach	427	6	40	46	49	10·7
Kaira	728	6	76	82	100	11·26
Hyderabad	904	26	76	102	115	11·28
Khándesh	1,695	22	192	214	189	12·6
Surat	765	5	100	105	126	13·7
Násik	762	11	95	106	106	13·9
Bijápur	653	4	93	97	73	14·8
Belgaum	709	8	103	111	66	15·6
Ahmedabad	1,220	12	199	211	193	17·2
Dhárwár	843	7	144	151	117	17·9
Panch Maháls ...	789	7	142	149	168	18·8
Shikárpur	1,114	10	223	233	257	20·9
Upper Sind Frontier ...	252	7	79	86	47	34·1
Total ...	19,008	191	2,120	2,311	2,247	12·1

* Include Cantonment Police.

There is a slight increase of 64 in the total number of punishments inflicted in 1888 in the whole Presidency over the average number for the three years preceding the year under report.

30. The table below shows the number of men who have been rewarded for good service by promotion and otherwise, each district in the Presidency having been arranged in order of merit :—

Districts according to joint percentages of Columns 4 and 6.	Number of men.	Rewards.			
		By promotion.	Percentage.	By money.	Percentage.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Kolába	457	17	3·7	27	5·9
Upper Sind Frontier ...	252	1	·3	16	6·3
Ratnágiri	774	2	·2	47	6·07
Kaira	728	3	·4	33	4·5
Ahmednagar	696	3	·4	22	3·1
Belgaum	709	...	...	16	2·2
Bijápur	653	3	·4	10	1·5
Poona	1,129	4	·3	13	1·1
Panch Maháls	789	2	·2	9	1·1
Surat	765	5	·6	4	·5
Sátára	1,011	11	1·08	...	...
Hyderabad	904	8	·8	1	·1
Khándesh	1,695	9	·5	4	·2
Shikárpur	1,114	2	·1	5	·4
Thar and Párkar	574	3	·5	...	...
Dhárwár	843	5	·5	...	...
Thána	824	2	·2	2	·2
Kánara	692	...	...	2	·3
Ahmedabad	1,220	1	·08	...	...
Karáchi	1,419	...	...	...	...
Broach	427	...	...	...	...
Násik...	762	...	...	...	...
Sholápur	571	...	...	...	...
Total ...	19,008	81	·4	211	1·1

There is a decrease of 66 in rewards by promotion and an increase of 69 in money rewards over the last year when the figures were 147 and 142 respectively.

31. The following statement gives the number and percentage of educated policemen who can read and write an intelligible report of a crime, each district being shown in order of merit :—

District.	Sanctioned Strength.		Able to read and write.		Percentage able to read and write.		Percentage of Officers and Men able to read and write.	Average of last three years.
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
Ahmedabad	225	995	215	570	95·1	57·2	64·3	64·8
Ahmednagar...	112	584	75	325	66·9	55·6	57·4	54·3
Surat	143	622	115	289	80·4	46·4	54·1	51·3
Ratnágiri	119	655	89	276	74·7	42·1	45·9	49·9
Dhárwár	138	705	99	270	71·7	38·2	43·7	43·7
Sátára	189	822	125	317	66·1	36·5	43·7	40·7
Belgaum	124	585	103	204	83·3	34·8	43·3	36·2
Kolába	80	377	62	135	77·5	35·8	43·1	38·5
Kánara	107	585	74	221	69·1	37·7	42·6	40·9
Násik...	125	637	93	226	74·4	35·4	41·8	35·7
Kaira...	137	591	84	185	61·3	31·3	36·9	39·8
Broach	79	348	52	103	65·8	29·5	36·2	29·3

District.	Sanctioned Strength.		Able to read and write.		Percentage able to read and write.		Percentage of Officers and Men able to read and write.	Average of last three years.
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
Poona	195	934	127	262	65·1	28·05	34·4	39·5
Sholápur	102	469	61	128	59·8	27·2	33·09	29·6
Thána	135	689	83	151	61·4	21·9	28·3	16·2
Khándesh	258	1,437	146	324	56·5	22·5	27·7	27·09
Shikárpur	191	923	111	189	58·1	20·4	26·9	22·3
Bijápur	106	547	50	102	47·1	18·6	23·2	22·3
Hyderabad	146	758	73	101	50·0	13·3	19·2	21·3
Panch Maháls	112	677	56	88	50·0	12·9	18·2	20·07
Upper Sind Frontier ...	39	213	12	25	30·7	11·2	14·6	12·2
Karáchi	205	1,214	84	81	40·9	6·67	11·6	12·4
Thar and Párkar	100	474	30	24	30·0	5·06	9·4	10·1
	3,167	15,841	2,019	4,596	64·7	29·01	34·8	32·1

Drill and Ball-practice.

32. Compared with the year 1887 the result of the Presidency competition shooting shows an improvement. Sátára carried off the first and Thána the second out of the 15 prizes allotted to the foot Police armed with smooth-bore muzzle-loaders. Khándesh and Kaira won the first and second prizes respectively out of 5 for men shooting with breach-loading carbines and muzzle-loading rifles.

33. The largest number of marksmen's badges have again been won by men of the Dhárwár and Khándesh Police.

Arms.

34. My predecessor has more than once brought to the notice of Government the desirability of arming the Police of the entire Presidency with a uniform set of weapons. As far as is possible, efforts are being made to supply each Police corps with weapons of a like pattern so as to obviate the necessity of issuing different kinds of ammunition. The question as to what description of arms are in future to be supplied to the Police is, it is believed, now under the consideration of the Government of India, and until it is finally settled the present antiquated weapons must remain in use in many districts.

Statement F.

35. The subjoined table gives the different castes of the officers and men composing the force as compared with the year 1887 :—

Castes.	Officers.		Men.	
	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
Christians	68	64	85	84
Mahomedans	1,347	1,368	6,966	7,019
Bráhmins	252	286	628	633
Maráthás	731	672	4,219	3,935
Rajputs	93	93	397	380
Bhils	90	83	956	949
Kolis	81	77	491	475
Pársis and Jews	20	22	18	16
Sikhs and Gurkhás	5	6	25	24
Lingáyats and Jains	22	23	75	82
Hindus of other castes	389	468	1,807	2,054
	3,098	3,162	15,667	15,651

Note.—There were 224 vacancies. As observed last year, the Maráthás and Mahomedans predominate in the force.

Supplementary Statement No. II.

36. The total number of licenses issued and renewed in the Presidency during the year under the Arms Act was 19,689, or 965 less than in 1887. Of

these, 3,486 were issued in Sind, 3,106 in Northern Division, 5,508 in the Central Division and 7,589 in the Southern Division against 2,834, 3,173, 7,850 and 6,797 respectively in the preceding year. Penalties to the aggregate amount of Rs. 2,039-8-6 were inflicted in the 285 cases tried under the Indian Arms Act.

37. The work of inspecting the shops and examining the stock of licensed vendors of arms and ammunition has been satisfactorily performed by the several Magistrates, Superintendents of Police and their subordinates generally in most of the districts in the Presidency. The Poona, Násik and Bijápur reports are however silent on the point.

38. I subjoin a statement showing the number of licensed shops in each district and the number inspected by the District Superintendents :—

District.	Number of Shops licensed to sell Arms and Ammunition.	Number visited by the District Superintendent of Police.	Remarks.
Sind.			
Karáchi	27	27	
Hyderabad	16	11	
Thar and Párkar	5	*4	*Examined by the Deputy Commissioner.
Shikárpur	14	4	
Upper Sind Frontier ...	†.....	All.	† Not given.
Northern Division.			
Ahmedabad	10	10	
Kaira	5	5	
Panch Mahálś	2	2	Inspected by the Assistant Superintendent of Police.
Broach	3	3	
Surat	3	3	
Thána	.....	.....	Information not given.
Central Division.			
Ahmednagar	22	14	
Khándesh	‡.....	All.	‡ Not given.
Násik	.....	.....	Information not given.
Poona	.....	.....	
Sátára	17	16	
Sholápur	No. not given.	Shops in the city of Sholápur were examined.	
Southern Division.			
Belgaum	21	21	
Bijápur	.....	.....	Do. do.
Dhárwár	15	8	
Kánara	Not given ...	All except 2.	
Kolába	12	11	
Ratnágiri	26	11	

Supplementary No. III.

39. *Escapes and Re-captures.*—The following table gives the number of prisoners escaped from Police custody :—

Districts.	Number escaped.	Number re-captured.	Number still at large.
Sind.			
Karáchi	12	11	1
Hyderabad	10	3	7
Thar and Párkar	14	7	7
Shikárpur	6	4	2
Upper Sind Frontier	...	...	...
Total ...	42	25	17

Districts.	Number escaped.	Number re-captured.	Number still at large.
Northern Division.			
Ahmedabad	9	9	...
Kaira	3	1	2
Panch Mahâls	4	4	...
Broach	1	...	1
Surat	5	4	1
Thána	6	3	3
Total ...	28	21	7
Central Division.			
Ahmednagar	3	3	...
Khándesh	10	8	2
Násik	4	3	1
Poona	4	4	...
Sátára	...	...	...
Sholápur	2	2	...
Total ...	23	20	3
Southern Division.			
Belgaum	2	2	...
Bijápur	13	13	...
Dhárwár	4	4	...
Kánara	1	1	...
Kolába	...	...	...
Ratnágiri	5	5	...
Total ...	25	25	...
Grand Total ...	118	91	27

40. Thus 118 prisoners in all escaped in the Presidency against 77 last year. Of these 118 escapes, 42 occurred in Sind, 28 in the Northern Division, 23 in the Central Division and 25 in the Southern Division. The number re-captured was 91 against 50 in 1887 and is distributed as under :—

Sind	25
Northern Division	21
Central Division and	20
Southern Division	25

The number of escaped prisoners, who are still at large, however remains stationary at 27, for 17 of which Sind is responsible.

41. A reference to Supplementary Statement No. III further shows that the total number (118) of escapes is made up by 20 persons escaping from jails the same number from lock-ups, 54 from the custody of the District Police and 24 from that of the Village Police.

Miscellaneous Notes on the year.

42. Colonel Wise was in charge of the office of Inspector General of Police from 1st January to 21st May. He visited the Districts of Karáchi, Hyderabad, Shikárpur and Upper Sind Frontier during the month of February and attended a Police conference held in Bombay in the latter part of that month. He also visited the 5 Gujarát Districts and the Head-quarter Stations of Belgaum and Dhárwár in March and April, proceeding to Mahábaleshvar in May to attend a conference held there for the discussion of certain matters regarding Police administration. I received charge of the office of Inspector General on the 22nd May.

43. The special enquiries in connection with the Crawford case, with which I was entrusted by Government, interfered to some extent with my duties as Inspector General of Police and prevented my proceeding on a tour of inspection at the close of the rains.

44. By Government Resolution No. 4163 of 2nd August 1888, a Committee of Police officers was appointed to consider the necessity or advisability of maintaining certain returns in the office of each District Superintendent of Police, and in respect of the suggestion made by the Government of India for the simplification and curtailment of the statistical returns appended to the Annual Police Reports. Some of the Committee's suggestions having been approved by Government, a definite advance has been made in the exact registration of crime; and a prompt and complete disposal of each case has been assured. The reforms introduced will not have the effect of increasing but rather of decreasing the work of District Superintendents of Police and Chief Constables. The regularity and simplicity insisted upon will, without being a hindrance to any officer, be of great assistance to those who are naturally less inclined to be orderly and systematic in disposing of their work. As regards the statistical forms, I have thoroughly discussed the changes introduced in the early paragraphs of this report, and shown the advantages to be derived from the revised system. This report has been carefully drawn up in accordance with the new instructions of Government, and various statements, formerly submitted with it, have been entirely discarded.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
H. T. OMMANNEY,
Inspector General of Police.

APPENDIX A.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I, for the Presidency for 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.														
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	Showing the number of cases and persons ended by death, &c.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
																													Cases. Persons.
1. Murders	43	239	282	24	193	22	168	85	65	...	...	...	...	193	85	53	450	503	16	406	136	75	10	10	5	460	416	141	3 6
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide	24	135	159	41	91	9	80	50	27	1	...	1	...	92	50	26	156	182	13	144	57	24	2	1	...	158	145	57	2 1
3. Dacoities	46	139	185	29	64	9	55	27	92	...	...	...	...	64	27	25	378	403	25	317	105	61	1	1	...	379	318	105	... ...
4. Robberies	115	550	665	313	218	43	174	103	134	10	2	8	1	226	104	25	397	422	64	336	169	21	28	28	1	425	364	170	1 1
5. Thefts	2,287	18,869	21,156	7,011	10,636	3,111	7,518	5,930	3,509	607	110	497	229	11,133	6,159	319	13,299	13,618	1,427	11,841	8,272	332	1,451	1,393	419	14,750	13,239	8,691	7 18
6. Receiving stolen property	54	1,052	1,106	205	805	53	752	565	96	27	6	24	9	829	574	49	1,560	1,609	143	1,268	809	197	62	60	25	1,622	1,328	834	... 1
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	2	...	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	... ...
Class I	91	791	882	343	439	33	405	267	100	198	37	161	56	600	323	180	1,857	2,037	139	1,723	791	173	1,218	1,213	198	3,075	2,036	989	1 2
,, II	352	2,760	3,092	1,110	1,584	196	1,380	805	389	225	40	185	67	1,769	872	200	3,134	3,334	351	2,685	1,109	281	616	597	149	3,750	3,282	1,258	8 17
,, III	1,141	5,754	6,895	1,618	3,365	1,699	1,663	1,169	1,912	161	30	131	33	3,496	1,202	131	3,469	3,600	345	3,023	1,781	225	359	348	70	3,828	3,371	1,851	3 7
,, IV	55	486	541	351	123	18	105	44	67	199	86	113	24	236	68	10	291	301	40	251	61	10	480	459	55	771	710	116	... ...
,, V	2,760	21,265	24,025	8,720	11,405	2,902	8,495	6,477	3,900	1,779	641	1,138	390	12,543	6,867	372	15,191	15,563	1,647	13,381	8,910	509	4,053	3,895	740	19,244	17,276	9,650	8 26
Total ...	4,381	31,056	35,437	*12,152	16,917	4,848	12,049	8,762	6,368	2,562	834	1,728	570	18,645	9,332	896	23,942	24,838	2,522	21,066	12,652	1,198	6,726	6,512	1,212	30,668	27,578	13,864	20 52
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	198	11,160	11,358	402	10,617	77	10,533	9,669	279	1,345	57	1,288	1,039	11,905	10,708	125	12,118	12,243	229	11,879	10,584	127	2,203	2,189	1,563	14,321	14,068	12,147	7 8
GRAND TOTAL ...	4,579	42,216	46,795	†12,614	27,534	4,925	22,582	18,431	6,647	3,907	891	3,016	1,609	30,550	20,040	1,021	36,060	37,081	2,751	32,945	23,236	1,325	8,929	8,701	2,775	44,989	41,646	26,011	27 60

Details.

	*	†
Disposed of under Section 247 of C. P. Code	750	784
Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*) of do.	827	830
Compounded	349	353
Turned out non-cognizabl	450	467
False cases	9,636	10,040
	12,012‡	12,474‡

‡These do not include details o 140 cases for Hyderabad and hence the difference in both the totals.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	44·	50·5	31·7	33·4
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide ...	54·9	62·5	36·	32·6
3. Dacoities	42·1	49·	30·7	33·5
4. Robberies	47·2	59·1	42·1	50·3
5. Thefts...	55·7	78·8	62·2	69·8
6. Receiving stolen property ...	70·1	75·1	57·2	63·8
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	60·8	65·9	42·4	45·9
Class II	50·8	58·3	36·3	41·3
Class III	34·7	70·2	52·7	58·9
Class IV	35·7	41·9	20·9	24·3
Class V	56·7	76·2	59·1	66·5
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	51·7	72·7	53·5	60·
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	91·	91·7	87·3	89·
Grand Total ...	66·9	81·6	64·9	70·5

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
7,34,025	4,18,923	57·07	12,503	9,873	78·96	4,20,391

APPENDIX B.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., for Sind for 1888.

	CASES.															PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	Showing number of cases and persons ended by death, lunacy, &c.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
																													Cases. Persons.
1. Murders	7	54	61	4	49	3	46	30	8	..	..	..	..	49	30	19	105	124	5	102	54	16	5	5	5	110	107	59	.. 1
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide ..	2	21	23	4	16	2	13	11	3	..	..	..	..	16	11	2	27	29	3	18	11	7	..	..	..	27	18	11	1 1
3. Dacoities	2	2	4	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	2	2	16	18	..	10	6	8	1	1	..	17	11	6	.. ..
4. Robberies	2	56	58	11	45	2	42	30	2	5	2	3	..	48	30	2	90	92	9	78	44	4	10	10	..	100	88	44	1 1
5. Thefts	177	5,052	5,229	1,093	3,953	1,461	2,489	2,083	183	268	66	202	76	4,155	2,159	123	4,264	4,387	526	2,700	2,709	152	452	452	118	4,716	4,152	2,827	3 9
6. Receiving stolen property ..	22	435	457	117	284	39	245	160	56	11	1	10	2	294	162	32	655	687	68	438	218	180	33	32	14	688	470	232	.. 1
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	.. ..
Class I	30	187	217	71	126	19	107	73	20	92	10	82	25	208	98	44	525	569	59	434	202	75	569	569	120	1,094	1,003	322	.. 1
,, II	35	512	547	145	362	25	335	217	40	72	9	63	23	425	240	55	833	888	97	704	329	79	184	170	44	1,017	874	373	2 8
,, III	35	1,343	1,378	156	1,102	613	546	418	60	83	6	77	23	1,239	441	41	1,038	1,079	126	879	573	69	192	191	49	1,230	1,070	622	3 5
,, IV	2	22	24	13	10	1	9	6	1	29	7	22	3	32	9	5	24	29	3	26	13	..	86	65	12	110	91	25	.. ..
,, V	195	5,284	5,479	1,289	3,942	1,305	2,633	2,145	248	445	118	327	87	4,269	2,232	147	4,761	4,908	609	3,958	2,746	322	880	775	147	5,641	4,733	2,893	4 19
Total ..	298	7,348	7,646	*1,675	5,602	1,963	3,630	2,859	369	721	150	571	161	6,173	3,020	294	7,181	7,475	894	6,003	3,863	545	1,911	1,770	372	9,092	7,773	4,235	9 33
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	23	1,869	1,892	52	1,799	4	1,790	1,655	41	326	7	319	290	2,118	1,945	30	2,166	2,196	42	2,111	1,877	38	412	413	349	2,578	2,524	2,226	5 5
GRAND TOTAL ..	321	9,217	9,538	†1,727	7,401	1,967	5,420	4,514	410	1,047	157	890	451	8,291	4,965	324	9,347	9,671	936	8,114	5,740	583	2,323	2,183	721	11,670	10,297	6,461	14 38

Details.

	*	†
Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), C. P. Code	19	19
Compounded	27	27
Turned out non-cognizable	57	61
False cases	1,432	1,480
	1,535‡	1,587‡

‡These do not include details of 140 cases for Hyderabad and hence the difference in both the totals.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	61·2	65·2	50·0	52·9
2. Attempts at murders and culpable homicides ...	68·7	84·6	50·0	61·1
3. Dacoities	100·	100·	60·0	60·0
4. Robberies	66·6	71·4	50·0	56·4
5. Theft	52·7	83·7	63·9	73·2
6. Receiving stolen property ...	56·3	65·3	42·9	49·7
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	57·9	68·2	40·8	46·5
Class II	59·9	64·7	40·6	46·7
Class III	35·9	76·5	56·7	65·1
Class IV	60·0	66·6	44·8	50·0
Class V	54·4	81·4	59·8	69·3
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	51·03	78·8	55·7	64·3
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	91·9	92·4	86·9	88·9
Grand Total ...	60·9	83·2	63·1	70·7

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
2,13,402	1,32,237	61·9	4,376	3,144	71·8	11,849

APPENDIX C.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I for the Northern Division for 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.						PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	Showing the number of cases and persons ended by death, &c.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
																													Cases. Persons.
1. Murders	10	56	66	8	39	10	29	12	19	..	..	..	..	39	12	13	106	119	1	81	18	37	..	..	..	106	81	18	.. ..
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide ..	8	56	64	17	40	2	38	22	7	..	..	..	..	40	22	11	73	84	4	74	27	6	..	..	..	73	74	27	.. ..
3. Dacoities	6	38	44	5	21	3	18	12	18	..	..	..	..	21	12	6	185	191	9	139	48	43	..	..	..	185	139	48	.. ..
4. Robberies	21	135	156	45	84	21	63	42	27	..	..	..	..	84	42	13	141	154	27	113	73	14	..	..	..	141	113	73	.. ..
5. Thefts	342	4,927	5,269	1,616	3,026	803	2,221	1,739	627	178	7	171	91	3,197	1,830	59	4,150	4,209	445	3,687	2,564	71	460	457	176	4,610	4,144	2,740	2 6
6. Receiving stolen property. ..	11	398	409	65	315	12	303	245	29	8	1	7	4	322	249	1	554	555	57	486	363	12	16	15	7	570	501	370	.. ..
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	.. ..
Class I	17	173	190	47	132	6	125	76	11	23	3	20	12	152	88	21	629	650	34	594	256	21	106	106	19	735	700	275	1 1
„ II	82	893	975	328	545	106	439	245	102	48	6	42	19	587	264	57	1,170	1,227	155	936	340	135	110	107	29	1,280	1,043	369	.. 1
„ III	277	1,654	1,931	313	1,191	643	548	394	427	16	1	15	3	1,206	397	36	1,222	1,258	116	1,021	611	119	31	31	7	1,253	1,052	618	.. 2
„ IV	8	109	117	66	42	12	30	11	9	25	11	14	1	56	12	1	132	133	32	97	17	4	36	36	1	168	133	18	.. ..
„ V	361	5,059	5,420	1,850	3,082	615	2,465	1,895	488	441	145	296	115	3,378	2,010	51	4,654	4,705	531	4,104	2,775	66	914	909	208	5,568	5,013	2,983	2 4
Total ..	746	7,888	8,634	*2,604	4,993	1,382	3,608	2,621	1,037	553	166	387	150	5,380	2,771	167	7,807	7,974	868	6,753	3,999	345	1,197	1,189	264	9,004	7,942	4,263	3 8
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	55	3,267	3,322	94	3,167	26	3,141	2,890	61	216	5	211	150	3,378	3,040	56	3,677	3,733	49	3,632	3,270	52	413	412	266	4,090	4,044	3,536	
GRAND TOTAL ...	801	11,155	11,956	†2,698	8,160	1,408	6,749	5,511	1,098	769	171	598	300	8,758	5,811	223	11,484	11,707	917	10,385	7,269	397	1,610	1,601	530	13,094	11,986	7,799	3 8

Details as under :—

*586 Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
1,043 False cases, &c.
134 Compounded.
742 Disposed of under Section 247, Criminal Procedure Code.
100 Cases which turned out non-cognizable.

†587 Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
1,098 False cases, &c.
136 Compounded.
776 Disposed of under Section 247, Criminal Procedure Code.
101 Cases which turned out non-cognizable.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	30·7	41·3	21·9	22·2
2. Attempts at murders and culpable homicides ...	55·	57·9	34·6	36·4
3. Dacoities	57·1	66·6	32·4	34·5
4. Robberies	50·	66·6	52·1	64·6
5. Theft	57·4	78·2	61·9	69·5
6. Receiving stolen property ...	77·7	80·8	66·8	74·6
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	57·5	60·8	40·6	43·09
„ II	44·9	55·8	31·1	36·3
„ III	33·08	71·8	53·6	59·8
„ IV	26·1	36·6	13·1	17·5
„ V	61·4	76·8	59·8	67·6
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	52·4	72·6	52·4	59·2
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	91·2	92·	88·8	90·03
Grand Total ...	67·5	81·6	64·2	69·9

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
1,25,896	94,211	74·8	3,033	2,832	93·3	50,962

APPENDIX D.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I of the Central Division for 1888.

	CASES.															PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	Showing the number of cases and persons ended by death, &c.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
																													Cases. Persons.
1. Murders	17	73	90	9	53	2	51	23	28	...	...	...	...	53	23	12	135	147	3	127	40	14	4	4	...	139	131	40	... 3
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide	10	34	44	17	14	2	11	7	13	1	...	1	...	15	7	6	21	27	6	17	8	4	2	1	...	23	18	8	1 ...
3. Dacoities	26	62	88	15	33	2	31	12	40	...	...	...	...	33	12	17	153	170	16	149	49	5	...	...	...	153	149	49	... ...
4. Robberies	68	210	278	142	59	10	49	22	77	2	...	2	...	61	22	10	117	127	23	101	38	3	11	11	...	128	112	38	... ...
5. Thefts	1,142	5,631	6,773	2,613	2,244	435	1,808	1,348	1,916	83	17	66	32	2,310	1,380	55	3,138	3,193	332	2,792	1,872	68	270	269	81	3,408	3,061	1,953	1 1
6. Receiving stolen property	14	166	180	21	149	2	147	116	10	3	...	3	2	152	118	12	255	267	18	245	160	4	7	7	2	262	252	162	... ...
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...
Class I	22	247	269	123	110	6	104	67	56	42	9	33	10	143	77	22	325	347	38	303	134	6	307	302	32	632	605	166	... ...
,, II	118	825	943	417	370	33	335	181	156	64	18	46	18	416	199	40	611	651	73	537	243	36	212	211	55	823	748	298	2 5
,, III	667	1,925	2,592	802	603	212	391	237	1,187	49	21	28	3	631	240	51	832	883	87	772	402	24	97	89	7	929	861	409	... ...
,, IV	32	214	246	156	49	4	45	18	41	113	54	59	14	108	32	2	61	63	4	59	19	...	270	270	32	331	329	51	... ...
,, V	1,446	6,761	8,197	3,285	2,621	383	2,237	1,572	2,291	678	288	390	188	3,011	1,710	81	3,716	3,797	378	3,343	2,122	75	1,687	1,687	303	5,403	5,030	2,425	1 1
Total ...	2,285	9,962	12,247	*4,783	3,753	638	3,112	2,075	3,711	946	390	556	183	4,309	2,258	196	5,545	5,741	580	5,014	2,920	141	2,573	2,559	429	8,118	7,573	3,349	3 6
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	95	4,983	5,078	225	4,705	41	4,663	4,268	148	504	34	470	370	5,175	4,638	34	5,111	5,145	121	4,994	4,448	28	847	834	556	5,958	5,828	5,004	1 2
GRAND TOTAL ...	2,380	14,945	17,325	†5,008	8,458	679	7,775	6,343	3,859	1,450	424	1,026	553	9,484	6,896	230	10,656	10,886	701	10,008	7,368	169	3,420	3,393	985	14,076	13,401	8,353	4 8

Details.

*7 Disposed of under Section 247.	†7 Disposed of under Section 247.
177 Non-cognizable.	182 Non-cognizable.
44 Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*).	44 Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*).
106 Compounded.	108 Compounded.
4,449 False cases.	4,667 False cases.
Total ... 4,783	5,008

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	43·3	45·	30·	31·4
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	50·	63·6	34·7	47·
3. Dacoities	36·3	38·7	29·	32·8
4. Robberies	37·2	44·8	30·6	37·6
5. Theft	60·	74·5	59·9	67·
6. Receiving stolen property ...	77·8	78·9	60·8	65·3
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	60·9	64·4	39·2	44·2
Class II	48·9	54·	39·5	45·2
Class III	39·3	60·6	46·7	52·
Class IV	36·7	40·	30·1	32·2
Class V	59·9	70·2	57·	63·4
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	55·2	66·6	52·1	58·2
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	90·7	91·5	86·9	89·
Grand Total ...	74·9	81·5	68·7	73·6

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
2,33,674	1,04,653	44·7	3,342	2,494	74·6	2,68,738

APPENDIX E.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I. for the Southern Division for 1888.

	CASES.															PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total Number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders *	9	56	65	3	52	7	42	20	10	...	...	...	...	52	20	9	104	113	7	96	24	8	1	1	...	105	97	24	Three cases ended by death, lunacy, &c., of accused; two persons died, became lunatics, &c.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide.	4	24	28	3	21	3	18	10	4	...	...	...	...	21	10	7	35	42	...	35	11	7	...	...	...	35	35	11	
3. Dacoities	12	37	49	9	8	4	4	1	32	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	24	24	...	19	2	5	...	...	...	24	19	2	
4. Robberies	24	149	173	115	30	10	20	9	28	3	...	3	1	33	10	...	*49	49	5	44	14	...	7	...	7	56	51	15	
5. Thefts...	626	3,259	3,885	1,689	1,413	412	1,000	760	783	78	20	58	30	1,471	790	82	1,747	1,829	124	1,662	1,127	41	269	220	44	2,016	1,882	1,171	
6. Receiving stolen property.	7	53	60	2	57	....	57	44	1	5	1	4	1	61	45	4	96	100	...	99	68	1	6	6	2	102	105	70	One case ended by lunacy of accused; two persons died, became lunatics, &c.
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abatement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I.	22	184	206	102	71	2	69	51	33	41	15	26	9	97	60	93	378	471	8	392	199	71	236	236	27	614	628	226	
,, II.	97	530	627	229	307	32	271	162	91	41	7	34	7	341	169	48	520	568	26	508	197	31	110	109	21	630	617	218	Four cases ended by death, lunacy, &c., three persons died, became insane, &c.
,, III.	162	832	994	347	409	231	178	120	238	13	2	11	4	420	124	3	377	380	16	351	195	13	39	37	7	416	388	202	
,, IV.	13	141	154	116	22	1	21	9	16	32	14	18	6	40	15	2	74	76	1	69	12	6	88	88	10	162	157	22	
,, V.	758	4,171	4,929	2,296	1,760	599	1,160	865	873	215	90	125	50	1,885	915	93	2,060	2,153	129	1,976	1,267	46	572	524	82	2,632	2,500	1,349	One case ended by lunacy of accused, two persons died, became lunatics, &c.
Total ...	1,052	5,858	6,910	3,090†	2,569	865	1,699	1,207	1,251	342	128	214	76	2,783	1,283	239	3,409	3,648	180	3,296	1,870	167	1,045	994	147	4,454	4,290	2,017	Five cases ended by death, lunacy, &c., of accused five persons died, became lunatics, &c.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI.	25	1,041	1,066	91	946	6	939	856	29	299	11	288	229	1,234	1,085	5	1,164	1,169	17	1,142	989	9	531	530	392	1,695	1,672	1,381	One case ended by death of accused before he was arrested; one person absconded while under bail.
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,077	6,899	7,976	*3,181	3,515	871	2,638	2,063	1,280	641	139	502	305	4,017	2,368	244	4,573	4,817	197	4,438	2,859	176	1,576	1,524	539	6,149	5,962	3,389	Six cases ended by death, lunacy, &c.; six persons died, escaped, became lunatics, &c.

* *Details as under :—*

179	Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code,
82	Compounded.
116	Turned out non-cognizable.
2,712	False cases.
1	Disposed of under Section 247, Criminal Procedure Code.
3,090	

180	Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
82	Compounded.
123	Turned out non-cognizable.
2,795	False cases.
1	Disposed of under Section 247, Criminal Procedure Code.
3,181	

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	38·4	47·6	22·8	25·
2. Attempts at murders and culpable homicides... ...	47·6	55·5	31·4	31·4
3. Dacoities	12·5	25·	10·5	10·5
4. Robberies	30·	45·	28·5	31·8
5. Theft	53·7	76·	63·03	67·8
6. Receiving stolen property ...	77·1	77·1	68·6	68·6
Abetments,..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	71·8	73·9	49·7	50·7
Class II	52·7	59·7	36·6	38·7
Class III	29·3	67·4	53·1	55·5
Class IV	40·9	42·8	17·1	17·3
Class V	49·1	74·5	60·1	64·1
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	46·9	71·04	53·7	56·7
Class VI—Offences under other Laws	90·4	91·1	85·2	86·6
Grand Total ...	58·6	78·2	61·6	64·4

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
1,61,053	87,822	54·5	1,752	1,403	80·	88,842 12 3

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,

For Inspector-General of Police.

SIND.

KARA'CHI.

Colonel Simpson's report is supplemented by a very interesting memorandum from Colonel Crawford, the District Magistrate.

2. Colonel Simpson was an experienced officer who knew Karáchi well, and the results of the working of the Police for the year under report furnish ample testimony to the efficiency of his control.

3. The report does not go into much detail as to the success attained by the Police under the various headings of crimes, nor are Indian Penal Code cases separated from those under other laws. The general results are satisfactory. In Karáchi, as in all the districts in Sind, the number of pending cases is nominal, so the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement I form an accurate test of the work done. The fluctuation of crime during 1887 and 1888 is stated to have been trifling, the true Police cases under all laws having increased from 1,593 to 1,627 only. But an examination of the figures shows that there is a decrease from 622 to 448 under class VI, so the total increase for Indian Penal Code cases comes to 208. This appears chiefly to have been under thefts; the number of real cases for 1888 being 714 as against 583 for 1887. The figures for 1887 are taken from Statement A, Part I. Colonel Simpson states that there were 884 cases of theft reported in 1888 of which 170 were declared to be false, as against 729 in 1887, but I am quite unable to verify the figures for 1887, and consequently to account for the whole of the increase, which is undoubtedly serious. A great deal of it is due to cattle-lifting. As regards this Colonel Simpson writes as follows :—

"This is the prevailing crime in Sind and is very difficult to deal with. It occurs chiefly in the dense jungle districts bordering on the Indus, where cattle are allowed to graze without supervision, thus offering irresistible temptations to numerous vagabonds, who find it only too easy to remove and dispose of cattle, which are not even missed by their owners for days together. Stealing cattle from one another is also resorted to by various zamindárs out of enmity, and these men keep professional thieves in their employ. Although most of them are well known to the Police, owing to the state of the law they are quite unable to deal with them. Convictions for theft are rarely obtained unless the thieves are caught red-handed, and it is next to useless to proceed against them under Chapter 8 of Criminal Procedure Code, as evidence is unprocurable in a population who are all engaged at the same game. Fortunately it is generally a case of "dog-eat-dog"—one thief stealing from another. A proper supervision in the shape of roll-calls and bringing to book the zamindárs, who encourage cattle-lifting, will doubtless cause a decrease of the crime."

The District Magistrate in his remarks writes :—

"High prices of food-grains have ruled throughout the year, and a bad inundation and deficient rainfall have thrown numbers of the cultivating classes out of employment, and this means that a certain proportion of the unemployed inevitably betake themselves to cattle-stealing."

4. The serious crime in the district is small and calls for no particular remark. There were 7 cases of murder in 1888 as compared with 6 in 1887. Of these 4 resulted in conviction and 3 in acquittal by the Sessions. Three cases of culpable homicide occurred as against 4 last year and all ended in conviction. No dacoity was reported, and there were 10 cases of robbery, in 7 of which convictions were obtained, as against 9 reported in 1888. There is a good record of 29 convictions for receiving stolen property out of 40 cases.

5. The work of the Karáchi Police compares very favourably with the rest of Sind and the Presidency in general. The percentage of convictions to Indian Penal Code cases reported is 52 as compared with 51 for Sind and the Presidency. Convictions to cases decided by trial is still better, Karáchi being 84, Sind 78 and the Presidency 72. Under persons Karáchi has a percentage of 53 convictions to arrests as compared with 55 for Sind and 53 for the Presidency; and of convictions to persons brought to trial of 68 as compared with 64 for Sind and 60 for the Presidency. The percentage of property recovered to property stolen does not appear so good, being 55 for Karáchi as compared with 61 and 57 for Sind and the Presidency respectively. But in the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen Karáchi is better than Sind, though not quite so good as the Presidency.

6. As regards supervision over bad characters nothing is said as to their registration, but security for good behaviour was taken from 20 habitual thieves as compared with 45 last year. No reason for the decrease is given.

7. No remarks are given as to the conduct and efficiency of the force. The percentage of officers and men punished is however fairly low though it has slightly increased. The total figure for 1888 is 126 as compared with an average of 120. Only 12 per cent. of the number of the force can read and write, the only worse percentage in the whole Presidency being Thar and Párkar. The educational attainments of the force are rather waning than otherwise.

8. The armed Police have all been drilled and are thoroughly efficient. The unarmed branch has been instructed as far as circumstances permit. Ball-practice has been carried on steadily among the armed and mounted Police.

9. There were 22 serious crimes of which 18 were detected and accused committed before the report reached. Of the remaining 4, 3 were visited and investigated by the Superintendent and 1 by the Assistant Superintendent of Police. All of the serious crimes in the city of Karáchi were visited by the Assistant Superintendent of Police.

10. Out of 26 Police stations 23 were inspected by the District Superintendent of Police and out of 106 outposts 74 were inspected.

11. Three hundred and thirty-six new carbines for the armed Police and thirty-four for the mounted Police have been received and 173 carbines cavalry and 300 bayonets for the armed Police are still required. The new arms will be issued to the armed Police as soon as the bayonets are received.

12. Great credit is due to Colonel Simpson for the good work that he has got out of his men in the face of many adverse circumstances. As regards his difficulties he writes as follows :—

"The high wages offered is an inducement to all able-bodied men to take work, an unskilled labourer being able with ease to earn 8 to 10 annas a day. If these wages are contrasted with the pay of a Constable, who is expected to be able-bodied, honest, intelligent, and to submit to irksome restraints, on less than half the earnings of an ordinary coolie, is it to be wondered at that recruiting for the Police is difficult and that only the idle and useless members will enlist in the constabulary. My only wonder is that so much good work is performed by such an ill-paid body of men."

13. The District Magistrate writes :—

"Colonel Simpson being about to leave the Police force, I may be perhaps permitted to acknowledge the cordial help invariably afforded by him."

HYDERABAD.

The report is written by Mr. Jones, and it is quite the poorest one that it has been my duty to read. No reference has been made to the new statistical forms, and the figures in the body of the report do not at all correspond with those in the tabular statements. The remarks on crime cover about two pages and they are meagre, superficial and incomplete. Cases under the Indian Penal Code and other laws, whether true or false, are all lumped together. Moreover after Supplementary Statement I had been received and used by me for the compilation of statements in the same form for Sind and the Presidency, the District Superintendent of Police sent a revised statement with considerably altered figures. As it was impracticable to disturb the compilations which had been made for Sind and the Presidency, I was unable to utilize the amended statement.

2. Taking the figures given in the body of the report for what they may be worth, crime has hardly fluctuated at all, the total figures amounting to 2,333 or decrease of 29 compared with 1887. Murders have increased from 10 to 13. All but 1 of these cases were committed to the Sessions, and 7 ended in conviction. There were 4 cases of attempt at murder and culpable homicide as compared with 7 in 1887. No dacoities took place, being a decrease of 3 over last year. Robberies have increased from 10 to 18, conviction being obtained

in 9. None of the cases were of a serious nature and but little property was stolen. As regards thefts the Superintendent states that they have decreased from 1,894 to 1,677. I cannot verify these figures in any way. The true cases for last year according to Statement A, Part I, amounted to 1,196. The true cases for the year under report, including Police and Magisterial, according to Supplementary Statement I, amount to 1,532. To discuss figures of this sort is useless. No attempt is made to compare the percentages of this year and last. It is satisfactory to see that out of 66 cases of stolen property 56 resulted in convictions. The amount of property stolen and recovered is almost identical with that of 1887.

3. If the percentages given in Supplementary Statement I may be at all relied on, the working of the Hyderabad Police is better than that of Sind in general and of the Presidency. The figures under all 4 percentages of Indian Penal Code cases are considerably higher than either. I think that as regards persons at any rate they may be accepted as correct, and the results are eminently satisfactory. If an intelligent report had been written on the working of the Police in this district, I should probably have been able to bestow greater praise upon the force than under the existing circumstances I am able to do. In property test Hyderabad is somewhat behind Sind and the Presidency.

4. There has been a fairly successful raid against the bad characters in the district during the year under report, 74 men having been proceeded against under Chapter 8 of the Criminal Procedure Code, out of whom 43 were convicted, 8 discharged by the Magistrates, 11 acquitted and discharged by the Sadar Court on account of the 1st Class Magistrate not being empowered to try cases under this section, and 12 were pending at the close of the year.

5. On the efficiency and conduct of the force Mr. Jones writes :—

"I am afraid I cannot speak in high terms of the conduct and efficiency of the Police of this district. Many of the Chief Constables are only probationary and I do not consider that more than 3 or 4 of them at the outside are fit for their posts; many of them are men of little or no education and do not appear to be men of good family or influence in the district. The four Inspectors are, however, very fair and I think hard-working. * * * The men of the force are certainly not of the best material. This is owing chiefly to the very low rate of pay. It is impossible to get a syce of about 16 years of age for less than Rs. 10 per mensem; it is, therefore, not likely that men will come into the Police for Rs. 7-12-0 when all wages are so very high in Sind. In the Police of this district out of 294 Constables employed in the district no less than 227 are 3rd grade. The candidates, therefore, who come for enlistment in the District Foot Police are perfectly *jungli* men, who are mostly too lazy for other work; and even these only stay in the Police so long as it suits them. If they are asked to go through any drill or get transferred from near their homes, they immediately resign."

6. There were 13 dismissals as compared with 20 for 1887 and a three years' average of 20. The total number of other punishments is 76 as compared with 77 last year, and an average of over 100 for the past two years. The number of resignations was 96, or 3 less than in 1887. In education the district is very inferior; and the number of educated men shown for the year under report is rather below the average.

7. There were 8 escapes from Police custody, and in 3 cases only were the prisoners re-arrested.

8. Very little in the matter of drill seems to have been done, as the District Superintendent of Police reports that 88 men have been put through the course and 48 were under instruction at the close of the year. The shooting of both the foot and mounted Police, which was so bad that last year Colonel Wise would not allow the district prizes to be awarded, has distinctly improved.

9. Out of 19 cases of serious crime, 13 were detetcted at once. Of the remaining 6, 2 were visited by Mr. Duggan and 3 by Mr. Jones. One occurred immediately upon the latter officer taking charge, and he was unable to proceed to the scene of crime. Out of 27 Police stations 18 were inspected and out of 57 outposts 40 were inspected.

10. The firearms supplied to the Police are in very poor order. The rifles in use are the muzzle-loading ones, but the rifling is quite worn out and they are no better than the smooth-bored muzzle-loaders. This accounts for

the rifle shooting not being so good as it might be. The swords and accoutrements of the mounted and district Police are in good order as also the carbines of the mounted Police.

11. Colonel Trevor, the District Magistrate, writes :—

"The force is numerically too weak and the members of it too lowly paid.

"Having regard for these circumstances the force has, I think, been as successful as could be expected in dealing with crime."

THAR AND PA'RKAR.

Mr. Watson, the Deputy Commissioner, has written an extremely clear and comprehensive report and he has a very good account to give of the year's work. Crime has to some extent increased, but the Police have shown themselves well able to cope with it. The increase is chiefly under thefts of cattle and ordinary thefts, and the Deputy Commissioner points out that population, cultivation and the number of cattle are increasing in the district, and a corresponding increase of crime is not unexpected. The season also was unfavourable in part of the district. The total number of true Indian Penal Code cases has risen from 369 in 1887 to 463 in the year under report. Including 36 cases pending from 1887, 434 cases were disposed of during the year, only 117 of which were not brought to trial, *i.e.*, were undetected. Of 317 placed before the Courts 228 resulted in conviction. Only 29 cases were pending at the end of the year. Regarded either in comparison with last year's work or independently, these results indicate energy and care in making investigations, and the outturn of work is high. The figures are on a level with those of other districts which have not the peculiar difficulties of Thar and Párkar. In spite of the increase of 94 real cases, the number of undetected cases is only 4 in excess of last year. The percentage of convictions to true cases is 71·92 as compared with 71·18 for 1887. Amongst the offences under other laws there were 76 cases against 32 in the previous year in which security was demanded for good behaviour. With regard to this Mr. Watson writes :—

"The profession of 'Budmash' is rampant in many parts of the district, and as it has been from long experience found that 'prevention is better than cure,' it has been found necessary to rigorously put into force the provisions of the law as to security for good behaviour."

It would be very satisfactory if a larger number of Police officers would carry out this principle.

2. The only class of crime which calls for remark is theft. Of the 215 cases decided by trial no less than 147 consist of cattle-theft and 68 of ordinary theft. In 110 and 53 of these cases respectively convictions were obtained—a very creditable record. In addition to these true cases there were no less than 134 false accusations of cattle-theft and 54 of ordinary theft, which the Police had to investigate. There were 33 true cases of receiving stolen property as compared with 20 in 1887. All these 33 cases were decided by trial. Fifteen convictions were obtained, the percentage being slightly lower than in 1887.

3. Under persons the number released without being brought to trial is rather high, being 71 out of 596 as compared with 62 out of 454 in 1887.

4. The amount of property stolen has risen from Rs. 16,502 in 1887 to Rs. 21,173 in the year under report, no less than Rs. 13,102 in 1888 coming under the head of cattle-theft. But the percentage of property recovered to property stolen has risen from 59 to 62 per cent.

5. In comparing the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement I, for Thar and Párkar with other districts, it will be seen that the percentage of convictions to true Indian Penal Code cases disposed of is higher for Thar and Párkar than that for Sind and the Presidency in general, the figures being 53 for Thar and Párkar against 51 for Sind and the Presidency. In convictions to cases decided Thar and Párkar has a percentage of 72 as compared with 72 for the Presidency in general and 78 for Sind. Under persons, the percentage of convictions to arrests is not quite so good for Thar and Párkar as for Sind and the Presidency; but under convictions to cases disposed of by trial Thar and Párkar has a percentage of 61 as compared with 60 for the Presidency and 64 for Sind. Both the property percentages are better for Thar and

Párkar than for Sind as a whole. As regards the amount of property recovered the percentage for Thar and Párkar is better than for the Presidency in general, but not so good as regards the number of cases in which it was recovered.

6. As regards supervision over bad characters, the Deputy Commissioner only states that a list is kept at each Thána and scrutinized by the Deputy Commissioner when on tour.

7. As regards the efficiency and conduct of the Police, the Deputy Commissioner states that the Police are fairly efficient and that on the whole the conduct of the force has been good. They are well armed and equipped and may be said to be a fine body of men and they have been on the whole successful in the detection and repression of crime. The total number of punishments is 58, as compared with 62 for 1887. It is very satisfactory to note that only 11 men were punished judicially, as compared with 25 last year. The percentage of educated officers and men to the number of the force is 9; as compared with 7 in 1887. Thar and Párkar is far the worst district in the Presidency for education. Karáchi, the next lowest, is 2 per cent. better. The men drill well. Want of targets, except at Umarkot, has stood in the way of much proficiency being attained in ball-practice, but arrangements are being made for their supply at some of the Táluka Police stations.

8. The district has a very bad record of 14 escapes from Police custody, the highest in the Presidency, and only 7 recaptures.

9. Of the 19 Police stations and 48 outposts, 13 and 29 respectively were visited and inspected by the Deputy Commissioner. The condition of the arms is satisfactory.

10. The Deputy Commissioner concludes his report as follows:—

"Thar and Párkar is an exceptional district. It is bordered on three sides by Native States, and on the fourth by Sind proper; a great portion of it consists of sand-hills (the so-called desert) and has a more or less nomadic population. The Police force has always been regarded as a special one apart from the ordinary Police of the Presidency. The men are well mounted, equipped and armed and besides the detection and repression of crime have to preserve the peace and guard a frontier of some 600 miles. It would, I am convinced, be a mistake to make large reductions in the force as proposed by Colonel Wise, more particularly as the population and the number of cattle, as well as crime, are on the increase."

SHIKA'RPUR.

Mr. Vincent was only in charge of the district for the month of December, but he has nevertheless submitted a most complete and interesting report. He has compared the figures under the new system not only with those for 1887 but for an average of the last three years. His report is supplemented by a clear and full memorandum from Colonel Mayhew, the District Magistrate, who has known Shikárpur for a long period.

2. I am glad to see that the subject-matter of the report is as satisfactory as the report itself. Crime is steadily decreasing and the Police are attaining greater success in dealing with it. The average number of true Indian Penal Code cases for 1885, 1886 and 1887 was 2,546, the number for 1887 was 2,229 and that for the year under report, 2,023. The chief decrease is under thefts, which in the year under report amounted to 1,286 as compared with 1,453 for the preceding year, and an average of 1,556. Cases of house-breaking and theft show a very large decrease, *viz.*, 45 cases less than 1887 and 68 less than the average. This is a very favourable symptom, and is probably due to stricter supervision over bad characters. Taking class by class, while there is no increase under any over last year, and only under class II over the average, the greatest decrease is under classes III and V. Under class V the decrease under cattle-thefts is very marked. These amounted to 417 for 1888, as compared with 516 for 1887 and an average of 528. The District Magistrate, however, writes as follows on this subject:—

"Colonel Mayhew believes that there is no actual decrease whatever. Cattle disappear right and left. Flocks of goats are carried off and never traced. The Police are too fond of telling the owners *to go in search* for themselves and if a trace be found to return when assistance will be given and offer the sufferer a *stray cattle receipt.*

"* * * Sind is infested with muscular, violent and determined men from the hills, the terror of the Sindis, whom they use as cat's-paws. Cattle-lifting is as common as ever it was. Losses are not reported. The Police cannot cope with it under the ordinary law and because of insufficiency of numbers and the unsuitable constitution of the force."

3. In none of the percentages of cases or persons is Shikárpur quite up to the average level of Sind or the Presidency and in the percentage of convictions to true cases it is a long way behind, the figure for Shikárpur being 46, as compared with 51 for Sind and the Presidency. But the results attained year by year in Shikárpur are rapidly improving. Under Indian Penal Code cases the percentage of convictions to cases was for the average of 1885, 1886 and 1887, 33, for 1887, 39 and for 1888, 46; and the improvement runs through every class.

4. The percentage under persons of convictions to arrests, 52, is poor for the following reasons. The large number of 270 persons out of 2,414 were released without being brought to trial, and 285 were pending at the end of the year. This is bad; but yet it is relatively good, when compared with the extraordinary figures for previous years. The number of persons arrested in 1887 and released without being brought to trial was 409, and the average for the three years was actually 668. The improvement is great and shows that the Police were much more discreet than in former years. The percentage of convictions to arrests has steadily gone up.

5. As regards property, the amount stolen has, for a term of years, steadily decreased and the amount recovered increased. The percentage of recovery to losses is for Shikárpur 73, as compared with 61 for Sind and 57 for the Presidency. The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen is higher for Shikárpur than for Sind, but not so high as for the Presidency in general. The increased success of the Police is due, in a great measure, to the Paggis, and the District Superintendent of Police would welcome an addition of these men to his staff. One Paggi is worth three ordinary constables for the detection of thefts.

6. Mr. Vincent's remarks on the supervision of bad characters are so much to the point, and bring out so clearly the desirability of placing some legal restraint on the movements of suspected persons that I give them in full:—

"The records of the Police are in fair order, but two books are kept up at each station where one would suffice. Supervision itself is not however systematical enough and cannot be so, 1*stly* because the suspects may go and come when and where they like, 2*ndly* because the Police are too illiterate as a body and cannot carry the names and particulars in their heads, and 3*rdly* because the Police have really not sufficient time for it.

"Take for instance the Ratedero Táluka, the smallest in the district, with 254 suspects, of whom 152 are old jail birds and 102 are of evil repute. They live in 67 different villages of the 226 which compose the táluka, and it is absolutely impossible to supervise their movements and doings, for the reasons advanced above, the Police do their best however.

"I am still strongly of the opinion, which I expressed when in charge of Hyderabad in 1882-83, that the introduction of the Criminal Tribes Act in Sind would be a very beneficial measure, and I also adhere to the views I expressed for some years past that one year's rigorous imprisonment and a couple of years of Police surveillance superadded would be a more effective and less expensive punishment than two years' hard labour."

7. Mr. Vincent's remarks on the efficiency and conduct of the force are also given in full:—

"During the year under review the better results obtained would seem to speak well for the efficiency of the force, but being quite new to the district I write of course under reservation and I am unable to single out any officers and men as deserving special notice.

"The low rate of pay which we give and the arduous duties which we exact in return, makes service in the Police very unpopular and this re-acts on the conduct and efficiency of the men. Instead of being able to select our candidates we have often to take in men, whom under better conditions of service we would reject.

"The numerous resignations (58) show how little the Sindi values employment in the Police. He mostly prefers to serve in or near his village, which for obvious reasons can but seldom be allowed, and if he is refused that privilege, he either resigns or performs his duties in a very careless manner."

8. The percentage of officers and men punished is extremely heavy, being exceeded only by the Upper Sind Frontier District and comprises almost one-fourth of the strength. There is nevertheless a considerable improvement over last year, when Shikárpur was at the bottom of the list. In 1887 the number

of officers and men punished was 33 and 244 and the average of the last three years, 27 and 208, respectively. In 1888 the numbers have come down to 35 and 161.

9. As regards education, Mr. Vincent States that the educational status of the force has improved as the returns show; in 1887 there were 98 officers and 113 men who could read and write, while in 1888 there were respectively 111 and 189. Mr. Vincent cannot quite vouch for these figures, as he has no means and had as yet no opportunity of thoroughly testing their accuracy.

10. The men of the armed branch are mostly Pardeshis and are fairly well drilled as they have a liking for it. As regards the rest of the force, who are mostly natives of Sind, elementary drill is imparted to them as far as is practicable; but the Sindi is indolent and dislikes restraint, so he cannot be turned into a smart drill. Ball-practice is only carried on at head-quarters, there being no rifle ranges at táluka stations.

11. Ten serious crimes were personally investigated by the District Superintendent of Police and seven by the Assistant. Satisfactory reasons are given for not visiting the others.

12. There are 20 Police stations and 94 outposts. Of the former, 11 were inspected by the District Superintendent and 5 by the Assistant, who was only for 4½ months attached to the district. Of the latter, 28 were visited by the District Superintendent of Police and 26 by the Assistant District Superintendent of Police. There have been four changes as regards District Superintendent of Police during the year, but for which more stations would have been visited. Of the 94 outposts, 32 are without Head Constables and the men on duty at them are, therefore, not under the supervision insisted upon in Government Resolution No. 4432 of 31st July 1878. Head Constables are not available.

13. The muzzle-loading rifles of the armed Police are, considering their age and original quality, in fair condition. There is rather a mixture of swords, but the weapons are serviceable and in fairly good order. The accoutrements of the foot Police require to be renewed in a year or two.

14. The District Magistrate in noticing the various improvements in the Police says:—

"All that has been done is due to Mr. F. Austin whose efforts to improve matters were untiring, continuous and earnest."

UPPER SIND FRONTIER.

Mr. Austin, who was in charge for one month only in the year under report, submits a very clear and complete report. He has lost no time in making himself acquainted with his new district, having, as the District Magistrate says in his forwarding memorandum dated February 7th, in two short months, shown the minutest attention to every detail and an energy in his work which would most certainly effect a real improvement in the force if only his services could be retained for it.

2. Mr. Austin has not criticized the figures dealing with crime as a whole for the last two years, but he has carefully compared the real cognizable cases under each head and class and given the results for 1887 and 1888. Taking class by class there is hardly any fluctuation between the two years except in class I, in which the figures have gone down from 19 to 7, there having been no offences against public justice in 1888, as compared with 9 in 1887. The total number of real cognizable Indian Penal Code cases for 1888 is 452 and for 1887, 478.

3. There were 12 murders, as compared with 11 in 1887. Of these, 4 ended in conviction before the Court of Sessions and 6 before Courts of Elders. As regards this the District Magistrate writes:—

"The fining by a Court of Elders in murder cases is not a conviction, which in any way reflects credit on the Police, and ought scarcely to appear among convictions. The special law is resorted to in cases where the Police have failed to collect evidence sufficient for trial."

Attempts at murder and culpable homicide number 3, as compared with 1 in 1887. One of these cases ended in conviction and 2 were pending,

No dacoity was committed during the year and robberies have decreased from 4 to 1. The real cases of theft numbered in 1888, 302 as compared with 303 in 1887. The numbers of cattle-thefts and ordinary thefts have reversed themselves, the cattle-thefts numbering 172 and 155 in 1887 and 1888 respectively, and ordinary thefts 131 and 147. It is satisfactory to note this decrease in cattle-thefts, but not so to note that the percentage of conviction to real cases of this nature has decreased, the percentages being for cattle-thefts in 1887, 22 and in 1888, 28. However for ordinary thefts the percentage has improved from 37 to 51. The value of the cattle stolen was in 1888 Rs. 5,136 as compared with Rs. 6,418 in 1887. The difficulties in detecting cattle-thefts are well known. And when the owners have with the assistance of the Police recovered the missing cattle, they often compromise the matter with the thieves and decline to recognize the animals, knowing that they will be restored to them after the Police are gone. There are thus many stolen animals recovered by the Police for which they get no credit and many criminals whom the Police have found in possession of stolen cattle elude justice.

4. Taking the several classes, cases under classes I and II call for no further remarks. In all classes the percentage of conviction to cases has more or less increased. Under class III the bad results in house-breaking cases call for notice. The number of cases decreased from 63 to 48. Out of these only 11 ended in conviction. The amount of property recovered has dwindled from 40 per cent. of what was lost in 1887 to 32 per cent. in 1888. A weak point in the work of this district is the large number of Indian Penal Code cases that have been disposed of without being brought to trial or undetected. They number 160 as compared with 163 decided by trial. However only 38 were left pending at the close of the year; it is very much better to dispose of cases the detection of which is hopeless by submitting final reports to the effect that it is hopeless than by allowing them to remain uselessly pending. The effect of this as regards percentages is at once to lower the percentage of conviction to true cases disposed of. The percentage in this district is 46 as compared with 51 for Sind and the Presidency, but the Upper Sind Frontier in reality compares favourably with many districts whose percentages are nominally higher but which have many cases pending. The percentage of conviction to cases decided by trial is, as it should be, much higher and stands at 86 as compared with 78 for Sind and 72 for the Presidency. The percentages for persons are 52 and 58 as compared with 53 and 60 for the Presidency and 55 and 64 for Sind. The property tests on Supplementary Statement I are favourable, but the value of property stolen in pending cases is much above the average of the Sind districts, and the work is not so good as it would appear.

5. Proceedings were taken against 28 persons as compared with 11 in 1887 for good behaviour under the Criminal Procedure Code. Fifteen ended in conviction. There is no further information regarding supervision over bad characters.

6. Out of a total of 252 in the force, no less than 29 officers and 57 men or 86 in all, being 34 per cent., have been punished. Upper Sind Frontier is far the worst district in the Presidency in this respect. Shikárpur, the next worst, has 10 per cent. less punishments. With reference to this Mr. Austin writes as follows :—

"Looking to the number of punishments inflicted it connot be said that the conduct of the force has been good; but considering the very indifferent material of which the lower grades are composed, and the constant supervision exercised by the Chief Constable over those on duty in the Jacobabad town where the larger portion of the foot Police are stationed, I do not consider it abnormally bad. As regards efficiency, I am inclined to take a much more favourable view.

"The Beluch Savárs are especially well adapted for the work expected of them and are, I think, taken as a whole, remarkably trustworthy; and were the Head Constables sufficiently educated and intelligent to impart the necessary theoretical knowledge of law and procedure to them, they would soon become still more efficient."

7. The percentage of educated officers and men is 12·2 or 12 officers and 25 men. Two districts, alone, *viz.*, Karáchi and Thar and Párkar, are below this.

8. The number of men who went through a course of drill in 1888 was 155 as compared with an averave of 111 for the three preceding years. Ball-practice is improving. There is only one target in the district.

9. In 9 out of 12 serious crimes the District Superintendent of Police personally investigated the case. All the Police stations and 23 out of 34 outposts were inspected.

10. On the whole the report for the Upper Sind Frontier is satisfactory. The mounted Police who form the principal force outside Jacobabad are, so far as tracking up cattle-thieves and performing ordinary Police duties, as efficient as they can be expected to be. But none of the lower grades and few of the higher grades have any idea as to the quality of legal evidence required to bring home a charge against an accused person.

11. Mr. Giles, the District Magistrate, appends an interesting memorandum to the report.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

AHMEDABAD.

Mr. Adams has submitted a well arranged and interesting report, supplemented by valuable remarks by the District Magistrate. Taking the real cognizable cases disposed of in 1888 and comparing them with the corresponding figures of 1887, I regret to see that there has been a very serious increase in crime, the totals, exclusive of class VI, being 1,608 and 1,256 respectively. Murders have increased from 8 to 10 and culpable ho micides from 10 to 16; while if we take the number of culpable homicides reported to the Police during each of these years, it will be seen that they have gone up from 12 to 19. The District Superintendent of Police cannot assign any particular cause for the increase. Disputes that occur about boundaries of fields, trespass of cattle, &c., frequently lead to altercations. Words are followed by blows, which in many cases have fatal results. Dacoities have gone up from 3 to 7, and a conviction was obtained in 1 case only. As Mr. Adams states, when complainants refrain from reporting these cases for periods varying from 24 hours to 7 days, and then, when confronted with their assailants, they entirely fail to recognize them, it is not a matter of surprise that the Police are not more successful. While the average number of robberies committed during the last five years is 29, crimes of this nature number 41 in 1887 and 44 in 1888. The Police have, however, been more successful in dealing with them than last year, the percentage of convictions to cases reported having improved from 44 to 48. Proceeding to thefts the figures can be described as nothing less than startling. In 1887, 594 cases were reported, and in the year under roport no less than 874; and cases of receiving stolen property have similarly risen from 145 to 195. The percentage of cases to convictions in cases disposed of is nevertheless very fair, the figures for Ahmedabad standing at 61 as compared with 55 for the Presidency and 57 for the Northern Division. The Police have been very successful in bringing to light cases of false coining and in dealing with undetected cases of previous years.

2. In gauging the work of the Police by percentages I find that taken as a whole the percentages of Ahmedabad are much the same as those complied for the Presidency and the Northern Division. The percentages of convictions to Indian Penal Code cases disposed of being 52 in Ahmedabad, 51 for the Presidency and 52 for the Northern Division; and the similar figures for persons are Ahmedabad 52, Presidency 53 and Northern Division 52. In cases Ahmedabad is good under murders, culpable homicides and robberies, very bad under dacoities, the percentage being only 16 as compared with 57 for the Northern Division and 42 for the Presidency, inferior to both under classes III and IV.

3. The amount of property stolen has increased from Rs. 53,376 in 1887 to Rs. 64,323 in 1888. The percentage of recoveries in the year under report is 87, which is highly satisfactory and compares favourably with the figures of 74 for the Northern Division and 57 for the Presidency.

4. The Superintendent ascribes the increase in the number of cases of dacoity, robbery and theft to the scanty rainfall of 1887 and 1888. "The rabi crops," he states, "which are dependent on the rain of the former, partially failed, and prices rose. Between the reaping of them and the commencement of the monsoon of 1888, which was abnormally late in breaking, a long period of high prices prevailed and caused great privation to the poor, *i.e.*, the bulk of the population. Again, all the rain which came (12 inches instead of 30) fell in July, too late to enable any rice to be sown, so that very little relief in the way of reduction in prices was experienced during the succeeding months and a famine and its concomitant increase of crime would inevitably have resulted had it not been for an abnormal fall in November, averaging 5 inches all over the district, which saved the rabi crops and generally improved prospects. So the greater portion of the rural population, living as they do from hand to mouth, the least rise in the prices of the staple food-grain of the district is a matter of vital importance, and as they are for the most part a lazy and turbulent race, far preferring thieving to honest labour, the increase in crimes noted is, I think, amply accounted for."

5. In my last year's report I noticed the vigour of the Police in destroying 9,774 stray dogs. They have been still more energetic this year and have killed no less than 18,306.

6. During the year under report the Police sent up 39 persons to be bound over to be of good behaviour and to furnish security against 28 in the preceding one, the Magistracy acceding to the request in 28 instances, and declining to move in the cases of 11 persons. I should like to see more of this done in other districts.

7. As regards supervision over bad characters the usual arrangements are made in the districts; but Mr. Adams deserves particular credit for the systematic watch which is kept on all foreigners making any stay in the city of Ahmedabad. Ahmedabad is resorted to by disreputable persons of all kinds and from all parts of India, and there is little doubt that but for the close supervision exercised over them, assisted by the fact that there are no means of entrance or exit from or to the city except through the gates, there would be much greater crime in the city.

8. Licenses granted under the Arms Act number 703 in 1888 as compared with 898 in 1887. Applications for licenses are seldom refused to respectable people who show a plausible reason for their request; and the falling off in number is due to fewer applications having been submitted. The number of applications last year was somewhat excessive. The shops of the licensed vendors of arms and ammunition were properly examined.

9. The conduct of the Police during the year under review has been far from satisfactory. No less than 17 per cent. of officers and men were punished; this figure being higher than that of all districts in the Presidency except Dhárwár and 3 in Sind. The total number of officers and men punished is almost exactly the same as in 1887, the figure being for this year 26 officers and 164 men as against 25 officers and 164 men for last year, the average for the last three years being slightly in excess of these figures. But it is very unsatisfactory to notice that no less than 12 men had to be punished departmentally this year for theft, drunkenness and desertion. Besides the frequent breaches of discipline which have occurred there has been a general want of zeal, which is accounted for by the scheme for a general reduction in the force which has been hanging over it for some eighteen months, and the actual cessation of recruiting which has been ordered in both the foot and mounted ranks. There is a wide feeling that promotion for many who hoped to attain it soon is indefinitely postponed, and a spirit of restlessness and discontent has been engendered by the fact that many members of the force have left to join appointments in the neighbouring states where reorganization is in progress, several on very considerably enhanced pay. The high prices in the district, moreover, due to the scarcity of crops, have affected the rank and file of the Police. With regard to the threatened reduction of the forces the District Magistrate states that it paralyses all hopes of promotion and adds that there is a great deal of truth in what Mr. Adams says on the subject. But Mr. James considers that on the whole the Police have done well in spite of some faults and cases of

inefficiency. The District Magistrate writes strongly on the necessity of appointing an Assistant for Ahmedabad, especially as there has been an Inspector short for some time. During 1888 there was an assistant for only five weeks.

10. Drill and ball-practice have been carefully attended to with satisfactory results.

11. Ahmedabad is on the whole more fortunate than other districts in its accommodation for the men; but at some places there is still room for improvement, notably at Gogha, where there are only 10 huts for 40 men. The great requirement in the way of quarters for the force is barracks in the city of Ahmedabad. When the new City Jail is built it is in contemplation to hand over a portion of the existing jail for the housing of the Police. But this may take some years; and meanwhile the 245 men employed in the city have to find lodgings where they can; and they are consequently scattered all over the city.

12. Mr. Adams has shown commendable activity in personal investigation of serious crime. He has also visited all his 12 Police stations and 52 out of 53 outposts.

13. As in most districts, new muskets are urgently needed, some of those issued are hardly safe for use. The accoutrements are in thoroughly serviceable condition.

14. The services of Inspector Mansukrám Mulji are brought prominently to notice, and Inspectors Grey and Krishnaráo have worked well.

15. I am satisfied that Mr. Adams has administered the district with vigour and ability during a time of special difficulty.

KAIRA.

Mr. Spence, who was in charge of the district the whole year, has written a very careful, complete and interesting report. To enable an accurate comparison to be instituted between the working of the Police for 1888 with 1887 he has compiled Supplementary Statement I for that year also. On comparing the two statements it is at once apparent that there has been a very large increase in crime during the year under report. This is more especially the case with regard to thefts, the number of cases for disposal having risen from 855 in 1887 to 1,222 in 1888; the increase is doubtless correctly ascribed to the bad season and deficient rainfall. In the hot weather the fruit crop from the mango, mowra and rayan trees was a very poor one. Later on in the year owing to the want of rain people were unable to till their fields and many, who were thrown out of work, took to thieving instead.

2. Not only thefts, but crime of every class has increased. The number of murder cases for disposal has risen from 15 to 23. So many of them, however, are pending that it is most difficult to gauge the working of the Police in regard to them. The percentage of convictions to cases is very bad. But when the pending cases are decided, the result will probably assume a much more favourable complexion; for out of 20 real cognizable cases, 14 were detected and many of these will doubtless result in conviction. Leaving out of sight the test of percentages and considering each case on its merits I do not consider that the Police have done badly. The District Superintendent of Police brings to notice the serious difficulties experienced in regard to Sessions cases by (1) the great delay that takes place in regard to their disposal, cases that were committed in March; May and September 1887 not having been yet concluded, and (2) to the fact that all cases have to be sent out of the district to Ahmedabad for trial.

3. In dealing with culpable homicide the Police were much more successful, 5 out of 7 real cognizable cases ending in conviction. This is a marked improvement on last year, when only 1 out of 7 cases disposed of ended in conviction.

4. The four dacoities that have occurred in 1888 (none took place in 1887,) were all of a petty nature, and they merely came under the head of Dacoity owing to the number of persons engaged in them. Three out of the four were detected.

5. Of the 1,222 theft cases for disposal 855 were real cognizable and 376 excluded. Out of 458 decided by trial 390 ended in conviction, the percentage of cases convicted to cases disposed of having risen from 42 for 1887 to 46 for the year under report. It is satisfactory to observe that the increase of crime of this nature has been accompanied by increased ability on the part of the Police to deal with it.

6. Not only in thefts but throughout the various classes is the increased efficiency of the Police visible. The four percentages as regards cases and persons at the back of Supplementary Statement I have all considerably improved.

7. Taking Indian Penal Code cases generally, Kaira has done much worse than the Presidency or the Northern Division generally in the percentage of convictions to cases disposed of, the figure for Kaira being only 46 as against 52 and 51 for the Presidency and Northern Division; but as regards persons convicted to persons arrested Kaira shows a percentage of 62 as against 53 and 52 for the Presidency and Northern Division respectively.

8. The increase of 138 cases under class VI, *viz.*, Abkári 26, Salt 30, Arms Act 5 and Nuisance 77, is rather remarkable and is probably due rather to the greater vigilance of the Police than to an actual increase in the number of offences committed.

9. As regards the amount of property stolen and recovered it is much to be regretted that one important case of house-breaking and theft, in which property worth no less than Rs. 10,973 was stolen, has reduced the percentage of property recovered to property stolen from 97 to 68. In this case the Police both connived at its committal and afterwards wilfully allowed 2, out of the 4, prisoners to escape; and in consequence only one-half instead of the whole of the property stolen in the case was recovered. The policemen, who were to blame, were of course properly punished. But for this case the results would have only been slightly worse than for 1887. As it is the percentage of property recovered to property stolen stands at 69, being considerably more favourable than that for the Presidency in general, which is 57, but not so good as that for the Northern Division, which is 74.

10. In his classification and registration of bad characters Mr. Spence has taken the greatest possible pains, he has personally gone into each case, only entering such persons as are really necessary and deciding how long each man's name is to remain on the register. During the year the Superintendent personally mustered and talked with the bad characters of 389 villages. By this means not only was he able to get to know these persons and derive more or less information from them, but by being brought into direct contact with the Superintendent they are made the more clearly to realize the system, under which their names are registered. So far Mr. Spence's system is thoroughly satisfactory. The weak point is the impossibility under existing circumstances of getting the work of supervision properly carried out by the Village Police. "In the majority of cases," Mr. Spence writes, "the patels do nothing but write up the registers and the men, whose names are in them, leave their villages and go where they like, and when they return nothing can be done to them. The whole system as it stands at present is a farce and the Police have really no way of supervising bad characters and will not have until such characters are not allowed by law to absent themselves without leave."

11. During the year two applications only for security were made under Section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code and none under Section 109. Police Superintendents would do well to make far greater use of these sections. The usual excuse for not doing so is that the Magistrates will not call for security; but in my opinion, if more care was taken in sending the cases up, the Magistrates would be found more willing to accede to the request of the Police.

12. The working of the Arms Act calls for no special remarks. All shops of license vendors were examined.

13. I observed in my last year's report the improvement in the efficiency and conduct of the Kaira Police. The improvement has, I am glad to see,

continued. With few exceptions the behaviour of officers and men has been good as the satisfactory decrease in the number of punishments shows. In only three districts in the Presidency have a larger number of men been rewarded. Detective ability is however said to be deplorably wanting among the members of the force. The majority of the 1st and 2nd class Head Constables are men of a very poor stamp as far as education, detective ability and general smartness are concerned. They were most enlisted a quarter of a century ago and have risen to their present positions less on account of good work done by them than for mere length of service and having few entries against them in the defaulters' register. Men of this stamp may have done well enough in days gone by, but they are quite unsuited to our modern requirements. In the comparative statement of educated policemen for the Presidency Kaira occupies a middle place. The figures are almost identical with those of last year.

14. Drill and ball-practice have been vigorously carried on.

15. Mr. Spence visited the scenes of 19 serious crimes and personally investigated the cases. He also visited and inspected all his 9 Police stations and 23 outposts.

16. The men in the armed branch are supplied with Snider carbines with sword bayonets. These are in excellent condition and it would greatly add to the efficiency of the Police if we could have as useful a weapon in every district. The accoutrements are new.

17. On the whole the Kaira Police have done well in a particularly difficult year. Kaira is not an easy district to work as the population at large is well-to-do and only a very inferior class of people come forward for enlisting in the Police; while the wealth of the higher classes is productive of another very serious disadvantage to the operations of the Police in the facility with which, since money is no object, the suppression of evidence can generally be obtained when it is required. Altogether the Police have ample employment and the Superintendent strongly deprecates the proposed reduction in the force.

18. Mr. Spence brings to notice that in the Borsad Táluka where crime is rife and the majority of the inhabitants live by stealing or receiving stolen property, there are 18 Tálukdári and Thákors' villages in which there are no Village Police arrangements. The Police patels are merely such in name. They receive no pay and consequently do no work. There are no paid village watchmen. The establishment of some organized Village Police is highly desirable.

PANCH MAHA'LS.

Mr. Lester has prepared a comprehensive report, which gives far ampler information on the working of the district than that submitted by his predecessor last year. He has given an intelligent analysis of the fluctuations in each class of crime. It is to be regretted that he has been unable to report a more satisfactory condition of things. The number of cognizable cases reported has risen from 500 in 1887 to 590 in 1888. This is serious enough; but the aspect of the case assumes a still less favourable complexion if we exclude from the comparison the cases in class VI which are of a less important nature. In the first five classes the figure in 1887 was 304, while in the year under review it is 448, showing an increase of nearly 50 per cent.

2. Taking these figures as a whole, the increase is accounted for in two ways. Firstly, it is due to the bad season which the Panch Mahals shared with other districts in Gujarát. With regard to this Mr. Campbell, the District Magistrate, says "the large increase in serious crime is perhaps not more than is natural in so unfavourable a season. The poor mowra and fruit crop during the hot months of 1888 may have been more severely felt than was apparent; the late opening of the rains no doubt caused considerable distress; and the failure of rice among the early crops and the want of almost all demand for labour in connection with the late crops have, beyond doubt, caused more scrimping and scarcity than has been experienced for the last ten years." The other reason ascribed for the increase of crime is the diminution in the strength of the mounted Police, and the consequent want of effective patrolling strength. The mounted

branch of the Police was ten below its sanctioned strength owing to orders that vacancies were not to be filled up; and regular patrolling was seriously interfered with.

3. On examining the figures for crime in general I at once find one unsatisfactory point. Supplementary Statement I shows that there were at the beginning of 1888, 23 cases only pending from previous years, while at the end of the year the excessive number of 161 were pending. It appears, however, from what Mr. Lester says later on of the work of the Police in detecting 12 out of 96 cases pending from previous years that the number 23 must apply only to cases pending before the Courts, or which were under active investigation by the Police, as under the former faulty system of registration final reports were not submitted in undetected cases. They were not brought over to the next year as pending cases, but were simply allowed to lapse. Even in this case the increase to 161 is very unsatisfactory.

No reason is given for this increase; and the fact that so many cases were not disposed of, points to a certain neglect on the part of the Police and it also vitiates the figures which should enable me to estimate the success of the Police in dealing with crime. Favourable percentages of conviction to real cognizable cases disposed of are but of little value as a test if a large proportions of cases are not disposed of at all. It is *primâ facie* probable that a majority of these cases will not end in a conviction or they would have been carried through the Courts at a much earlier date; and I therefore consider that the percentages given for the Panch Mahâls give a much more favourable appearance to the work of the Police than it really deserves. Of the pending cases 55 only were before the Magistrates.

4. Even taking the figures as they are, the percentage of cases convicted to cases reported has come down from 69 in 1887 to 60 in 1888; and I cannot concur with the District Superintendent of Police that the figures taken as a whole prove that the detective, as well as preparative, ability of the Police maintain a high standard of ability. However that the preparative ability of the Police does more than holds its own, the figures, I am glad to say, fully demonstrate.

5. Out of the 364 real cognizable cases decided by trial, no less than 318 ended in conviction, the percentage being 87 as compared with 81 both for the Presidency and Northern Division. An equal success has, nominally at all events, been obtained with regard to persons; the percentages of convictions to arrests being 75 as compared with 64 for the Presidency and Northern Division. But if persons arrested in the numerous pending cases were included, the results might be less favourable.

6. Taking the cognizable offences under the various heads, I find that murders have increased from 1 in 1887 to 7 in 1888, the average for the three years preceding 1888 being 4, attempts at murder and culpable homicides from 1 to 6, the average being 3, dacoities from 3 to 7, the average being 3, while robberies have gone down in number from 12 to 7, the average being 8. Of the murders 2 were due to revenge, 2 to jealousy, 1 to gain, and 2 to other causes. Two have ended in conviction, 3 in acquittal, and 2 were pending at the close of the year.

7. It always speaks well of the Police when undetected cases of previous years are brought to justice; and I am glad to see that out of 96 cases remaining over for 1887, 12 or upwards of 12 per cent. were detected in 1888, as compared with less than $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in the previous year. There is still room for improvement in this respect. Although crime, more especially thefts, have greatly increased in number, yet the fact that the total amount of property stolen both in pending and disposed of cases only exceeds that of last year by about Rs. 500, the figures being Rs. 10,627 and Rs. 10,112 for 1888 and 1887 respectively, shows that the greater number of thefts committed have not been of a serious nature. This is what might be expected to be the case in a year of scarcity, when people have almost been driven to thieving as a livelihood; and it corroborates the District Superintendent's conclusion that the increase in crime

is due to the hard time experienced by the population of the Panch Mahâls. Taking cases that have been disposed of, property worth Rs. 3,112 has been recovered out of Rs. 4,054 stolen. This result would be above all praise, were it not probable that the inclusion of pending cases would materially alter the percentages.

8. With reference to supervision over bad characters, Mr. Lester states during the year the Chief Constables did not take proceedings against any persons under Chapter VIII of the Criminal Procedure Code with a view to their giving security for keeping the peace or for good behaviour. Mr. Lester attributes this to their ignorance of the law rather than to the absence of any necessity for action on their part, and he has called their attention to the provisions of the code. That such a state of things as is reported by the District Superintendent of Police is possible would have hardly been thought credible. But I am afraid the Panch Mahâls is not the only district where a like ignorance prevails and the neglect of this useful chapter in the code is distinctly a weak point in Police action throughout the Presidency. The District Superintendent of Police states that as a rule the names of persons convicted of all serious offences are entered in a register, and their movements constantly watched by the Police. I deprecate the names of all convicted persons being entered indiscriminately; and a system like that instituted by Mr. Spence in Kaira is necessary for the whole Presidency. I have brought the whole subject to the notice of Government on the occasion of the drafting of the new Police Bill and at other times. Mr. Lester considers that the Police maintain a good hold over these people; and states that in spite of the inability of the Police under the law to compel their attendance, the suspects invariably attend when called upon to do so.

9. The working of the Arms Act calls for no remark.

10. The efficiency and conduct of the force are said to compare not unfavourably with other years. The number however of officers and men punished is 10 and 150 for 1888, 17 of the latter being dismissals as against 14 and 102 respectively for 1887. This is a heavy increase, and the most favourable criticism that can be passed on it is that the figures though high are still below the averages of the years prior to 1887 which stood at 15 and 162 respectively. However I am glad to see that the District Magistrate states that "on the whole under Mr. Lester's careful supervision the Police seem to have worked well during the year." Of the 17 men dismissed several suffered for frauds committed in their public capacity. The percentage of punishments is more in this district than in any in the Presidency except Shikârpur and Upper Sind Frontier.

11. The percentage of men who can read and write is only 18, three of the Sind districts alone stand at a lower figure. There is no appreciable improvement over last year, although Mr. Lester has made strenuous efforts to remedy this unsatisfactory state of things. There are two Bhil corps schools, But the Chief Constables cannot be induced to take any interest in improving their men in education or knowledge of their Police duties. The percentage of sick in hospital though better than last year, when it was 96, is still very high, being 91. These figures are due in some degree to the presence in the force of many old and decrepit men who are frequently admitted to hospital but who nevertheless cannot be invalided under the rules.

12. The Superintendent has taken great pains with drill and ball-practice. Various circumstances have prevented Mr. Lester personally investigating any serious crime; but Captain Marriott, before he went on furlough, did some work of this nature. Out of the 33 outposts, 11 were left unvisited. This is accounted for by the absence of an assistant for nearly all the year. The arms and accoutrements have been duly inspected.

13. Mr. Lester has written a clear and concise report. He has not been as active in moving about the district as is desirable, but illness is to a great extent to account for this. Otherwise the record of his work is satisfactory. He seems to be careful and just in his treatment of the men.

BROACH.

As the District Magistrate, Mr. Mackenzie, observes, the report gives a melancholy recital of the want of success of the Police in dealing with serious crime, and generally shows a very unsatisfactory state of affairs in the district. Mr. Duggan is to be complimented on his candour in not attempting to disguise this fact. In every class of real cognizable cases, except class IV, in which the numbers are the same as in the previous year, there is an increase and in many a large increase, while the percentage of convictions shows a considerable falling off. As elsewhere the new forms of statistics render exact comparison difficult, but Mr. Duggan has compiled tables which enable approximate results to be attained. There is roughly an increase of 229 real cognizable cases during the year, the figure being for 1887, 439 and for 1888, 668. There is thus an alarming increase of more than 52 per cent. In class I there is an increase of 5, in II of 22, in III of 67 and in V of 135. As elsewhere in Gujarát the increase is ascribed to the poor harvest consequent on a scanty rainfall in 1887, and Mr. Duggan fears that as the rainfall in 1888 was even less, a still greater increase must be looked for in the figures for 1889.

2. The Broach percentages are extremely bad; the total for convictions to real cognizable cases disposed of under the Indian Penal Code being 43 as compared with 51 for the Presidency and 52 for the Northern Division, and for persons convicted to persons arrested being 44 as compared with 53 for the Presidency and 52 for the Northern Division. The percentages in classes II and III are particularly bad, those in classes IV and V less so. The percentage of convictions to real cognizable cases for the year shows a falling off of nearly 4 per cent. for last year. The percentage of convictions to cases sent up for trial has fallen from 78 to 67 or 11 per cent., thus showing the marked want of success attained by the Police in obtaining convictions in cases placed before the Courts. In 1887, 569 persons in all were arrested. The number has nearly doubled, being 1,060. Of this large number 419 only were convicted, and the percentage has fallen from 46 to 40. From this I conclude that the great increase of crime has led the Broach Police to make more or less indiscriminate arrests; but I give some further explanation later on. The only redeeming feature in connection with these figures is that while in 1887, 40 prisoners had to be released without being brought to trial, the number has this year fallen to 24.

3. One good feature in the figures under review has not been noticed by the Superintendent. While at the beginning of the year there were 115 cases pending, there remained only 67 undisposed of at its close.

4. There is not much difference in the amount of property stolen during the present and past years, and one of the few satisfactory points in the year's report is that the percentage of property recovered to property stolen has risen from 53 to nearly 60 per cent., being slightly better than the Presidency as a whole; but not so good as the Northern Division. The percentage, however, of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen is only 75 as compared with 93 for the Northern Division and 78 for the Presidency.

5. Theft cannot be carried on systematically without the assistance of professional receivers of stolen property. There are believed to be several individuals in the city of Broach who habitually carry on this nefarious calling. Their houses have been searched on suspicion in various cases, and they are constantly watched by the Police. They have however always succeeded in disposing of the property in time to avoid detection. In the district, however, the Police have done very well in getting evidence against these people. There were 26 cases committed for trial during the year and in 21 of them conviction was obtained. With regard to the increased number of cattle-theft cases Mr. Duggan writes:—

"In regard to the increase under cattle-thefts, which amounts to 39 offences, I may explain that cattle stolen while grazing were apparently hitherto treated as cases of criminal misappropriation of property, but as the animals were constructively in the possession of their owners, I thought they should rightly be treated as thefts and accordingly issued circular instructions on the subject to all Chief Constables, and it is to these orders that I tribute this increase.

"There can, however, be no doubt that this comparatively large increase, notwithstanding an unfavourable season, is far from satisfactory, and to some extent reflects on the working of the Police; but when it is remembered that the existing strength of that body is not sufficient to cope with the amount of crime committed, the outposts being too few and the men stationed at them being quite inadequate for the proper patrolling of all the villages comprised within each charge, facts which appear to have been recognized by Colonel Wise in his redistribution scheme, I trust the Police will not be held entirely to blame for the bad results of the year."

6. As regards the falling off in the percentage of convictions to cases decided, Mr. Duggan states and the District Magistrate fully endorses his statement that the Police have exceptional difficulties in their way. Nowhere else in the Presidency are the people so implacably hostile to each other on the least provocation even to the infliction of injury to themselves in furtherance of the accusations, and so fertile in lying in self-vindication or in support of their charges; and the difficulty that is felt alike by the Police and the tribunals to discriminate between what is true and what is false is incalculable.

7. In illustration of the above the Superintendent of Police writes :—

"I may mention that not long ago two Wágris appeared before me with their arms and backs excoriated, and charged the Police with having tortured them, and one of them added that he had been compelled to carry a red hot hatchet head in the palm of his hand and walk with it some paces. Their appearance at first supported their allegation, but a separate and minute examination of each showed that the whole story had been fabricated, and on being sent up to the Civil Surgeon that officer declared that the marks on the body were caused by some irritating substance, and that there was no trace of the man having carried a red hot iron in his hand. The District Magistrate, eventually at my request, referred the matter to the 1st Class Magistrate of the táluka who, after a minute enquiry, reported that the complaint was totally false, and since then the Wágris fearing prosecution and punishment have disappeared from the village."

8. The excessive number of arrests is due in some degree to the false information and false accusations which were before the Police in profusion.

9. The usual nominal control over bad characters is exercised by the Police patels, but it is easily evaded and is more or less of a sham. The list of bad characters is, however, I am glad to see personally revised by the District Magistrate. Only the names of persons convicted of serious offences are entered by that officer and none are placed in or removed from the register without the sanction of the same authority.

10. Three persons only were required to furnish security for good behaviour under the Criminal Procedure Code. Mr. Duggan has directed the attention of the Police to the vast importance of more extensively utilizing this valuable provision of the legislature for the prevention of offences. It should be of special service in this district where village feuds are so frequently the origin of serious crime.

11. The large fairs at Tavra and Sukaltirth, at which 25,000 and 90,000 persons attended respectively, were personally supervised by Mr. Warden and Mr. Duggan; and the Police discharged their arduous duties in keeping order on these occasions with success. The punitive post at Uber has to be continued for another six months. Since the submission of this report I have received an application from the district officers for the establishment of a punitive post at Karmad owing to the evil behaviour of its inhabitants; so Broach bids fair to maintain its reputation for lawlessness and turbulence.

12. The conduct and efficiency of the Police, due consideration being made for the number of adverse circumstances under which they have worked, including the paucity of their numbers which imposes double duty on many of them, may be considered fairly satisfactory. In the scale of punishments for the Presidency, Broach occupies a central place; but the total number of officers and men punished is greater than last year, the figures having risen from 29 to 34.

13. In education too Broach stands half way up the scale. There is an appreciable improvement in the number of men who can read and write. Mr. Duggan and the District Magistrate complain both of the want of physique and absence of detective ability of the men in the Broach Police. Mr. Mackenzie writes :—

"The low pay and the wretched prospects of the men enlisted seem to the District Magistrate causes of the poor physique and want of ability of the force. There is nothing to tempt men of power or ability to enter the force. Such men get better pay elsewhere. ** The paucity in number has been previously brought to notice by the District Magistrate."

14. Mr. Warden's health and other circumstances prevented him from doing much in the way of visiting scenes of serious crime; but in the 10 cases which occurred in Mr. Duggan's time 7 were personally investigated. Out of 14 outposts Mr. Warden and Mr. Duggan have only considered themselves able to inspect 8, or 7 and 1 respectively. I consider this very unsatisfactory.

15. The Police have been supplied with new carbines during the year. The accoutrements are old, and new ones are shortly to be supplied.

SURAT.

Mr. Gibbs has submitted a very diffuse report which extends to 64 foolscap pages. The information that it contains is not, however, commensurate with its size. Hardly any explanation is given as to the reasons for increase or decrease of crime; and no attempt has been made to use the figures in Supplementary Statement I for the purposes of comparison, those in Statement A, Part I, being used throughout. There is thus some difficulty in reviewing with exactitude the year's work on the principles laid down in Government Resolution No. 6272 of 19th November 1888. Practically, however, a fair comparison can be effected. According to Mr. Gibbs' figures the number of offences reported during 1888 was 1,234 as compared with 1,637 in 1887, thus showing a decrease of 403. Taking these figures as correct, the result would appear at first sight very satisfactory; but upon closer examination it does not altogether sustain this character. Out of the total decrease of 403 no less than 366 cases come under class VI, leaving only 37 to the credit of the five more important classes. Accepting Mr. Gibbs' figures I find that under class II the number of cases reported has gone up from 73 to 84; but taking, what seems to afford a more correct comparison, the figures in Supplementary Statement I, they have gone up from 73 to 97. The chief increase under this head is in cases of hurt by a dangerous weapon, which have increased from 11 to 31. No remarks are given to account for the spread of lawlessness which this appears to denote. Under class IV is shown a satisfactory decrease from 22 to 12, and the figures appear to be correct. Class V shows a decrease from 565 to 530, but a reference to Supplementary Statement I leads me to think that the decrease has extended to 550 only, or little below last year. It may be accepted that there has been during the year a small decrease in this important class of crime. This is very remarkable, as in the four northern divisions of Gujarát it has increased enormously on account of the bad harvest. It would be interesting to know how far these figures represent the state of crime in the tálukás as opposed to the city. Mr. Gibbs makes no remarks on the statistics at the place where they occur; but at the end of the report he states as a general proposition that although táluka returns may be poor, the high percentages gained by a carefully policed city like Surat are sure to save the returns for the district as a whole. The probability is that in the tálukás crime has increased, but not to a very great extent.

2. As regards the success of the Police in dealing with these cases the District Superintendent of Police gives some very elaborate calculations, the general result of which seems to be that there is a falling off of about 3 per cent. as regards cases. The comparison with last year is not easy to make. But when the results attained at Surat are contrasted with those of the Northern Division and the Presidency in general, they are seen to be very bad indeed. Taking the Indian Penal Code cases as a whole, while the percentage of convictions to true cases disposed of is for the Presidency 51 and for the Northern Division 52, the percentage for Surat is only 44. The figures are particularly bad under theft, only 46 per cent. having resulted in conviction at Surat as against 55 and 57 for the Presidency and Northern Division. In cases of stolen property Surat has, however, the credit of showing better results than in either. In the tests applied for persons Surat stands on the same level as the Presidency and Northern Division.

3. The cases of murder and culpable homicide are so few in number that the percentage tests will not apply. Taking into consideration the circumstances of each particular case, the Police have worked well with regard to them.

4. There were 6 cases of dacoity during the year (including 1 pending from 1887) as compared with 1 in 1887. In 2 only have convictions been obtained. In 1 the accused was acquitted, 3 are described as pending and 1 undetected. This result is not satisfactory. Most of the cases were, however, petty ones on the borders of Gáikwári territory in the Mándvi Táluka. Some Bhils and Chodhras being hard pressed for food banded together and looted a few grain stores.

5. A tolerable measure of success has been attained in the investigation of undetected cases of previous years.

6. Taking Mr. Gibbs' figures there has been a very marked diminution in the amount of property stolen. In 1887 the loss was nearly Rs. 25,000, while in 1888 it was less than Rs. 20,000. The percentage of recoveries to losses has, however, fallen by more than 3 per cent. The result of this year's work was marred by one large case at Amalsad, in which property worth Rs. 2,147 was stolen and only Rs. 161 recovered. Taking the percentages given under Supplementary Statement I, Surat is below the average of the districts of the Northern Division, but is much above that of the Presidency as a whole.

7. Concerning the supervision of bad characters Mr. Gibbs writes as follows:—

"I have had all the lists of suspects revised. A great many names have been removed from the list, and in several cases men's names have been kept on the lists, but they have been excused attending muster: these men have been fully warned that they must mind what they do or they will have to recommence their attendance at muster."

8. In his remarks on the working of the Arms Act, Mr. Gibbs states that it is difficult to ascertain with any degree of accuracy the number of weapons actually in use in the district, as many men apply for licenses who have no guns, and when they want to shoot they borrow other people's weapons. Mr. Gibbs is averse to granting licenses to usurers, as although the licenses are made out in their own names they hand their guns over to their "Bhaiyah" servants, and by minaces force people to pay debts or sign agreements which they would not otherwise sign. In order to know exactly how many and what kind of weapons are in the district, Mr. Gibbs suggests that all weapons for which licenses are issued should be stamped with the name of the district and táluka to which the owner belongs. The system is in force in Kánara, and I believe works without difficulty.

9. The Superintendent states that the tone of the Surat Police is decidedly good. There are of course men of doubtful character among them, but they are kept fairly well in order. It would improve the Police, Mr. Gibbs thinks, if recruits were regarded as probationers for three years. As matters stand, if a man turns out indolent and useless, it is extremely hard to get rid of him as long as he has a clean defaulter's sheet. Thus the force contains a certain number of men who ought not to be in it, and who impair its efficiency. The number of punishments that had to be inflicted on the members of the force has decreased from 130 last year to 105 this year. I regret to see, however, that the number of officers punished has risen from 9 to 12. Still this is below the last three years' average. Nine men were rewarded in various ways for good work done. Inspector Nánábhái Kowasji has maintained the high reputation which he has gained by his work, and other officers are well spoken of.

10. In education Surat takes a high place, only two districts, Ahmedabad and Ahmednagar, having a higher percentage of educated men. There is an increase in the present year of 4 officers and 9 men who can read and write an ordinary report.

11. The drill of the Surat Police is not very good. The drill masters being inferior, it is not a matter of surprise that the rank and file do not excel. Ball-practice has, however, distinctly improved.

12. New buildings for housing the Police are urgently needed in many parts of the district, especially in the notoriously unhealthy táluka of Mándvi. As in other large cities hardly any accommodation exists for the men of the Surat City Police who have to provide themselves with quarters as best they can. It would of course be greatly conducive to improved discipline and efficiency to have them housed in suitable barracks where they could always be found on an emergency

13. Personal investigation of serious crime was duly attended to by the Superintendent. All the 9 Police stations and 47 out of the 49 outposts were visited and inspected.

14. The District Magistrate, Mr. Crawley-Boevey, being new to the district, adds no information to the report.

15. Though Mr. Gibbs' report is in some respects wanting, his supervision has been vigilant and effective.

THA'NA.

The only fault that I have to find with Mr. Dhanjisha Dádábhoy's report is its extreme length. But it is excellently arranged; and long as it is, the interest is sustained throughout. It would nevertheless be advantageous to curtail these reports in future.

2. The first point that calls for notice in the figures submitted with the report is that, taking Indian Penal Code cases alone there were 174 pending at the beginning of 1888 and no less than 328 pending at the end of the year out of 1,932 cases for disposal. Promptness in dealing with cases, though not the only factor required for Police efficiency, is yet a most important one, and the number of unfinished cases is unsatisfactory. However, with regard to the excessive number of cases pending at the close of the year, the Superintendent explains that in the majority of them the final reports have been sent to the Magistrates, but in most of them the Magistrates' final orders had not been received. Unless the Police deferred submitting final reports till very late in the year and then sent in a great number at once, the Magistrates must be held responsible for this unfortunate delay which detracts from the value of the year's work.

Mr. Dhanjisha has done all that he can to make an exact comparison possible between the figures for 1888 which are compiled under the new system and those for 1887 which are compiled under the old. His calculations are, however, so elaborate and complicated that I find it difficult to follow them in their entirety although I have had some correspondence with his office on the subject. Still, though they will not tally in all respects, yet I think for practical purposes they furnish ground for a just comparison; and Mr. Dhanjisha has certainly not made the result appear more favourable than it deserves to be.

3. A curious feature in the report is the extraordinary increase of 437 offences under the A'bkári and other Acts, the total number being 1,425, involving accusations against 1,767 persons. In these cases great success has been attained, the percentage of conviction to true cases being 91, and of conviction to arrests 88. The credit for this is not due entirely or even in great part to the Police, most of the cases having been detected by A'bkári and other officers *suo motu*. The Chief Constables did not pay so much attention as they should have done to this important subject; but the Superintendent prevailed on them to take great pains in the collection of evidence and general preparation of the cases when they had been taken up by the special officers. The great increase in the number of these cases is probably due not only to a real increase in crime but to greater vigilance on the part of the authorities in detecting it. As regards these cases the Superintendent writes:—

"A constant source of anxiety to me is the wholesale illicit distillation of country liquor to which an impetus has been given by the liquor farmers not being bound this year, as was usually done before, to take out a fixed number of gallons per year; and by unlimited liberty being given to them of setting their own price on the sale of their liquor, thus placing it beyond the legitimate reach of the poorer classes of the people who are its chief consumers. Though a distinct class of officers (Abkári) are employed to guard against illicit distillation, I have considered it my duty to suppress such distillation and its sale as much as possible and my men have succeeded in many cases to detect such offences independently of the Abkári officers; but I am not sanguine of eradicating the evil that exists until the traffic in mowra flowers is put under lawful restrictions. I take this view of the case from a conglomeration of circumstances so peculiar to this district, *viz*:—

1. Its dense jungle and hills.
2. The facility of its getting fuel supply.
3. The abundant supply of mowra in almost all villages.
4. The poverty of its people.
5. The dearness of liquor."

4. Taking Mr. Dhanjisha's figures, after subtracting from the total number of real cognizable cases for 1888 the numbers that fall under the Ábkári and other laws that have been dealt with above, the residue of cases under the Indian Penal Code numbers 1,007, which is less by 112 than the corresponding figures for 1887. A comparison between Statement A, Part I, for the two years bears out this general result, and the decrease is spread over each of the five classes.

5. In dealing with these cases the Thána Police have shown themselves distinctly efficient. The percentage of convictions to true cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code is 69 as compared with 51 for the Presidency and 52 for the Northern Division. In murders Thána is very bad, but these cases are generally too few to admit of the valuation by percentages being quite fair. Under class I the percentage is not good and under class IV it is only 25 as against 35 for the Presidency and 21 for the Northern Division, but under the other heads this deficiency is more than counterbalanced. Proceeding to persons, the Police have not attained a proportionate success, the percentage of convictions to arrests being 50 as compared with 53 and 52 for the Presidency and Northern Division respectively.

6. Murders have decreased from 11 to 10 only, 2 of them remaining undetected, but attempts and culpable homicides have gone up from 6 to 18. Two are pending from the previous year, thus making 20 to be disposed of. In 12 of these cases convictions were obtained, 4 were declared false and 1 remained pending. The Police have thus worked well in connection with these serious crimes.

7. The number of dacoities reported has gone down from 11 to 9. With 2 of last year there were 11 cases to be disposed of. In 4 convictions were obtained, 3 were found to be false and 4 are pending. Robberies reported show a very substantial decrease from 63 to 38. Including 6 cases pending from last year no less than 22 of the complaints under this head were found to be false. The diminution in the number of the cases of robbery and dacoity is due to the dispersing of Ráma Murya's gang and the prompt apprehension and conviction of a new gang which had done much mischief in the Násik and Thána districts.

8. As regards this enormous percentage of false accusations the Superintendent makes the following remarks :—

"It is a common practice in this district to exaggerate the enormity of an offence with a view to get the accused person arrested and put in custody and to disgrace him; and as the Police have no power of arrest in cases of common assault and hurt, the complainants generally falsely report that during the row the accused took away forcibly such and such a thing from his person or from his pocket in order to bring him under the jurisdiction of the Police for an arrest. The charges generally fall to the ground at the trial of the accused persons when pleaders are engaged on both sides, but the Police are bound to commit the accused on a *primâ facie* case being made out against the accused, and hence the acquittals of such cases are shown against the Police although no offences of the kind have taken place."

9. The number of theft cases declared false is 200 in excess of last year's figure. After deducting these, the number of real thefts has decreased; and the Police have shown greater powers of detection in regard to them. The number of real offences is undoubtedly still large. This is due in great measure to the peculiar circumstances of the district. The population is sparsely diffused over a large area of hills and forests and housed in miserable huts made of straw, which are defenceless against any intruder; while the wild hills and thick jungle afford a safe asylum to thieves from other districts and a place for concealment of their booty. The number of Sonárs resident in the district is out of all proportion to the needs of the people for their services in honest dealings, and they clearly must live by converting stolen jewellery into shapeless lumps of metal.

10. The Superintendent states that the extensive works in progress at Tánsa have brought together in the neighbourhood of that place a large number of professional house-breakers from various parts of the country, who, though

watched as far as possible, have committed various thefts and burglaries; but the conviction of some of these people has lately put an end to this kind of depredation. At Tánsa itself, however, there has been hardly any crime and the workmen are orderly.

11. In the percentages with regard to stolen property given in Supplementary Statement I, Thána has a percentage of 63 in the amount recovered to the amount stolen, as compared with 57 for the Presidency and 74 for the Northern Division, and in the number of cases 93 to 79 for the Presidency and 93 for the Northern Division. Besides the amount accounted for, the Police recovered property worth Rs. 1,886 in 13 cases committed in other districts and this amount is credited in the returns of those districts.

12. The Superintendent states with regard to the supervision over bad characters that the Chief Constables are directed to watch the movements of habitual offenders, and especially when they frequent towns and dharmsháles call upon them to furnish security for good behaviour. In how many cases this has been done there is no information, and no details as to the classification or registration of bad characters have been given. In Thána the Village Police do not afford that assistance in watching suspected persons which they do in the Gujarát districts of the Northern Division. The pátils do not even know the names of the offenders, no muster is taken in the villages, and all persons can come and go as they like without restriction.

13. The conduct of the Police on the whole during the year is stated to have been good. But it is hard to see how this can be substantiated when the figures relating to punishments are examined. Dismissals certainly have gone down from 18 to 7, but other punishments have increased in number from 32 to 78; in 9 cases the offenders being punished judicially as compared with 2 last year. The number of men punished is, however, not so high as in 1884, when it reached 90. The majority of these punishments, Mr. Dhanjisha writes, was awarded to men in the Ákári Department. The Superintendent was obliged to be severe with them because they seem to regard their duties in the ábkári as of slight importance compared with regular Police work, and show indifference and inattention in discharging them. The large number of 66 good conduct tickets that were issued to members of the force points to much good work done. The Chief Constables as a class are said to be inefficient, though a few are mentioned who have shown themselves prompt, hard-working and zealous officers.

14. As regards education the improvement, if the figures can really be relied on, is wonderful. The number of officers and men who can read and write has increased from 55 and 40 to 83 and 151 respectively, and Thána has gone up from the 22nd to the 15th place on the comparative list of districts. The improvement is not so much due to men already in the ranks learning to read and write. It is attributed to a careful selection of recruits.

15. Drill and ball-practice have been carefully attended to and the force can boast of 43 marksmen as compared with 27 last year. There would have been more if the number of men permitted to compete in each táluka had not been limited to 5.

16. Out of 38 cases of serious crime reported, the Superintendent personally investigated 19. All the Police stations and outposts were inspected. The arms are past their time and will be replaced. The accoutrements have been newly supplied.

17. The District Magistrate has supplemented the report by an interesting memorandum.

18. Mr. Dhanjisha has shown himself an energetic and painstaking Superintendent, but he still requires experience.

CENTRAL DIVISION.

AHMEDNAGAR.

Mr. Bulkley has written a very clear report. The only fault, which I have to find with it, is that though he has treated each class of offences separately he has not discussed Indian Penal Code cases as a whole together, but has included class VI in his general calculations.

2. The results under almost every detail of the report are most satisfactory; and they point to the high state of efficiency to which a body of Police by no means superior in ability to those of other districts can be raised by the careful and intelligent supervision of an experienced Police officer who goes personally into the most minute details of his work. Such an officer the district had in Mr. Vincent and it is to be hoped that his successor will maintain the high standard to which he raised the Ahmednagar Police.

3. There has been hardly any fluctuation in crime in the last two years, the total number of true Indian Penal Code cases reported in 1887 to Police and Magistrates was 391 and in the year under report it was 384. Cases in class I rose from 7 to 15; under class II they decreased from 40 to 30; there was a decrease of 5 and 11 under classes III and IV and an increase of 12 under class V. Cases under other Acts rose from 640 to 745. At the commencement of the year there were 187 Indian Penal Code cases pending. This number at the end of the year was reduced to 162. Ahmednagar and Násik show an excellent example to the other districts of the Central Division in this matter. Of the large number of 1,002 excluded cases 40 were maliciously false, 893 mistaken complaints, 50 non-cognizable, 4 refused under Section 157*b*, Criminal Procedure Code, and 97 were compounded. During the present year 8 prosecutions for making false complaints were instituted, of which 2 resulted in acquittal and 6 in convictions. Taking Police and Magisterial cases under all classes together, the percentage of convictions to arrests has risen from 86 to 87 and that of persons from 60 to 69.

4. The number of murders was 11, the same as in 1887. Ten of these were decided by trial and 7 ended in a conviction. This is about the best record in the Presidency. The District Superintendent of Police and District Magistrate say that it is difficult to understand how the accused were acquitted in the other cases. In 3 of the 10 cases, small boys were murdered for the sake of their ornaments.

5. Four cases of dacoity were disposed of during the year and 2 remained pending. With the exception of one, which occurred in February and was originally reported as highway robbery, and another, which occurred in November, all the cases occurred during the month of September, at which time a great fear of famine was prevalent. Three of them, at least in Mr. Vincent's opinion, were simply attempts at grain robberies. Bhils were the offenders in all the cases, except one in which Rohillas were concerned. Of the 4 cases disposed of during the year 2 ended in convictions, in 1 nine accused were all discharged by the Sessions Court, although they had been clearly identified out of a much larger number.

6. Out of 6 real cases of robbery disposed of during the year, 4 ended in conviction.

7. True cases of theft have increased from 125 to 150 and the percentage of conviction to cases has fallen from 80 to 72; but the percentage is still high and points to the efficiency of the Police in dealing with these cases.

8. There is a substantial decrease in property stolen from Rs. 46,828 to Rs. 36,528. The percentage of recoveries has risen from 31 to 38. This is satisfactory, but there is still room for improvement.

9. The results attained in Ahmednagar, as gauged by the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement I, compare very favourably with the average of the Central Division and Presidency. In point of fact the comparison is considerably more in favour of Ahmednagar than is indicated by the figures, for in Khándesh, Sholápur and other districts the results shown are altogether out

of proportion to those really attained, because the majority of the cases which would not result in conviction are entered as pending and excluded from the calculation.

10. The percentage of conviction to real cognizable Indian Penal Code cases disposed of is for Ahmednagar 65, the Central Division '55 and the Presidency 51 ; of conviction to cases brought to trial for Ahmednagar 91, the Central Division 66 and the Presidency 72. Similarly the percentage under persons of convictions to arrests is for Ahmednagar 63 and for the Central Division and Presidency 52 and 53 respectively. Under the property percentage Ahmednagar is far ahead of the average for the Central Division and Presidency, and that although in Ahmednagar the amount of property stolen in pending cases is insignificant as compared with other districts.

11. Supervision over bad characters is said to be carefully attended to, and, under Mr. Vincent's *regimé*, to have been put on a sound basis. Details are not given. In 14 cases proceedings were taken to exact security for good behaviour as against 1 in 1887, and every case was proved. This is perhaps not very much ; but if in every district the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code were utilized to even this extent, it would have a great effect in the prevention of crime.

12. The District Superintendent of Police says that the conduct of the force has been good, the men having worked energetically and cheerfully and the District Magistrate fully endorses the opinion of the District Superintendent of Police. Six men were dismissed and 46 otherwise punished, as compared with an average of 6 and 61 for the last three years. Only four districts have a lower percentage.

13. In education Ahmednagar stands second to Ahmedabad only. The average status for the whole force for the last three years is 373, and it has now improved to 400.

14. Drill and ball-practice have been carried on vigorously.

15. Out of 26 of the serious crimes that occurred in Mr. Vincent's time, 10 were personally investigated, and in many more he was on the way to the scene of crime, when he was met by the prisoners and witnesses, the investigation being complete. Mr. Bulkley investigated the 2 cases which occurred in his time.

16. All the 13 Police stations and 22 out of the 33 outposts were inspected by the District Superintendent of Police.

17. The arms, ammunition and accoutrements have been duly inspected. The arms are in serviceable order as far as such weapons can be. The accoutrements need renewing.

18. The Police were employed in the serving of 12,681 summonses and in the execution of 333 warrants for arrest, and of 227 warrants for the recovery of fines. Fines to the amount of Rs. 1,986 were collected by them during the year.

19. The year was a very unseasonable one and fears were entertained at one time of famine and general distress. This circumstance makes the results attained by the Police all the more creditable to them.

KHÁNDESH.

Mr. Loch is one of the few District Magistrates who have appended remarks of any value to the District Superintendent of Police's report. Mr. Loch's letter is too long for me to include in full in this review of the Khándesh Police work for 1888 ; but it contains so many important subjects for reflection that I find it incumbent on me to forward it in manuscript to Government with my report.

2. The working of the Khándesh Police for the year under review can only be described as disastrous. I cannot find a single point about it that deserves the slightest encomium. In the first place the number of pending cases

vitiates all the results embodied in the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement No. I.

3. At the beginning of the year there were 936 Indian Penal Code cases pending. At the close of the year there were 1,912. Out of a total of 2,765 real cognizable cases for disposal only 853 were disposed of altogether, of which 821 were brought to trial, leaving 1,912 undisposed of. This makes all percentages based on cases disposed of absolutely valueless, and I shall not further allude to them. Out of a total number of 1,802 thefts for disposal 901 or exactly half are shown as pending. Under Class III, 483 true cases were reported during the year, but the number pending, including those from last year, is 663, or very much more than were reported during the year. As regards persons in the few cases that have been brought to trial the Khándesh Police have not done so badly, the percentages being only a little inferior to the average of the Central Division and Presidency; but of course, if the Police only send up for trial a few cases which some fortunate chance brings to light, the success in them is no criterion of their efficiency. So again in property the percentages given are not bad, but they are based on property worth Rs. 56,823 stolen in cases disposed of, while of the Rs. 1,01,791 stolen in pending cases no account is taken.

4. The following figures, though they are not altogether in accordance with the new system, will yet serve as a basis of comparison between 1888 and 1887 as regards the state of criminality of the district. There has been an increase of 13 per cent. in the number of cognizable offences. Dacoities have risen from 8 to 40; house-breaking from 374 to 467; simple thefts from 1,022 to 1,225. Out of the 40 dacoities there have been 5 convictions; out of 467 house-breaking cases, 47; out of the 1,225 thefts, 294, and out of the 39 cases of robbery there have been 3.

5. Taking the amount of property recovered under the various heads, I observe that in the dacoities it amounts to 8 per cent., in robberies to less than 5, and in thefts to only 26. The District Magistrate states that house-breaking cases have risen from 88 in 1882 and 287 in 1885 to 467 in 1888.

6. It is only to a limited extent that the increase of crime can, as Captain Macpherson thinks, be ascribed to scanty rainfall and poor crops. The District Magistrate points out that in the west where the Bhils live the mass of the population has been undisturbed. He writes:—

"The dacoities have been committed in Central and Eastern Khándesh, more in Chopda than in any other táluka. Wánolia and his gang were responsible for a considerable number; they are professional dacoits: their success gave them great renown among the Bhils, who willingly assisted them in their enterprises, and there is no room for doubt that they were also helped by several pátils and other influential villagers. There seems to have been another gang working in the centre of the district; another in the Páchora Táluka, while two dacoities were committed by men from the Nizám's territory. Latterly another organized gang has been active in the Sávda Táluka, and the men give themselves out as belonging to the party of 'Tantya Mama,' the well-known Central Indian dacoit; they are said to wear some sort of Kháki uniform, to be well armed, and to work together as if regularly organized. At the same time notices have been received, purporting to come from Tantya Mama, threatening attack if money is not paid by a village. I have reason to believe that a clue has been obtained as to who these men are, but as yet sufficient evidence for arrests is not available. I agree with Captain Macpherson in thinking that the persons engaged in the house-breakings are professionals of a higher order of intelligence than the Police. The tálukás near the Railway are those in which these offences are most common, and there can be no doubt that the Railway affords an easy means of escape to the burglars with the stolen property."

7. The real reason, the District Magistrate thinks, for the increase in serious offences against property is the impunity with which they are carried out, and in the case of dacoities to the assistance received from pátils and other village officers. Another reason for the success of the dacoits is the abject cowardice of the villagers, who seldom think of anything but flight.

8. The miserable inefficiency of the Police is seen through each detail in each class of crime: and nothing would be gained by going into more minute calculations.

9. The Superintendent has evidently failed to understand the orders of Government as to the prompt submission of final reports, or there would not have been so many cases pending.

10. Registers of habitual offenders are kept at every village, and the Police pátíls are supposed to take the "hazari" morning and evening. But Captain Macpherson doubts if this is properly carried out everywhere. If it were, he says, there would be considerably less crime in Khándesh than at present. It is unlikely that in an enormous district like Khándesh the District Superintendent of Police has ever attempted to go into the matter himself.

11. The number of licenses for arms issued in 1888 calls for notice. In 1887 there were 590 and in the year under report 825. The District Magistrate does not, however, think that the number is excessive.

12. As regards the efficiency of the Chief Constables, Captain Macpherson has been for so short a time in Khándesh that he does not feel justified, in this report, in giving any opinion. In other correspondence he has however given them a bad character. The District Magistrate is not impressed with their efficiency as a body, few of them have any detective ability, and some of them are distinctly stupid. Concerning the lower ranks Captain Macpherson thinks that they are below the average, and the District Magistrate considers their composition still more unsatisfactory than that of the higher ranks. Unless higher pay can be given, we must, he says, be content with the dregs of the population. I called attention last year to the heavy and increasing percentage of officers and men who had to be punished. I am glad to see that less officers appear among the defaulters this year, but the number of men punished has again increased. During the year under report only 15 men were dismissed the service against 1 officer and 20 men in the previous year; but 1 officer and 21 men were punished judicially against 1 officer and 5 men in 1887, and 38 officers and 139 men were punished departmentally by fine, suspension and degradation against 66 officers and 104 men in the preceding year.

13. As regards education 146 officers and 324 men are reported to be able to read and write against 151 officers and 307 men respectively in the preceding year.

14. All recruits attend the school at head-quarters and are reported to have made fair progress during the year.

15. Drill has been regularly carried on at head-quarters during the year under the supervision of the Subhedár Major and Head-Quarter Chief Constable, and during the rains, Mr. Davies, Superintendent of Police, personally supervised it. The armed Police drill fairly well, and a portion of the unarmed Police have been partially instructed.

16. The shooting of the men has improved considerably during the year under report, 103 men having qualified as marksmen against 60 in the preceding year.

17. In the tálukás under the direct charge of the District Superintendent of Police there were this year 22 cases of serious crime, 8 of which were visited by the Superintendent. In the Eastern Division there were 46, of which 24 were visited by the Assistant Superintendent, and in the Western Division 22, of which only 7 were personally investigated. There were also 7 offences, while there was no Assistant.

18. The District Superintendent of Police visited and inspected 14 Police stations and 33 outposts out of 23 stations and 88 outposts. The Assistant Superintendent, Eastern Division, inspected 8 stations and 23 outposts out of 10 and 30 in his charge; and the Assistant, Western Division, inspected 7 and 32 out of 8 and 33 respectively.

19. During the year the arms, ammunition and accoutrements were inspected by the Superintendent and his two Assistants, who found them in good condition.

20. The first thing necessary to put the Khándesh Police in a satisfactory condition is to place an experienced Police officer in charge and have him there

for a term of years. Frequent changes of Assistants are also to be deprecated. Where the charge is so enormous and the quality of the force so inferior, efficiency must very largely depend on the personal knowledge and prestige of the Superintendent and his Assistants.

NA'SIK.

Mr. Henderson has written an admirably clear report, all necessary information being given at moderate length. He has filled up most of the columns of Supplementary Statement I for 1887 as well as 1888, so the fluctuations of crime and the working of the Police for the two years can be seen at a glance. Mr. Henderson has thoroughly grasped the meaning of the new rules laid down by Government for the timely submission of final reports, the result being that while at the beginning of the year 60 Police cases under the Indian Penal Code were pending, at the end of the year there were only 11. This being the case, Mr. Henderson is entitled to greater credit for the working of the Police than would appear at first sight from his percentages, for all his cases, good and bad, are taken into account, while in so many districts the disposal of doubtful cases is postponed indefinitely and calculations are based on the results in the cases which promised a successful issue.

2. Taking the Indian Penal Code cases as a whole, the total number of real cognizable cases dealt with by the Police comes to 595. The total last year was 529. This increase of 66 cases comes under every class, the largest rise being 22 cases under class V, and the smallest, under class IV, being only 4 cases. It will be seen, therefore, that the rise, generally speaking, is not serious.

3. An exception to this is under murder cases, which have increased from 5 to 10. In disposing of these cases the usual difficulty of obtaining convictions is at once observed. Out of the 10 cases that were committed in 1888 only 1 remained undetected. Nine were disposed of, 8 being decided by trial, but conviction was obtained in 3 only. The Superintendent observes that it is disappointing that with so many cases brought to light, so few persons should be convicted. Murders, if detected at all, are not, as a rule, more difficult to bring home to the offender than other crimes, and the small percentage of convictions to persons arrested for murder throughout the Presidency, as compared with those arrested for other crimes, points to a reluctance to convict on evidence that would be regarded as sufficient in other cases. Out of 3 cases of attempts at murder and culpable homicide, 1 resulted in a conviction.

4. Four real cognizable cases of dacoity were disposed of during the year, as compared with 3 in 1887. Out of 29 persons arrested, 28 were brought to trial and 18 convicted, giving a percentage of 64.

5. The only other increase in crime that calls for remark is under robbery. There is a rise of 12 cases, the number of cases disposed of having risen from 6 to 18. Of the 18 cases, 16 were decided by trial, 7 ending in conviction. The percentages in cases are considerably better than last year, and nearly 50 per cent. of the persons tried were convicted.

6. In order to compare the figures relating to property with last year's it is simpler to employ those given in Statement A, Part I. The amount stolen in 1888 is 52,851, as compared with 53,049 for 1887. While the value of property stolen has decreased, the Police have succeeded in recovering a considerably higher percentage, the amount of recoveries in 1887 reaching 16,246 and in 1888, 18,867, or an increase of 5 per cent.

7. Taking the comparative statements, which Mr. Henderson has prepared in the form of Supplementary Statement I for 1887 and 1888, I observe that the percentage of convictions to true Indian Penal Code cases disposed of has improved from 48 to 50. The general percentage for the Central Division is 55 and for the Presidency 51. I consider that Násik is really better than either, since in Násik, as I have shown, almost every single case has been disposed of. The percentage of convictions to cases decided is much higher both in 1887 and 1888 than the percentage of conviction to cases disposed of. This

must always be, the result when the number of pending cases is kept to the lowest practicable limits. When nearly all cases, which are not likely to end in a conviction, are entered as pending, and only those in which there is preponderating evidence for a conviction are disposed of at all, the total number of cases disposed of will be almost identical with that of cases decided by trial, and the percentages of convictions to cases disposed of and cases decided by trial will consequently nearly approach each other. The real superiority of the Násik Police is clearly seen by this percentage. Násik, which has slightly improved over last year, is 76 as compared with 66 for the Central Division and 72 for the Presidency. Taking the figures for persons, which must present an almost equally fair comparison for every district, Násik has percentages of 61 and 67 against 52 and 58 for the Central Division and 53 and 60 for the Presidency. The Násik figures are slightly lower under the first test and higher under the second than those for last year.

8. The percentages for stolen property in Supplementary Statement I are fallacious. At first sight Násik appears far behind the average of the Presidency and Central Division, the percentage of property recovered to property stolen being for Násik 32, Central Division 44 and the Presidency 57. But this represents only the property in cases disposed of. The value of property stolen in pending cases is for Násik only Rs. 6,378 as compared with an average of Rs. 47,000 for each district of the Central Division. In the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen, Násik stands at 75 as compared with 74 for the Central Division and 79 for the Presidency.

9. The result of this minute comparison is that the working of the Násik Police is better than that of last year and that it compares very favourably with other districts.

10. Mr. Henderson has written several interesting paragraphs on the subject of supervision over bad characters. All that can be done in the existing state of the law has been carefully attended to in the Násik District, except perhaps as regards the classification of these people to which no reference is made. Mr. Henderson shows clearly the comparative uselessness of having lists of released convicts and suspected persons at villages and Police posts unless the Police can exercise some restraint over their movements. At present there is nothing to prevent any suspected person from leaving his home when he likes. The Police may make inquiries after any particular person at his village, but though his name is on the list, there is often no one who can give any information regarding him and no one who can be legally required to do so. Mr. Henderson writes :—

"The instances of evil arising from the present inability to compel village roll-calls of criminal and suspected persons are, it can well be understood, numerous. Only last year a dacoity was committed in the Surat District by men from this district, and it is notorious that the lawless tribes leave their villages, and banding themselves together pass into other districts for purposes of plunder, often being absent for months at a time. Under a procedure such as that now advocated, their movements would be so far under control that their opportunities for such maraudings would be very much checked. Further, it would influence still more beneficially the ceaseless wanderings in each individual district of persons who make a living by crime, and to whom a large percentage of all cases reported must be attributed."

The Superintendent states that the advantages to be derived from availing themselves of Section 110, Criminal Procedure Code, in having security taken for good behaviour are constantly brought before the Police, but he gives no information as to the number of instances in which this has been done.

11. Regarding the efficiency and conduct of the Police Mr. Henderson writes :—

"Having been so short a time in charge, I am hardly able to say much on this subject. But it appears to me from what I have already seen that the conduct amongst the higher grades has not been altogether satisfactory. Since taking over charge, I have been obliged to take up investigations into several serious cases against the Police. * * There are some good officers, but on the whole the Chief Constables are mediocre. Some of the Head Constables appear corrupt, grave suspicion existing against more than one touching their conduct in connexion with different cases. * * * The efficiency of the force taken as a whole I consider to be good. The lower grades are, most of them, smartly set up and a hard-working set of men."

12. As regards the charges against the senior officers, I regret that I am compelled to agree with the Superintendent. Several cases have come before me in which I have had to deal out heavy punishments. I trust that these examples will have a good effect on the other members of the force. I am glad to be able to support Mr. Henderson's view of the efficiency of the force in general and the smartness of the lower grades. The total number of officers and men punished in 1888 was 15 and 95 respectively as compared with 20 and 86 for 1887 and an average for three years of 15 and 103. Násik is rather low down in the list of districts arranged with reference to immunity from punishments. It occupies a better position under education; but while there is an increase of 4 officers who can read and write, the number of men is at a standstill.

13. The whole of the force, including the armed branch, has been through a course of drill. The men at head-quarters are smart, but as in other districts they soon become slack when sent to Táluka Police stations and outposts. There is a distinct improvement in ball-practice.

14. The District Superintendent of Police personally investigated 8 serious crimes. Two of them were in Colonel Wilson's time. All cases reported, except those detected on the spot and those which occurred simultaneously at places some distance from each other, were visited by Mr. Henderson. Out of 16 Police stations and 60 outposts only 9 of the former and 24 of the latter were visited and inspected. I called attention last year to the necessity for doing more in this direction.

15. The condition of arms, ammunition and accoutrements is reported to be satisfactory.

16. Altogether the working of the Police has been satisfactory, and the district is in good hands. Mr. Henderson goes thoroughly into the details of his work.

POONA.

Colonel Babington's report was due on January 31st, but it did not reach me till March 26th, having been despatched by the Superintendent to the District Magistrate on March 21st. The Poona report was quite the last to reach me, and the delay caused great inconvenience, as little can be done towards compiling the general report till the figures for every district are received. The reasons given for the delay do not apply to Poona more than to any other district.

2. Colonel Babington has written a remarkably clear and concise report. It contains everything that is necessary, and it demonstrates the needlessness of the extravagant length to which many Superintendents extend their account of the year's work. Figures are moreover given which in spite of the change of statistical forms enable me to effect a close comparison between the working of the Police for the last two years.

3. In the Central Division there is a total increase of 1,426 pending cases under the Indian Penal Code over last year, or an average of 238 per district. Unsatisfactory as this is, Poona stands out as exceptionally bad in this way, Khándesh only being worse. Pending cases showing an increase from 435 to 852, or an increase of 417; under thefts alone, while 548 real cognizable cases are shown as disposed of during the year, almost as large a number, *viz.*, 511, were left pending. This, as I have shown in other districts, both vitiates the percentages and points to defects in the working of the Police. To some extent the increase under this head is nominal, being due to the change in statistical forms; but when any particular district stands out as pre-eminently bad, this reason for the increase will apply only to a limited degree. The Superintendent in connection with this subject remarks that "now of course virtually all cases will be disposed of within six months." This affords a solution of the whole question. Under the new orders of Government final reports in all cases, unless for special reasons, are to be submitted in a fornight after the report of their occurrence to the Police. The Magistrate's final order may be expected in a week. This is rather different for the Superintendent's "six months."

4. Taking the real cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code there has been a slight increase from 1,442 to 1,479 in 1888. The percentage of con-

viction to cases reported has gone up from 37 to 40 and there is about the same degree of improvement in the percentage of conviction to cases brought up for trial. As regards persons the percentages are almost identical with last year, that of conviction to arrests being 46 in both years and convictions to persons brought to trial having risen from 51 to 52. There is room for improvement in all these figures. In comparing the results attained in this district with the Central Division and Presidency in general, I find that in conviction to real cognizable cases disposed of Poona shows a percentage of 62 as compared with 55 for the Central Division and 51 for the Presidency, but this result is not to be relied on; for if the majority of the pending cases had been disposed of the percentages for Poona would probably be considerably attenuated. In thefts, as the figures stand, Poona shows a percentage of 68 as compared with 55 for the Presidency and 60 for the Central Division. Considering that 511 remain for disposal, or almost as many as those disposed of, these figures have little value. Taking the figures for persons which do not correspond at all with those for cases and which afford a true basis for comparison as only 26 were pending, the working of Poona is seen to be very bad as compared with other districts. In Poona the percentage of convictions to arrests under the total of Indian Penal Code cases is only 46 as against 53 for the Presidency and 52 for the Central Division; and under theft alone it is 54 as against 62 for the Presidency and 59 for the Central Division. I therefore consider that though there may be a slight improvement over last year's work, the results for 1888 are nevertheless anything but a subject for congratulation.

5. It is satisfactory to notice that the number of true cases of robberies and dacoities has decreased from 76 to 39; but the number of true theft cases has risen from 660 to 810. The amount of property recovered is very small, the percentage being 37, as compared with 57 for the Presidency and 44 for the Central Division. The Poona Police may, however, as regards this test be to some extent considered the victims of misfortune, for in 4 cases alone Rs. 19,900 were said to have been stolen and these cases have eluded detection. The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen is much better, being 70 for Poona, 74 for the Central Division and 78 for the Presidency.

6. Of the 9 real murder cases reported in 1888 conviction was obtained in 3. In 5 others the accused were arrested and committed to the Sessions Court, but there acquitted. Only 1 case has altogether baffled the Police. In one of the cases committed to the Sessions the Superintendent states that the prisoners had confessed and there was strong evidence against them, but just at the last moment when the Judge was proceeding to sum up the accused chose to say that they had confessed because the Police illtreated them—an assertion for which there appear to have been no grounds whatever. The result was an acquittal and men, who to Colonel Babington's mind were undoubtedly guilty of dacoity accompanied by culpable homicide, were allowed to return scatheless to their villages. The increasing difficulty in obtaining conviction in murder cases must tend to reduce the deterrent effect of the Police.

7. There were 6 true cases of dacoity as against 21 in 1887. In 1 only was a conviction obtained. In the remaining 5 the Police have been unable to detect the offenders.

8. As far as possible, the Superintendent states, all the bad characters in the villages are mustered every day by the pátíls, but Rámoshis, Kolis, &c., are beginning to find out that the law exercises no compulsion upon them to attend these musters, and they constantly stay away. Registers of suspected persons are kept at the Police stations and outposts. No mention is made of any classification.

9. As regards the late excitement among the Kolis the Superintendent writes as follows:—

"As stated in my last annual report there was at the end of 1887 a little restlessness evinced amongst the Kolis in the shape of a few petty robberies and dacoities, and as this appeared likely to continue, Government were pleased to sanction a small punitive post being quartered on three of the villages in the Khed Táluka. I am glad to say that the effect was excellent, for the country quieted down and we had no crimes of violence in those parts to speak of; consequently in October I was able to report that the post could be removed."

10. The conduct of the Police during the year has been good. The total number of punishments for 1888 was 106 as against 135 in 1887, and an average of 129 for the last three years. The supervision in the City and Cantonment of Poona is very strict. The Inspectors, Chief Constables and European Constables are constantly going rounds both by day and night, so that the men have not much chance of committing irregularities without being detected. The principal offence is falling asleep on duty, not, Colonel Babington observes, a very unnatural thing to happen when it is remembered that a man has to be on duty for six hours each night. Drunkenness is unfortunately more common than it was, and seems to be on the increase. In the matter of detection the Superintendent reports that there is undoubtedly a considerable number of men who habitually exert themselves and endeavour to do their best, and this number is increasing. The idea that a man's promotion depends upon his own exertions is spreading in the force, and this makes the good men come to the front.

11. In connection with last year's disturbances on the Ghâts the Superintendent has been endeavouring to enlist some Kolis in the Police. Statement F shows nine of these in the force, and there were others on the acting list filling temporary vacancies. There are more men who are anxious to join. At first they were a little shy, but when a few of them had taken the first plunge others soon showed themselves ready to follow their example. Some of those who came forward could not be enlisted as they do not at first make very efficient policemen, and the force at head-quarters was so reduced in numbers on account of the special posts which had to be maintained in the Khed and Junnar Tálukas, that every man was required to make himself useful. To such small proportion was the nominal reserve reduced that it was frequently impossible to relieve the guards; and drill has only been carried on with considerable difficulty.

12. As regards ball-practice Colonel Babington states that "there is undoubtedly year by year an improvement in the general firing of the Police, and although even now the average is not very high, still there is certainly less of that very wild shooting which some years back tended to make a policeman with a loaded musket almost as dangerous to his friends as his foes.

13. Of the 21 cases of murder and dacoity reported, 7 were personally visited by the Superintendent. Of the remainder, several, though classed as serious crimes, were really of a trivial nature. During the travelling season of 1887-88 all the Police stations except 1, and 24 of the outposts were visited by the Superintendent and 3 by Mr. Biddle when he was Assistant.

14. The arms, ammunition and accoutrements have been regularly inspected and are in fair order.

15. In forwarding the report the District Magistrate says that Colonel Babington has again reason to complain of the leniency or lack of moral courage of juries in the trial of murder cases. The escape of so many undoubted murderers, Mr. East observes, is a serious blot on the criminal administration of the district, for which the magistracy and Police cannot fairly be held responsible.

SATARA.

Colonel Codrington reports that the general state of reported crime has been almost stationary since 1883, the number of offences fluctuating between 1,800 and 2,000. This remark holds good in the Indian Penal Code cases as well as in other offences. As compared with 1887 there has been a very slight increase in the number of offences during the year under review, the real criminality of the people remaining unaltered. The district is free from serious crime. The usual difficulty has been experienced, and not altogether successfully overcome, in comparing the figures and percentages under the different systems. But Colonel Codrington reports that the percentages of convictions to arrests and convictions to persons sent up for trial are almost the same as last year, so for purposes of comparison with previous years a detailed examination of the figures is unnecessary It will be sufficient for the most part to criticise them in connection with other districts.

2. The amount of property stolen during the year is considerably less than that stolen in 1887, and the percentage of recoveries has increased. Taking the

figures of Statement A, Part I, property valued at Rs. 53,876 was stolen in 581 cases reported in 1888, as contrasted with Rs. 69,966 in 541 cases last year. The amount shown in Supplementary Statement I shows a larger amount as it includes property in pending cases.

3. Property worth Rs. 31,081 was recovered, as compared with Rs. 33,358 in 1888, the percentage having improved from 48 to 58. The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen has, however, declined from 80 to 74. In 3 large thefts, 1 of which occurred in the Karád Táluka, 1 in the Válva Táluka, and 1 in Sátára town, amounting in all to Rs. 8,800, the whole of the property was recovered. There was, on the other hand, a theft of property valued at Rs. 5,000 in the Khánápur Táluka, which has not been detected.

4. In supplementary Statement I there are 278 Indian Penal Code cases shown as pending at the close of the year. This is an improvement on the 339 pending at the beginning of the year, but it is much too high.

5. Taking the percentages appended to Supplementary Statment I, the work of the Sátára Police is seen to compare very unfavourably with other districts in cases and favourably in regard to persons. The percentage of conviction to true Indian Penal Code cases disposed of is for Sátára only 39, for the Central Division 55 and the Presidency 51. There is only one district in the Presidency worse than Sátára and that is Dhárwár, which stands at 29. Even Broach has a better record than Sátára. The bad percentage in Sátára is explained in great measure by the large number of 246 Indian Penal Code cases disposed of without being brought to trial, *i.e.*, undetected. Taking the cases that have been brought to trial, the percentage of Sátára is of course relatively better, but it stands only at 57 as contrasted with 66 for the Central Division and 72 for the Presidency. In the percentage of conviction to persons arrested and disposed of by trial, Sátára shows the excellent figures of 61 and 63 as compared with 53 and 60 for the Presidency and 52 and 58 respectively for the Central Division. In the tests relating to property Sátára has a better percentage of property recovered to property stolen than the average of the Central Division districts, Sátára being 50 and the Central Division 44; but the average for the Presidency is 57. In the percentage of cases in which property is recovered to cases in which it is stolen, Sátára is behind both the Central Division and Presidency, the figures being Sátára 71, the Central Division 74 and the Presidency 79.

6. As regards supervision over bad characters Colonel Codrington writes as follows:—

"A register of bad characters has been strictly kept up to date in each of the outposts in the different tálukás. When on tour in the Khatáv Táluka I mustered and inspected some seven or eight hundred Rámoshis, and inquired into their antecedents, means of livelihood, and the arrangements made for preventing them from committing dacoities or robberies. It is gratifying to note that during the year no serious cases against person and property have occurred in the eastern part of the district where these Rámoshis chiefly reside. The Mángs in the Sátára, Karád and Pátan Tálukás give the greatest trouble and it is difficult to check their movements."

7. The conduct of the Police has been excellent, the percentage of punishments to the number of men in the force being lower than that of all districts except Ratnágiri. The number of officers and men punished is very slightly in excess of last year. The mounted Police showed the largest number of defaulters. Sátára occupies a fair position in the education list of districts, and there is an improvement of 15 over last year in the number of men who can read and write. No difficulty has been felt in obtaining recruits, the supply being more than the demand.

8. Colonel Codrington has, as usual, made every efficient arrangement for the instruction of his men in drill. The Sátára Police sustains its usual high position in connection with the Presidency competition shooting. During the year under report Sátára has won a greater number of Presidency prizes than any other district.

9. Colonel Codrington personally investigated 4 cases of murder and 4 serious cases of house-breaking and theft. He inspected 16 out of 18 licensed

shops for the sale of gunpowder; he visited all the Police stations and 27 out of 39 outposts. The arms, ammunition and accoutrements are reported serviceable.

10. The year has been uneventful; and there is nothing further in the report that requires notice.

11. In forwarding the report Mr. Keyser, the District Magistrate, notes that as a rule Police investigations are not conducted with sufficient care and thoroughness. Once an accused has confessed, especially in murder cases, it is thought sufficient, and if the confession is afterwards retracted, the case falls through. Mr. Keyser says that the administration of the Police has on the whole been satisfactory.

SHOLÁPUR.

This district has been particularly unfortunate in the numerous changes of Superintendents. The office was held by:—

Name of Officer.	Period.	
	From	To
Mr. Yates	1st January	10th August.
Colonel S. Babington ...	11th August	11th „
Mr. Logan	12th „	30th „
Mr. Biddle	31st „	19th October.
Mr. Davies	20th „	31st December.

The report is submitted by Mr. Davies.

2. It is almost impossible from the figures given in the report to institute any comparison between this year's work and last year's. The report does not contain a single allusion to any of the percentage tests for either year. In dealing with this year's figures Mr. Davies considers the number of cases for disposal and not the real cases of cognizable crime as is required by Government Resolution No. 6272 of 19th November 1888, Judicial Department. Nor are the Indian Penal Code cases considered separately as they should have been. The method adopted is merely to give in words the number of cases reported in the last two years, including false cases; for instance, it is noted that there were 42 cases under class I against 42 in the year preceding. The statement for last year gives 49 and not 42, and a similar inaccuracy pervades all references to last year's figures; while as 20 of the 42 cases for this year were excluded, the comparison becomes meaningless. No attempt has been made to compare the results of the working of the Police for 1888 with the preceding year and I am quite in the dark as to whether the Superintendent considers it to be good or bad for the year under report. As a matter of fact it is particularly bad. When the percentages calculated under the new rules may *primâ facie* appear favourable, the real results do not at all correspond with the figures, as I shall show later on. Mr. Candy, the District Magistrate, in his forwarding memorandum states that crime has increased but the number of persons convicted has decreased; and adds that it may be inferred from this that the criminal classes have taken heart from the inefficiency of the Police. Mr. Candy gives a comparative table of the criminal statistics for 1887 and 1888. He takes the figures in Statement A, Part I, and does not separate Indian Penal Code cases; but as the percentages given by the Superintendent in Supplementary Statement I will not bear looking into, I give the figures supplied by Mr. Candy as affording a fair estimate of the state of crime in Sholápur. The number of cases reported has risen from 1,254 to 1,367 and the number ending in conviction has sunk from 359 to 328, the percentage declining from 29 to 24. In 1887 out of 1,017 persons arrested, 505 or 50 per cent. were convicted, but in 1888 out of 1,028 arrested only 408 or 40 per cent. were convicted. I have endeavoured to deduce from last year's returns figures that may approximately correspond with those of this year, with the following result. The number of real cognizable offences under the Indian Penal Code, including both Police and direct, that

were committed in 1887 was 484, while the number committed in 1888 increased to 622. The increase is chiefly under theft. This increase is very serious; and as it is not reported to be due to bad seasons, the Police must be held responsible for it.

3. At the beginning of the year 217 Indian Penal Code cases are shown as pending in Supplementary Statement No. I. At the end of the year the number was 406, or not far short of double and very much greater than the number of cases disposed of which was 308. Thus the percentage of 56, which is shown for conviction to cases disposed of and which is better than that of the Central Division and the Presidency, is utterly worthless. If of the 406 cases pending only 106 were pending and the remainder, as would almost certainly be the case, were all disposed of without any conviction, the percentage would come down to 26 and be quite the lowest in the Presidency. Of 790 persons arrested in Indian Penal Code cases no less than 53 were pending. The percentage in connection with persons are much more trustworthy than those concerning cases. The percentage of conviction to arrests is for Sholápur 43, as compared with 52 for the Central Division and 53 for the Presidency, the working of the Sholápur Police being thus shown in more nearly in its true light. The percentages given for property are quite worthless. They make out the working of the Sholápur Police to be better than that of the Central Division or the Presidency. But the Superintendent basis his calculation on Rs. 7,049 stolen in cases disposed of, while that stolen in pending cases, which amounts to Rs. 22,220, is not taken into account. A further examination of the figures is unnecessary. The whole state of things is utterly discreditable.

4. As regards supervision of bad characters, the practice of mustering all these persons and checking their names with the register kept at each station and outpost is said to be strictly observed at the time of the District Superintendent of Police's tour of inspection. This would mean as a rule once a year. No further details are given.

5. No remarks are made on the efficiency and conduct of the Police. The total number of punishments has decreased from 51 to 45, the average for the preceding three years being 66. I do not attribute the decreased number of punishments to a decrease in the number of offences committed by the men. There is no doubt that owing to the bad supervision which existed for several years the Sholápur Police have become to a considerable extent demoralized. Education has slightly improved, but Mr. Davies, who has taken great pains in testing the attainments of nearly every man in the force, states that the majority of 1st and 2nd Class Head Constables are entirely uneducated. The shooting of the force has slightly improved. The figures for drill show that a fair proportion of men have been put through the course, but no remarks are given as to the results.

6. Out of 8 Police stations and 17 outposts 1 and 6 respectively were left unvisited.

7. There were 18 cases of serious crime in the district during the year. Of these 8 occurred in Mr. Yates' time, 2 in Mr. Logan's, 2 in Mr. Biddle's, and the rest (6) in Mr. Davies'. Each of the first three officers personally visited the scene of 1 crime only, and the last the scenes of 4. In most of the cases in which the scenes remained unvisited the accused had either absconded or were arrested or the cases were declared to be false.

8. The following remarks are made by Mr. Davies on the general state of the district :—

"In conclusion I have merely to remark that on taking charge of this office in October last I found the discipline and efficiency of the force extremely slack. Little or no attention appeared to have been given to standing orders and there was needless protracted and systematic delay in disposing of work. This state of things could not but militate against the efficiency and working of the force generally. During the short period I have been in charge, I have endeavoured to put matters on a better footing and by severe warnings and personal supervision have avoided the necessity of punishment in many cases."

The District Magistrate upon this writes as follows :—

"I fully concur in the remarks on the Police school and in the concluding remarks recorded by Mr. Davies. While it is clear that he has a difficult task before him in bringing the Sholápur Police to a state of discipline and efficiency, I consider he is doing his best to attain that object."

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

BELGAUM.

Mr. Down does not submit a very interesting report. The greater part of it is merely a repetition in words of what is elsewhere given in figures. At the beginning of the report Mr. Down promises to make his comparisons with previous years on the standard of the new Supplementary Statement I. He has nevertheless almost throughout his report employed the figures in the old Statement A, Part I, for purposes of comparison. The orders of Government for comparing the cases under the Indian Penal Code with those of former years apart from those under other Acts have not been attended to.

2. Taking Mr. Down's figures, it is satisfactory to note that the grand total of crime has for the last four years steadily decreased in this district, the number of cases having come down from 2,042 in 1885 to 1,305 in 1888. There is a decrease of 51 from last year. Mr. Down attributes this result chiefly to successive good seasons and general prosperity. The percentages relating both to cases and persons are much the same as for the last few years, except that nominally the percentage in Police cases, of cases convicted to cases investigated has fallen from 78 to 65. This is due to the greater number of cases classified by the Magistrates as maliciously false, being 158 as against 3 in 1887; and under the rules for Statement A, Part I, those cases in which no conviction is possible, have yet had to be included in the calculations. Were they excluded, the result would not appreciably differ from last year.

3. While the fluctuations in the crime percentages is slight, in the percentages of stolen property recovered and the number of cases in which it has been recovered there is a marked improvement. These percentages have risen from 40 and 66 in 1887 to 57 and 76 for 1888. As regards the amount recovered the improvement is partly due to the success of the Police in a few big cases, but the increase in the number of cases in which recoveries were effected shows that the Police have not trusted to their success in a few fortunate cases for their reputation.

4. Belgaum began the year with 358 Indian Penal Code cases pending and finished with 381 pending. These numbers are of course unsatisfactory; but still the increase in the number of cases at the end of the year over that at the beginning is slight compared with many districts of the Presidency, notably Poona and Kánara. Mr. Down, moreover, states that in a large number of these nominally pending cases final reports have been submitted to the Magistrates but that these officers will not pass final orders.

5. Satisfactory as the general results for the year may undoubtedly be held to be, the crime return is stained by the record of an unusually large number of murders. Including attempts and culpable homicides there was a total of 27 cases as compared with 9 for the preceding year. Of this number 20 real cognizable cases were disposed of during the year, 18 of which were by trial, 6 ending in conviction and 7 remaining pending. Two were disposed of without trial through the suicide of the accused. There were 38 persons concerned in these cases, of whom 29 were disposed of by trial and only 7 convicted. These results appear very bad, but the Superintendent has a great deal to say on behalf of the Police. Taking the 21 murder cases for disposal, 20 were actually detected by the Police, and in only 1 case was no clue forthcoming. Of the 20 detected cases, 14 were committed to the Sessions by the trying Magistrate, in 2 cases the accused committed suicide, and in 2 the accused absconded and are still at large. In several of the cases discharged at the Sessions the Superintendent states that the Police had good reason to look for a conviction. The evidence was strong and unshaken under cross-examination; but the jury brought in verdicts of not guilty on the ground that they did not think the story of the prosecution probable. The Superintendent proposed to appeal to the High Court, but there is no appeal when the trial is by jury except upon a point of law. These cases are of course very discouraging to the Police, who find their action discredited without good cause and suspicion thrown upon themselves of having concocted the cases. Of the 19 murders reported, 2 only were for gain, the remainder being

the results of family quarrels, domestic unhappiness, jealousy and intrigue. The reckless manner in which murder is resorted to without adequate cause is, as in previous years, in this district the characteristic feature of the majority of these cases.

6. There is nothing that calls for special notice in cases of dacoity, robbery and theft. The dacoities were none of them serious crimes or committed by professional criminals.

7. In comparing the results achieved in Belgaum with other districts, the percentages of convictions to real cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code disposed of, Belgaum has the same percentage as the average of the Southern Division, "viz.," 46. This is inferior to that of the Presidency in general, which is 51. The result in conviction to cases decided by trial, is not so good, Belgaum being 63 as compared with 72 for the Presidency and 71 for the Southern Division. In persons Belgaum is almost identical with the Presidency and Southern Division. In the percentage of property recovered to stolen, Belgaum is better than either, but somewhat inferior in the number of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen.

8. As regards supervision over bad characters, Mr. Down says that the measures taken are the same as those described in his last year's report. As that report went to the Commissioner, I am not able to refer to it.

9. As in the reports for 1886 and 1887 Mr. Down makes no explicit remarks on the subject of the conduct and efficiency of the force, and I can only base my conclusions on figures given in the statistical forms. The number of punishments last year called for remark, and I stated that through the leniency of a former Superintendent the force appeared to have got to some extent out of hand. The punishments have, however, increased in the year under report. The total number of officers and men punished was in 1886, 7 and 32, in 1887, 50 and 32 and in 1888, 59 and 52 respectively. I much regret to see that the percentage of officers (47·5) punished remains so extremely high. It has, however, the Superintendent points out, to be remembered that the figures represent not the number of persons punished but the number of punishments inflicted. This of course applies in equal degree to every district. In only five districts in the Presidency is the general percentage of punishments higher than in Belgaum.

10. In education, on the other hand, Belgaum stands 7th on the list in the Presidency. There has been a steady and material improvement in the Belgaum Police in this direction for the last four years. Within this period the number of officers and men who can read and write has increased from 74 and 153 to 103 and 204 respectively. Mr. Down finds no difficulty in getting recruits who are educated. Their quality in other points is less satisfactory.

11. There has been a steady improvement in the shooting of the men, the number of marksmen having risen in the last few years from 6 to 24. The arms in use in the district are beginning to wear out and become unserviceable. Drill instruction, the Superintendent states, is much interfered with by the heavy escort and guard duties, which have been increased by the Police being recently required to take over the Jail and Treasury guard duties from the Military without any addition to their number.

12. Mr. Down personally proceeded to inquire into 7 of the 19 murders reported. In the remainder the accused were at once arrested and there was a clear case or they absconded or committed suicide. With reference to this the District Magistrate writes as follows :—

"The Sessions Judge has placed the following on record: 'I find that, in nearly all serious cases of crime in this district, the interests of justice are defeated rather than promoted by the manner in which cases are investigated by the Police.' Again he enters in another judgment: 'The conduct of the Police in this case having been thus open to grave suspicion, I regret that inquiries were not made by the District Superintendent of Police himself.' Delays in the procedure and underhand practice on the part of the Police are commented on by the Sessions Judge in a number of cases. I am strongly of opinion that, had the District Superintendent of Police made a point, whenever possible, of conducting the inquiries himself forthwith on the spot, the abuses brought to light by the Sessions Judge would not have occurred."

I hope that this advice may not be thrown away.

13. The District Magistrate goes on to say that "apart from this important matter Mr. Down's administration has, in my opinion, been efficient. His relations, however, with some of the Magistrates are said not to have been cordial."

14. The Superintendent visited and inspected all the 13 Police stations and 38 of the 44 outposts, or 1 more than last year.

15. In conclusion the Superintendent notes that the extension of the Southern Marátha Railway has brought a large influx of foreigners from all parts, including some criminals, but a constant watch on the movements of these people and travelling gangs has prevented the commission of offences by them.

16. Government will notice that in some important respects there is a steady improvement in the force and its work. Regarding the high rate of punishment the Inspector General has to record that in the cases that have come upon appeal, the papers proved Mr. Down to have spared no pains to ascertain the truth and deal justly with his men.

BIJA'PUR.

Mr. M. Kennedy has written a very able report, and he shows very satisfactory results for the year's work. Mr. Kennedy brings to notice the difficulty of comparing this year's figures with last year's by reason of the change of statistical returns, especially owing to the inaccurate and misleading information which the imperial Statement A, Part I, supplied regarding the state of crime and working of the Police. In order to overcome this difficulty Mr. Kennedy has at great personal trouble compiled from his office records information for 1887 in the form of new Supplementary Statement I; and his report is therefore particularly clear. Its only fault is its length. It extends to 108 foolscap pages; and Mr. Kennedy should consider that if the reports for each district and Railway were equally lengthy there would be nearly 3,000 pages in all for the Inspector General to review.

2. On referring to Supplementary Statement I it is very satisfactory to see that while at the beginning of the year under report there were 196 Indian Penal Code cases pending, there were only 69 at the end of the year that were not disposed of. Mr. Kennedy was on the Committee that drew up the new crime register; and the figures that he submits show how a Superintendent, who thoroughly understands its use and the system of final reports and final orders, can get the Police to work in a smart and business-like way. To enable the system to be more widely understood I quote the following from the Superintendent's report:—

> "The orders issued recently by Government from time to time, fixing a period within which final reports are to be submitted to Magistrates in undetected cases, will no doubt ensure all such cases are properly dealt with and disposed of according to law; but there is one danger that will have to be avoided, namely, a tendency on the part of the Police to dispose of a case by a final report before all that is possible has been done to detect it, and before hopes and endeavours for its detection should properly be abandoned. Much may be done of course by Superintendents and Magistrates to prevent this; but in 90 per cent. of such cases they can only act on the papers sent to them. Formerly when no time for the final report was prescribed the great check against the Police burking enquiries or insufficiently prosecuting them, and allowing cases to remain undetected was the knowledge that a large number of undetected and undisposed of cases found in their files by the Superintendents during the annual inspection would entail punishment or reprimand. As soon as a case is 'disposed of' it is out of sight and the evil to prevent is, that it should not be allowed to be out of mind. Detecting cases and not merely disposing of the papers according to the law is the chief duty of the Police, and the only fear when a short limit for submitting final report is prescribed lays in the possible subordination of the former duty to the latter by Chief Constables and subordinate Police."

This quotation shows the possible danger as well as the advantages of the new system. The danger is a real one; but it can very easily be reduced to a minimum by careful supervision. Until lately final reports were often not submitted for a year, almost as often not at all; in fact it was hardly known what a final report was. If after a year's interval a Chief Constable submitted a report

that a case was false, and it appeared to the District Superintendent of Police or Magistrate that it was true, it was hopeless to deal with it as such. But as long as the Chief Constable is forced within 15 days (unless he has obtained the Superintendent's permission to defer his report which for any substantial cause he can easily do) to submit his final report together with the statements of witnesses taken by the Police under Section 161, Criminal Procedure Code, there is ample and early opportunity for the District Superintendents of Police to pass such orders as may be necessary for the proper disposal of the case. Another point to be observed is that if a Chief Constable is allowed to have a large accumulation of pending cases, it is quite impracticable for him to give attention to most of them. It is infinitely preferable to insist upon him keeping his files clear and giving his undivided attention to each case as it is reported. It is better that occasionally a case, which may have some elements of truth in it, should be wrongly classified as false or excluded and put aside, provided that the great mass of the work is dealt with systematically and in order, than that on the chance of some information turning up some day, cases should be allowed to pile up and stand over in shoals till the Chief Constable's office becomes a mere chaos of vernacular "Prakarns." Under such a system the difficulties which would meet a Chief Constable on taking charge of a new office can be imagined. With careful and intelligent supervision the new rules will immensely improve and simplify Police work. I have been led to make these general remarks on Mr. Kennedy's paragraph dealing with the same subject, because in some districts there is clearly a want of understanding on the orders of Government and I trust that all District Superintendents of Police will read them with attention.

3. It is highly satisfactory to see that the number of real cognizable cases and also the total amount of cases reported to the Police has been steadily decreasing in Bijápur for several years. Taking Police and direct cases together, the number of real cognizable cases dealt with and for disposal during the last three years was, in 1886, 1,172, in 1887, 889 and in 1888, only 746. There has been less true crime to deal with in the year under report than there has been for a considerable number of years. This decrease is partly attributable to a succession of good seasons, but great credit is due to the Police for their increased energy and watchfulness.

4. Among the excluded cases 223 were false, whether intentionally or otherwise, as compared with 330 in 1887 and 445 in 1886. These figures show that there is at all events one district in the Presidency where false complaints are sensibly decreasing. In 4 cases the Police prosecuted 10 persons for making false accusations. One person was convicted and the cases against 9 were pending at the close of the year.

5. The decrease in crime runs through the various classes except class I. With the exception of the 32 cases in class VI the general decrease of 154 cases is entirely under offences under the Indian Penal Code.

6. Taking Indian Penal Code cases alone, in class I though there has been a net increase of only 2 cases, there is a marked increase under murders of 8 cases, culpable homicide of 3, and attempts at and abetment of suicide, of 2 cases. But last year the district was abnormally free from crimes of violence, and the figures for this year are little above the average. Under classes II and IV the general decrease is slight and calls for no special remark. Under classes III and V the decrease is chiefly under house-breking, theft of cattle and ordinary thefts. In addition to the effects due to Police vigilance and the general prosperity of the district, some deterrent effect must have been exercised on thieves and housebreakers by the conviction of the gang of Bhopál Bowris and local Jats in the city of Bijápur alluded to in last year's report. It was unfortunate that 17 out of 22 of these people were released on appeal to the High Court.

7. The percentage of convictions to true cases disposed of under the Indian Penal Code, though it has fallen from 44 in 1887 to 42 in 1888, is yet much higher than in 1886, when it was 32. With regard to this the Superintendent writes :—"The percentage of convictions to cases disposed of should not, I think, ever average less than 50. The matter will receive my special attention this year." The percentages of property recovered to property stolen have steadily

improved in this district for years past. In 1882 it stood at 47, in 1886, 45, in 1887, 60, and in 1888, 66.

8. The following remarks on cases of receiving stolen property are, as the District Magistrate observes, worthy of special attention :—

"In the year under review 16 cases were disposed of against the same number in 1887 and 13 ended in conviction against 12 in 1887. Magistrates also disposed of one case direct in 1888 against the same number in the previous year. In direct cases there was no conviction in 1888 against one in 1887. There is, I think, little doubt the Police hear only of a small percentage of the cases of receiving stolen property. Such cases are very difficult to prove and complaints *against* persons of receiving, are rarely made. I think the special attention of the Police to the detection of this particular form of crime is very urgently necessary."

9. In the percentage of convictions to true cognizable cases disposed of under the Indian Penal Code, Bijápur does not, at first sight, compare favourably with other districts, the figure standing at 42 as against 46 for the Southern Division and 51 for the Presidency, and under theft alone at 48 as against 53 and 55 for the Southern Division and Presidency respectively. But I give Bijápur credit for much better work done than this figure points to; for in Bijápur pending cases are practically nil, *i.e.*, cases which give bad results are all included in the calculation instead of being shown as pending, and the more successful cases being employed as a basis for the calculation. My conclusions are supported by a comparison between Bijápur and other districts of the percentage of cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, when the Bijápur work is seen at once to be fully up to the average, the figure for Bijápur being 71, for the Southern Division 71 and the Presidency 72. Moreover under persons the Bijápur results are well above the average of the Southern Division and Presidency. The property tests also show the superiority of the work of the Bijápur Police.

10. Mr. Kennedy does not state whether any classification is adopted in the registration of bad characters; but he has used vigorous efforts to repress these persons. "Special supervision," he says, "is exercised over the wandering and criminal tribes, as far as this is possible, by a system of mustering and granting passes when men belonging to them wish to leave their camps. The Police make the wandering and criminal tribes encamp close to villages instead of right away out in the jungles, as they always like to do, and where little or no supervision can be maintained over them. The principal railway stations are watched by men in plain clothes. When inspecting outposts and stations, I test carefully the knowledge of the Police regarding all bad and suspicious characters in their beat and make them understand the importance of keeping themselves acquainted with the habits, whereabouts, means of livelihood, &c., of such people."

11. The extended period sanctioned for the maintenance of the punitive post at Guledgud expires in April 1889. But a cold-blooded murder, the result of faction-feud, committed there in 1888 shows that the people are as unruly and turbulent as ever, and it appears necessary to maintain the post for some time to come.

12. The force has been maintained throughout the year in an efficient state. and the crime results show that it has worked steadily and well. The conduct of the men has, on the whole, been good, but the number of punishments has increased owing to the presence in the force of a few unsatisfactory characters by reason of the inferior class of recruits who present themselves. The breaches of discipline, that were brought to notice, occurred chiefly in the head-quarters where supervision is much more stringent. The total number of punishments in 1888 is 97—14 officers and 83 men—as compared with a total of 77, being 16 officers and 61 men for 1887. This shows a slight increase. The average for the last three years is altogether 77. Bijápur is low down in the comparative list of districts, prepared in accordance with the various percentages of punishments. It is also low down as regards education, and the increase in the number of literate men is almost nominal.

13. As in other districts men at the Táluka Police stations rapidly become slack in their drill; but a distinct improvement is observable at head-quarters

where the Chief Constable is a very efficient and painstaking pensioned Subhedár. The shooting of the Police as a body is slowly improving.

14. The Superintendent personally investigated 7 cases of serious crime out of 17 that occurred. The reasons for not visiting the others are satisfactory. He also visited and inspected all the 9 Police stations and 34 out of 46 outposts. The accoutrements are in a good condition. The arms are antiquated and old, but are kept in serviceable order. The Superintendent brings to notice the want of another Inspector.

15. Altogether the Superintendent has been able to report a successful year's work; and the steady improvement of the district for some years past must be attributed in great measure to Mr. Kennedy's vigorous administration.

DHA'RWA'R.

Mr. Scannell has submitted a clear and well-written report. He has taken great pains to institute a comparison with last year's work under the new system of statistical returns.

2. There is a slight decrease in crime below last year, but the fluctuations are small and call for no special remarks. Murders have increased from 9 to 10, attempts and culpable homicide from 2 to 3, dacoities have decreased from 7 to 6, robberies from 15 to 11, cases of receiving stolen property from 21 to 10, though the decrease under this last head is hardly a matter for congratulation; in thefts there is a decrease of 52 cases.

3. There is a nominal increase of 27 pending Indian Penal Code cases; but had the present system been in force earlier, there would have been more cases to be brought over from 1887, so there is probably an actual decrease.

4. Comparing Indian Penal Code cases with last year's results, I observe that the percentage of convictions to true cases which then stood at the excessively low figure of 30 has actually sunk still lower and now stands at 29, the percentage for the Southern Division being 46 and the Presidency 51. Dhárwár is by a long way the worst in the Presidency. Sátára is the next worst with a percentage of 39; and after Sátára come Broach with 42 and Surat with 43. The highest is Panch Maháls with 83. The only percentage that has improved over last year is that of conviction to Indian Penal Code cases decided by trial, which has risen from 71 to 76 and is better than that for the Presidency and Southern Division. The reason for the enormous difference between the percentages of convictions to cases disposed of and to cases disposed of by trial appears to be due to an excessively large number of undetected cases; for out of 687 true Indian Penal Code cases disposed of, no less than 421 were disposed of without being brought to trial and only 266 decided by trial. Judging by the figures it appears that the course adopted in the disposal of cases is just the opposite of that in vogue in Ratnágiri where nearly all the cases are decided by trial. I disapprove of the system of not sending up a case for trial because there is not a preponderance of evidence for conviction and simply allowing it to lapse or reporting it as undetected merely to prevent the percentage of conviction to cases decided by trial being low. That is evidently what has been done in Dhárwár. While in the case of Ratnágiri I considered that the work was better than it would appear to be from the figures. In Dhárwár, on the other hand, bad as the figures are, the work is still worse, and the high percentage of convictions to cases decided by trial is wholly undeserved. Taking the figures for persons, which in some ways furnish more trustworthy results than those for cases, the work of the Dhárwár Police, if the direct cases are included, appears as bad as it can possibly be. Out of a total number of 779 persons arrested by the Police in connection with Indian Penal Code cases, no less than 59 were released without being brought to trial at all. Of 686 disposed of by trial only 312 were convicted. The Police work is bad enough; but the Magistrates in cases investigated without the aid of the Police appear to have acted with even greater indiscretion. They arrested 223 persons, of whom 222 were disposed of by trial and all but 38 were acquitted or discharged. The percentage of convictions to arrests for Indian Penal Code cases is for Dhárwár this year 41 as compared with 57 last year and 53 for the Southern Division and Presidency this year; and of conviction to persons disposed of by trial for Dhárwár

this year 45 as compared with 62 for last year and 56 for the Southern Division and 60 for the Presidency this year. Although the fluctuations in crime have been small, and a slight decrease is reported, yet the number of arrests by the Police has come up from 656 to 779. This would point to some indiscretion in making arrests.

5. Taking the property tests, the work of the Dhárwár Police seems equally unsuccessful, the only one satisfactory point being that the amount of property stolen has decreased by Rs. 8,250. The percentage of recoveries to losses has fallen from 53 to 36—a figure which compares badly with 54 for the Southern Division and 57 for the Presidency. The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen has sunk from 66 to 63, the corresponding figures for this year being 80 for the Southern Division and 79 for the Presidency. It cannot be said that the remarks in the report explain away the want of success of the Police. On the other hand they point to its being probably greater than it is shown to be; for Mr. Scannell states that his Chief Constables omit as many complaints as they can from the registers in order to improve their crime statistics, and he has frequently had to punish them for attempts of this kind. He thinks however that now every case is recorded. According to calculations made by Mr. Scannell the percentage of false accusations to true that are made to the Police is for Dhárwár 23, for the Southern Division 8, Central Division 19, and Northern Division 9. An excessive number of these cases necessarily detracts from the capabilities of the Police to deal with real offences. As regards the property percentages Mr. Scannell states that in ten large cases Rs. 21,070 were stolen, and only Rs. 1,102 recovered.

6. In murder cases the Police have not done so badly. Out of 10 cases, 4 ended in conviction, 4 were committed to the Sessions but there discharged, 1 detected but the accused absconded, and 1 remained undetected.

7. All the 6 dacoities were, it is believed, committed by the same band of Korchias which I have described in the report on Kánara. Seventeen arrests were made in connection with these cases in the Harpanhalli Táluka, Bellary District, by the Dhárwár Police. All the arrests were made on the strength of suspected property being found in the houses of the Korchias. Most of the property seized consisted of ornaments of small value, pieces of wearing apparel, and brass cups and lotas, &c. The dacoits had probably buried or disposed of the more valuable loot and given the abovementioned articles to their women. Many of the articles, however, were easily identified and 2 out of 17 Korchias arrested were convicted by the Sessions Court. More convictions would probably have been obtained but some of the complainants in the Kánara dacoities retracted the evidence they gave before the Police regarding the identity of the property found. The partial identification of the property proves that the Police have all along been correct in their supposition that the dacoits hailed from the Harpanhalli Táluka of Bellary. In none of the dacoities was much violence used; and with the exception of one case, the property stolen was trifling in value. Stringent precautions are now taken to prevent the dacoits crossing the frontier. With regard to this the Superintendent writes :—

"Fifteen or 20 years ago many of the Korchias now living in the Bellary District used to live in the Dhárwár District on the borders of the Hángal and Bankápur Tálukás. These men are acquainted with the jungles on the frontiers of this and the Kánara Districts and are, therefore, able to guide the other Korchias who accompany them. Either the roll-calls of suspected characters are not very strictly taken in the Harpanhalli Táluka of the Bellary District, or the Korchias pay little attention to them. The want of a legal right to enforce these roll-calls is here forcibly shown."

The other classes of cases call for no further remarks than have already been made.

8. The supervision over bad characters does not appear to be very strict The principle of roll-calls, the Superintendent states, is good enough, but great difficulty is experienced in carrying out the arrangements efficiently. The Police are not numerous enough to look after suspected persons themselves, the pátíls and Village Police are often in league with criminals; and the muster-rolls are filled up indiscriminately by the pátíl and kulkarni. What is needed is that the entry should, in every case, be made by order of the District Superintendent of

Police, and that only the names of those persons who are really bad characters should be entered.

9. Regarding the efficiency and conduct of the Dhárwár, Police, Mr. Scannell writes:—

"I have every year reported that the efficiency of the Dhárwár Police is marred by the presence of a great number of officers and men who are useless. Last year I showed that there were 129 useless members out of 392 of the unarmed or detective Police. One year does not make much alteration in such state of affairs and it will probably be ten or more years before these uneducated and useless Police officers are got rid of."

10. The percentage of defaulters has risen this year from 11 to 17. In 1886, however, it was 16. In only the Panch Maháls and two districts in Sind is the percentage of defaulters higher. The total number of punishments for 1888 is 151 as compared with an average of 117 for the last three years. Dhárwár takes a high place among the districts for the number of educated policemen, but its percentage has decreased from 45 in 1887 to 43 in the year under report. This is chiefly due to the enlistment of 30 recruits for the armed branch, physique in their case being regarded as a more important qualification than reading and writing.

11. The working of the District Police being so very inferior as regards the investigation of crime, I am glad to be able to notice most favourably the great pains that Mr. Scannell has bestowed on the drill, ball-practice and general appearance of his men. There are only 58 men in the force who have not been put through a complete course of drill. Last year I called attention to the remarkable number of 79 marksmen to which the district had risen from 1882 in which year it could boast of none. This year it has risen to 125 and Dhárwár stands by a long way the first district in the Division as regards the number of marksmen.

12. Of the 19 cases of serious crime 10 were personally investigated by the Superintendent and good reasons are given for not visiting the scenes of the others. Out of 16 Police stations and 43 out-posts, 15 and 37 respectively were inspected. This is much better than last year when only 11 and 24 were inspected. Dhárwár is fairly well-off for lines for the Police, but 156 rooms are still required

13. All the arms, ammunition and accoutrements have been well looked after and are in good condition except that the arms are getting past their time.

14. The District Magistrate makes no remarks on the working of the Police.

KANA'RA.

I called attention last year to the extreme length of Mr. Mactier's report. This year it extends to no less than 90 pages; and yet he fears that it "may be too brief in places and not sufficiently lengthy in others, though he trusts that such will not be found to be the case." The report would be much more valuable if reduced to half its size.

2. In order to facilitate a comparison between the figures for 1887 and 1888, the Superintendent has worked out some calculations which may be used for reviewing the work of the present and past years, but they do not afford an accurate basis for comparison. After deducting 255 excluded cases, he arrives at 492 as the grand total of cases under the Indian Penal Code as compared with 447 last year and 391 the year before. Even allowing for errors in calculation due to the adoption of a new system, there is clearly a steady increase of crime to be accounted for. Turning to the various classes I find that class III, serious offences against person and property, accounts for 19, and class V, minor offences against property, for 26 of the cases in excess of last year.

3. The point in the report that calls for notice, more than other, is the increase of dacoity and the failure of the Police to deal with it.

4. Before coming to this subject I am compelled to notice the excessive number of cases pending at the end of the year as shown in supplementary statement I. Taking thefts only I find the following result: Cases pending from last year 134, cases reported during the year 462, total for disposal 596. Of these 186 were excluded, leaving 410 real cognizable cases for disposal. But only 172 of these were disposed of and 238 are shown as pending. It is clear that final

reports cannot have been submitted with any attempt at punctuality or system; work must have been done in a very slovenly way to permit of such a result as that shown by these figures. Moreover as the percentages in Supplementary Statement I are made out with reference to cases disposed of, they cease to retain any appreciable value as tests of work done when the greater number of cases are not disposed of at all.

5. One of the two murders committed during the year has remained undetected; in the other the accused was arrested, but as he turned out to be of unsound mind, the case is still pending.

6. There were 19 cases of dacoity during the year as against 7 in the previous year. None of those for 1887 or 1888 have been detected and no persons arrested in connection with them. Full particulars of the circumstances under which they all occurred are given by the Superintendent. On the 10th of February 1888 a gang of 15 dacoits, supposed to be Korchias, committed the first dacoity near the town of Mundgod. Later on in the same day they committed another near Katur in the Mundgod Petha. On the next day they showed themselves at Chitgiri in the Sirsi Táluka and looted the house of the pátil. After a brief respite they resumed their depredations on the 15th in the village of Yerebail in the Mundgod Petha, beating the inmates of several houses and carrying off property worth Rs. 340. The next day they visited the village of Khandramkop in the Yellápur Táluka and carried off property worth Rs. 145. On the 18th they committed a dacoity at Kalsur in the Yellápur Táluka, on the 19th at Banksali in the same Táluka, carrying off on this occasion property worth Rs. 670. On the same day they appeared at Bandpri in the Sirsi Táluka and robbed property worth Rs. 443. On the 21st they again set to work and committed a dacoity at Chigalli in the Mundgod Petha. This was the last of their achievements for some time. They appear to have left the district the same day, for on the 22nd they robbed a man on the Bankápur-Mudgol road in Dhárwár and carried off Rs. 600.

7. It was then supposed that the district had seen the last of these marauders for the year, but all possible precautions were still exercised, all the roads being carefully patrolled. Two months later, however, either the same or another band appeared and dacoities recommenced. On this occasion, however, instead of looting houses in the jungle, the dacoits attacked travellers on the road. On April 6th two dacoities were committed in the Mundgod Petha; on the 10th two more in the same petha, in one of which a man was killed. On the 15th another took place on the road between Kirwatti and Yellápur; on the next day another on the road between Kanigiri and Yellápur. On the 21st Karki Nalla in the Haliyál Táluka was the scene of a dacoity, and on the 22nd the dacoits appeared near Barchi. This was the only occasion on which the Police got near them. They saw them only for a moment, and then lost sight of them owing to the impenetrable thickness of the jungle. After a brief detour in the Belgaum and Dhárwár districts the dacoits returned to Kánara and committed dacoities on the 29th and 30th. The Superintendent says:—

"I need, I think, hardly add that every thing that could possibly have been done to bring about their capture was done. Parties of men were on the roads for months, and parties of men were stationed at several of the villages in the interior. Officers and men travelled in carts up and down the roads in the hope of being attacked. The jungles were searched in every direction by men and villagers, and men were concealed under bridges, on the roads, in trees, over water, and in every place it was thought at all likely that the dacoits would come, but all to no purpose. * * * Although these annual dacoities are petty and not much harm ever done, still the arrangements that have to be made every year for the protection of the roads and safety of the public have the effect of bringing other work in the district to a standstill. All the best men available are sent off to the frontier early in the month of January and Chief Constables have to do what they can with those men left to them: there is, therefore, very little work done in the way of supervision over bad characters, prevention of crime or village inspection, &c. My own inspection work is stopped also for the time these pests are in the district."

Government will be glad to hear that up to date no dacoities have been reported in the current year.

8. It is almost impossible to contrast the figures given for this district with those of last year. Mr. Mactier has not adopted a consistent system in

framing his conclusions, and his figures in the body of the report do not altogether tally either with Statement A, Part I, or with Supplementary Statement I. He endeavours to prove that the results attained by the Police in dealing with thefts have shown a considerable improvement, and he claims that this is a special test of Police ability as the offence is one of frequent occurrence while others are less a matter of rule. The figures may perhaps be accepted as showing an improvement except in the results as to the recovery of stolen property. The total value of the property stolen during the year was Rs. 32,691 as against Rs. 24,431 in the previous year and Rs. 37,970 in the year preceding that. The increase is due to the larger number of dacoities and thefts which occurred during the year. The value of the property recovered during the year is Rs. 9,288 as against Rs. 9,274 in the previous year and Rs. 12,824 in the year 1886. This result is, as Mr. Mactier admits, to say the very least, not good: in fact, it is about the worst result ever obtained in this district. Of the amount stolen, about Rs. 3,000 is to be ascribed to the dacoities.

9. Taking Mr. Mactier's percentages in Supplementary Statement I, Kánara has a much better record than the Southern Division or the Presidency in general for convictions to cases disposed of, *viz.*, 58, as against 46 and 51 for the Southern Division and Presidency. The percentages of persons for convictions to arrests would also show that Kánara has greatly surpassed the average of the Presidency and Southern Division. The same remark applies to the percentages of property both as regards amount of property and number of cases. But as I have noted in paragraph 4, I cannot accept these results as giving even an approximate basis for comparison. They are vitiated by the excessive numbers of pending cases. Apart from this, although the change of system was likely to cause some confusion at first, it could hardly have been anticipated that it would have been so hopeless as in this district.

10. The supervision over bad characters calls for no special remarks. There are peculiar difficulties in this district as there are no Village Police, and many of the tálukás are so malarious that the District Police have constantly to be transferred and they cannot obtain a thorough personal knowledge of released convicts and other suspected persons.

11. As regards the efficiency and conduct of the force the men have, with few exceptions, worked to the best of their ability and have behaved well. In only three districts of the Presidency has a smaller percentage of men been punished. The total number of officers and men punished has, however, increased from 3 and 31 respectively for 1887 to 3 and 41 for the year under report. The total number is still much less than in 1886 when it stood at 55. The offences for which the punishments had to be inflicted were not serious. The members of the force work willingly and contentedly under the very trying circumstances caused by the dacoit's invasion. They were out on the roads and in the jungles all day and often all night for months at a time.

12. In education there is an appreciable improvement, 74 and 221 officers and men being able to read and write an ordinary report as compared with 78 and 205 last year. The officers are not so good as the men in the way of education, which seems to indicate that more discrimination is required in making promotions.

13. The circumstances of the year have been unfavourable to any advancement in drill. In the hot weather nearly all available men were employed on frontier duty, and the heavy rains in this district during the monsoon prevent much being done till September. A fair amount was, however, achieved late in the season. In ball-practice there has been a great improvement, and Mr. Mactier deserves credit for his energy in putting 396 men through a course of musketry as compared with 303 last year and 177 the year before.

14. Many of the Police buildings in this district are not fit for the men to live in. But it is difficult to do much for their improvement when the grant for the Presidency is so limited and there are so many conflicting demands for accommodation. The lines at Kárwár, Akola, Honávar and Bhatkal are in a very dilapidated conditon and the roofs are not unlikely to fall in. The withdrawal of the free grants of timber for future buildings has seriously impaired

the Superintendent's resources. It is a very doubtful economy to stint money for housing the Police in such an unhealthy district as Kánara.

15. Mr. Mactier showed great energy in personally investigating the dacoities and other serious crime. He visited altogether the scenes of 17 out of 22, although his exertions in hunting the dacoits were not rewarded with success. All praise is nevertheless due for his unremitting exertions under circumstances of great personal discomfort. Mr. Mactier inspected all the Police stations but one and 39 out of 46 outposts. The arms, accoutrements and ammunition were serviceable and in good condition at the close of the year. The arms in Kánara are all uniform and not as in many districts of three or four different patterns.

16. The District Magistrate adds but a few brief remarks.

KOLÁBA.

Mr. Beatty, who was in charge from June 4th, has submitted a very clear and concise report. Before he joined the district no less than three officers held the post of District Superintendent of Police during the year; and this constant change is not of course beneficial to the force.

2. Supplementary Statement I shows an increase of pending cases under the Indian Penal Code of 135, of which 64 are under thefts. Mr. Beatty explains that in the greater number of these cases final reports have been sent to the Magistrates, but final orders have not been received.

3. The number of real cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code that occurred during the year is almost the same as for 1887, the figures being for this year 502 and for that year 513. The total number of all cases for disposal under all headings appears very different. The sum total for 1888 was 1,619, of which no less than 930 were excluded, and for 1887, 1,607, of which 854 were excluded. Taking Mr. Beatty's figures for 1887 and 1888, which seem to have been prepared very carefully, for the purpose of comparison under the new system, the percentage of conviction to real cognizable cases disposed of is slightly better this year than last. Comparing the working of the Kolába Police with that of other districts by means of the percentages appended to Supplementary Statement No. I, Kolába has been altogether more successful than the average of districts in the Presidency or the Southern Division. This percentage for Indian Penal Code cases is in Kolába 75 as compared with 51 for the Presidency and 46 for the Southern Division, that for theft alone being 80 as against 55 and 53. Kolába has also a like superiority under persons. The figures under each of the five classes show results similar to those under the grand total. The percentage of property recovered to property stolen in true cases disposed of is for Kolába 74, the Presidency 57 and the Southern Division 54, and the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which it was stolen is for Kolába 94 to 79 and 80 for the Presidency and Southern Division respectively. The Kolába Police have therefore been extremely successful.

4. There were 7 true cases of murder for disposal in 1888, including 1 pending from previous year, as compared with 5 in 1887. Three ended in conviction, 3 in acquittal and 1 remained undetected. Two of the cases were infanticides. Under attempts and culpable homicide there were 5 true cases for disposal: of these 4 ended in conviction and 1 is pending. The Police have thus dealt efficiently with these serious crimes. There has been no dacoity in the district for two years. Remarkable success has been achieved in cases of stolen property. There were 13 Police cases in 1888, all of which ended in conviction, and in 1887 there were 21, of which 20 ended in conviction. The Superintendent points out that of Rs. 12,094 alleged to have been stolen in pending cases certain documents have been valued at Rs. 1,550, which documents have been found to be valueless. Of the balance Rs. 2,041 have been recovered.

5. The large percentage of excluded cases referred to above prominently attracts attention. Of the 872 excluded cases 794 were struck off as no offence, and of these 51 were maliciously false. All this adds greatly to the work of the

Police. In 15 of the most flagrant cases, prosecutions were made for bringing false charges, but it is very difficult to obtain convictions, and only 4 cases were successfully disposed of. It is anything but satisfactory to see so much of the time of Government officers wasted in investigating false or frivolous complaints. As regards those referred to the Police by the Magistrates, the District Magistrate observes that owing to the recent stringent orders of Government there will probably now be some diminution in the number.

6. As regards supervision over bad characters Mr. Beatty states that registers are kept at every Police station and outpost; and from what he has seen during his recent tour of inspection he considers that the Police pay a fair amount of attention to this part of their work.

7. Mr. Beatty thinks that the number of men, about 1,080, who have licenses to carry firearms is excessive for the size of the district. Mr. Sinclair, the District Magistrate, however points out that firearms have not been used for crime in the district for many years; and adds that there are various advantages in Kolába in issuing licenses freely.

8. With reference to the conduct and efficiency of the Police Mr. Beatty thinks that taking all things into consideration the efficiency of the Police in this district may be considered satisfactory, though there is naturally much to be desired in this respect. There is a difficulty in getting recruits who combine physique with intelligence and respectability. The small number of the cases in which the native officers have reported their men for any offences shows that they do not exercise a strict supervision over their men. One reason for this is the fear of anonymous petitions against themselves if they report men of bad character. On this subject the District Magistrate writes that:—

"If the District Superintendent of Police makes a habit of paying no attention to such petitions, they will presently cease. The writer of such a petition does not intend to prove his assertions, or expect that they will be proved. All he wants is to inflict upon his enemy the annoyance of an inquiry, and when the officer receiving the petition has played into his hands by ordering that he is content. If, on the other hand, he waits and watches in vain for the enquiry (of which he always takes care to be informed), be gets tired, after a while, of writing and the nuisance stops. * * * The nuisance is not local; the undersigned has found it extremely prevalent, for instance, in Kaira and Shikárpur. It simply follows officers who permit it."

These views appear to the Inspector-General to be purely theoretical. Straightforward officers, who have confidence in their superiors, need not and do not fear anonymous charges by subordinates.

9. The total number of punishments is 22 as against an average of 33. Some remarks on this subject will be found in my last year's report on the Kolába and Belgaum districts. Only two districts in the Presidency show a smaller percentage than Kolába. Kolába stands at the top of the list as regards percentages of men rewarded, but in case of promotions it is exceedingly hard to determine when a promotion constitutes a reward and when it does not. The percentage of officers who can read and write has gone up from 72 in 1887 to 77 in 1888. That of the men stands at 35 in each year. Kolába has a fair place in the comparative list of districts under this head.

10. On the subject of drill, Mr. Beatty states that he was unfavourably impressed on coming to the district with the standard of drill of the force, which seemed far below that of other districts, and the District Magistrate considers the discipline of the force at present weak and its drill neglected. In both these points the force must have considerably deteriorated since the close of 1886 when the drill was very smart and the discipline good. Mr. Beatty has sent four men for instruction as drill masters to the Marine Battalion in Bombay. There were no escapes from Police custody in 1888 and two men, who escaped in 1887, were arrested in 1888.

11. Out of 15 serious crimes, 5 were personally investigated by the Superintendent in charge. In 7 cases the accused was arrested at once, in 1 he was known but absconded, and 1 case of murder was struck off as no offence.

12. All the 8 Police stations and 23 out of the 24 outposts were visited and inspected.

13. With regard to arms, 130 new carbines have lately been supplied to the district and 41 more are provided for in the budget. The accoutrements and ammunition are in serviceable condition.

14. Mr. Beatty's supervision has been marked by intelligence, zeal and care.

RATNA'GIRI.

This district has been unfortunate in the number of changes of District Superintendent of Police during the year. Mr. H. Kennedy was only four months in charge altogether; and for five months there was no Police officer available as District Superintendent, Mr. Cumine, Assistant Collector, carrying on the work in addition to his own duties.

2. Mr. Kennedy's report does not contain so much information as I should have expected, and it is altogether a disappointing one. The greater part of it consists of a mere repetition in words of what is elsewhere given in figures. As regards a comparison with last year's work the Superintendent states that it is only by the most intricate deductions that any approach to similarity in the figures relating to cases of the two years can be obtained. Practically no attempt has been made to institute any comparison concerning cases, although in most districts the Superintendents have grappled with the difficulty. As regards persons the Superintendent says that there is no hindrance to a comparison being effected, because both in the old and new forms all persons arrested are brought to account. But even here the comparison instituted does not go into any details. All that is said is that, taking Police cases under the Indian Penal Code generally the percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested is 63, and persons convicted to persons put on their trial 66, with the remark that these figures show a slight improvement over those of last year. The only further comparisons with last year's results that the report contains I give in full:—

"Taking murders and culpable homicides, this year does not compare at all favourably with last year or even with the average of past years; there has been more crime and it has been less satisfactorily dealt with. Fluctuations of this kind must occur and the Police are not responsible for unfavourable results. * * The number of theft cases for disposal is much the same as that of last year. The proportion of conviction in such cases has also remained much the same."

3. Turning to the figures in Supplementary Statement I., I observe that the number of Indian Penal Code cases pending at the beginning and end of the year is almost identical. The number undisposed of at the end of the year is 164. In this matter Ratnágiri compares favourably with most districts; and the Superintendent points out that if the Magistrates would only issue final orders within a reasonable interval after the receipt of final Police reports, much fewer cases would appear as pending. As regards the work of Ratnágiri Magistrates in direct cases, the following figures call for very unfavourable notice. In theft cases the Magistrates arrested 98 persons, of whom 86 were disposed of by trial, but the number of convictions was only 9. This indiscriminate ordering of arrests on their part has of course affected the total percentages of the district. In conviction to true Indian Penal Code cases disposed of Ratnágiri has a much higher percentage than the average of districts in the Southern Division or Presidency in general, the figures for Ratnágiri being 58 as compared with 46 for the Southern Division and 51 for the Presidency. In cases actually brought before the Courts Ratnágiri has not been equally successful, the percentage of conviction to true cases decided by trial being for Ratnágiri 69, the Southern Division 71 and the Presidency 72. Taking these figures from another point of view and drawing general results from the combination, I consider that the working of the Ratnágiri Police compares favourably with other districts. The reason why the figures in the second test are comparatively less favourable to Ratnágiri than those in the first is because the number of cases disposed of without being brought to trial, *i.e.*, undetected cases, is very small, being only 37 for Ratnágiri as compared with an average of 140 for the districts in the Southern Division. I conclude that in cases in which a certain amount of evidence is available, but not sufficient to guarantee a conviction, the Ratnágiri Police have judged it better to send up

the case for trial than report it as undetected. In some of these instances conviction would follow, in others not; and the percentage of conviction to the total number of cases disposed of would to a certain extent improve, and of convictions to cases decided by trial to a certain extent suffer by this procedure. I am certainly of opinion that it is desirable that true cases should be decided by the Courts even if evidence to secure a conviction cannot be obtained. In percentages relating to persons Ratnágiri is somewhat inferior to the Southern Division and Presidency. As regards property, less per cent. has been recovered in Ratnágiri than in the Southern Division and Presidency generally, but some recovery has been effected in a larger proportion of cases.

4. Ratnágiri has the smallest percentage of men punished of all the districts in the Presidency, and the highest percentage of men rewarded except two. The number of men punished is less than last year and below the average. However the Superintendent notes that some of the punishments appertaining to the year were not inflicted until 1889 as some delinquencies which occurred in Mr. Kennedy's absence were left to be dealt with by him on his return. As Mr. Kennedy was away so much of the year he cannot express an accurate opinion on the conduct and efficiency of the Police, but it seems to him that on the whole the conduct of the Police has been satisfactory. As regards education, the number of men who can read and write has declined by 9, but Ratnágiri has the fourth best percentage in the Presidency.

5. Circumstances have prevented as much attention as usual being paid to drill. The number of marksmen has increased from 21 to 24.

6. The arms, ammunition and accoutrements have been regularly inspected; and as far as outward appearances go, everything is now in good order. The men have been armed with new muzzle-loading carbines; the ammunition supplied is also new. The accoutrements are all in good condition, and new batons have been provided to the force during the year.

7. Of 9 serious crimes 3 occurred when Mr. Beatty was in charge and 6 during Mr. Cumine's administration. In 2 of the cases that occurred in Mr. Beatty's time, the accused was at once arrested; the other was personally investigated. Out of 12 Police stations and 37 outposts, 9 and 29 respectively were visited and inspected.

8. Concerning supervision over bad characters Mr. Kennedy says that he has described the system in force in former reports. As those reports went to the Commissioner I cannot refer to them. Registers are kept up at Police stations and outposts. Some Chief Constables appear to excercise efficient supervision over these people and others do not.

REMARKS ON THE POLICE REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1888.

No. 1112 OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Karáchi, 28th September 1889.

The season was characterised by a low and unsteady inundation, the effects of which were very marked in the southern parts of the province. At the same time there was a failure of rain in Thar and Párkar and in the tracts skirting the hills on the west, which caused much distress. Under these circumstances it is satisfactory to find that the number of true cognisable cases punishable under the Indian Penal Code has fallen from 6,501 to 6,351. The number of serious crimes was the same as last year, *viz.* 3,879, the decrease in thefts and culpable homicides being counterbalanced by an increase of 10 in murders, 4 in robberies and 27 in cases of receiving stolen property. It is to be regretted that crimes of violence show an increase, but no safe deduction can be drawn from the comparison of a single year with another. At times an epidemic of murder bursts out in some parts of the country from some inexplicable causes; but it would not be right to conclude that the general body of the people have become less law-abiding in their habits.

2. When the work of the Police of the province is judged by the percentages given in Supplementary Statement No. I and summarised in paragraph 15 of the report, it will appear that in most respects the results compare favourably with those attained in the divisions of the Presidency Proper. According to 4 out of the 7 tests applied, Sind stands first, in one second, in one third, and in one lowest. The last mentioned is the percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen. For this the difficulties which stand in the way of the recovery of property in cases of cattle-lifting, the prevailing crime in Sind, and which are noticed in the abstract of the district reports, pages 31 @ 35 and 38, are perhaps sufficient to account.

3. There was also a decrease of 205 cases of non-cognisable crime. The low percentage of convictions to the number of persons appearing before the Courts, 15·3, suggests the inference that the processes of the Courts are very frequently made use of for purposes of intimidation and annoyance. But the same state of things appears to prevail in the Presidency Proper, no higher percentage having been obtained anywhere except in the Northern Division.

4. There is practically no professional crime in the province unless cattle-stealing be considered such, in which case it would be necessary to enrol the greater part of the population among professional criminals, for few of them can resist the temptation to engage in cattle-theft on fitting opportunity. In paragraph 24 of his report the Inspector-General says: "In Upper Sind Frontier cattle-thieving has prevailed to a great extent. During the year the number of cases amounted to 155, whereas none were recorded in the previous year. This fact is striking and should have been explained by the Superintendent. No less than 310 persons concerned in this class of crime are still supposed to be at large." The Commissioner does not understand what is meant by this statement. There never yet was a year in which there were not numerous cases of cattle-theft in the Frontier District, and, as a reference to paragraph 3 of the abstract of Mr. Austin's report, page 38 of the printed compilation will show, there has this year been a considerable decline in their number as compared with 1887.

5. The Inspector-General is in error in stating that the punitive post placed at Dubar in the Rohri Táluka has been removed. The continuance of the post was sanctioned by the Commissioner for a further period of one year in consequence of the persistent bad conduct of the Jagiranis.

6. In the Karáchi District the number of Penal Code cases rose from 971 to 1,179, the increase being mainly under the head of Theft. This was the natural result of the bad season from which this district suffered to a greater extent than any other part of Sind. The work of the Police was attended by an amount of success which, when compared with the results obtained elsewhere,

may be considered satisfactory. The Commissioner fully concurs in the opinion expressed by the District Magistrate and the Inspector-General regarding the good services rendered by Colonel Simpson.

7. There has been little fluctuation in the total amount of crime recorded in the Hyderabad District, but owing to the confusion in the figures furnished by the Superintendent it is not easy to make any detailed comparison with the previous year. It would appear, however, that the number of true cognisable offences dealt with directly by the Police shows a slight decrease; but that there was an increase of serious crime in all classes except dacoity, which, except in a strictly technical sense, does not exist in the province. The most notable increase is in cases of theft, which has risen from 1,185 to 1,533. As regards the success of the Police in dealing with the cases, the results compare favorably with those of Sind and the Presidency.

8. The desert tálukás of Thar and Párkar again suffered from deficient rainfall, and consequently there was an influx of people from these tálukás and the neighbouring Native States into the Nára valley. Hence it is not surprising to find that the true reported Indian Penal Code cases have risen from 369 in 1887 to 463 in the year under report. The work done by the Police in this district appears to be good. The Commissioner agrees with the Deputy Commissioner that it would not be advisable to reduce their number. The population is rapidly increasing in the Nára valley, and it will always be necessary to maintain a strong and efficient force in the desert tálukás.

9. Of all the districts in the province the Shikárpur District alone shows a decrease in the number of serious offences and the number of true Indian Penal Code cases reported. The number of the latter is 206 less than in the previous year, and 523 less than the average of the past three years; while there is a decrease in every class of serious crime. This is the most satisfactory feature of the year's report for the province. Crime had increased so greatly in this district during the last ten years as to give rise to some uneasiness, but it is hoped that the turning point has now been passed and that in future offences will be fewer. The District Magistrate observes that he does not consider there has been any real decrease in the crime of cattle-theft. No doubt many cases are still not reported; but the Commissioner believes that the registration of all crime, including cattle theft, has very much improved of late years, so that the figures may be taken as evidence of a real decrease in the number of thefts committed even though they do not show the whole number committed during the year. It is noteworthy, moreover, that the decrease in the crime recorded in this district has been coincident with a very large increase in the area of land under cultivation. The Superintendent of Police advocates the introduction of the Criminal Tribes Act into Sind, but the Commissioner considers that the provisions of that Act are entirely unsuitable to the conditions of the province. Many of the members of all the Biluchi tribes domiciled in Sind are cattle-thieves, but on the other hand every tribe includes a number of respectable men of good position and many inoffensive and law-abiding cultivators. It is obvious that under these circumstances it would be impossible to apply the Act to any tribe as a whole, and if only the individual bad characters are to be sought out and placed under restraints, the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code are sufficient. The percentage of convictions to arrests compares unfavorably with the percentages of other districts, but, as the Inspector-General observes, it shows a great improvement on the extraordinary figures of other years. The amount of property stolen has also steadily decreased for a term of years and the amount recovered has increased. On the whole, the working of the Police in this district has been satisfactory and shows very encouraging signs of improvement.

10. There is little worthy of note in the report for the Upper Sind Frontier District. Crime remained almost stationary, while the Police have met with a slightly greater degree of success in dealing with it. Considering the peculiarly difficult nature of the district, the Commissioner agrees with the Inspector-General that the results are satisfactory.

11. In paragraph 3 of their Resolution, Judicial Department, No. 2837 of the 28th May last, Government have directed the Commissioner in Sind, in commenting on the Police Report for 1888, to report fully on those portions

of the note by Mr. Heaton, appended to the Resolution quoted, which relate to Sind.

12. Mr. Heaton deals with his subject under two heads:—

I.—The State of Crime.

II.—The Efficiency of the Police.

13. As measures of the state of crime he proposes:—

(*a*) the number of true cognizable cases reported,

(*b*) the number of persons convicted,

(*c*) the number of convicts committed to jail.

Practically, however, his conclusions seem to be based almost entirely on the first standard, the others being used only for purposes of corroboration and correction of error. In this he is undoubtedly right. As the registration of crime becomes more perfect, the need for other measures will be superseded; nor can other measures ever make up for imperfect registration. There is in fact no real connection between the numbers of convictions and of committals, and the state of crime, the former being at any time liable to be reduced by inefficiency on the part of the Police or Judiciary, coincidently with an actual increase in the classes of crime they are supposed to measure. Mr. Heaton has himself brought this point out very strongly in the latter portion of the last chapter of his note.

14. The comparison which he institutes between the state of crime—

I, in the Presidency Proper,

II, in Sind,

during the two periods 1875-76 and 1884—1887 brings out the result that in the Presidency Proper there has been a general decrease and in Sind a general increase in the latter period as compared with the former.

15. The conclusion drawn, that in Sind there has been an increase in reported crime both absolutely, and in proportion to the population, is correct as far as it goes; and assuming the improvement in registration to be about the same in Sind and in the Presidency Proper, the comparison is unfavorable to Sind. But the whole question turns on this assumption, and, as a matter of fact, there is reason to believe that till Mr. Erskine took up the question about 1880, the registration of crime in Sind was very much more defective than in the long settled districts of the Presidency. Mr. Heaton practically acknowledges this in the remark made in Part III of Chapter III of his note when he says that it is very doubtful indeed whether much of the apparent increase is not due to the inaccuracies of statistics of earlier years and that very possibly there has been no substantial increase of crime whatever. Had the registration of offences in the Presidency during the earlier years selected for comparison been as imperfect as it was in Sind, it is possible that the comparison might have yielded results as unfavorable.

16. Another point to be noticed is that the years 1875 and 1876 were both favorable seasons, the latter in particular being one of the best ever known, and that in Sind the state of crime is specially liable to fluctuate with the character of the inundation, the effect of which on the state of the people throughout the province is much more general than is commonly the case where harvest prospects depend upon local rainfall. Comparison with these two particular years would, therefore, hardly be a fair test even if the registration during both periods had been equally accurate.

17. For any trustworthy conclusion to be drawn as to the general tendency of crime a broader basis of comparison is required. Mr. Heaton has not taken the years 1877, '78 and '79 into consideration because they were famine years. There was no famine in Sind, though there were disturbing influences, the effect of which is still felt, and these years cannot be omitted in giving a general view of the state of crime in the province during the past 12 years. He has also rejected the figures for 1880, '81, '82 and '83 because (1) cases taken up directly by Magistrates are not included in the Police statistics, and (2) there are certain errors in the returns for some districts. An examination of the returns for the Sind Districts shows that the Karáchi figures for 1880 and

1881 " cases not inquired into " included a number of cases " struck off " which were again entered in the column for " struck off " cases. In the Hyderabad returns for 1880 a number of struck off cases were included in " cases not inquired into " and not shown under their proper heading. These mistakes were pointed out by the Commissioner in 1881 and can easily be corrected. The returns of the other districts present no difficulty. Hence fairly trustworthy figures can be obtained for Sind for these four years, *exclusive of direct cases.*

18. The following statement shows the number of true cases and number of persons convicted from 1875 to 1888 :—

	Years.	True reported cases.	Persons convicted.	
	1875... ...	5,453	3,586	
	1876... ...	4,604	3,198	
	1877... ...	5,539	3,637	
	1878... ...	7,519	5,487	Afghan War. Construction of railway. 1878 was year of heavy flood.
	1879... ...	8,933	6,469	
Exclusive of direct cases.	1880... ...	8,923	4,817	Prices high owing to famine in Bombay and war.
	1881... ...	8,055	4,005	
	1882... ...	7,072	3,459	Year of high flood.
	1883... ...	7,331	3,427	
	1884... ...	6,874	3,624	
	1885... ...	6,575	3,553	
	1886... ...	6,330	3,767	
	1887... ...	6,528	4,001	
	1888... ...	6,351	4,235	

It seems impossible to hold, on an examination of the above figures, that there is any general tendency to an increase of crime in Sind. The tendency is all the other way. The social and economic disturbances arising out of the Afghan War and the prosecution of railway construction led to a great and sudden increase in the number of offences in 1878 to 1881 and introduced fresh criminal elements which have not yet been altogether got rid of. But since peace was restored, and registration of crime began to improve, say from 1880, although there have been fluctuations, there has, on the whole, been a steady decrease, which would be greater than it is shown to be if direct cases were included in the figures for 1880—83.

19. Apart from the comparison between the two separate periods he has selected, Mr. Heaton remarks that " a scrutiny of the " crimes of the last four years only will show that " Sind is in a distinctly unsatisfactory condition. " Murder, culpable homicide, attempt at murder, robbery, house-breaking, " receiving stolen property, theft and riot and unlawful assembly were all more " prevalent in 1887 than in 1884, and all show a tendency towards increase " rather than decrease." Taking these classes of cases *seriatim* a reference to Plate VIII appended to the note will show that—

Chapter III, Part III, page 18 of the note.

a. There were 40 cases of murder in 1886 and 1887 against 37 in 1884 and 38 in 1885. The cases of culpable homicide and attempt at murder ran from 16 in 1884 to 21 in 1887. Taking the two together, there were 61 cases in 1887 against 53 in 1884 and 63 in 1875. The last-mentioned year was, as already noted, one singularly free from crime in a general sense. The comparatively small number of murders and culpable homicides occurring in any particular year is liable to be affected by causes altogether unconnected with the general state of crime in the district, and it is difficult to draw any reliable conclusions as to an increase or otherwise in the tendency of the people to crimes of this class from the premises available. It should be noted, however, that there has been a further increase in the number of murders in 1888 from 40 to 50, coupled with a decrease of 4 in the number of cases of culpable homicides and attempt to murder. (*Vide* paragraph 1 above.)

b.—Under robbery the cases fluctuate from 38 to 43, 35 being the lowest figure in 1885. The number in 1888 is 50.

c.—Under house-breaking the number ranges from 1,088 to 1,172, having been 1,203 in 1885.

d.—Under receiving stolen property the number starts with 281 in 1884, rises to 318 in 1885, falls to 284 in 1886, and rises again to 296 in 1887. In 1888 there were 304 cases.

e.—Uunder theft the number was 2,742 in 1884, 3,593 in 1885, 3,314 in 1886, and 3,487 in 1887. In 1888 the number was 3,430.

20. There seems to be some error in the curves of grievous hurt and riot given in Plate VIII, and they must be excluded. The figures for 1888, where they are given above, are taken from the table at para. 7 of the Inspector-General's Police Report for that year; but it must be noted that the figures there given for 1887 do not agree with those in the plates attached to Mr. Heaton's note, and it is quite possible that in dealing with such masses of confusing figures mistakes may have crept in which materially affect the results. Accepting Mr. Heaton's figures as they stand, however, it must be admitted that they are unfavourable to Sind so far as they go. All that can be said is that the period they cover is too short, the field too small, and the fluctuations too marked for any conclusive inference as to the general tendency to be drawn from them.

21. Turning now to the second head discussed in the note, the state of Police efficiency, Mr. Heaton lays down the principle—an indisputably correct one—that the percentages of convictions obtained to persons dealt with, &c., if taken by themselves, are absolutely inconclusive, though, when considered side by side with the state of crime, they throw a useful light on the state of the case. He shows that, as a matter of fact, the proportion of convictions increases, for reasons which it is not difficult to understand, coincidently with such increase of crime as is the result of exceptional causes, and that a decrease in the proportion of convictions may co-exist with an indisputable decrease of crime. The efficiency of the Police, in short, in any district must be judged by its capability of coping with the conditions of crime in that district so as to bring about a reduction in the amount of crime, or, at least, prevent it from gaining ground, rather than with reference to any general scale of proportion between convictions and investigations. Thus where crime is specially prevalent, the Police, to be regarded as efficient, must, generally speaking, be able to show a larger percentage of convictions than in districts where crime has been reduced to a lower normal level, and it is when crime is increasing while the proportion of convictions decreases, or remains stationary, that serious ground for alarm exists.

22. Regarding the question from this point of view, Mr. Heaton considers the state of the Police in the Presidency Proper as generally satisfactory, in view of the marked decrease he finds in the amount of crime in spite of increased completeness and accuracy of registration. In Sind, where his figures show an increase in crime, he applies his further test and compares the percentages obtained there during the years 1884—87 with those obtained during the same period in three districts of Gujarát most nearly approaching Sind in point of criminality.

23. Accepting what is understood to be his argument, *viz.*, that since there is in Sind even more crime than in Gujarát, the Police should be able to show at least as good a standard of convictions, failing which they cannot be regarded as equal to the task they have to perform, it must be noted that the classes of cases dealt with, and the proportion of convictions obtained in each, should not be lost sight of in considering which of two districts shows the best standard. A Police which deals successfully with serious offences may, for practical purposes, be much more efficient than one which obtains a higher all round percentage by success in minor offences. The following tables exhibit the percentages taken from Annual Police Statement, Supplementary No. I for 1888, for the various classes of serious cases and for Indian Penal Code cases generally, with the order in which the 5 districts of Sind stand, as compared with Ahmedabad, Kaira and the Panch Maháls, in respect of percentages shown under each class of cases separately, and under murder, culpable homicide, theft and stolen property collectively, obtained by adding together the places occupied by each district in each percentage for each class and placing them according to the smallness of the total:—

STATEMENT A.

District.	Murder.				Culpable Homicide.				Robberies.				Dacoities.				Thefts.				Receiving Stolen Property.				Indian Penal Code Cases.				Remarks.
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*.	Persons convicted to persons disposed of by trial.	
Karáchi	50	50	30·76	30·76	100	100	60	60	87·5	100	44·43	72·72	...	...	...	...	58·34	54·55	70·19	77·99	74·35	80·60	81·82	69·81	52·45	55·37	53·87	68·03	
Hyderabad	58·33	58·33	45	45	66·67	66·67	66·67	66·67	56·25	64·29	57·69	57·69	100	100	40	40	87·94	88·12	61·55	76·03	80·60	81·82	69·81	74·75	84·46	82·52	63	69·53	
Thar and Párkar ...	33·33	33·33	20	20	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52·63	52·24	75·81	59·49	68·85	45·45	45·45	36·60	36·59	71·92	52·53	52·03	61·12	
Shikárpur	46·15	54·54	27·27	37·50	50	80	40	57·14	72·72	72·22	52·63	57·14	100	100	80	80	77·72	61·33	68·96	34·78	48·78	27·92	33·15	46·40	71·50	51·81	59·05	
Upper Sind Frontier.	92·30	100	0·83	70·83	100	100	33·33	50	100	100	50	50	...	...	...	...	87·40	56·22	68·90	73·33	81·48	42·03	50	45·04	86·32	52·58	58·76		
Ahmedabad	50	71·42	31·03	31·03	68·75	73·33	45·45	51·72	61·11	70·96	55·12	68·25	16·66	25	18·71	18·71	40·36	87·50	54·06	67·04	72·22	77·61	59·85	71·73	52·86	72·40	50·14	62·78	
Kaira	16·66	33·33	33·33	33·33	71·42	71·42	66·66	66·66	55·55	83·33	52	76·47	16·66	100	40	40	46·04	85·15	70·78	79·14	80	81·25	68·42	75·68	46·35	78·40	62·08	69·67	
Panch Mahals ...	40	40	28·57	28·57	60	60	33·33	33·33	80	80	85·71	85·71	100	100	58·33	58·33	60·69	78·63	54·06	67·04	72·22	77·61	59·85	71·73	52·86	72·40	50·14	62·78	
																	88·92	87·50	80·38	82·24	95	95	85·71	85·71	88·18	83·54	68·59	72·44	

STATEMENT B.

District.	Order of merit according to average place in the Percentages in Statement A.								Remarks.
	Serious Cases.								
	Murder.	Culpable Homicide.	Robberies.	Dacoities.	Thefts.	Receiving Stolen Property	Serious Cases taken collectively except Robbery and Dacoity.	Indian Penal Code Cases collectively.	
Karáchi	5	3	2	...	3	4	2	3	
Hyderabad	2	2	7	3	2	2	1	2	
Thar and Párkar ...	8	1	...	...	7	7	6	7	
Shikárpur	4	7	6	1	5	8	8	8	
Upper Sind Frontier.	1	5	3	...	8	5	2	5	
Ahmedabad ...	3	6	5	5	6	5	7	5	
Kaira	6	4	4	4	4	3	5	4	
Panch Maháls ...	7	8	1	2	1	1	4	1	

24. The correctness of the percentages is not altogether free from doubt; but taking them for what they are worth, it will be seen that of the 8 districts compared, the Panch Maháls comes near the bottom in murder and culpable homicide and at the top in the other classes, while the Sind districts, except Thar and Párkar and Shikárpur, which are generally near the bottom, may be said at least to hold their own.

25. On the whole there seems to be no sufficient reason for believing that crime is obtaining the upper hand in Sind any more than in the Presidency. At the same time it must be admitted that things are not in a satisfactory condition. The decrease in crime, if the Police arrangements were thoroughly efficient, should have been much more rapid than it has been. That crime is kept in check at all is probably due much more to the hold which the District Officers still have over the zamindárs and, through them, over the criminals than to the direct agency of the Police—that hold should be and will be maintained as long as possible. It must, however, ultimately disappear with the introduction of newer methods of administration and with the decay of the zamindárs' own influence. When this happens the Police force will need to be exceptionally efficient to make head against the difficulties arising from the hereditary character and habits of a large proportion of the population, and from the constant influx of bad characters from across the frontier and from the Punjáb.

26. There is a very general *consensus* of opinion among the District Magistrates and Superintendents of Police that the character of the Police force in Sind is steadily deteriorating, and there is much reason to fear that this is the case. It is a common complaint throughout the Presidency that the Police are underpaid considering the often arduous and always responsible nature of the duties they have to perform, the intelligence required to perform those duties properly, and the temptations to which they are exposed. In Sind these considerations have even more force than elsewhere. Wages are higher, living is more expensive, and the people set more store by their personal ease and dignity. In former times service in the Police of the province was regarded as honourable, and respectable men were willing to enlist in the force on account of the respect and consideration which the position secured for them. Now a policeman is not only hardworked, ill paid, and except perhaps in Thar and Párkar, where there are other drawbacks to efficiency, ill clothed, but, as Mr. Heaton has pointed out, in every criminal case in which he is engaged he is almost as much on his trial as the accused himself, liable to be browbeaten and misrepresented by pleaders, and the constant object of censure, deserved or otherwise, from the bench. It is not surprising that under these circumstances it is found impossible to induce respectable men to join the force. The candi-

dates for employment come from the most ignorant and indolent classes of the population, who, when employed, set so little value on the service that they resign whenever the fancy takes them. As an instance, it may be noticed that in the Hyderabad District out of a force of 905 men 96 resigned in the course of the year. Fortunately there still remain some men of a better class in the higher ranks of the service, but as these disappear, the inefficiency of the force will become more pronounced, and it will be impossible to obtain intelligent and trustworthy officers from the lower ranks of the service. The Commissioner would very earnestly press upon the attention of Government the special necessity for taking early steps to improve the pay and position of the Police force in Sind.

27. A statement showing the information asked for in Government Rosolution No. 3272 of the 21st June 1889, paragraph 2, regarding the working of the Arms Act is also appended.

A. C. TREVOR,
Acting Commissioner in Sind.

Commissioner's Office :
Karáchi, 28th September 1889.

No. 1959 OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Collector's Office,
Karáchi, 21st September 1889.

Submitted to the Commissioner in Sind in compliance with his Memorandum No. 1059, dated 16th instant.

R. I. CRAWFORD, Colonel,
District Magistrate, Karáchi.

[*Statement*

Statement showing Arms, &c., received into and sent out of Karáchi during 1888 under cover of Licenses.

RECEIVED INTO KARA'CHI.

	Guns.	Rifles.	Revolvers.	Carbines.	Sword, Bayonet and Scabbard.	Ventometres.	Hunting Knives.	Air Gun.	Fowling Pieces.	Screw-drivers.	Nipple Wrenches.	Powder and Shot Measures.	Loading Machines.	Extractors.	Recapping Machines.	Pistols.	Powder Flasks.	Concentrators.	Caps.	Cartridges.	Fuses.	Sulphur.	Gun-powder
																						Cwt.	Lbs.
By import, including transhipment.	20	10 and 6 cases.	3	3	2	2	18	1	4	4	2	8	9	3	5 and 10 sets.	4	25 flasks and 100 half barrels.	16,000	2,246,000	425,000 and 5 cases.	Coils 157,450 and 56 lbs.	1,773	409,169
By transport ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	..	..
Total ..	20	16 and 6 cases.	3	3	2	2	18	1	4	4	2	8	9	3	5 and 10 sets.	4	25 flasks and 100 half barrels.	16,000	2,246,000	425,000 and 5 cases.	Coils 157,450 and 56 lbs.	1,773	409,169

SENT OUT OF KARA'CHI.

By export	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	..	..
																						Cwt.	Lbs.
By transport ..	..	2	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	No. 6	..	1,395,250	142,300	143 casks and 15,900 coils.	1,487	287,692
By transhipment ..	5	No. 6 and 6 cases.	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	10 sets	4	Half barrels 100	..	17,000	82,200 and 5 cases.	....	..	..
Total ..	5	No. 8 and 6 cases.	..	..	..	..	6	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	10 sets	4	No. 6 Half barrels 100	..	1,412,250	224,500 and 5 cases.	143 casks and 15,900 coils.	1,487	287,692

RECEIVED INTO KARA'CHI.

	Saltpetre.	Felt Wads.	Paper Wads.	Gun Wads.	Lead.	Gelatine Blasting.	Dynamite.	Detonators.	Signals denoting Fogs.	Resizing Tools.	Bullets.	Bullet Fuses.	Bullet Moulds.	Primers.	Anvils.	Rods.	Remarks.
						Lbs.				Sets.		Sets.	Sets.				
By import, including transhipment.	18 Cwt.	225 Lbs. and 1 case.	84,000 and 100 packets	.. ..	404 Cwt. and 26 slabs.	4,000	36,820	62,500	..	10	1,200	10	10	5,00,000	2,000	2	
By transport ..	7,733 Mds.	.. ..	....	....	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	18 Cwt. 7,733 Mds.	225 Lbs. and 1 case.	84,000 and 100 packets	.. ..	404 Cwt. and 26 slabs.	4,000	36,820	62,500	..	10	1,200	10	10	5,00,000	2,000	2	

SENT OUT OF KARA'CHI.

By export	7,242 Cwt.	....	....	.. ..	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
					Cwt.	Lbs.	Lbs.	No.	Dozen	Sets.		Sets.	Sets.				
By transport ..	19 Mds.	213 Lbs.	197,000	26½ dozen boxes.	162	4,000	35,920	55,000	200	10	..	10	10	500,000	..	..	
transhipment ..	15 Bags.	....	....	.. ..	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	7,242 Cwt. 19 Mds. 15 Bags.	213 Lbs.	197,000	26½ dozen boxes.	162	4,000	35,920	55,000	200	10	..	10	10	500,000	..	..	

Memo. showing Arms, &c., passed out of Karáchi under cover of licenses to go armed :—

Guns ..	6	Pistols	3
Swords ..	4	Fowling piece	1
Revolver ..	1		

R. I. CRAWFORD, Colonel,
District Magistrate.

No. 1346 OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Poona, 11th October 1889.

Forwarded to Government.

2. This is the first report submitted by the Inspector-General of Police in which the working of the Police as regards crime is also dealt with by that officer, and Mr. Ommanney welcomes the arrangement, as "the head of the Department" is thus enabled to review the entire operations of the Police; I believe, however, that the Divisional Commissioners are still (at any rate nominally) the *heads of the Department.*

3. The new statistical table (Supplementary Statement No. I) is practically of little use this year, as the Inspector-General of Police has found it impossible to compile a similar statement for the preceding year; but it appears that some Superintendents prepared, in their own offices, a statement for 1887, and it is to be regretted that the difficulty of compiling the statement in the Inspector-General's office was not foreseen and all Superintendents directed to submit statements for the previous year also.

4. *Para. 4.*—With reference to the remarks of the Inspector-General of Police in para. 4 as regards the defects of the old form, it may be observed that the Commissioners being fully aware of its shortcomings found it necessary to supplement it by additional tables in their own reports, thus laying before Government information regarding the working of the Police in as complete a manner as possible.

5. The superiority of the new statement is undeniable, but I venture to think that there is a grave defect in it. The percentage tests applied do not, I submit, show the *real detective ability* of the Police. In order to exhibit this a column should be added showing "the total number of real cognizable cases" and in the table below the form the "percentage of cases decided by trial to real cognizable cases" should be given, as this would be the most valuable test of the detective ability of the Police. I find from the remarks in para. 3 of Government Resolution No. 6757, dated 10th December 1888, reviewing the reports for 1887, that Government attach much importance to this test. Similarly, I think, the "number of persons concerned in real cognizable cases" should be shown separately and the "percentage of persons concerned in cases decided by trial to the number arrested in real cognizable cases," given in the table below the form.

6. *Para. 5.*—The explanation furnished in para. 5 seems to show that either Statement A, Part I, or Supplementary Statement I, must be incorrectly prepared. It is important that the statistics should be compiled as accurately as possible, and I would suggest that the Inspector-General of Police should be directed to send for the crime returns for two or three districts and ascertain exactly how each of the above statements has been compiled.

7. *Paras. 7 and 8.*—From the comparative statement in para. 7, showing real cognizable cases, it appears that a large increase in offences generally, and serious offences specially, has occurred in the Northern Division. Considering the unfavourable season in the northern districts of Guzerát, the increase of crime is not to be wondered at. The increase occurs in all districts except Surat and Thána. Under "Serious Crime" there were 8 cases of murder more than in the previous year, and attempts at murder and culpable homicide have increased from 31 to 32. Dacoities have doubled, but it is satisfactory that in Thána this offence is on the wane. Robberies show a slight decrease, but the increase in thefts and receiving stolen property is serious.

8. *Para. 10.*—I cannot pass over this para. without pointing out a mistake in the last sentence, as it gives an impression that, in previous years, distinct orders were neglected by the Superintendents, and it is only fair to them to point out that in the rules, referred to by the Inspector-General, it was merely laid

down that columns 12, 13 and 14 (Statement A, Part I) should include cases "in which final reports have been submitted." There is no direction here, that final reports should be submitted in "every case" as stated by the Inspector-General, and as a matter of fact, there were no instructions to the Superintendents of Police that such reports should be submitted in undetected cases until orders were issued by the Commissioners,—*vide* Circular quoted in Government Resolution No. 3, dated 3rd January 1888.

9. *Para. 11.*—Mr. Ommanney makes the repeated complaints regarding the impunity with which false accusations are made. I am afraid that sufficient efforts are not made to repress the evil by instituting prosecutions more freely against the false accusers. The Police too frequently neglect to prosecute in such cases.

10. *Para. 12.*—The large proportion of arrested persons released without being brought to trial would appear to show a want of discretion in making arrests. Nearly half the number were apprehended in connection with theft cases, and the Inspector-General remarks that the Police deliberately refrain from sending up the accused unless the stolen property is recovered. It must be borne in mind, however, that very strong proof is required, when property is not recovered, for a conviction to be obtained, and the Police would be rarely successful. I am not, therefore, inclined to agree with the Inspector-General that "the probability is that most of these persons ought to have been sent up for trial."

11. *Para. 13.*—With regard to the large number of persons appearing before Magistrates in direct cases, it may be remarked that it frequently happens that Magistrates issue process without examining the complainant. If Magistrates would satisfy themselves by direct examination that there are *primâ facie* grounds for proceeding with the case there would not be the waste of time the figures indicate.

12. *Para. 16.*—I share with Mr. Ommanney his regret at the frequent transfers of Superintendents. The complaint is an old one and has been frequently made; it is presumed that transfers are often unavoidable. Changes might, however, be avoided *to some extent* were Mr. Ommanney's suggestion adopted *as far as practicable*. During the year under report there was no change in the *personnel* of the Superintendent in Ahmedabad and Kaira, and the same may almost be said of the Panch Mahâls and Thâna. In Broach and Surat there were two changes. Thus this Division has been, comparatively speaking, fortunate in this respect.

13. *Paras. 18 and 19.*—I am not altogether inclined to agree with the Inspector-General of Police that the general decrease in the number of offences against Excise and Opium laws is satisfactory. I think a great deal depends upon the activity and vigilance of the District Force, and their hearty co-operation with the A'bkâri Police. The former are far too apt to look upon the latter as a distinct department. As an instance of this, I would refer to the results obtained during the year in Thâna. The co-operation of the District Police in that district at once resulted in a sudden increase, and it is satisfactory to observe that the prosecution of the offenders was attended with considerable success. The decrease in Surat is striking, and must be attributed to the inactivity of the Police. The total number of arrests in the Northern Division for offences under Excise laws in 1887 was 1,105 (and not 1,005) which, compared with the year under report, shows a decrease and not an increase, as observed by the Inspector-General.

14. *Para. 20.*—Non-cognizable crime decreased slightly, and the Police in this Division were employed in a very small percentage of such cases as compared with the other Divisions, and with the past year. The large number of non-cognizable cases taken up by the Police in Broach, as compared with other districts, appears to demand inquiry. The number of persons appearing before the Courts is also smaller than in 1887, and it is a curious fact that the percentage of convictions has fallen in all Divisions. In the Northern Division the figures fell from 23 to 17. All districts contribute to this retrogression except Kaira, where there is an improvement. Thâna continues to be the worst.

Ahmedabad.

15. The general increase of crime has been fully explained by the Superintendent, and it appears serious crime in every form developed during the year. The increase in thefts is startling. The Police, however, appear to have worked well under trying circumstances, as the percentage of convictions of cases as well as persons shows. The amount of property stolen increased much, and the percentage of recoveries is exceedingly good, *viz.* 87; but it must be remembered that in striking this percentage, property in pending cases is excluded, which fact para. 3 of the summary does not make clear. Reading the para. without the aid of the table below Supplementary Statement I, one would be led to suppose that 87 per cent. of Rs. 64,323 stolen were recovered; but this is not so. A good deal of attention is paid in this district to the law on the subject of binding over persons to be of good behaviour, and I agree with the Inspector-General of Police that this matter should be attended to in other districts. The supervision over bad characters in the city is systematic and thorough, and Mr. Adams deserves credit for the complete arrangements he maintains in this respect. The punishment list of the district is very heavy; in fact it makes the conduct of the Ahmedabad Police the worst in the Division, and only four places above the very worst in the Presidency. But the force has to some extent been demoralized, as explained by the Superintendent in para. 9 (page 40). The District Magistrate, however, thinks that in spite of all drawbacks the force has done well, and in this view I concur. There can be no doubt that under the trying circumstances the results attained are most creditable to Mr. Adams. He has been without an assistant for almost the entire year and, it would appear, also without one Inspector for some time.

As regards education, the district still retains the first place in the Presidency. Drill and ball practice are reported to be carefully attended to, and Mr. Adams is commended for activity in visiting scenes of crime and inspecting outposts.

Kaira.

16. In Kaira cognizable crime has increased considerably and the increase appears to be general. The large increase in murders and thefts is to be regretted. The results of the former description of cases are deplorable, but the Inspector-General of Police appears to be satisfied on the merits of each case that the Police have not done badly. The great delay in the disposal of Sessions cases is inexplicable. It would appear that cases committed nearly two years ago have not been disposed of! It is, however, satisfactory to find that, on the whole, the Kaira Police have been able to obtain better results in thefts and indeed throughout the various classes. But in the recovery of stolen property they have been unfortunate, the percentage having fallen from 97 to 68. It is explained that this is principally due to the complicity of certain policemen with the thieves in a heavy case of house-breaking and theft. Mr. Spence's supervision over "bad characters" is most thorough. I agree with the Inspector-General's opinion in para. 11 (page 42), and I think the attention of Superintendents should be called to the matter. The education of the force has not improved and its relative position remains the same as last year. It is satisfactory to learn that the Kaira Police continue to improve in efficiency. Mr. Spence has been active in visiting the scenes of crime and inspecting outposts, and credit is due to him for the good results obtained in, as the Inspector-General remarks, a "particularly difficult year."

Panch Mahâls.

17. Cognizable cases reported in the Panch Mahâls show an increase from 500 in 1887 to 590 in 1888 (Statement A., Part I, show 563, while Supplementary Statement I, 547). This increase is ascribed to the indifferent season and to the want of effective patrolling in consequence of the reduction of the Mounted Police; but it may be mentioned that on a representation made by the Superintendent of Police, supported by the District Magistrate, the Mounted Police was allowed to be brought up to its full strength. The Inspector-General draws particular attention to the large number of pending cases. The number is certainly abnormally high, and the inference drawn by Mr. Ommanney, that it points to a neglect on the

part of the Police, appears to be merited. I agree with the Inspector-General that the results obtained do not prove that the Police have maintained a high standard of detective ability. Mr. Ommanney, however, compliments the force on its preparative ability; but unless the simple people of the Panch Mahâls have greatly altered since I knew them some years ago, it would not be a difficult matter to ascertain the truth in almost all cases arising. I should, therefore, say that the praise awarded by the Inspector-General has been somewhat easily earned. With reference to the remarks in para. 8 (page 45), I would observe that the supervision of bad charactors in the Panch Mahâls generally is a very different matter as compared with the other districts in the province. Roll-calls and the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Criminal Procedure Code cannot be so effectively used with a wandering population such as the Bhils, Náikrás, &c., are, and all such restraints must be cautiously employed. It appears that 172 licenses for firearms and 362 for other arms were issued and renewed during the year as against 88 and 266 respectively in 1887. This large increase has already been noticed by me in my remarks on the Collector's Administration Report.

The very large number of punishments would seem to indicate that the efficiency and conduct of the force do not compare favourably with the previous year; it is satisfactory, therefore, to find that the District Magistrate considers that the Police have worked well. In respect of education the Panch Mahâls ranks very low, only 18 per cent. of the men being able to write.

Mr. Lester has not moved about actively, and it would appear from the records of this office that the matter attracted Mr. Sheppard's attention; but the Inspector-General explains that the state of Mr. Lester's health to a great extent accounts for his inactivity. The District Magistrate bears testimony to Mr. Lester's "careful supervision" and the Inspector-General considers the record of his work is "satisfactory."

Broach.

18. The report for the district is most unsatisfactory. Crime increased and the Police appear to have been utterly unable to cope with it. Taking real cognizable offences the increase is alarming, being 52 per cent., and the number of persons arrested has nearly doubled, while the low percentage of convictions in both cases and persons indicates that the Police are wanting in detective and preparative ability, in a marked degree, and that they have shown a great want of discrimination in making arrests. But the exceptional difficulties the Police have to contend with in this district are very forcibly put forward by the Superintendent of Police and the District Magistrate in para. 6 (page 49). It is a satisfactory feature of the report, however, that the number of pending cases is very much smaller, and that the percentage of recoveries of stolen property has improved. Mr. Mackenzie devoted much personal attention to the revision of the list of bad characters, but it is a general complaint in this district that the control exercised by the Police Patels is nominal. I concur with the Inspector-General that the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code on the subject of security for good behaviour should be more largely made use of in this district. The force is, comparatively speaking, fairly educated. The Inspector-General of Police, considering the district undermanned and the men consequently over-worked, is of opinion that the conduct of the force was "fairly satisfactory." As remarked by the Inspector-General, it is most unsatisfactory that, in a compact and small district like Broach, the Superintendent could only visit 8 out of the 14 outposts. Mr. Warden was in charge up to 14th May and Mr. Duggan arrived in the district on 21st idem and yet he visited only one outpost! It is, however, fair to Mr. Duggan to add that he visited the scenes of 7 out of 10 cases of serious crime.

Surat.

19. The statistics, as presented, show a decrease in crime, and it is not surprising that the Inspector-General considers this "very remarkable, as in the four northern districts of Gujarát it has increased enormously on account of the bad harvest." It is much to be regretted that the Superintendent has omitted

to furnish explanation of the fluctuations in each class and description of crime. The action of the Police in the prosecution of crime contrasts most unfavourably with the Northern Division and the Presidency generally, but according to Mr. Gibbs the falling off in the percentage as regards cases is only slight compared with the previous year. Further details of comparison with last year are not, however, furnished, as the Inspector-General states that this is not easy to make. The redeeming features are the small number of pending cases (55) and the good results obtained in the recovery of stolen property. It is satisfactory to find that the Police have been able to obtain a "tolerable measure of success" in undetected cases of previous years. The number of licenses granted for the possession and carrying of arms is small. As Government is aware the Act has been very strictly worked in this district and a system of stamping the arms licensed has been introduced; but Mr. Gibbs' suggestion that the name of the district and táluka to which the owner belongs should be stamped upon the arms is somewhat unreasonable.

It is satisfactory to learn from the Superintendent that the tone of the Police is "decidedly good." The number of punishments inflicted during the year appears to support Mr. Gibbs' opinion, but as compared with other districts Surat occupies a very low position. Nine rewards for good service were granted. The force is, after that of Ahmedabad and Ahmednagar, the best educated in the Presidency. No progress in drill is reported, and as this appears to be due to the incompetency of the drill masters, steps should be taken to provide better men.

Mr. Gibbs has been active in visiting the scenes of serious crime and the outposts, and the Inspector-General states his supervison has been "vigilant and effective."

Thána.

20. This is another district in which crime has decreased, but it is a matter of regret that no explanations of the fluctuations have been furnished. As Government is aware the season in the Thána District was unfavourable, the rainfall being both insufficient and unseasonable, resulting in considerable damage to the rice crops and affecting also the varkas crops. It is, therefore, a matter for congratulation that crime has been kept down. The decrease is spread over all classes; murders, dacoities, robberies and thefts show a diminution; and, in fact, the only heads under which there has been any increase are attempts at murder and culpable homicide. The increase in ábkári offences is due to the special exertions of the Police under the direction of the Superintendent. The Inspector-General of Police considers that the Police have shown themselves "distinctly efficient" in dealing with cases under the Indian Penal Code, and this is sufficiently apparent from the results. The excessive number of pending cases has attracted attention and the Inspector-General's remarks in para. 2 (page 50) are very much to the point; but the matter requires inquiry, inasmuch as if there be a tendency on the part of the Police to defer sending in final reports till late year, it must be checked, as necessarily the Magistrates must require time and it must affect the Police returns seriously. The percentage of recoveries of property stolen is 63·50, which is above that for the Presidency generally, and compares not unfavourably with that for the Division. No progress was presumably made in the detection of cases standing over from previous years. The nightly muster of habitual criminals is not in vogue in this district; no muster rolls are maintained as in Guzerát, and the supervision of bad characters extends to the watching of the movements of habitual offenders and demanding security from them under certain circumstances, but it should have been stated in how many cases this was done.

The conduct of the force is reported to have been on the whole good, but this is not borne out by the number of punishments inflicted. It, however, appears that most of the men punished belonged to the Ábkári Police. The number of good conduct tickets obtained speaks highly for the individual exertions of the men. The educational attainments of the force have made rapid strides, and it has gained for the district 7 places in the comparative list. The improvement would appear to be due to the "careful selection of recruits"; and if this be so, it would seem as if service in the Police is attractive in the Thána District! The drill of the Thána Police is good, and improvement in musketry is mentioned.

The number of gun licenses granted in this district is excessive and should be curtailed. I recently made the following remarks when submitting the Administration Report of the Collector :—

" It would seem from Mr. Kennedy's remarks that a large number of licenses " are granted to clerks, mukádams, &c., for sporting purposes, and I concur " with Mr. Kennedy that, under the special circumstances of the Thána District, " especially that portion so largely inhabited by Native Christians, a high fee " should be charged for sporting licenses. It is difficult for the District Magistrate " to make distinctions among this class of persons."

Mr. Dhanjisha appears to have moved actively about the district, visiting all the outposts and 50 per cent. of the scenes of serious crimes. Credit is due to him for the efficiency of the Police during the year, and the results sufficiently indicate that the commendation of the Inspector-General is well deserved.

21. I would suggest that the Inspector-General should be desired to give the subject of each para. briefly in the margin, as this would facilitate references.

W. H. PROPERT,
Commissioner, N. D.

NOTE BY INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE ON COMMISSIONER, N. D.'s PARAS. 3 AND 10.

(3). Although Supplementary Statement No. I. has not been of much use this year for comparison with previous years, it has been of great service in comparing the results of one district with each other and it has been used freely for this purpose.

(10). The rule at the back of Statement A, Part I, for filling up column 6 of that form is as follows :—

" *Column 6* will show cases reported in any previous year, but in which the final Police report was not submitted in that year. Such cases will have been shown in column 4 only of the previous year's statement and will now be accounted for in their appropriate columns."

This undoubtedly means that a final report is to be submitted in every case, otherwise the same cases would figure year after year in column 6.

H. T. OMMANNEY,
Acting Inspector-General of Police.

No. $\frac{P.}{1292}$ OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Poona, 17th September 1889.

Submitted to Government.

2. This is the first time the Police Administration Report has been framed by the Inspector-General of Police in accordance with Government Resolution No. 6272, dated 19th November 1888.

3. The advantage of having the report written up for the whole Presidency by one officer, instead of four ; the difficulties the Inspector-General experienced

in comparing the results of the year's operations with those of the preceding year, consequent on the changes introduced in the statistical returns; the superiority of Supplementary Statement No. I over the old Imperial Statement A, Part I, and other cognate matters, are so graphically described by Mr. Ommanney in paragraphs 1 to 5 of his report that the Commissioner, C. D., thinks it unnecessary to add anything to his remarks.

Cognizable crime.

4. From the figures, given in the statement under paragraph 7, which deals with real cognizable cases, it will be seen that there has been a considerable increase under murders, dacoities, robberies and thefts in the Central Division. Taking the figures by classes, an increase of 56 is observable under Class I, for which no specific reason is assigned. There is also an apparently large increase under Class V, but the number of the minor offences is comparatively large. The fluctuations in the other classes call for no remarks.

Para. 11.

5. The evil, complained of by the Inspector-General, regarding false charges, is of long standing, and the only remedy seems to be to institute prosecutions in cases in which *malâ fides* can be proved. It is impossible to completely put down the number of false accusations, because, some, which eventually turn out to be unfounded, may often be made under an erroneous impression as to fact or law; and in such cases no one can be held responsible for the waste of time and trouble, of which not only the Police, but the Magistrates also might justly complain.

6. The remarks, made by Mr. Ommanney in paragraph 16, regarding frequent changes of District Superintendents, are worthy of consideration. Particular action in this matter appears to be necessary in Khándesh, where the inefficiency of the District Police has been so prominently brought to notice by the Superintendent of Police, and severely commented upon by Mr. Loch. During the Commissioner's tour in Khándesh, last February, he was forcibly struck with the laxity, and want of smartness and intelligence on the part of the Police generally.

Non-cognizable crime.

7. In non-cognizable crime, there is a slight increase in the total number of cases for the Division, but it is very satisfactory to note that the percentage of cases in which the Police were employed has decreased from 3 in 1887 to 2·5 during the year under report. Násik and Sátára show an increase of 959 and 758 cases respectively, but this increase is almost counterbalanced by the large decrease of 1,421 cases in the Ahmednagar District.

Para. 24.

8. Some of the dacoities committed in the Khándesh District, should, as pointed out by the Inspector-General, have appeared in Statement B, as they were, doubtless, committed by professional gangs of dacoits. The District Superintendent will be called upon to explain this omission. The result of the enquiries regarding the issue of notices purporting to emanate from the notorious Bhil, Tántya, will be duly reported to Government, on receipt of a report from the District Magistrate.

Paras. 29 to 33.

9. Taking the Presidency as a whole, the districts of the Central Division, except Khándesh and Násik, rank sufficiently high according to the number of punishments inflicted. Judging, however, by the test of rewards, the results are not so satisfactory, especially in the case of Násik and Sholápur, which districts occupy the last two places in the Presidency. In the matter of education, also, the districts in the Central Division do not stand well, Ahmednagar and Sátára alone occupying the 2nd and 6th places in the list. The Police of Sátára and Khándesh are to be congratulated on their excellent results in competition shooting. They have, the Commissioner notes with pleasure, maintained their reputation in drill and ball practice.

Para. 19.

10. The Commissioner does not share in the satisfaction expressed by the Inspector-General of Police in the general decrease in cases under the excise and opium laws. There is no doubt of the fact that there is a great deal of smuggling and sale of illicit liquor,

especially in Thána, Násik and Khándesh, and if the Police are more active the returns ought to show a considerable increase in these cases. But from the experience of the undersigned, the Police are very apathetic as a rule regarding these cases. Where the Central Distillery and the Minimum Guarantee system is in force, the farmer's detectives bring to light the majority of cases—the Abkári establishment and the Police detect very few.

11. A great many more licenses for arms than are necessary are issued, especially to traders and merchants, for the protection of life and property. Now that railways have been so much extended, travelling by road has greatly diminished, and even when ordinary roads have to be used, it is only in hilly and jungly tracts where there is any fear of danger to life and property. Licenses to carry arms are usually applied for to increase the personal importance of the applicant in the eyes of the people. The grant of such licenses should be made with great caution and discrimination.

12. *Ahmednagar.*—As reported by the Inspector-General, the very efficient administration of this district is highly creditable to Mr. Vincent, the more so, when the fact is taken into consideration that the monsoon season was very unfavorable and that the district was threatened with general distress.

13. *Khándesh.*—The percentages of recoveries of stolen property are deplorable, and they are, no doubt, to some extent, the result of Pátils and other village officers assisting dacoits in their depredations; and this system will not be checked until some very severe examples are made of some of these village officers. The cowardice of the villagers is proverbial, but their headmen ought to set them a good example by a display of nerve and activity and thus to inspire them with a certain amount of confidence. The crime of house-breaking and theft is reported to be on the increase, especially along the railway line, which is said to afford unusual facilities of escape to the offenders. The railway line, however, affords equal facilities to the Police in the work of detection, and the Superintendent should post smart men and officers with detective skill in tálukás traversed by the railway and they must of course work in co-operation with the Railway Police. The inefficiency of the Police may gradually be remedied by taking care that the officer appointed as District Superintendent will remain at his post, humanely speaking, for some years, and by thus giving him an opportunity of weeding out the old and useless men and of infusing into Khándesh new blood from other districts, where the Police have worked successfully. The inspection work of the district, as reported by the Inspector-General, can hardly be pronounced as sufficient.

14. *Násik.*—Next to Ahmednagar comes Násik in the order of merit, as regards the efficiency of its administration. Looking to mere figures, other districts seem to have done better. But the fact is that, unlike those districts, Násik has taken almost every case into account and has not kept doubtful cases pending. The remark of the Inspector-General in paragraph 3 of the précis for the district, that the percentage of the convictions in murder cases is small owing to "a reluctance to convict on evidence that would be regarded as sufficient in other cases," is, no doubt, to a certain extent, true; but the failure in convictions is, also, it is feared, due to a want of thoroughness and completeness in Police investigations in the first instance. In this connection, the District Magistrate of Sátára, Mr. Keyser, remarks as follows (Para. 11 of the précis for the Sátára District):—"As a rule Police investigations are not conducted with sufficient care and thoroughness. Once an accused has confessed, especially in murder cases, it is thought sufficient, and if the confession is afterwards retracted, the case falls through."

The inspection work done in Násik also was insufficient.

15. *Poona.*—The steps taken by the Superintendent for the enlistment of Kolis in the Police of the district are in the right direction, and should be steadily kept in view.

16. Mr. East's remark, quoted by the Inspector-General in the 15th paragraph of the Poona précis, is one in which the Commissioner concurs, and the

escape of so many undoubted murderers may be attributed to the incapability of many persons who are called upon to serve as jurors; some of these persons are incapable of appreciating evidence and of forming an opinion thereon; others are imbued with exaggerated notions about Police bungling, which, coupled with a sense of false philanthropy, inclines them to pass a verdict of "not guilty." The remedy for this is a very careful selection of jurymen, especially in the trial of serious cases.

17. The results of Police operations during the year under report in this district appear to have been fairly satisfactory.

18. *Sátára.*—Though the percentage of recovery of stolen property shows some improvement over the preceding year, yet the percentage of convictions to cases decided is not good as compared with the other districts of the Division. Generally speaking, however, the results may be regarded as satisfactory; and it is particularly gratifying to note that the arrangements made by Colonel Codrington to prevent bad characters from committing dacoities, &c., have met with marked success.

19. *Sholápur.*—The whole district was, as it were, in chaos owing to the maladministration of Mr. Yates during the year, and consequently the discipline and the general work of the force were slack and inefficient. It is, however, satisfactory to observe that the present Superintendent, Mr. Davies, is doing his best to restore order, and the Commissioner hopes that the next year's administration will show better results.

20. Mr. Ommanney has written a very full and able report, notwithstanding the disadvantages he had to contend with, resulting from the introduction of modified statistical returns, and also from his engagement on special duty in connection with the Crawford case.

J. MOORE,
Commissioner, C. D.

REMARKS BY THE COMMISSIONER, SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Para. 4.—As regards any shortcomings on the part of Magistrates, whether in relation to issue of final orders on Police final reports, or other subjects, I think that, as to particular cases, the District Magistrate should be addressed, and on any general question the orders of Government should issue only after the Commissioners of Divisions have had an opportunity of consulting the District Magistrates. It is most desirable that any appearance of subordination of Magistrates of any class to the head of the Police should be avoided.

2. *Para. 13.*—A Magistrate, without referring to the Police, can only, in the first instance, form an opinion as to the truth or falsehood of a charge by cross-examining a complainant, and is manifestly at a great disadvantage as compared with a Police officer conducting an enquiry on the spot. No deduction as to the comparative discretion of the Police and Magistracy can fairly be made from the percentage figures given, but the discretion of the Police, if correctly described in paragraph 12, is very questionably exercised. At the same time, it is true that many Magistrates, pressed as they are for time, do not take enough pains to examine complaints before issuing process. The matter has been often previously brought to the notice of Government, and stricter procedure enjoined on the Magistrates concerned.

3. *Para.* 16.—I agree in the opinion expressed in the last sentence of this paragraph.

4. *Para.* 17.—I think the table given under this paragraph might be, with advantage, relegated to an appendix.

Belgaum.

5. It is open to a Sessions Court to submit a case to the High Court under Section 307 of the Criminal Procedure Code, when it considers that the verdict of a jury is inconsistent with the facts proved, and this should prevent any absolute miscarriage of justice.

6. The measures taken in this district for supervision over bad characters, as described in Mr. Down's report for last year, are efficient.

Bijápur.

7. I do not think there is reason to believe that either the Police or Magistrates fail to take up cases of receiving stolen property, when there is any chance of conviction. The Police should, of course, endeavour to get wind of any habitual or professional receivers, but in casual cases it is generally very difficult to prove criminal intent or knowledge.

Dhárwár.

8. The ill-success which has attended investigation of crime in the Dhárwár District is very remarkable, and Mr. Ommanney notes, as prevalent there, a most objectionable system of endeavouring to improve the returns by suppressing altogether cases in which conviction is doubtful. It is very difficult to understand why the percentage of false accusations to true should be in Dhárwár nearly three times as high as that for the Division generally. I regret to observe that the District Magistrate has made no remarks on the working of the Police in forwarding the report.

Kánara.

9. It appears that the superiority of the record respecting convictions on cases disposed of, and other percentages, is only nominal, owing to the large number of pending cases traceable, apparently, to unpunctuality in submitting final reports.

Kolába.

10. The number of excluded cases is very noteworthy. I entertain some doubt whether all the cases struck off as "no offence" are properly so described. It would seem that only 51 out of 872 were held to be maliciously false, so the rest were presumably frivolous. I think some Magistrates are too easy in striking off cases as "no offences" on the mere report of the Police—not sorry perhaps to save themselves some trouble.

Ratnágiri.

11. I quite agree in the Inspector-General's remarks as to the expediency of sending true cases for trial, where there is evidence, even though conviction may be matter of uncertainty. It is, in fact, a question of duty, and not of mere expediency, for otherwise the Police officer practically takes on himself the function of the Magistrate.

12. The various reports have been analysed by the Inspector-General of Police as fully and clearly as is feasible, under the special difficulties he has mentioned, which will not arise next year. I note that he has thought proper to observe (under head of Khándesh) that few District Magistrates have appended remarks of any value to the reports of District Superintendents. I have no means of checking this estimate, nor have District Magistrates of questioning it before it goes up to Government, but do not believe that these officers, most of whom are of long standing and have ripe experience, would fail generally to pass any remarks on such reports as they might deem useful. Mere recitation of facts contained in the reports themselves, except where a summary is professedly given, has always seemed to me out of place. The District Magistrates are not concerned in the organization, interior economy and discipline of the force, and are of course aware that the crime returns will receive careful analysis later on. They are not in close contact with the Police, rarely having an original case, and in many districts having a small share only of the appellate work. Their principal duties as District Magistrates are the scrutiny of re-

turns of Magistrates of all classes with a view to the amendment of erroneous decisions, passing orders on magisterial references, disposing of applications for transfer of cases, and other miscellaneous business, in none of which do the Police appear. In these circumstances it will only be in exceptional cases that their remarks will have exceptional interest. The present reviews are professedly summaries as well as commentaries, but if facts recited from the reports themselves were excluded, they would be very brief.

G. F. M. GRANT,
Acting Commissioner, Southern Division.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT

PART I—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which Punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		KARA'CHI.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ... Offences relating to Army and Navy ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471. Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.		1	...	...	2	2	2	100·	100·	1	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	1	...	...
4	212 to 216 ... ... Harbouring an offender		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226 ... ... Other offences against public justice ...		14	...	...	...	12	10	92·85	83·33	13	...	...	9	2	1	69·33	81·81	1	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158... Rioting or unlawful assembly		13	...	1	2	12	6	71·42	50·	10	..	...	5	3	2	50·	62·5	4	...	...
7	140, 170, 171 ... ... Personating public servant or soldier ...		1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	29	...	1	4	27	18	80·	66·66	24	..	...	16	5	3	66·66	76·19	6	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ... Murder ... ... by thugs ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	„ dacoits...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	„ robbers ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	„ poison		1	...	...	1	2	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Other murders		6	...	...	...	6	4	100·	66·66	6	...	...	4	2	...	66·66	66·66	...	...	...
13	307 ... ... Attempts at murder		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308... ... ... Culpable homicide		3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
15	376 ... ... Rape		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377 ... ... Unnatural offences		2	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
17	317, 318... ... ... Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ... ... Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...		1	...	...	1	2	1	100·	50·	1	...	...	1	1	...	100·	50·	1	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ... ... Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.		1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ... ... Grievous hurt		11	...	...	1	11	8	90·9	72·72	10	...	...	7	3	1	70·	70·	1	...	...
21	328 ... ... Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.		6	...	...	...	4	2	100·	50·	6	...	...	2	2	1	33·33	50·	1	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ... ... Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.		3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
23	324 ... ... Hurt by dangerous weapon		18	...	...	2	15	3	88·88	20·	16	...	...	3	10	...	18·75	23·07	1	...	...
24	363 to 369 ... ... Kidnapping or abduction		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348 ... ... wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.		6	1	...	2	5	...	16·66	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	...	...
26	372, 373 ... ... Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371 ... ... Habitually dealing in slaves		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ... Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.		40	...	...	2	36	20	80·	55·55	32	...	...	18	8	2	56·25	69·23	12	...	...
29	304A, 338 ... ... Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.		1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	99	1	...	9	89	46	83·83	51·68	83	..	...	43	29	4	51·8	59·72	23	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398 ... ... Dacoity		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402 ... ... Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ... ... Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	by other means		2	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	1	...	...
33	392, 393 ... ... Robbery ... in dwelling house ...		2	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	2	...	...	1	...	1	50·	100·	...	...	...
	on the highway between sunset and sunrise.		5	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	5	...	...	3	...	1	60·	100·	1	...	...
	other robberies		3	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·66	100·	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440. Serious mischief and cognate offences ...		17	...	...	...	15	2	17·64	13·33	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...
35	428, 429 ... ... Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.		7	...	...	...	4	...	71·42	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	...	..	2	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.		247	...	1	3	98	69	97·58	70·4	242	...	...	68	24	7	28·09	73·91	31	...	...
37	449 to 452 ... ... House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.		4	...	...	...	3	2	100·	66·66	4	...	...	2	1	1	50·	66·66	1	...	...
38	412, 413 ... ... Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 .. ... Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	287	..	1	3	127	80	92·36	62·99	266	...	...	77	28	10	28·94	73·33	39	..	...

A.

Crime for the year 1888.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				PROPERTY.				REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	
																		Before appearance before a Magistrate.						Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	23	1	24	...	9	39·13	15	4	...	11	...	10	43·47	71·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	53	32	90	...	14	26·41	76	49	...	25	...	24	45·28	54·54	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	77	34	117	...	23	29·87	94	54	...	36	2	36	46·75	60·	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	10	..	6	...	4	4	40·	40	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	2	...	...	3	3	60·	60·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	3	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	..	1	..	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	22	1	25	...	3	36·36	16	5	...	10	1	10	45·45	66·66	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	11	...	11	...	2	18·18	9	2	4	1	1	2	18·18	22·22	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	29	7	36	...	9	31·03	27	24	...	3	...	3	10·34	15·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	12	14	...	...	...	14	13	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	68	22	92	...	8	11·76	84	56	...	25	...	23	33·82	37·09	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	100·	17	3	17·64	
...	...	5	...	5	...	1	20·	4	3	...	1	...	1	20·	25·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
5	...	168	42	215	...	31	18·45	183	108	12	50	9	56	33·33	39·71	...	...	1	4	...	2	1	50	21	3	14·28	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	5	...	5	...	1	20·	4	3	...	1	...	1	20·	25·	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	310	223	75·16	
...	...	5	...	5	...	2	40·	3	...	...	1	...	1	20·	33·33	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	100·	56	56	100·	
...	...	8	...	8	...	3	37·5	5	...	...	3	...	3	37·5	60·	...	...	...	2	...	4	4	100·	74	72	97·29	
...	...	4	...	4	1	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	75·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	100·	20	16	80·	
...	...	3	44	47	...	2	66·66	45	38	...	7	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
...	...	12	2	14	...	2	16 66	12	12	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
12	...	195	11	218	2	50	25·64	163	57	...	97	...	96	49·23	63·15	...	...	3	9	...	194	105	54·12	21,482	6,201	28·86	
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	3	...	2	...	2	28·57	28·57	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	...	239	57	308	3	60	25·1	242	113	...	114	...	106	44·35	57·29	...	...	3	15	...	204	115	56·37	21,942	6,568	29·93	

46

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	KARA'CHI—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	6	...	...	2	8	2	...	*25	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	50	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life. ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	8	...	...	2	10	2	25	20	2	...	...	1	3	...	50	25	1	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	95	...	...	...	14	11	100	78·57	95	...	...	11	3	3	11·57	78·57	7	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft... ... of cattle	418	1		13	227	177	97·44	77·97	418	2	...	172	45	12	40·95	79·26	75	...	...
		ordinary	487	2	*2	12	309	258	94·27	83·49	460	1	...	244	39	14	52·92	86·21	95	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	34	1	...	...	26	8	50	30·76	17	...	...	7	3	1	41·17	70	17	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	48	...	1	2	38	29	100	76·31	49	...	...	29	9	7	59·18	76·31	5	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	77	...	...	...	66	24	46·75	36·36	35	1	...	20	5	...	55·55	80	9	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,159	4	16	27	680	507	91·74	74·55	1,074	4	...	483	104	37	44·8	82·28	208	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	21	...	...	2	20	18	100	90	21	...	...	18	2	...	85·71	90	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	15	...	...	...	14	13	100	92·85	15	...	...	13	1	1	86·66	92·85	...	...	...
52		——Excise Laws	8	...	...	...	6	5	75	83·33	6	...	...	3	1	1	50	75	2	...	...
53		——Opium Act...	7	...	...	...	6	4	100	66·66	7	...	...	4	2	...	57·14	66·66	1	...	...
54		——Railway Laws	18	...	...	...	17	17	94·44	100	17	...	...	16	...	...	94·11	100	...	...	...
55		——Salt and Custom Laws ...	24	...	...	...	24	24	58·33	100	14	...	...	14	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
56		——Arms Act	11	...	...	...	10	9	100	90	9	2	...	9	1	...	81·81	90	...	...	...
57		——Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——Forest Act	4	...	...	...	4	4	100	100	4	...	...	4	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	354	...	...	1	352	347	96·61	98·57	342	...	...	335	5	1	97·95	98·52	...	...	...
		Total ...	462	...	...	3	453	441	94·58	97·35	435	2	...	416	12	3	95·19	97·19	3	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act and Cantonment Act.	11	...	...	1	11	10	100	90·9	11	...	...	10	1	...	90·9	90·9	1	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	2,055	5	18	49	1,397	1,104	91·7	79·02	1,895	6	...	1,046	182	57	55·02	85·17	281	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.					
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.				In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
5	...	...	2	26	...	...	...	26	20	...	6	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	21	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	2	21	28	...	...	...	28	22	...	6	...	1	50	14·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	25	...	25	...	9	36	16	3	...	11	...	11	44	68·75	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	1	405	15	433	...	88	21·72	344	89	4	221	9	225	55·55	63·38	...	...	1	21	...	347	280	80·69	19,592	15,832	88·8	
6	...	500	48	554	1	81	16·2	466	112	2	345	...	324	64·8	7·51	...	...	6	6	1	408	309	75·73	11,022	6,037	54·77	
...	...	13	20	33	...	4	30·76	29	21	...	8	...	7	53·84	77·77	...	...	...	...	...	17	5	29·41	1,239	745	60·12	
2	...	72	2	76	...	14	19·44	60	15	...	38	...	38	52 77	65·51	...	...	2	7	...	42	42	100	1,270	1,142	89·92	
...	...	41	88	129	...	6	14·63	123	92	...	31	...	24	58·53	68·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	1	1,056	173	1,250	1	202	19·12	1,038	332	6	654	9	629	59·56	72·71	...	...	9	36	1	814	636	78·13	33,123	23,756	71·72	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	33	1	38	...	13	39·39	25	5	...	20	...	20	60·6	83·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	63	...	63	...	...	...	63	6	...	56	...	56	88·88	88·88	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	2	6	...	...	...	6	1	...	5	...	3	75	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	4	...	4	80	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	21	1	22	1	...	...	21	...	...	21	...	20	95·23	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	21	19	40	...	1	4·76	39	3	...	36	...	18	85·71	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	3	...	9	...	9	75	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	394	12	407	...	4	1·01	408	15	...	386	...	374	94·92	95·65	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	561	35	601	1	18	3·2	582	34	...	545	...	512	91·26	93·6	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	16	...	17	...	1	6·25	16	3	...	13	...	13	81·25	81·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
54	1	2,719	362	2,536	5	335	15·8	2,183	666	18	1,418	20	1,353	63·85	74·29	...	...	13	60	1	1,020	752	73·72	55,086	30,327	55·05	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		HYDERABAD.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117 ... ... Abetting commision of offence by public, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ... Offences relating to Army and Navy ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471 Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.		2	...	...	...	1	...	50·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216 ... ... Harbouring an offender		3	..	...	...	2	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226 ... ... Other offences against public justice ...		34	...	5	1	31	24	66·67	77·42	26	...	...	17	1	..	65·38	94·44	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ... Rioting or unlawful assembly		26	...	1	1	22	7	33·33	31·82	9	...	...	3	5	2	33·33	37·5	1	...	...
7	140, 170, 171 ... ... Personating public servant or soldier ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	65	...	6	2	56	31	54·93	55·36	39	..	...	20	8	3	54·28	71·43	1	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ... Murder... by thugs		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	,, dacoits		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	,, robbers		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	,, poison		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Other murders		13	...	...	2	12	7	100·	58·33	12	...	1	7	5	3	53·85	58·33	...	...	...
13	307 ... ... Attempts at murder		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308 ... ... Culpable homicide		4	...	...	...	3	2	100·	66·67	4	...	...	2	1	...	50·	66·67	1	...	...
15	376 ... ... Rape		3	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
16	377 ... ... Unnatural offences		6	...	...	...	3	...	100·	...	6	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	2	...	...
17	317, 318 ... ... Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.		1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ... ... Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...		1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ... ... Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.		2	...	...	...	2	2	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	..	100·	100·	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ... ... Grievous hurt		16	...	1	1	13	8	88·24	61·54	15	...	...	6	5	2	40·	54·55	1	...	...
21	328 ... ... Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.		2	1	...	...	...	...	50·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ... ... Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant		9	...	...	1	7	5	100·	71·43	9	...	...	5	2	2	55·56	71·43	1	...	...
23	324 ... ... Hurt by dangerous weapon		39	...	....	...	34	10	84·62	29·41	33	...	...	9	19	1	27·27	32·14	...	...	...
24	363 to 369 ... ... Kidnapping or abduction		1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
25	346 to 348 ... ... Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ... ... Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371 ... ... Habitually dealing in slaves		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ... Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.		70	...	3	1	69	53	83·56	76·81	61	...	...	46	11	3	75·41	80·70	...	...	...
29	304A, 338 ... ... Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.		1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	169	1	4	5	147	89	86·70	60·54	149	...	1	78	48	13	52·	61·90	9	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398 ... ... Dacoity		...	...	1	1	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...
31	399, 402 ... ... Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ... ... Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	by other means. ...		5	...	...	...	4	2	80·	50·	4	...	...	2	1	...	50·	66·67	...	...	...
33	392, 393 ... ... Robbery ... in dwelling house ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	on the highway between sunset and sunrise.		9	...	...	...	8	6	100·	75·	9	...	...	6	2	...	66·67	75·	...	...	...
	other robberies ...		6	...	...	...	3	1	83·33	33·33	5	...	...	1	2	...	20·	33·33	2	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440. Serious mischief and cognate offences ...		46	1	1	...	18	7	78·72	38·89	37	...	...	4	7	2	10·81	36·36	10	...	...
35	428, 429 ... ... Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.		15	1	...	...	9	5	46·67	55·56	7	...	...	4	1	...	57·14	80·	5	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.		502	1	5	3	186	166	99·80	89·25	506	...	...	166	20	8	32·81	89·25	25	...	...
37	449 to 452 ... ... House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.		8	...	...	...	8	7	75·	87·5	6	...	...	6	...	...	100·	100.	...	...	...
38	412, 413 ... ... Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ... ... Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	591	3	7	4	237	195	96·15	82·28	575	...	...	190	33	11	33·04	85·20	42	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.							
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.								Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
																	In custody of Police.	On bail.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	2	25	31	59	...	2	8	57	24	...	32	...	23	92	38·46	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	...	66	155	254	...	...	...	254	179	...	44	...	10	15·15	12·35	...	...	...	9	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
34	2	97	187	320	...	2	2·06	318	206	3	76	...	33	34·02	29·20	1	...	..	10	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	21	...	27	...	...	...	27	3	8	...	9	9	42·86	33·33	...	...	...	2	5	1	1	100·	26	26	100·	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	2	2	66·67	66·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	4	80·	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	1	20·	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	..	1	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	2	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	21	7	29	...	5	23·81	24	10	1	8	1	6	28·57	35·29	1	...	..	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	19	4	24	...	...	...	24	7	...	10	...	6	31·58	30·	...	...	..	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	63	21	84	...	8	12·70	76	62	...	13	...	12	19·05	21·32	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	11	...	2	...	2	15·38	15·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	112	21	138	...	4	3·57	134	54	...	74	...	66	58·93	58·41	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	...	267	56	336	...	22	8·24	314	150	12	109	14	106	39·70	41·09	1	...	...	20	8	1	1	100·	26	26	100·	
2	...	5	1	8	...	...	...	8	...	4	...	2	2	40·	28·57	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	4	10	...	...	...	10	5	2	2	1	3	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	50·	403	178	44·17	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	1	5	9	2	11	64·71	64·71	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	71·43	359	124	34·54	
...	...	4	1	5	1	...	...	4	3	...	...	1	1	25·	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	233	233	100·	
...	...	20	26	46	...	6	30·	40	11	9	13	4	4	20·	28·57	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	5	17	...	1	8·33	16	8	...	8	...	7	58·33	63·64	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	318	4	326	1	25	7·86	300	59	...	225	2	226	71·07	76·35	1	...	...	11	2	273	128	46·89	19,370	5,048	26·06	
...	...	13	3	16	...	...	...	16	8	...	7	1	7	53·85	53·85	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	194	194	100·00	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	355	44	445	2	32	8·10	411	95	20	264	13	261	66·08	71·12	1	...	...	12	6	288	139	48·26	20,559	5,777	28·01	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		HYDERABAD—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	12	..	..	..	12	2	16·67	16·67	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	12	..	..	..	12	2	16·67	16·67	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	.	..
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	53	..	..	3	42	28	100·00	66·67	53	..	..	28	14	2	52·83	66·67	3	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. { of cattle	695	1	25	16	497	396	91·11	79·68	656	..	..	382	71	19	58·23	84·33	57	..	..
		{ ordinary	480	8	3	2	303	251	82·19	82·84	397	..	..	231	14	6	58·19	94·29	63	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	26	..	..	..	18	9	42·31	50·00	11	..	..	5	1	..	45·45	83·33	4	..	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	66	..	3	3	68	56	97·10	82·35	67	..	..	54	12	1	80·60	81·82	..	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	82	2	2	3	64	24	63·01	37·5	53	..	..	24	14	1	45·28	63·16	8	..	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,403	11	33	27	993	765	86·21	77·04	1,288	..	..	725	126	29	58·56	85·19	135	..	..
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B). C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	75	..	..	2	64	43	100·00	67·19	75	..	..	43	21	12	67·33	67·19	..	..	..
51	Cognizible offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	8	..	..	..	8	8	100·00	100·00	8	..	..	8	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	26	..	..	..	25	23	42·31	92·00	11	..	..	11	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
53		——— Opium Act	3	..	..	1	3	2	66·67	66·67	2	..	..	2	1	..	100·00	66·67	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	14	..	..	..	14	12	14·29	85·71	2	..	..	1	1	..	50·00	50·00	..	..	..
56		——— Arms Act	11	..	..	..	8	8	90·91	100·00	10	..	..	7	..	1	70·00	100·00	..	..	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		——— Forest Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	272	..	..	..	271	259	75·37	95·57	205	..	..	201	3	1	98·05	98·53	..	..	..
		Total ..	409	..	..	3	393	355	76·53	90·33	313	..	..	273	26	14	87·22	91·30	..	..	..
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ..	182	..	..	..	181	181	45·60	100·00	83	..	..	83	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
		Government of India Act VII of 1857 ..	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
		Total ..	184	..	..	..	183	183	46·20	100·00	85	..	..	85	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	2,383	15	50	41	2,021	1,620	83·32	80·16	2,401	..	1	1,373	241	70	57·16	85·07	187	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		RPOPERTY.						Remarks.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
5	..	8	26	39	..	..	..	39	31	..	8	..	8	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	..	8	26	39	..	..	..	39	31	..	8	..	8	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	..	60	..	63	..	6	10·	57	24	..	30	1	31	51·67	54·39	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	100·	21	21	100·	
29	7	748	95	879	6	74	9·89	797	224	9	529	5	506	67·65	72·70	1	2	..	28	1	628	455	72·45	33,275	25,917	77·89	
15	2	391	134	542	..	41	10·49	501	178	..	306	2	278	71·01	78·31	1	..	..	13	1	398	254	63·82	7,983	1,911	23·94	
..	..	12	25	37	..	3	25·	34	24	..	9	..	4	33·33	44·44	..	..	..	1	..	20	10	50·	1,714	916	53·44	
3	6	98	10	117	..	7	7·14	110	24	3	80	2	74	75·51	74·	..	..	..	1	..	35	34	97·14	2,746	1,307	47·59	
3	..	60	77	140	..	5	8·33	135	107	..	26	..	26	43·33	44·83	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	25	..	..	
53	15	1,370	341	1,779	6	136	9·93	1,635	581	12	981	10	920	67·15	72·10	2	2	..	47	2	1,083	754	69·62	45,764	30,072	65·71	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..								
2	..	75	..	77	..	1	1·33	76	10	11	43	..	43	57·33	56·58	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	47	1	48	..	..	..	48	12	..	36	..	35	74·47	74·47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	13	27	40	..	..	..	40	6	..	28	..	11	84·62	84·62	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	2	1	4	..	..	..	4	1	..	2	..	2	100·	66·67	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	15	17	..	..	..	17	3	..	14	..	1	50·	50·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	10	1	11	..	1	10·	10	1	..	8	..	7	70·	77·78	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	210	74	284	..	2	·95	282	18	..	263	..	200	95·24	96·15	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	..	359	119	481	..	4	1·11	477	51	11	394	..	299	83·29	83·52	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	83	99	182	..	..	..	182	..	..	181	..	83	100·	100·	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	50·	3	2	66·67	
..	..	85	99	184	..	..	..	184	..	..	183	..	85	100·	100·	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	50·	3	2	66·67	
114	17	2,581	872	3,584	8	196	7·59	3,378	1,1	58	2,015	37	1,712	66·33	69·45	5	2	..	111	38	1,374	895	65·14	66,352	35,877	54·07	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending an acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		THAR AND PA'RKAR.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit, offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	..	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	12	...	10	...	14	14	100·	100·	22	...	...	14	...	...	63·63	100·	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	35	3	...	...	15	1	60·	6·66	19	2	...	1	3	1	4·76	25·	11	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	49	3	10	...	31	16	76·27	51·61	43	2	...	16	4	1	35·55	80·	11	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ... Murder... ...	by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		,, robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		,, poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	4	...	...	...	3	1	100·	33·33	4	...	...	1	2	1	25·	33·33	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	1	...	..	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	....	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	6	...	...	1	4	4	83·33	100·	5	...	...	3	...	...	60·	100·	3	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·66	100·	1	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	7	...	...	...	4	1	71·43	25·	5	...	...	1	1	...	20·	50·	3	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	10	...	...	1	8	4	60·	50·	6	...	...	1	3	...	16·66	25·	1	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	36	...	..	3	26	16	80·55	61·53	29	...	...	12	7	1	41·38	63·16	9	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity-...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means... ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	4	...	...	...	2	...	100·	...	4	...	...	...	2·	...	...	..	1	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	16	...	...	2	17	13	12·50	76·47	2	...	...	1	1	1	50·	50·	...	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	5	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	5	...	...	1	...	...	20·	100·	3	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	28	...	2	2	15	13	100·	86·66	30	...	...	13	2	3	43·33	86·66	1	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	3	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	57	...	2	4	36	27	76·29	75·	45	...	...	15	6	4	33·33	71·43	7	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

	PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
	Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police,	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
			Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																		Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																									Rs.	Rs.		
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	THAR AND PA'RKAR— *continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	3	...	...	...	2	1	66·66	50·	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	1	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	3	...	...	...	2	1	66·66	50·	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	1	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle	279	...	6	11	155	112	96·14	72·26	263	10	1	110	37	8	40·14	74·83	24	...	...
		{ ordinary	131	2	1	1	78	53	90·90	67·95	119	1	...	53	15	4	44·17	77·94	15	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	3	...	...	...	...	...	66·66	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	48	...	...	1	40	15	83·33	37·50	39	1	...	15	18	6	37·50	45·45	1	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	18	...	...	1	11	5	88·88	45·45	16	...	...	5	4	...	31·25	55·55	3	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	481	2	7	14	286	186	93·03	65·03	440	13	1	184	75	19	40·52	71·04	43	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagraney and bad character	76	...	...	...	75	55	100·	73·33	76	...	...	55	20	...	72·37	73·33	1	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified ...	Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	26	...	...	...	24	23	96·15	95·83	25	...	...	22	1	...	88·	95·65	1	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	16	...	...	...	16	16	100·	100·	16	...	...	16	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws...	Public and local nuisances	8	...	...	...	8	8	100·	100·	8	...	...	8	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	129	...	...	...	125	104	99·22	83·20	128	...	...	103	21	1	80·46	83·06	2	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	8	...	...	...	8	8	100·	100·	8	...	...	8	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	763	5	19	21	514	358	90·92	69·65	695	15	1	339	113	26	47·68	75·	73	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.							Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	1	3	4	...	...	...	4	3	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	3	4	...	...	...	4	3	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	...	245	17	273	9	24	9·79	240	85	...	146	1	143	58·36	64·13	...	...	...	8	...	209	139	66·50	13,183	8,276	62·77	
2	...	118	22	142	...	24	20·34	118	44	...	67	1	65	55·08	67·70	...	...	...	6	...	99	74	74·74	1,847	929	50·30	
...	...	1	1	2	...	1	100·	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	45	8	54	...	...	...	54	31	...	17	...	15	33·33	32·60	...	...	...	6	...	15	15	100·	923	923	100·	
2	...	8	6	16	...	...	...	16	10	...	6	...	6	75·	60·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	...	419	54	489	9	49	11·69	431	171	...	237	2	230	54·9	61·	...	...	...	21	...	323	228	70·58	15,953	10,128	63·48	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	76	...	76	...	1	1·31	75	20	...	55	...	55	72·37	73·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	100·	...	...	...	
...	...	26	1	27	...	...	...	27	1	...	26	...	25	96·15	96·15	...	...	...	...	...	23	23	100·	728	728	100·	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	4	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	...	...	17	...	17	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	132	1	133	...	1	·75	132	21	...	110	...	109	82·57	83·20	...	...	...	1	...	24	24	100·	728	728	100·	
...	...	7	1	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	7	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	...	706	148	883	13	72	10·19	797	317	5	434	7	410	58·09	63·17	...	1	...	33	1	372	269	72·31	22,527	13,165	58·44	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b*	15 *c*	16	17	18	18*a*	
		SHIKARPUR.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public, Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	6	...	...	...	6	4	83·33	66·66	5	...	...	4	1	...	80·00	80·00	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	17	...	1	1	12	8	83·33	66·66	15	...	...	5	4	3	33·33	55·55	1	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	84	...	...	2	48	16	64·28	33·33	54	...	...	10	10	4	18·51	50·00	30	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	108	...	1	3	67	28	68·80	41·79	75	...	...	19	16	7	25·33	54·28	31	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers	1	...	..	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poison	2	..	..	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·00	100·00	...	...	...
12		Other murders	12	...	...	1	10	5	100·00	50·00	12	...	...	5	5	1	41·66	50·00	1	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	...	1	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	4	...	...	1	...	1	25·00	100·00	1	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	7	..	...	1	4	3	100·00	75·00	7	...	...	3	1	1	42·85	75·00	2	...	...
15	376	Rape	5	...	...	...	3	2	100·00	66·66	5	...	...	2	1	1	40·00	66·66	1	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	10	...	...	...	8	3	100·00	37·50	10	...	...	3	5	1	30·00	37·50	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	2	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	4	...	...	...	4	...	100·00	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	23	1	...	...	13	7	91·30	53·84	21	...	...	7	5	1	33·33	58·33	7	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	2	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	11	..	...	...	10	5	54·54	50·00	6	...	...	3	2	...	50·00	60·00	1	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	37	...	...	2	18	3	91·89	16·66	34	...	...	3	13	1	8·22	18·75	17	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	6	...	...	...	6	...	33·33	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	68	...	...	1	50	31	91·18	62·00	62	...	...	30	1	2	48·38	68·18	16	...	...
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	2	...	...	2	4	1	100·00	25·00	2	...	...	1	3	...	50·00	25·00	...	...	...
		Total ...	196	1	1	7	131	62	89·84	47·32	127	...	...	59	54	10	33·33	52·21	50	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt ... by other means ...	3	...	1	...	4	4	100·00	100·00	4	...	...	4	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	2	...	...	...	2	1	50·00	50·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	14	...	...	1	13	8	100·00	61·53	14	...	...	8	5	...	57·14	61·53	2	..	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	45	...	...	1	29	7	53·33	24·13	23	1	...	4	4	5	16·66	50·00	7	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	21	...	...	1	12	3	94·28	25·00	19	...	...	3	8	...	15·78	27·27	8	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	305	...	4	7	138	99	99·67	71·73	307	1	...	99	39	6	32·14	71·73	18	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	6	...	...	...	2	1	100·00	50·00	6	...	...	1	1	1	16·66	50·00	2	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	398	...	5	10	201	124	93·79	61·69	376	2	...	121	57	13	32·01	67·97	37	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
									By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	1	10	...	1	11·11	9	6	...	3	...	3	33·33	37·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	34	3	38	...	4	11·76	34	7	...	20	...	17	50·00	34·83	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
15	...	203	226	444	...	17	8·37	427	273	6	111	...	73	35·96	36·31	...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
16	...	247	230	493	...	22	8·90	471	287	6	134	...	93	37·65	38·58	...	...	...	38	6	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	1	1	33·33	2	1	...	...	1	1	33·33	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	23	...	24	1	4	17·39	17	4	5	...	5	5	21·73	29·41	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	2	...	3	...	1	50·00	2	...	...	...	1	1	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	7	...	8	...	1	14·28	7	2	1	2	1	3	42·85	42·85	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	2	2	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	11	...	11	...	1	9·09	10	3	3	...	3	3	27·27	30·00	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	23	1	24	...	1	4·34	23	11	...	3	4	7	30·43	31·81	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	1 case ended in death; 1 case compounded.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	..	
...	...	16	18	34	...	...	...	34	23	...	11	...	7	43·75	43·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	43	15	60	...	2	4·65	58	48	...	7	...	7	16·27	16·27	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	7+29 cases compounded.
...	...	3	12	15	...	...	...	15	9	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
5	...	118	11	134	...	8	6·77	126	60	...	56	...	55	46·61	47·82	1	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	4	...	6	...	...	...	6	5	...	1	...	1	25·00	16·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
12	...	264	57	333	1	19	7·19	311	171	15	80	17	92	34·84	36·22	1	...	2	17	10	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	1	100·00	376 1 0	355 1 0	94·41	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	4	4	80·00	80·00	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	59 6 0	7 10 0	11·86	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	2	4	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	66·66	113 4 4	53 4 4	46·90	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	3	5	...	...	...	5	4	...	1	...	1	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	3 0 0	3 0 0	100·00	
2	...	30	...	32	1	3	10·00	28	7	6	15	...	15	...	53·57	...	...	...	...	...	11	11	100·00	419 10 1	397 10 3	94·74	
2	...	20	66	88	...	...	...	88	68	...	13	1	4	20·00	18·18	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	17	1	19	...	1	5·88	18	14	...	4	...	4	23·52	23·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
16	...	235	...	251	...	19	8·08	232	86	...	133	5	138	58·72	59·48	...	...	...	8	...	254	145	57·08	22,478 1 0	11,591 12 7	51·56	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	1	...	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
21	...	322	70	413	1	23	7·14	389	180	7	169	12	171	53·10	53·60	...	...	...	10	11	271	161	59·40	28,449 6 5	12,408 6 2	52·91	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and, including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		SHIKA'RPUR—*continued.**																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	13	...	...	...	10	1	53·84	10·00	7	...	...	1	3	...	14·28	25·00	3	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	7	...	...	...	3	1	71·42	33·33	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	20	...	...	...	13	2	60·00	15·38	12	...	...	1	4	...	8·33	20·00	5	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	198	...	...	...	45	24	100·00	53·33	198	...	...	24	21	2	12·12	53·33	23	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle	543	...	2	16	287	196	97·43	68·29	529	3	...	195	81	9	36·65	70·65	126	...	...
		{ ordinary	774	8	...	6	408	333	94·70	81·61	732	1	...	320	56	13	43·65	85·10	193	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	33	...	...	...	21	15	72·72	71·42	24	...	...	13	...	...	54·16	100·00	7	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	221	...	...	5	82	40	91·85	48·78	201	2	...	40	42	28	19·70	48·78	77	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	97	...	...	...	72	22	56·70	30·55	55	...	...	21	10	...	38·18	67·74	16	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,866	8	2	27	915	630	93·42	68·85	1,739	6	...	613	210	52	35·12	74·48	442	...	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	143	...	3	11	143	121	98·63	84·61	144	...	...	121	20	11	84·02	85·81	2	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	7	...	...	...	7	7	100·00	100·00	7	...	...	7	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	16	...	...	1	15	13	100·00	86·66	16	...	...	13	2	1	81·25	86·66	1	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	14	...	...	1	15	10	92·85	66·66	13	...	...	10	4	...	76·92	71·42	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	3	...	...	...	2	1	100·00	50·00	3	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·00	1	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws... ...	13	...	...	...	12	10	84·61	83·33	11	...	...	9	1	...	81·81	90 00	1	...	...
56		——— Arms Act...	24	...	2	3	20	17	96·15	85·00	25	...	...	17	2	4	68·00	89·47	4	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	18	...	...	...	14	12	38·88	85·71	7	...	...	3	...	...	42·85	100·00	2	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	549	...	...	...	529	491	99·45	92·81	546	...	...	490	36	1	89·74	93·15	12	...	...
		Total ...	788	...	5	16	757	682	97·47	90·09	773	...	...	671	66	17	86·80	91·04	24	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Public Conveyance Act.	41	...	...	...	41	37	100·00	90·24	41	...	...	37	4	...	90·24	90·24	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	8,417	9	14	63	2,125	1,565	93·29	73·64	3,193	8	...	1,521	411	99	47·51	78·72	589	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of Persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was lost to cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p		
...	...	8	21	29	...	...	...	29	27	...	2	...	2	25·00	25·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	7 cases compounded.
...	...	1	6	7	...	...	...	7	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	2 cases compounded.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	27	36	...	...	...	36	30	...	6	...	2	22·22	22·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	72	...	72	...	11	15·27	61	29	...	29	...	29	40·27	47·54	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	100·00	0 2 0	0 2 0	100·0	
27	...	481	27	535	...	62	12·88	472	193	...	266	...	265	55·09	59·55	1	...	1	5	7	415	343	82·65	14,399 3 9	11,894 2 6	82·60	
12	1	590	68	671	4	63	10·67	603	160	...	423	2	406	68·31	75·88	...	1	...	18	...	576	423	73·43	23,710 8 0	20,649 9 10	87·08	
...	...	24	8	32	...	4	16·66	28	12	...	16	...	14	58·33	70·00	...	...	...	...	...	23	12	52·17	2,784 0 6	1,533 11 6	55·06	
18	3	357	6	384	...	35	9·80	349	129	...	64	...	62	17·36	18·07	...	...	...	156	...	141	137	97·16	4,358 13 9	4,101 14 0	94·33	
...	...	44	153	197	...	6	13·63	191	166	...	25	...	24	54·54	63·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	36 cases compounded.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
57	4	1,568	262	1,891	4	181	11·54	1,704	689	...	823	2	800	51·02	55·47	1	1	1	182	7	1,156	916	79·23	45,252 12 0	38,179 7 10	84·36	
...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
11	...	142	2	155	...	...	...	155	22	...	121	...	121	85·21	79·08	1	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	47	...	47	...	...	...	47	3	...	44	...	44	93·61	93·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	18	...	19	...	1	5·55	18	4	...	13	...	13	72·22	72·22	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	14	1	16	...	...	...	16	5	...	11	...	11	78·57	73·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	1	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	14	2	16	...	...	...	16	3	...	13	...	12	85·71	85·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
3	...	23	1	27	...	1	4·34	26	4	...	18	...	18	78·26	72·00	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	20	11	31	...	...	...	31	13	...	18	...	9	45·00	45·00	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	100·00	25 0 0	25 0 0	100·00	
...	...	575	13	588	4	8	1·39	576	60	...	515	...	508	88·34	90·23	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
16	...	856	30	902	4	11	1·28	887	115	...	754	...	737	86·09	85·99	1	...	..	17	...	10	10	100·00	25 0 0	25 0 0	100·00	
...	...	42	...	42	...	...	...	42	5	...	37	...	37	88·09	88·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
122	4	3,308	676	4,110	10	256	7·73	3,840	1,477	28	2,003	31	1,932	58·40	61·06	3	1	3	264	34	1,437	1,087	75·64	68,727 0 0	50,612 0 0	73·64	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

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											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		UPPER SIND FRONTIER.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	2	...	...	...	2	1	100	50	2	...	...	1	1	...	50	50	1	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	7	...	...	1	7	4	28·57	57·14	2	...	...	1	1	...	50	50	1	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	9	...	...	1	9	5	44·44	55·55	4	...	...	2	2	...	50	50	2	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poision ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	12	...	...	2	12	12	100	100	12	...	...	12	...	1	100	100	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	2	...	...	1	...	1	50	100	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	...	...	...	2	1	100	50	2	...	...	1	1	...	50	50	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	4	...	1	1	4	4	60	100	3	...	...	2	...	2	66·66	100	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	...	...	...	3	2	100	66·66	3	...	...	2	1	...	66·66	66·66	1	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	5	...	...	...	3	2	80	66·66	4	...	...	2	...	...	50	100	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	6	...	...	2	6	2	66·66	33·33	4	...	...	2	1	2	50	66·66	1	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	39	...	1	5	35	27	87·5	77·14	35	....	...	25	4	7	71·43	86·20	3	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402, ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	2	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	3	...	...	...	...	...	66·66	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	6	...	...	...	2	1	100	50	6	...	...	1	1	1	16·66	50	2	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	51	...	...	...	14	11	88·23	78·57	45	...	...	11	2	1	24·44	84·62	3	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	3	...	...	...	3	2	100	66·66	3	...	...	2	1	...	66·66	66·66	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	66	...	...	...	22	15	89 39	68·18	59	...	...	15	6	2	25·42	71·43	8	...	...

PERSONS.

| | | |

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	UPPER SIND FRONTIER—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	4	...	...	...	4	2	25·	50·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	4	...	...	...	4	2	25·	50·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	7	...	...	1	2	1	100·	50·	7	...	...	1	1	...	14·29	50·	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... ... of cattle	166	...	14	3	55	39	92·22	70·90	166	...	...	39	15	6	23·52	72·22	19	...	...
		Theft ... ... ordinary	177	1	..	1	91	76	91·52	52·83	162	...	...	72	11	1	44·44	86·75	30	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	7	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	7	...	...	3	...	...	42·86	100·00	1	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	35	...	3	3	31	22	92·10	70·97	35	...	...	22	8	3	62·86	73·33	4	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	9	...	...	...	6	3	88·88	50·	8	...	...	3	2	...	37·5	60·	2	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	401	1	17	8	188	144	92·10	76·60	385	...	...	140	37	10	36·36	79·09	56	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B). C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	26	...	...	...	26	23	38·46	88·46	10	...	...	9	1	...	90·	90·	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	8	...	...	...	8	8	100·	100·	8	...	...	8	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	20	...	...	1	20	20	25·	100·	5	...	...	4	...	1	80·	100.	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	5	...	...	...	5	5	80·	100·	4	...	...	4	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	22	...	...	...	22	19	90·90	86·36	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	4	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	4	...	...	2	...	1	50·	100·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	8	...	...	...	8	7	...	87·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	14	..	...	...	14	14	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Section 31	Police Act VII of 1867	26	...	...	...	26	26	88·46	100·	23	...	...	23	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	134	...	...	1	132	125	42·54	94·70	57	...	...	52	2	2	91·23	96·30	...	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offence against Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	653	1	18	15	390	318	80·62	81·54	541	...	...	235	51	21	43·44	82·16	69	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Policeases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	2	7	9	...	...	...	9	5	...	4	...	1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	7	9	...	...	...	9	5	...	4	...	1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	3	...	7	...	1	33·33	6	5	...	1	...	1	33·33	16·66	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	18	...	...	
5	...	97	4	106	5	6	6·16	94	40	...	44	...	44	45·36	48·88	...	...	1	10	...	154	89	57·79	5,136	2,811	54·75	
4	3	138	21	166	...	17	12·32	147	53	...	93	...	87	63·04	69·05	...	...	2	1	...	145	91	62·76	4,480	3,182	71·04	
...	...	5	3	8	...	1	20·	7	4	...	3	...	3	60	75	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	33·33	124	48	38·72	
8	1	71	9	89	1	10	14·08	72	36	...	31	...	29	40·85	46·03	...	...	6	5	...	30	28	93·33	956	814	85·15	
...	...	7	8	15	...	...	...	15	11	...	3	...	3	42·86	42·86	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	4	321	45	391	6	35	10·90	341	149	...	175	...	167	52·02	42·56	...	...	9	17	...	336	210	62·5	10,714	6,855	63·99	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	21	48	69	...	...	...	69	22	3	44	...	9	42·86	42·86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	31	...	31	...	4	12·90	27	2	...	25	...	25	80·65	92·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	8	22	35	...	...	...	35	6	...	28	...	9	100·00	69·23	...	...	...	1	...	17	17	100	52	51	98·08	
...	...	11	1	12	...	3	27·27	9	2	...	7	...	6	54·54	75	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	100	201	201	100	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	3	21	25	...	...	...	25	5	...	20	...	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	21	21	100	1	1	100	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	4	1	...	2	...	2	40	50	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	14	14	...	...	...	14	3	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	20	9	2	22·22	
...	...	1	20	21	...	...	...	21	5	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	24	3	27	...	...	...	27	...	...	27	...	24	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	106	129	241	...	7	6·60	233	46	3	182	...	78	73·58	75·73	...	...	1	2	...	47	43	91·49	263	255	96·96	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	4	586	273	913	6	52	8·87	845	297	8	487	9	333	56·83	58·42	...	...	10	39	5	424	275	64·86	14,337	7,563	52·75	

STATEMENT

PART I—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which Punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		AHMEDABAD.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	12	1	...	...	9	6	91·66	66·66	11	...	...	6	3	...	54·54	66·66	3	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	15	...	1	...	15	13	100·	86·66	14	2	...	13	2	...	81·25	86·66	1	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	44	11	1	2	23	10	68·88	43·47	30	1	...	9	11	2	20·01	45·	17	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	72	12	2	2	48	30	79·72	62·50	56	3	...	29	16	2	49·15	64·44	21	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... „ dacoits...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... „ robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... „ poison ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	7	...	...	...	6	5	85·71	33·33	6	...	...	5	...	1	83·33	100·	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
14	304, 308...	Culpable homicide	19	2	3	1	16	11	81·81	68·75	18	...	...	10	4	1	55·55	71·42	2	...	...
15	376	Rape	12	4	...	...	2	...	58·33	...	6	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	9	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	4	...	...	...	2	1	75·	50·	3	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·	...	...	...
17	317, 318...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	5	...	...	...	2	1	80·	50·	4	...	...	1	1	...	25·	50·	1	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	10	1	...	...	8	6	90·	75·	9	...	...	6	2	...	66·66	75·	2	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	75	14	...	3	47	26	74·66	55·31	51	4	1	25	14	5	44·64	64·10	19	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	5	2	...	...	2	2	60·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·66	100·	3	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	1	...	...	2	2	66·66	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	1	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	81	22	...	1	18	11	64·19	61·11	51	1	...	10	7	...	19·23	58·82	46	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	17	4	1	...	9	5	66·66	55·55	12	...	...	5	3	1	41·66	62·50	5	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	25	1	1	...	20	11	96·15	55·	21	4	...	11	8	1	44.	57·89	3	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Total ...	269	52	5	5	139	83	73·72	59·71	191	10	1	80	45	9	39·60	64·	92	..	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	...	...	...	4	1	57·14	25·	4	...	...	1	3	...	25·	25·	..	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	3	...	...	...	1	1	33·33	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ...	15	1	1	1	11	7	75·	63·63	12	...	...	7	3	...	58·33	70·	1	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	1	1	1	100·	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	24	1	2	1	16	11	73·07	68·75	19	...	...	10	4	2	52·63	71·42	4	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	44	6	1	...	17	7	60·	41·17	27	...	...	7	10	...	25·92	41·17	10	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	18	5	...	...	7	3	72·22	42·85	10	3	...	3	3	1	23·07	50·	10	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	273	32	1	...	92	72	39·78	78·26	108	1	...	72	17	3	66·05	80·89	40	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	388	45	5	3	153	107	48·09	69·93	185	4	...	105	40	6	55·55	72·41	65	..	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.					REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	15	...	15	...	2	13·33	13	5	1	6	1	7	46·66	53·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	30	2	34	...	4	13·33	30	7	...	21	2	23	76·66	82·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	...	247	...	262	...	37	14·97	216	102	...	104	5	109	44·12	50·46	...	...	9	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	2	293	2	312	...	43	15·01	260	114	1	132	8	140	47·78	54·26	...	...	9	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	15	...	...	15	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	...	1	...	9	9	69·23	69·23	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	34	...	37	7	7	20·58	30	3	11	...	14	14	41·17	46·66	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	1	11	...	9	90·	2	2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·33	2	1	...	...	1	1	33·33	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·33	2	1	...	...	1	1	33·33	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	1	11·11	8	2	..	6	...	6	66·66	75·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	2	131	3	145	...	26	19·84	119	52	2	53	3	56	42·74	48·27	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·33	2	...	...	...	2	2	66·66	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	4	...	4	80·	80·	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	79	3	83	...	58	73·41	25	10	1	14	...	14	17·72	63·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	16	...	18	...	3	18·75	15	5	3	4	2	6	37·50	40·	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	50·	25	6	24·	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	3	1	...	1	1	20·	20·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	47	6	53	...	7	14·89	46	24	...	21	...	218	38·9	45·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	19	362	13	407	...	114	31·49	293	107	34	102	34	133	36·74	47·50	1	...	...	13	2	2	1	50·	25	6	24·	
...	...	32	...	32	...	...	...	32	2	24	...	6	6	18·75	18·75	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	28·57	1,135	41	3·70	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	50·	171	20	11·69	
2	4	27	...	33	...	8	29·62	25	12	...	12	1	13	48·14	52·	...	...	...	...	...	13	10	76·92	698	584	83·66	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	20	20	100·	
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	4	38	...	43	...	7	18·42	30	7	1	14	6	20	52·63	66·66	...	...	6	2	...	20	9	45·	874	257	29·40	
...	1	28	...	29	...	8	28·57	21	6	8	...	7	7	25·	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	22	...	22	...	9	40·90	13	3	...	5	..	5	22·72	38·46	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	11	156	...	167	...	24	15·38	143	36	...	94	5	99	63·46	69·23	...	...	...	8	...	150	86	57·33	27,669	14,488	52·36	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	...	3	75·	75·	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	20	314	...	340	...	56	17·83	278	67	33	136	27	163	51·91	58·63	...	...	6	15	...	194	110	56·77	30,567	15,410	50·38	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	AHMEDABAD—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	43	11	...	...	13	3	62·79	23·07	24	3	...	3	10	...	11·11	23·07	24	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	5	1	...	...	2	2	40·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	1	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	48	12	...	...	15	5	60·41	33·33	26	3	...	5	10	...	17·24	33·33	25	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	4	...	...	...	4	3	100·	75·	3	1	...	3	1	...	75·	75·	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft... ... { of cattle ... ... ordinary	214	67	1	...	69	40	48·37	57·97	103	1	...	40	26	3	38·45	60·66	91	...	...
			1,000	170	4	6	605	473	71·71	78·18	686	30	4	468	125	6	65·	78·92	249	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	71	27	...	...	21	14	52·11	66·66	29	8	...	14	7	...	37·83	66·66	33	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	195	17	1	...	134	104	81·12	77·61	159	...	...	104	28	4	65·40	78·78	35	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	42	4	...	...	18	9	78·78	50·	32	1	...	9	9	...	27·27	50·	17	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,526	285	6	6	851	643	68·99	75·55	1,012	41	4	638	196	13	60·35	76·49	425	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	15	...	...	...	15	10	100·	66·66	8	7	...	10	5	...	66·66	66·66	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	15	...	...	...	14	12	100·	85·71	15	...	...	12	2	...	80·	85·71	...	...	...
52		———Excise Laws	30	...	...	...	29	28	100·	96·55	30	...	...	28	1	...	93·33	96·55	...	...	...
53		———Opium Act...	44	...	...	...	38	31	100·	81·58	41	3	...	31	7	...	70·45	81·57	5	...	...
54		———Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		———Salt and Custom Laws ...	3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
56		———Arms Act	45	...	...	...	39	36	93·33	92·30	41	1	...	36	2	1	85·71	94·73	2	...	...
57		———Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		———Forest Act	2	...	...	...	1	1	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	311	2	...	...	306	282	99·35	92·15	307	2	...	282	24	...	91·26	92·15	5	...	...
		Total ...	465	2	...	...	445	403	98·70	90·56	446	13	...	403	41	1	87·79	90·76	12	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act and Cantonment Act.	132	...	...	...	130	128	98·48	98·46	130	...	...	128	2	...	98·26	98·46	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	2,900	408	18	16	1,781	1,399	72·82	78·55	2,046	74	5	1,388	350	31	65·31	79·86	640	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.				In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	44	5	49	..	22	50·	27	22	...	5	...	5	11·36	22·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	4	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	48	5	53	...	22	45·83	31	22	...	9	...	9	18·75	34·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	...	2	66·66	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	8	160	...	168	...	47	29·37	121	52	...	63	...	63	39·37	52·06	...	...	...	6	...	121	89	73·55	5,547	4,257	76·74	
10	6	1,260	36	1,312	2	233	18·49	1,077	324	11	710	7	702	55·71	67·43	10	...	...	15	...	735	617	84·94	21,583	12,943	59·96	
...	...	29	4	33	...	12	41·37	21	7	...	14	...	10	34·48	58·82	...	...	...	...	...	31	13	41·93	2,736	1,763	64·43	
...	6	286	...	292	4	45	15·73	240	67	...	168	2	170	59·44	70·83	...	...	3	3	...	93	158	100·	3,857	6,902	100·	
...	...	54	...	54	...	27	50·	27	15	..	12	...	12	22·22	44·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	..	1	...	1	100·0	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	20	1,793	41	1,864	6	364	20·30	1,491	466	11	971	9	960	53·54	66·20	10	...	3	24	...	980	877	89·48	33,723	25,865	76·69	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	18	21	39	...	...	...	39	11	...	28	...	13	72·22	72·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	81	...	81	...	...	...	81	13	...	68	...	68	83·95	83·95	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	8	8	100·	
...	...	39	...	39	...	2	5·12	37	2	...	35	...	35	89·74	94·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	50	3	53	...	6	12·	47	10	...	37	...	34	68·	77·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	49	...	49	...	6	12·24	43	3	...	39	...	39	79·59	90·69	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	..	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	357	2	359	...	5	1·40	354	29	...	325	...	324	90·75	92·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	600	26	626	...	19	3·16	607	68	...	538	...	519	86·50	89·32	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	100·	8	8	100·	
...	...	170	...	170	...	..	...	170	4	...	166	...	166	97·64	97·64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	61	3,580	87	3,772	6	618	17·26	3,130	848	79	2,054	78	2,090	58·37	68·68	11	...	18	58	2	1,177	989	84·02	64,323	41,289	64·19	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
																					a.	*b*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a*	
		KAIRA.																			
1	115 ... ... 117 ... ... 118, 119 ...	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commision of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	5	...	...	...	4	2	100·	50·	5	...	...	2	2	...	40·	50·	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	7	...	3	...	8	7	100·	87·5	10	...	...	7	1	...	70·	87·5	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	13	...	...	...	11	5	100·	45·45	13	...	...	5	6	1	38·46	45·45	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	100·	...	2	...	..	...	2	...	...	...	..	...	...
		Total ...	28	...	3	...	26	15	100·	57·69	31	..	...	15	11	1	48·38	57·69	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poison	2	...	...	...	1	..	100·	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	16	...	...	1	4	2	100·	50·	16	...	...	2	2	7	12·5	50·	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	..	...	...	..	..	..	...	1	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	...	1	1	7	5	100·	71·42	6	...	...	5	2	...	83·33	71·42	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	3	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·66	100·	1	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	4	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	4	...	...	3	...	...	75·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	5	...	...	1	6	3	100·	50·	5	...	...	3	3	...	60·	50·	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	64	...	2	2	39	29	96·96	74·35	62	...	2	29	8	5	45·31	78·37	1	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting propert or confession or deterring public servant	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	40	2	1	1	30	9	92·68	30·	35	...	3	9	20	2	23·68	31·03	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	...	...	...	2	2	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	4	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	1	3	...	1	75·	100·	...	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	150	2	4	7	100	59	96·10	59·	142	...	6	58	38	16	39·18	60·41	5	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	4	...	1	...	2	2	100·	100·	5	...	...	2	...	2	40·	100·	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means. ...	4	...	...	...	3	2	100·	66·66	4	...	...	2	1	...	50·	66·66	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	1	1	2	2	100·	100·	1	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	14	...	...	...	7	6	100·	85·71	14	...	...	6	1	1	42·85	85·71	1	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	42	...	...	...	7	...	100·	...	40	...	2	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	9	...	...	...	7	5	100·	71·42	8	...	1	5	2	...	55·55	71·42	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	369	...	5	4	102	81	100·	79·41	372	...	2	81	21	4	21·65	79·41	11	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	4	...	...	...	4	3	100·	75·	4	...	...	3	1	...	75·	75·	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, *dacoits*, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	446	...	7	5	134	101	100·	75·37	448	...	5	101	33	8	22·29	75·37	12	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.					
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	In custody of Police.	On bail.								
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	13	1	3	23·07	9	6	1	2	...	2	15·38	22·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	2	...	7	...	7	77·77	77·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	72	...	72	...	2	2·77	70	29	14	20	...	20	27·77	28·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	97	...	97	1	5	5·15	91	39	15	30	...	30	30·92	32·96	...	...	..	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	14	...	16	...	...	...	16	...	2	...	4	4	28·57	25·	...	...	...	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	8	...	9	...	...	...	9	3	...	...	6	6	75	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	..	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	2	4	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	9	...	10	1	1	11·11	8	5	...	3	...	3	33·33	37·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	64	8	74	...	6	9·37	68	22	...	35	2	37	57·81	61·66	...	...	..	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	4	...	1	...	1	20·	20·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
1	...	53	12	66	...	8	15·09	58	43	...	10	...	10	18·86	21·73	...	..	..	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 case from heading 36 and 1 from 44*b* transferred to 23.
...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	2	1	1	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	7	...	7	77·77	77·77	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	...	177	21	209	1	17	9·60	191	77	10	59	17	75	42·37	44·11	...	...	...	20	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	3	...	...	2	2	16·66	16·66	...	...	...	...	7	4	3	75·	97	77	79·38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	3	...	2	1	3	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	50·	60	4	6·66	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	19	...	19	...	8	42·10	11	1	...	6	1	7	36·84	63·63	...	...	...	3	...	14	9	64·28	438	30	6·84	
...	...	13	...	13	...	5	38·46	8	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	...	14	...	1	7·14	13	6	...	7	...	7	50·	53·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	180	...	186	2	23	12·77	161	46	1	101	5	104	57·77	65·40	...	...	...	8	...	252	109	43·25	28,336	9,833	34·70	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	...	3	75·	75·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	2	248	...	257	2	37	14·91	218	63	5	122	9	129	52·01	59·72	...	...	...	11	8	274	123	44·89	28,931	9,944	34·37	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	KAIRA—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	4	..	..	..	4	1	25· 100·	25.	1	..	..	1	..	..	100· 100·	100·	..	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	..	..	1	1		100·	1	..	..	1	..	..		100·	..	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	5	..	..	..	5	2	40·	40·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. { of cattle	65	..	..	2	42	31	100·	73·80	62	..	3	31	11	1	47·69	73·80	2	..	..
		{ ordinary	567	132	4	1	315	279	76·35	88·57	417	1	18	278	36	3	63·66	88·53	14	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	6	..	..	..	4	3	83·33	75·	4	..	1	2	1	..	40·	66·66	..	..	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	64	..	1	..	64	52	100·	81·25	63	..	2	52	12	..	80·	81·25	..	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	11	..	..	..	11	1	72·72	9·09	8	..	..	1	7	..	12·5	12·5	..	..	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	714	132	5	3	437	367	80·66	83·98	555	1	24	365	67	4	62·93	84·49	16	..	..
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	..	..	..	2	1	100.	50·	2	..	..	1	1	..	50·	50·	..	..	..
51	Cognizible offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	95	..	..	..	89	84	100·	94·38	92	..	3	84	5	1	88·42	94·38	..	..	..
53		——— Opium Act	55	..	..	4	51	43	100·	84·31	54	..	1	43	8	6	78·18	84·31	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	78	..	..	4	82	80	100·	97·56	78	..	..	80	2	..	100·	97·56	..	..	..
56		——— Arms Act	34	..	..	1	28	23	100·	82·14	34	..	..	23	5	3	67·64	82·14	..	..	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		——— Forest Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	203	..	..	..	202	193	98·52	95·54	200	..	..	190	9	1	95·	95·47	..	..	..
		Total ..	467	..	..	9	454	424	99·35	93·39	460	..	4	421	30	11	90·73	93·34	..	..	..
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,310	134	19	24	1,156	968	91·74	83·73	1,638	1	39	962	179	40	57·33	84·31	33	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.					By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.		By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	5	5	10	..	2	40·	8	5	..	3	..	3	60·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 case transferred from heading 44*b* to 40.
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	5	11	..	2	33·33	9	5	..	4	..	4	66·66	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	..	73	..	79	..	3	4·10	76	23	..	50	2	52	71·23	68·42	..	..	..	1	..	63	47	74·60	2,627	2,324	88·46	
2	..	478	1	481	..	49	10·25	432	66	..	349	12	360	75·31	83·52	..	..	..	5	..	412	343	83·25	5,712	1,907	33·38	2 cases transferred from heading 14 to 44*b*.
..	..	3	1	4	..	..	..	4	1	..	3	..	2	66·66	66·66	..	..	..	..	..	5	3	60·	103	57	55·33	
1	..	94	2	97	..	9	9·57	88	23	..	65	..	65	69·14	75·58	..	..	..	..	..	23	62	100·	570	2,096	100·	2 cases from heading 33, 3 from 36, 1 from 44*a* and 3 from 44*b* transferred to 46.
..	..	14	5	19	..	..	..	19	18	..	1	..	1	7·14	7·14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	..	663	9	681	..	61	9·20	620	131	..	469	14	481	72·54	78·72	..	..	..	6	..	503	455	90·45	9,012	6,384	70·83	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	1	..	1	50·	50·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	105	..	105	..	6	5·71	99	8	..	90	..	90	85·71	90·90	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	55	..	59	..	1	1·81	58	8	..	44	..	44	80·	75·86	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 case transferred from heading 55 to 53.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	81	..	85	..	1	1·23	84	2	..	82	..	82	100·	97·61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	38	..	39	..	2	5·26	34	8	..	22	1	23	60·52	67·64	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 case transferred from heading 52 to 55.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	176	27	203	..	..	..	203	9	..	193	..	166	94·31	94·31	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	..	457	27	493	..	10	2·18	482	36	..	432	1	406	88·84	84·21	..	..	3	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
36	2	1,648	62	1,748	4	132	8·	1,609	351	30	1,116	41	1,125	68·26	72·67	..	..	3	55	16	777	578	74·38	37,943	16,328	43·03	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu*.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12, to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12, to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12, to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. *b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		PANCH MAHA'LS.																			
1	115 ... ... 117 ... ... 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit, offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	3	...	1	1	5	4	75·00	80·00	3	...	...	3	1	...	100·00	75·00	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	1	...	2	...	3	2	100·00	66·66	3	...	...	2	1	...	66·66	66·66	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	5	...	3	1	9	7	87·50	77·77	7	...	...	6	2	...	85·71	75·00	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder... ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder... ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder... ... ,, robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder... ... ,, poison	2	...	...	...	1	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	5	...	...	...	4	2	100·00	50·00	5	...	...	2	2	1	40·00	50·00	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	...	1	...	4	2	80·00	50·00	4	...	...	2	2	...	50·00	50·00	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	4	...	...	...	4	2	100·00	50·00	4	...	...	2	2	...	50·00	50·00	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	6	...	...	...	5	3	83·33	60·00	5	...	...	3	2	2	60·00	60·00	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	1	...	1	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	10	...	...	...	6	4	70·00	66·66	7	...	...	4	1	1	57·14	80·00	1	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	...	...	1	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	4	...	...	...	4	3	50·00	75·00	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	39	...	3	2	32	18	80·95	56·25	34	...	...	17	12	5	50·00	58·62	2	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	...	...	...	1	1	42·85	100·00	3	...	...	1	...	1	33·33	100·00	1	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	6	...	1	...	5	4	100·00	80·00	7	...	...	4	1	...	57·14	80·00	2	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	3	...	...	...	2	1	100·00	50·00	3	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·00	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	10	...	...	...	10	7	60·00	70·00	6	...	...	5	1	...	83·33	83·33	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	129	...	4	...	42	34	53·38	80·95	71	...	...	34	8	28	47·88	80·95	1	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	157	...	5	...	61	48	56·17	78·69	91	...	...	46	11	29	50·55	80·70	5	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	8	1	10	...	...	...	10	6	...	4	...	3	37·50	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	18	...	18	...	...	...	18	9	...	9	...	9	50·000	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	27	1	29	...	...	...	29	15	...	14	...	13	48·14	46·42	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	1	2	..	2	2	33·33	33·33	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	1	5	...	2	2	25·00	25·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	2	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	1	50·00	1	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	2	...	2	...	2	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	13	...	18	...	5	38·46	13	4	...	4	...	4	30·77	30·77	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	16	1	17	...	9	56·25	8	3	...	4	...	4	25·00	57·14	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	5	17	...	...	...	17	11	...	6	...	5	41·66	41·66	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	73	6	84	...	17	23·28	67	31	7	17	5	21	28·76	34·42	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	4	...	...	7	7	58·33	58·33	1	...	...	...	...	6	1	16·66	223	4	1·79	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	1	...	6	...	6	85·71	85·71	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	75·00	73	65	89·04	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	1	50·00	50·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	15	6	21	...	...	...	21	4	...	17	...	14	93·33	93·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	61	...	62	...	1	1·64	61	16	...	42	...	42	68·85	68·85	...	...	...	3	...	104	37	35·57	5,597	478	8·54	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	98	6	105	...	1	1·02	104	26	...	66	8	71	72·44	72·44	1	...	...	3	...	115	41	35·65	5,897	547	9·27	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
														a.	*b.*	*c.*				*a.*	*b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		PANCH MAHA'LS—*continued.**																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	2	...	...	...	2	1	50·00	50·00	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	2	...	...	...	2	1	50·00	50·00	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle...	43	...	2	...	29	26	71·11	89·65	32	...	...	26	2	3	81·25	92·85	...	...	...
		{ ordinary	152	6	3	...	112	99	63·22	88·39	98	...	...	73	9	14	74·49	89·02	2	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	22	...	...	...	21	20	95·45	95·23	21	...	...	19	1	1	90·47	95·00	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	2	...	...	...	2	1	50·00	50·00	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	220	6	5	...	165	147	68·00	89·09	153	...	...	119	13	18	77·77	90·15	2	...	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified ...	Offences against Gambling Act	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·00	50·00	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·00	50·00	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	45	...	3	1	48	44	97·91	91·66	47	...	...	44	4	...	93·61	91·66	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	63	...	...	...	61	59	98·41	96·72	62	...	...	58	2	2	93·54	96·66	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	14	...	...	...	14	13	100·00	92·85	14	...	...	13	1	...	92·85	92·85	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws...	Public and local nuisances	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
		Total ...	128	...	3	1	128	120	93·47	93·75	129	...	...	119	8	3	92·24	93·70	...	...	...
	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Act VI of 1867	12	...	...	...	12	11	100·00	91·66	12	...	...	11	1	...	91·66	91·66	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	563	6	19	4	409	352	73·36	86·06	427	...	...	318	48	55	74·47	86·88	2	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.					
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	47	2	50	1	...	...	49	11	...	38	...	38	80·85	80·85	...	...	...	...	...	43	30	69·76	1,380	1,141	82·68	
...	...	156	95	251	...	4	2·56	247	39	...	205	...	129	82·69	84·86	2	...	...	1	...	142	102	71·83	1,753	904	51·56	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	13	13	100·00	
...	1	29	2	32	...	...	...	32	4	1	26	...	24	82·75	80·00	...	...	...	1	...	15	14	93·33	675	541	80·14	
...	...	5	1	6	...	...	...	6	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	238	100	340	1	4	1·68	335	59	1	271	...	192	80·67	81·70	2	...	...	2	...	201	147	73·13	3,821	2,599	68·01	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	3	...	6	...	6	66·66	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	75	...	76	...	...	...	76	8	...	68	...	68	90·66	89·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	79	3	82	...	...	...	81	6	1	73	...	70	88·60	89·74	...	...	1	1	...	62	62	100·00	908	908	100·00	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	14	1	...	13	...	13	92·85	92·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	14	1	...	13	...	13	92·85	92·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	194	3	198	...	...	...	197	19	1	175	...	172	88·65	88·65	...	...	1	2	...	62	62	100·00	908	908	100·00	
...	...	20	...	20	...	4	20·00	16	1	...	15	...	15	75·00	93·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	3	652	117	779	1	26	3·98	751	153	9	559	13	484	74·23	76·34	4	...	1	13	...	378	250	66·13	10,626	4,054	38·15	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.		Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.			When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
												By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	*a.*	*b*	*c*					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		BROACH.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. ... ... 118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																		
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 269, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	...	...	...	3	1	100·00	33·33	3	...	1	2	...	33·33	33·33	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	14	...	...	...	11	10	42·85	90·90	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	3	...	...	...	2	1	100·00	50·00	3	...	4	1	...	66·66	80·00	1	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·00	1	...	...
		Total ...	20	...	...	...	16	12	60·00	75·00	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																		
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	7	...	1	...	4	2	75·00	50·00	6	...	2	2	2	33·33	50·00	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	...	1	...	3	...	100·00	...	5	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	3	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	...	...	...	2	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	...	2	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	16	...	...	2	16	6	100·00	37·50	16	...	6	10	1	37·50	37·50	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	2	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	27	...	1	...	15	3	92·85	20·00	26	...	3	12	2	11·53	20·00	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	...	...	...	1	...	100·00	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	9	...	...	1	8	4	77·77	50·00	7	...	3	3	...	42·85	50·00	...	...	...
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·00	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	77	...	3	3	53	19	90·00	35·84	74	...	18	34	9	25·00	34·61	4	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																		
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	5	...	...	...	4	2	100·00	50·00	5	...	2	2	...	40·00	50·00	1	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt ... by other means	4	...	...	1	3	...	100·00	...	3	...	1	3	...	...	...	1	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	10	...	...	...	3	1	100·00	33·33	10	...	1	2	...	10·00	33·33	6	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	34	...	...	2	6	1	85·29	16·66	28	...	1	1	5	2	3·44	16·66	13	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	4	...	...	...	2	...	100·00	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking, with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	127	...	1	2	32	21	97·65	65·62	125	...	21	11	2	16·80	65·62	5	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	3	...	...	...	3	1	100·00	33·33	3	...	1	2	...	33·33	33 33	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	187	...	1	5	53	26	95·74	49·05	178	...	2	26	27	4	14·44	49·05	26	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	18	7	25	...	1	5·55	24	5	...	19	...	14	77·77	82·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	29	23	52	...	9	31·03	43	37	...	6	...	6	20·68	30·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	50	30	80	...	10	20·00	70	44	...	26	...	21	42·00	52·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	40	...	40	...	1	2·50	39	17	1	...	2	2	5·00	5·12	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	1	25·00	3	1	...	2	...	2	50·00	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
7	...	54	...	61	...	4	7·40	57	30	2	6	...	6	11·11	10·52	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	..	
...	...	20	...	20	...	...	...	20	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	86	...	86	...	...	...	86	77	...	4	...	4	4·65	4·65	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	25	2	28	...	...	...	28	22	...	6	...	5	20·00	19·23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
8	...	252	2	262	...	6	2·38	256	166	7	19	3	21	8·33	8·26	...	...	...	55	6	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	39	...	39	...	...	...	39	12	13	...	14	14	35·89	35·89	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	75·00	51 0 0	44 0 0	86·27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	6	...	8	...	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·00	1 0 0	1 0 0	100·00	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	3	...	1	...	1	25·00	25·00	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	75·00	2 0 0	1 0 0	50·00	
3	...	40	...	43	...	...	...	43	24	...	...	2	2	5·00	4·65	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	57	...	59	...	3	5·26	56	28	...	25	...	25	43·85	44·64	...	...	...	3	...	101	46	45·54	12,810 0 0	6,506 0 0	50·78	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
7	...	158	...	165	...	3	1·89	162	86	13	27	16	43	27·41	26·54	...	...	...	20	...	111	54	48·64	12,864 0 0	6,552 0 0	50·93	

* One case with four persons that was pending trial at the end of last year (1887) has been decided by the Magistrate to be non-cognizable.

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	BROACH—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	6	...	...	1	7	1	50·00	14·28	3	...	...	1	3	...	33·33	25·00	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	6	...	...	1	7	1	50·00	14·28	3	...	...	1	3	...	33·33	25·00	...	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... of cattle	48	...	...	...	34	22	89·58	64·70	43	...	...	22	11	1	51·16	66·66	2	...	...
		Theft ... ordinary	336	5	2	6	219	164	91·42	74·88	306	...	3	161	54	4	52·10	74·88	33	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	10	...	2	1	7	3	50·00	42·85	6	...	...	2	3	1	33·33	40·00	1	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	25	...	1	...	26	21	100·00	80·76	26	...	...	21	5	...	80·76	80·76	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	17	...	1	...	13	1	55·55	7·69	10	...	...	1	5	...	10·00	16·66	2	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	437	5	6	7	300	212	89·16	70·66	392	...	3	208	78	6	52·65	72·72	38	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	5	...	...	...	5	2	100·00	40·00	5	...	...	2	3	...	40·00	40·00	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	9	...	...	...	8	8	100·00	100·00	9	...	...	8	...	...	88·88	100·00	1	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	18	...	...	...	16	15	94·44	93·75	17	...	...	14	1	1	82·35	93·33	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws...	24	...	...	...	24	23	91·66	95·83	22	...	...	21	1	...	95·45	95·45	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act...	11	...	...	...	11	11	100·00	100·00	11	...	...	11	...	...	100·00	100·00	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	181	...	...	2	179	168	99·44	93·85	179	1	...	167	11	4	92·77	93·82	...	...	...
		Total ...	250	...	...	2	245	229	98·40	93·46	245	1	...	225	16	5	91·46	93·36	1	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		,, ,, Public Land Conveyance Act.	9	...	...	...	7	7	100·00	100·00	9	...	...	7	...	2	77·77	100·00	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	956	5	10	18	681	506	92·06	74·30	913	1	5	491	162	26	53·54	75·19	71	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.					REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of Persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
1	...	10	5	16	...	...	...	16	15	...	1	...	1	10·00	9·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	10	5	16	...	...	...	16	15	...	1	...	1	10·00	9·09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	79	5	84	...	...	...	84	27	...	50	...	53	67·08	67·08	1	...	...	3	...	45	38	84·44	2,828	2,453	86·74	
12	...	424	18	454	1	5	1·17	448	180	4	249	1	244	57·54	56·74	1	...	...	13	...	294	242	82·31	6,868	4,734	68·92	
3	1	5	2	11	...	...	...	10	5	...	3	...	2	40·00	25·00	...	1	...	2	...	6	4	66·66	1,344	769	57·21	
...	...	43	...	43	...	...	...	43	11	...	32	...	32	74·41	74·41	...	...	...	...	...	17	18	100·00	1,215	488	40·16	
...	...	7	12	19	...	...	...	19	18	...	1	...	1	14·28	14·28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
15	1	559	37	612	1	5	0·89	605	241	4	339	1	333	59·57	58·60	2	1	...	18	...	362	302	83·42	12,255	8,444	68·90	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·00	100·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	16	...	16	...	...	...	16	7	...	9	...	9	56·25	56·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	11	2	...	9	...	9	81·81	81·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	17	1	18	...	...	...	18	1	...	16	...	15	88·23	88·23	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	29	11	40	...	...	...	40	1	...	39	...	28	96·55	96·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	2	...	11	...	11	84·61	84·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	181	2	185	...	1	0·55	184	12	...	168	...	167	92·26	91·75	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	269	14	285	...	1	0·37	284	25	...	254	...	241	89·59	89·25	...	...	..	5	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	7	...	7	77·77	77·77	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
33	1	1,307	88	1,429	1	25	1·91	1,402	577	24	673	20	667	51·03	50·76	2	1	...	100	6	473	356	75·26	25,119	14,996	59·69	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6, and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6, and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and those investigated by Police in Column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and those investigated by Police in Column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and those investigated by Police in Column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		SURAT.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. 118, 119... ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216.	Harbouring an offender	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	5	...	...	1	6	5	100·	83·33	5	...	...	5	1	...	100·	83·33	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	9	...	...	...	6	5	100·	83·33	9	...	...	5	1	...	55·55	83·33	...	...	...
		Total ...	17	...	...	1	15	10	100·	66·66	17	...	...	10	5	...	58·82	66·66	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poision ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	3	...	...	1	3	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	...	...	1	3	1	100·	33·33	2	...	...	1	2	...	50·	33·33	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	4	2	...	...	1	...	100·	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	13	1	...	...	12	11	100·	91·66	13	...	...	11	1	...	84·61	91·66	1	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	12	1	1	2	14	9	92·30	64·28	12	...	...	9	4	...	75·	69·23	1	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	...	...	...	3	...	66·66	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	31	8	...	...	19	3	100·	15·78	31	...	...	3	16	1	9·67	15·78	10	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	3	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	1	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	8	3	1	...	6	4	88·88	66·66	8	...	...	3	2	...	37·5	60·	3	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	2	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	2	..	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Total ...	84	15	2	4	67	30	96·51	44·77	83	...	...	29	35	2	34·93	45·31	19	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	6	...	1	...	3	2	100·	66·66	7	...	...	2	1	3	28·57	66·66	...	...	...
31	399, 402, ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	11	6	...	1	2	1	100·	50·	11	...	...	1	1	1	9·09	50·	6	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	3	2	1	...	...	...	100·	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	9	2	...	...	5	1	88·88	20·	8	...	...	1	3	1	12·5	25·	3	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	62	4	1	2	33	25	100·	75·75	63	...	...	25	8	...	39·68	75·75	6	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	2	1	...	...	1	...	100·	..	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	94	16	3	3	44	29	98·96	65·90	96	...	...	29	14	5	80·20	67·44	20	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.				
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of Persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.										
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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1	...	6	...	7	...	...	...	7	2	...	5	...	5	83·33	71·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	22	...	22	...	...	...	22	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	1	...	5	...	5	83·33	83·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	35	...	36	..	...	...	36	26	...	10	...	10	28·57	27·77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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3	...	4	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	1	100·	12	12	100·	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	2	...	1	1	50·	25·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	1	...	10	1	11	91·66	91·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
	...	22	1	26	...	...	...	26	15	...	10	1	11	50·	44·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	11	2	13	...	3	27·27	10	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	35	...	35	...	3	8·57	32	26	...	3	...	3	8·57	9·37	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	2	25·	6	5	...	1	...	1	12·5	16·66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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2	...	6	1	9	...	...	...	9	2	...	7	...	6	100·	75·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	....	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
10	...	118	4	132	...	8	6·77	124	72	11	32	3	34	28·81	28·33	...	...	...	6	...	1	1	100·	12	12	100·	
...	...	53	...	53	...	...	...	53	8	4	...	5	5	9·43	9·43	...	...	...	...	36	6	6	100·	268	59	22·01	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
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1	...	4	...	5	...	2	50·	3	1	...	1	...	1	25·	33·33	...	...	...	1	...	5	1	20·	69	1	1·44	
1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	10	1	11	...	...	...	11	9	...	1	...	1	10·	10·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	52	...	54	...	5	9·61	49	12	...	34	3	37	71·15	75·51	...	...	...	...	...	46	22	47·82	3,005	706	23·49	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.....	.....	...	
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4	...	120	1	125	...	8	6·66	117	31	4	36	8	44	36.66	37·93	...	...	...	2	36	57	29	50·87	3,342	766	22·92	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.																		
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.									When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	
											By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.					When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
													a.	*b.*	*c.*				*a.*	*b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		SURAT—*continued.**																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement...	12	4	...	...	5	1	100·	20·	12	...	...	1	4	1	8·33	20·	6	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	12	4	...	..	5	1	100·	20·	12	...	...	1	4	1	8·33	20·	6	...	...
		CLASS V—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	16	4	...	1	8	5	100·	62·5	15	1	...	5	3	...	31·25	62·5	6	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle...	17	1	1	...	12	8	100·	66·66	18	...	...	8	4	...	44·44	66·66	1	...	...
45		{ ordinary	414	87	7	7	225	189	99·28	74·11	411	7	...	188	64	2	44·97	74·60	136	...	...
46	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	31	13	3	...	15	8	85·29	53·33	25	4	...	7	3	...	24·13	70·	13	...	...
47	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	35	...	...	...	31	28	97·14	90·32	34	...	...	27	3	3	79·41	90·	1	...	...
48	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	15	6	...	...	8	5	80·	62·5	12	...	...	3	2	...	25	60·	7	...	...
	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	2	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	530	111	11	8	330	243	97·78	73·63	517	12	...	238	80	5	44·99	74·84	169	...	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII. (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character... ...	4	...	...	1	5	5	100·	100·	4	...	...	5	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	234	5	1	13	237	218	88·93	91·98	209	...	...	192	19	...	91·86	90·99	13	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ...	3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	..	100·	100·	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	5	..	...	...	5	5	100·	100·	5	...	...	5	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	164	1	...	6	169	150	100·	88·75	164	...	...	150	19	...	91·46	88·75	2	...	...
		Total ...	411	6	1	20	420	382	93·68	90·95	386	...	..	356	38	...	92·22	90 35	15	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Land Conveyance Act.	86	...	...	...	86	80	100·	93·02	86	...	...	80	6	...	93·02	93·02	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,234	152	17	36	967	775	96·64	80·14	1,197	12	...	743	182	18	61·41	80·32	229	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	20	...	20	...	8	40·	12	8	...	1	...	1	5·	8·33	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	15	...	16	...	6	40·	10	3	...	7	...	7	46·66	70·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	4	...	8	1	9	69·23	69·23	...	...	...	...	...	17	16	94·11	585	469	80·17	
15	...	453	5	473	...	74	16·33	398	111	...	283	...	280	61·81	71·24	...	...	1	4	...	281	249	88·61	13,183	9,891	75·02	
2	...	19	4	25	...	7	36·84	18	8	...	10	...	9	47·36	75·	...	...	...	...	...	12	10	83·33	1,865	1,300	69·70	
...	...	47	2	49	...	1	2·12	48	6	...	38	...	36	76·59	78·26	...	...	...	4	...	33	33	100·	967	668	69·07	
...	...	10	9	19	...	1	10·	18	8	...	10	...	4	40·	44·44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	...	559	20	597	...	89	15·92	507	142	...	356	1	345	61·71	71·13	...	...	1	8	...	343	308	89·79	16,600	12,328	74·26	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	9	...	10	...	1	11·11	9	...	...	9	...	9	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	...	230	30	289	...	7	3·04	282	27	...	255	...	227	98·69	90·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	168	...	174	...	...	...	174	19	...	155	...	155	92·26	89·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
36	...	418	30	484	...	8	1·91	476	46	...	430	...	402	96·17	90·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	86	...	86	...	...	...	86	6	...	80	...	80	93·02	93·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
69	...	1,356	55	1,480	...	101	8·92	1,358	331	15	945	12	916	67·55	70·40	...	...	1	19	36	401	338	84·28	19,954	13,106	65·68	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	*a.* Ending in conviction.	*b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	*c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		THA'NA.																			
1	115 .. .. .. Abetment of offence not committed, &c...		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	117 .. .. .. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	118, 119 .. .. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 .	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	6	..	..	..	6	6	50·00	100·00	3	..	..	3	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	23	..	..	1	24	7	65·21	29·16	15	..	..	6	10	..	40·00	37·50	..	..	..
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	30	..	..	1	31	14	63·33	45·16	19	..	..	10	10	..	52·63	50·00	..	..	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder .. by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		Murder .. ,, dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		Murder .. ,, robbers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		Murder .. ,, poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	5	..	..	1	4	1	60·00	25·00	3	..	..	1	3	..	33·33	25·00	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	2	..	..	..	1	..	50·00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	..	..	2	3	1	100·00	33·33	1	..	..	1	2	..	100·00	33·33	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	6	..	..	..	2	1	66·66	50·00	4	..	..	1	1	1	25·00	50·00	1	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	5	..	..	..	4	3	80·00	75·00	4	..	..	3	1	..	75·00	75·00	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	13	..	..	1	14	10	100·00	71·42	13	..	..	10	4	..	76·92	71·42	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	2	..	..	..	1	1	50·00	100·00	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	37	..	4	..	29	18	68·29	62·09	28	..	..	18	9	1	64·28	66·66	..	..	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	10	..	..	..	6	2	60·00	33·33	4	1	1	2	3	1	33·33	40·00	..	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	19	..	3	..	18	2	45·45	11·11	10	..	..	1	8	..	19·00	11·11	..	1	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	..	..	..	1	..	75·00	..	3	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	29	..	1	..	26	16	46·66	61·53	14	..	..	8	3	..	57·14	72·72	3	..	..
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	134	..	8	4	109	55	61·97	50·50	86	1	1	46	36	5	52·27	56·09	4	1	..
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	6	..	1	1	4	4	50·00	100·00	3	..	..	4	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs,	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. in dwelling-house ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	100·00	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	3	..	..	..	2	2	100·00	100·00	3	..	..	2	..	1	66·66	100·00	..	..	..
		Robbery .. other robberies	11	..	..	1	4	2	36·36	50·00	4	..	..	2	2	1	50·00	50·00	..	..	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	4	..	..	..	2	1	50·00	50·00	2	..	..	1	1	..	50·00	50·00	..	..	..
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	25	..	2	..	20	11	55·55	55·00	15	..	..	10	3	1	66·66	76·92	2	..	..
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	188	..	7	..	70	60	46·84	85·71	88	..	1	60	10	7	67·41	85·71	12	..	..
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	13	..	2	..	13	4	74·00	30·76	11	..	..	4	6	1	36·36	40·00	..	..	..
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	248	..	12	2	118	80	50·00	72·88	129	..	1	85	23	11	65·88	78·70	14	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	4	3	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	4	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	144	70	218	..	..	..	218	171	..	47	..	38	26·38	26·38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	149	73	226	..	..	..	226	171	..	55	..	43	28·85	28·85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	6	..	10	..	..	..	9	4	3	..	1	1	16·66	16·66	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	..	6	..	11	..	..	..	11	..	3	..	1	1	16·66	16·66	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	3	1	4	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	1	1	33·33	33·33	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	3	..	2	1	3	50·00	50·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	16	..	17	..	..	..	17	6	..	11	..	11	68·75	68·75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	62	5	67	..	1	1·61	66	31	5	13	15	26	41·93	42·62	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	28	11	39	..	..	..	39	26	..	5	..	5	17·85	17·85	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	12	12	24	..	..	..	24	22	..	1	1	1	8·33	8·33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	32	31	63	..	..	..	63	38	..	25	..	10	31·25	31·25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	..	179	62	251	..	1	·55	249	132	18	57	21	60	33·51	33·70	..	..	1	14	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	6	31	..	43	9	..	..	34	7	13	..	14	14	45·16	50·00	..	..	..	..	..	6	4	66·66	1,161	53	4·56	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	2	1	3	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	50·00	186	8	4·30	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	15	..	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	5	..	5	83·33	83·33	..	..	..	..	1	3	3	100·00	140	114	81·42	
1	..	8	..	9	1	1	12·50	7	2	..	4	..	4	50·00	66·66	..	..	..	1	..	11	8	72·72	161	36	22·36	
..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	1	1	33·33	33·33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	18	13	31	..	..	..	31	13	..	17	..	15	83·33	83·33	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	..	154	..	159	..	..	..	159	33	..	113	2	115	74·67	74·67	3	..	..	8	..	160	64	40·00	13,473	2,263	16·70	
..	..	34	8	42	..	..	..	42	31	..	4	..	4	11·76	11·76	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	6	258	21	297	10	1	·38	286	89	13	145	18	161	62·40	63·63	3	..	..	17	12	183	80	43·71	15,136	2,474	16·34	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		THANA—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	20	..	..	..	17	1	40·00	5·88	8	..	..	1	7	..	12·50	12·50	3	1	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	10	..	..	..	8	1	90·00	12·50	9	..	..	1	7	..	11·11	12·50	1	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	32	..	..	..	27	2	53·12	7·40	17	..	..	2	14	..	11·76	12·50	4	1	..
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	11	..	..	..	10	6	81·81	60·00	9	..	..	6	3	..	66·66	66·66	..	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. { of cattle	29	..	1	..	25	14	80·00	56·00	24	..	..	14	7	..	58·33	66·66	3	1	..
		{ ordinary	670	6	32	..	462	310	59·97	67·09	415	..	6	258	91	4	61·28	78·92	70	2	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	67	..	4	..	57	19	53·52	33·33	33	2	3	18	19	..	47·36	48·64	3	3	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	36	..	1	..	34	24	88·78	70·58	31	..	..	22	7	1	70·96	75·86	2	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	244	..	7	1	242	25	23·90	10·33	59	1	..	15	42	..	25·00	26·31	6	30	2
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,057	6	45	1	830	398	52·90	47·95	571	3	9	333	169	5	57·02	66·33	84	36	2
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·00	100·00	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
50	Chapter VIII. (B). C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified ..	Offences against Gambling Act	7	..	..	..	7	5	100·00	71·42	7	..	..	5	2	..	71·42	71·42	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	557	..	6	2	534	429	85·61	80·33	478	..	4	381	83	14	78·71	82·11	6	..	..
53		——— Opium Act	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·00	100·00	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·00	100·00	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	47	..	..	..	47	40	25·53	85·10	12	..	..	10	2	..	83·33	83·33	..	..	..
56		——— Arms Act	7	..	..	..	6	6	100·00	100·00	7	..	..	6	..	1	85·71	100·00	..	..	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		——— Forest Act	67	..	..	..	65	33	..	50·76	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	678	..	..	2	677	661	99·85	97·63	677	..	..	661	15	2	95·12	97·78	1	..	..
		Total ..	1,367	..	6	4	1,340	1,177	86·52	87·33	1,184	..	4	1,066	102	17	89·42	91·26	7	..	1
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ..	83	..	..	3	86	79	98·79	91·86	82	..	..	78	7	..	91·76	91·76	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	2,951	6	71	16	2,542	1,811	69·72	71·24	2,088	4	15	1,620	362	38	76·88	81·73	113	38	3

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By *Magistrate.*	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	25	15	40	..	..	..	40	39	..	1	..	1	4·00	4·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	21	..	21	..	..	..	21	19	..	1	..	1	4·76	4·76	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	46	20	66	..	..	..	66	63	..	2	..	2	4·34	4·34	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	11	2	13	..	..	..	13	7	..	6	..	6	54·54	54·54	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	100·00	16	16	100·00	
..	..	40	3	43	..	4	10·00	39	17	..	22	..	22	56·00	61·11	..	..	..	..	..	26	26	100·00	873	834	95·53	
..	5	566	291	862	..	8	1·41	854	424	..	423	1	351	62·01	62·84	..	..	..	6	..	567	444	78·30	13,735	5,536	40·30	*In one case in which there were 2 accused pending last year they were convicted by the Magistrate under Sec. 328, I. P. Code.
..	..	52	30	82	..	..	..	82	60	..	22	..	19	36·53	36·53	..	..	..	..	..	47	25	53·18	4,790	1,663	34·72	
..	..	51	9	60	..	..	..	60	19	..	39	..	36	70·58	70·58	..	..	..	2	..	25	25	100·00	958	696	72·65	
1	..	105	369	475	..	..	..	475	436	..	39	..	28	26·66	26·66	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	100·00	5	5	100·00	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	5	825	704	1,535	..	12	1·45	1,523	963	..	551	1	462	56·00	56·47	..	..	..	8	..	668	523	78·29	20,377	8,750	42·94	
..	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	4	1	..	3	..	3	75·00	75·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	22	..	22	..	..	..	22	12	..	10	..	10	45·45	45·45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	..	569	90	661	..	5	·87	656	154	..	477	..	423	74·34	75·00	..	..	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	12	58	70	..	..	..	70	17	..	53	..	10	83·33	83·33	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	100·00	18	18	100·00	
..	..	2	5	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	6	..	2	100·00	100·00	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	174	174	..	..	..	174	89	..	85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	100·00	4	4	100·00	
2	..	739	1	742	..	2	·27	740	20	..	718	..	718	97·15	97·42	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	1,350	329	1,683	..	7	·51	1,676	294	..	1,354	..	1,168	86·51	86·96	..	..	..	28	..	9	9	100·00	22	22	100·00	
4	..	83	5	92	..	..	..	92	8	..	84	..	79	95·18	95·18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
36	11	2,890	1,214	4,151	10	21	·72	4,119	1,721	31	2,248	40	1,975	68·33	68·81	3	..	1	68	8	860	612	71·16	35,535	14,246	31·64	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		AHMEDNAGAR.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																			
2	121, to 126, 130 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	2	...	...	...	2	2	100	100	2	...	...	2	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	8	...	...	...	8	8	100	100	8	...	...	8	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	3	...	...	...	1	...	66·6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	1	...	4	4	75	100	3	...	...	3	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
		Total ..	16	...	1	...	15	14	88·0	93·3	15	...	...	13	...	...	86·6	100	2	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	10	...	...	...	10	7	100	70	10	...	...	7	3	...	70	70	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308...	Culpable homicide	2	...	...	1	...	...	100	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	2	1	...	...	...	...	50	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317,318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	..	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	10	...	...	...	6	6	100	100	10	...	...	6	...	...	60	100	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	9	...	1	1	6	5	90	83·3	8	1	...	5	1	...	55·5	83·3	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	7	...	...	...	4	4	85·7	100	6	...	...	4	...	1	66·6	100	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	3	...	...	...	1	...	66·6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	46	1	2	1	31	23	87·5	74·1	41	1	...	23	5	2	54·7	82·1	...	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	5	...	1	...	4	2	100	50	6	...	...	2	2	...	33·3	50	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means. ...	2	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	2	...	...	1	...	...	50	100	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	10	1	...	...	3	3	70	100	7	...	...	3	...	...	42·8	100	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	8	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	8	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	7	...	1	...	5	3	87·5	60	7	...	...	3	1	1	42·8	75	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	135	...	...	...	31	30	77·7	96·7	105	...	...	30	...	...	28·5	100	15	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	168	1	2	...	46	39	80	84·7	136	...	...	39	5	2	28·6	83·6	16	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transfered without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	4	...	1	1	2	33·3	33·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	...	8	...	8	80	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	9	13	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	3	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	23	10	33	...	...	...	33	19	...	13	1	13	56·5	56·5	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	25	...	13	...	12	12	48	48	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	100	98	88	89·7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	1	33·3	33·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	19	...	19	..	2	10·5	17	5	...	6	5	11	57·8	64·7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	The accused died.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	..	11	2	15	...	...	...	15	5	...	4	6	10	90·9	76·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1 case compounded.
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
...	...	2	3	5	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	5	...	5	62·5	62·5	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	100	7	7	100	Do.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	70	9	81	...	2	2·85	79	21	14	16	23	39	55·7	55·7	1	...	...	3	1	6	6	100	105	95	90·4	
...	...	18	...	18	...	...	...	18	5	10	...	3	3	16·6	16·6	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	66·6	2,150	105	4·8	
..	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100	29	11	37·9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	7	...	7	...	1	14·2	6	2	...	4	...	4	57·1	66·6	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	14·2	75	8	10·6	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·3	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	19	5	24	...	...	...	24	14	...	7	...	7	36·8	36·8	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	57	4	64	...	...	...	64	17	2	44	1	45	78·9	75	..	...	...	...	...	90	45	50	18,975	5,471	28·8	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	106	9	118	...	2	1·9	116	38	14	56	4	60	56·6	56·05	...	...	...	4	...	101	49	48·5	21,229	5,595	26·3	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.																		
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint or his own motion, n which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	*a.* Ending in conviction.	*b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	*c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Courts.				*a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	*b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		AHMEDNAGAR—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	19	...	...	...	15	2	31·5	13·3	6	...	...	2	2	...	33·3	50	2	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	2	...	...	...	2	1	50	50	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	21	...	...	...	17	3	33·3	17·6	7	...	...	3	2	...	42·8	60	2	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle ... ... / ordinary	33	1	1	...	19	17	82·3	89·4	28	...	...	17	2	...	60·7	89·4	2	...	...
			201	1	2	3	115	108	95·07	93·9	186	7	...	106	6	1	54·9	94·5	14	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	9	...	...	...	5	4	88·8	80	8	...	...	3	...	...	37·5	100	1	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property... ...	28	...	1	...	28	25	100	89·2	29	...	...	25	3	...	86·2	89·2	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	110	...	3	...	102	19	44·2	18·6	50	...	...	7	34	1	14	17	2	3	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	382	2	7	3	269	173	79·4	64·3	302	7	...	158	45	2	51·1	77·7	19	3	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	14	...	...	...	14	14	100	100	14	...	...	14	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	4	...	...	...	4	4	100	100	4	...	...	4	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	9	...	...	...	8	8	88·8	100	8	...	...	7	...	...	87·5	100	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	4	...	...	3	6	5	100	83·3	7	...	...	5	1	...	71·4	83·3	1	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	18	...	...	...	15	14	100	93·3	18	...	...	14	1	...	77·7	93·3	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	699	...	...	1	699	692	96·2	98·9	673	...	...	670	2	...	99·5	99·1	...	...	...
		Total ...	749	...	...	4	747	738	96·7	98·7	725	...	...	715	4	...	98·6	99·4	1	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,382	4	12	8	1,125	990	88·5	88	1,226	8	...	951	59	6	77	94·1	40	3	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.												REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen,	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.										
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46					
...	...	6	55	61	...	...	...	61	55	...	6	...	6	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	13 cases compounded.					
...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	1 case compounded.					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	7	56	63	...	...	...	63	56	...	7	...	7	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	32	1	33	...	...	...	33	13	...	20	...	20	62·5	62·5	...	...	...	...	...	30	26	86·6	1,781	1,377	77·3						
4	...	238	24	266	...	12	5	254	71	...	182	...	177	74·3	76·9	...	...	...	1	...	186	154	82·7	7,061	3,262	46·05						
...	...	7	5	12	...	...	...	12	7	...	5	...	3	42 8	42·8	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	71·4	383	324	84·5						
...	...	44	...	44	...	...	...	44	15	1	28	...	28	63·6	63·6	...	...	...	...	...	29	29	100	2,820	2,441	86·5						
...	...	41	156	197	...	...	...	197	166	...	29	...	10	24·3	24·3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	74 cases compounded.					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
4	...	362	186	552	...	12	3·3	540	272	1	264	...	238	65·7	67·2	...	...	...	8	...	252	214	84·9	12,045	7,404	61·4						
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	6	...	1	...	1	14·2	14·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	3	...	14	...	14	82·3	82·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	15	3	...	12	...	12	80	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	9	1	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	10	...	9	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
5	...	8	...	13	...	...	...	13	7	...	6	...	6	75	46·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
1	...	18	...	19	...	...	...	19	4	...	14	...	14	77·7	73·6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
1	...	696	27	724	...	...	...	724	32	...	692	...	670	96·2	96·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	5 cases compounded.					
7	...	770	28	805	...	...	...	805	55	...	749	...	726	94·2	93·4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...						
16	...	1,838	298	1,652	...	16	1·1	1,636	461	29	1,105	28	1,083	80·9	80·9	2	...	...	10	1	359	269	74·9	33,379	13,094	39·2						

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a* *a.*	18*a* *b.*
		KHA'NDESH.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. ... ... 118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	16	...	...	...	10	6	94	60	15	...	...	6	5	...	40	55	4	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	9	...	2	1	10	7	100	70	10	1	...	7	3	...	64	70	1	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	29	...	...	...	11	5	97	45	24	4	...	5	4	...	18	56	16	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	4	...	...	...	4	3	100	75	1	3	...	3	1	...	75	75	...	...	...
		Total ...	58	...	2	1	35	21	97	60	50	8	...	21	13	...	36	62	21	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers	1	...	...	2	3	2	100	67	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poison	4	...	...	...	3	1	75	33	3	...	...	1	2	...	33	33	...	...	...
12		Other murders	11	...	...	...	5	2	64	40	7	...	..	2	4	1	29	33	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	...	...	1	1	1	100	100	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	5	...	...	3	6	1	100	17	5	...	...	1	2	...	20	33	3	...	...
15	376	Rape	16	1	...	...	6	1	87	17	14	...	...	1	4	...	7	20	9	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	4	...	...	...	1	...	100	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	6	...	...	...	1	1	83	100	5	...	...	1	...	1	20	100	3	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	12	...	...	...	6	3	100	50	12	...	...	3	4	1	25	43	4	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	41	2	3	3	16	7	91	44	40	...	...	6	9	2	15	40	27	..	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	3	...	...	...	2	...	67	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	24	1	...	2	10	4	83	40	20	...	...	3	3	...	15	50	12	1	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	14	...	...	...	4	2	86	50	12	...	...	2	2	1	17	50	7	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	25	1	1	1	18	7	92	39	22	2	...	7	9	...	29	44	7	...	...
		Total ...	2	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	2	...	...	1	...	...	50	100	1	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*	171	5	4	12	83	33	88	40	152	2	...	29	42	6	19	41	79	1	...
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	40	...	...	2	16	5	72	31	29	...	...	4	11	2	14	27	10	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	14	...	1	4	11	2	80	18	12	...	...	2	5	...	17	29	4	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	23	1	1	...	9	1	96	11	23	...	...	1	4	...	4	20	15	...	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	8	...	...	...	6	2	100	33	7	1	...	2	2	...	25	50	4	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	21	...	1	...	11	4	82	36	18	...	...	4	5	...	22	44	9	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	467	2	6	4	84	47	38	56	181	...	...	45	28	5	25	62	46	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	2	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	2	...	...	...	2	1	100	50	2	...	...	1	1	...	50	50	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	579	3	9	10	141	62	47	44	276	1	...	59	57	7	21	51	90	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.					
Pending at the end of last year.		Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of Columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
			Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																									Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	17	...	17	...	4	24	13	5	...	8	...	8	47	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
9	...	...	15	...	24	...	1	7	23	15	...	8	...	8	53	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
5	...	...	43	17	65	...	15	35	50	21	...	29	...	22	51	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	1	3	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
14	...	...	76	20	110	...	20	26	90	42	...	48	...	38	50	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
4	...	8	...	12	...	1	12	11	...	1	...	10	10	100	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	4	...	...	1	1	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	67	530	32	6	
...	...	23	...	23	1	...	...	22	17	1	...	2	2	9	9	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	50	165	33	20	
1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
4	...	6	...	10	...	5	83	5	1	2	...	2	2	33	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	7	...	7	...	1	14	6	5	...	...	1	1	14	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	6	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	1	...	1	50	50	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	4	...	...	3	...	3	37	37	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
8	...	35	...	43	1	11	31	31	22	...	6	2	8	23	26	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	..	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	11	2	15	...	1	9	14	8	...	6	...	6	55	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	4	31	9	2	...	6	...	6	46	67	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	26	4	31	...	...	...	31	22	...	8	1	9	35	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	3	75	1	...	...	1	...	1	25	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
20	...	151	6	177	2	26	17	148	88	4	31	20	51	34	36	1	...	1	3	1	6	3	50	701	65	9		
2	...	90	...	92	...	16	18	76	16	31	5	20	25	28	33	...	...	...	4	...	34	17	50	21,863	1,830	8		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
5	...	21	...	26	...	...	...	26	13	7	6	...	6	29	23	...	...	...	...	...	11	4	36	3,095	154	5		
...	...	13	2	15	...	6	46	9	7	...	2	...	2	15	29	...	...	...	...	...	11	3	27	485	18	4		
...	...	8	2	10	...	...	...	10	4	...	6	...	6	75	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
...	...	14	2	16	...	1	7	15	8	...	7	...	7	50	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
11	...	130	...	141	...	7	5	131	57	1	69	...	69	53	53	...	2	1	4	...	364	145	40	60,625	6,559	11		
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100	11	11	100		
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	2	2	67	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...		
18	...	280	6	304	...	30	11	271	107	39	95	22	117	42	44	...	2	1	8	...	421	170	40	86,079	8,572	10		

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	KHANDESH—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	52	..	..	1	26	3	92	12	43	5	..	2	16	..	4	11	28	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	7	..	..	..	5	3	71	60	5	..	..	3	2	..	60	60	..	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	59	..	..	1	31	6	90	19	48	5	..	5	18	..	9	22	28	..	..
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	146	3	1	1	28	15	65	54	96	..	..	15	11	..	16	58	10	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. .. .. { of cattle	110	..	..	1	55	36	75	65	83	..	..	34	20	1	41	63	21	..	..
		{ ordinary	1,225	10	27	10	490	294	73	60	894	11	4	272	156	15	30	64	341	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	73	1	3	..	30	7	73	23	56	3	..	7	11	1	12	39	36	1	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	50	..	1	1	45	39	96	87	47	2	..	37	7	1	76	84	5	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	108	..	3	2	67	20	84	30	86	7	..	19	20	..	20	49	49	3	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,712	14	35	15	715	411	74	57	1,262	23	4	384	225	18	30	63	462	4	..
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	6	..	..	..	6	6	100	100	6	..	..	6	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	199	..	3	6	178	151	95	85	192	..	..	147	20	5	77	88	2	..	..
53		——— Opium Act	32	..	3	2	32	24	100	75	35	..	..	22	5	1	63	81	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Arms Act	14	..	..	1	15	12	100	80	14	..	..	12	1	..	86	93	2	..	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		——— Forest Act	11	..	..	1	12	9	9	75	1	..	..	1	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	63	..	1	..	56	40	97	71	61	..	1	40	16	..	65	71	6	..	..
		Total ..	325	..	7	11	300	242	93	81	309	..	1	228	42	6	74	84	35	..	..
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Act VII of 1867	65	..	..	3	63	61	100	97	65	..	..	60	4	..	92	94	2	..	..
		Offences against Stage Carriage Act ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Act VIII of 1867	49	..	..	..	46	40	100	87	49	..	..	40	6	..	82	87	3	..	..
		Total ..	114	..	..	3	109	101	100	93	114	..	..	100	10	..	88	91	5	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	3,018	22	57	53	1,414	876	73	62	2,211	39	5	826	407	37	37	67	720	5	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
1	..	14	14	29	..	1	7	28	25	1	2	..	2	14	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	2	..	4	..	4	67	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	20	14	35	..	1	5	34	27	1	6	..	6	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	43	1	45	..	9	21	36	18	..	18	..	18	42	51	..	..	..	..	..	38	20	53	7,643	822	11	
1	4	81	2	88	..	4	5	84	30	..	53	..	51	63	62	..	..	..	1	..	97	78	80	8,391	5,103	61	
21	2	877	27	927	..	140	16	771	273	..	473	5	476	54	64	..	..	16	20	..	971	612	63	43,760	11,275	26	
..	1	20	2	23	..	2	10	21	12	..	8	..	8	40	42	..	..	..	1	..	22	9	41	1,530	433	28	
1	..	35	3	39	..	8	9	81	18	..	60	2	61	72	78	..	..	..	1	..	41	41	100	1,760	1,544	88	
10	..	76	19	105	..	13	17	92	64	..	28	..	26	34	36	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	50	2	2	100	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
34	7	1,182	54	1,277	..	176	15	1085	415	..	640	7	640	54	62	..	..	16	23	..	1,171	761	65	63,086	19,179	30	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	29	..	29	..	..	..	29	4	..	25	..	25	86	86	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	8	..	..	
11	..	228	5	244	1	10	4	233	43	..	186	..	183	80	80	..	..	..	4	..	163	157	96	271	268	99	
3	..	47	..	50	..	1	2	49	12	..	35	..	35	74	71	..	..	..	2	..	28	27	96	2,870	2,870	100	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	16	..	17	..	..	..	17	3	..	14	..	14	87	82	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	2	11	14	..	..	..	14	4	..	10	..	2	100	67	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	100	8	8	100	
..	..	62	2	64	..	1	2	63	22	..	41	..	40	65	66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	..	384	18	419	1	12	3	406	89	..	311	..	299	78	77	..	..	..	6	..	193	185	96	3,157	3,146	100	
3	..	79	..	82	..	1	1	81	9	..	72	..	72	91	89	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	61	..	61	..	..	..	61	9	..	52	..	52	85	85	..	..	..	..	..	45	45	100	30	30	100	
3	..	140	..	143	..	1	0·7	142	13	..	124	..	124	89	87	..	..	..	..	..	45	45	100	30	30	100	
107	7	2,233	118	2,465	3	266	12	2176	786	44	1,255	49	1,275	57	62	1	2	18	40	1	1,836	1,164	63	1,53,053	30,992	20	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in Column 7. a. Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in Column 7. b. Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in Column 7. c. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. a. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. b. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		NA'SIK.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	4	...	...	...	4	4	75·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	12	...	...	...	9	4	33·33	44·44	4	...	...	4	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	18	...	...	...	15	9	50·	60·	9	...	...	8	1	...	88·88	88·88	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder... ... By thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder... ... „ dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder... ... „ robbers	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
11		Murder... ... „ poison	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	8	...	2	...	6	2	90·	33·33	9	...	...	2	4	3	22·22	33·33	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	...	...	...	2	1	66·66	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	7	...	...	...	5	1	85·71	20·	5	1	...	1	4	...	16·66	20·	1	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	2	...	...	...	1	...	50·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	3	...	...	...	3	1	100·	33·33	3	...	...	1	2	...	33·33	33·33	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	8	...	...	...	7	5	87·50	71·42	7	...	...	5	2	...	71·42	71·42	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	†12	...	1	...	10	7	76·92	70·	10	...	...	7	3	...	70·	70·	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	4	...	...	...	4	4	100·	100·	4	...	...	4	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	4	...	...	...	3	1	75·	33·33	3	...	...	1	1	...	33·33	50·	1	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	16	...	...	...	14	6	75·	42·85	12	...	...	4	7	...	33·33	36·36	1	...	...
29	304a, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	1	...	1	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	72	...	4	...	60	32	81·57	53·33	61	1	...	30	26	3	48·38	53·57	3	..	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	4	...	1	...	3	3	60·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. By poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. By other means ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... In dwelling house ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Robbery ... On the high way between sunset and sunrise.	5	...	...	...	4	2	80·	50·	4	...	...	2	2	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
		Robbery ... Other robberies ...	12	...	...	...	10	3	91·66	30·	11	...	...	3	7	1	27·27	30·	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	10	...	...	1	5	...	40·	...	3	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	8	...	...	...	7	3	50·	42·85	4	...	...	3	1	...	75·	75·	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	136	...	1	2	52	42	42·33	80·76	58	...	...	42	10	...	72·41	80·76	6	...	...
37	449 to 452	House trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	180	...	2	3	85	57	48·90	67·05	88	1	...	57	23	1	64·04	71·25	8	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of Persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.	Finally convicted (*including* persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to Persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to Persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.				In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
																Before appearance before a Magistrate.										
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	1	25·	3	2	...	1	...	1	25·	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	4	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	72	46	118	...	16	22·22	102	65	...	37	...	37	51·38	66·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	79	47	126	...	17	21·51	109	67	...	42	...	41	51·89	66·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	510	494	96·86	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	17	...	22	...	...	...	22	2	7	...	4	4	23·52	18·18	2*	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.1,379 of last year have been recovered this year. *1 approver. 1 died.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	1	20·	2	1	...	...	1	1	20·	50·	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	3	8	...	1	20·	7	6	...	...	1	1	20·	25·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	1	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	10	...	3	30·	7	2	...	5	...	5	50·	71·42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	...	17	1	20	...	6	35·29	12	4	...	3	5	8	47·05	72·72	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	† In two of these cases two men died. ‡ These two accused were shown as pending in 1887 under Section 304. They have been convicted this year under this head.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	20	...	20	...	...	...	20	4	...	16	...	16	80·	80·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	8	11	...	...	...	11	10	...	...	1	1	33·33	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·33	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	20	5	25	...	...	...	25	15	...	10	...	7	35·	35·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	...	111	17	136	...	12	10·81	120	53	7	36	15	48	43·24	46·60	2	...	4	5	2	1	1	100·	510	494	96·86	
...	...	29	...	29	...	...	...	28	4	6	...	18	18	62·07	64·28	...	1	...	...	...	4	3	75·	2,765	127	4·59	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	4	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	68	60	88·23	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	4	6	...	...	...	6	1	3	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	80·	98	39	39·79	
...	...	19	...	19	...	1	5·26	18	8	5	4	...	4	21·05	22·22	...	...	...	1·	...	11	7	63·63	586	236	40·27	
1	...	2	9	12	...	...	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	15	3	18	...	6	40·	12	7	...	5	...	5	33·33	55·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	...	109	...	116	...	10	9·	103	32	1	69	1	70	64·22	61·96	...	..	3	...	...	119	48	40·33	21,118	2,462	11·65	
...	...	3	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	...	185	17	210	...	17	9·17	189	64	15	86	23	108	58·37	62·79	...	1	3	1	...	141	64	45·39	24,635	2,924	11·86	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a*	
	NA'SIK—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	7	..	..	..	3	..	57·14	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	..	1	2	2	100·	100·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	8	..	..	1	5	2	75·	40·	6	..	..	2	2	..	33·33	50·	2	1	..
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	27	..	..	..	6	3	22·22	50·	6	..	..	3	2	..	50·	60·	1	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle	31	..	2	1	27	25	87·87	92·59	29	..	..	25	2	1	86·20	92·59	1	..	..
		Theft ... { ordinary	288	..	..	3	196	158	74·30	80·61	213	1	..	156	31	1	72·89	83·42	26	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	23	..	..	1	17	6	43·47	35·29	8	1	..	6	2	..	60·	75·	2	..	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	10	..	..	1	11	9	100·	81·81	10	..	..	8	2	..	80·	80·	..	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	46	..	..	1	40	22	23·91	55·	10	1	..	6	4	..	54·54	60·	1	1	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
		Total ..	426	..	2	7	298	224	65·65	75·16	278	3	..	205	43	2	72·95	82·66	31	1	..
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	2	..	..	1	..	..	50·	100·	1	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	3	..	..	..	3	3	100·	100·	3	..	..	3	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
52		Excise Laws	114	..	..	1	106	86	91·22	81·13	104	..	..	86	18	..	82·69	82·69	..	..	..
53		Opium Act	13	..	..	..	13	12	84·61	92·30	11	..	..	10	1	..	90·90	90·90	..	..	..
54		Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		Arms Act	3	..	..	..	3	3	100·	100·	3	..	..	3	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
57		Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		Forest Act	21	..	..	..	20	17	28·57	85·	..	6	..	6	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	270	..	..	..	270	267	99·62	98·88	269	..	..	266	3	..	98·88	98·88	..	..	..
		Total ..	426	..	..	1	416	389	93·42	93·50	392	6	..	375	22	..	94·22	94·45	1	..	..
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ..	214	..	..	..	214	206	76·16	96·26	163	..	..	155	8	..	95·09	95·09	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,344	..	8	12	1,093	919	74·55	84·08	997	11	..	832	125	6	82·53	86·98	45	2	..
		*Cantonment Act	157	..	..	..	157	151	67·51	96·17	106	..	..	100	6	..	94·33	94·33	..	..	..
		Army Act	13	..	..	..	13	11	100·	84·61	13	..	..	11	2	..	84·61	84·61	..	..	..
		Stage Carriage Act	44	..	..	..	44	44	100·	100·	44	..	..	44	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
		Total ..	214	..	..	..	214	206	76·16	96·26	163	..	..	155	8	..	95·09	95·09	..	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at the end of last year	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
..	..	3	2	5	..	..	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	4	2	7	..	..	..	7	5	..	2	..	2	50·	40·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	5	3	8	..	..	..	8	5	..	3	..	3	60·	60·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	35	2	38	..	1	2·85	37	3	..	29	..	29	82·85	82·85	1*	..	..	4	..	32	28	87·50	1,505	937	62·25	*Escaped while under trial.
5	..	354	50	409	..	17	4·80	387	107	20	251	5	250	70·62	74·18	..	..	5	4	..	258	204	79·06	22,936	13,784	60·09	
1	..	15	15	31	..	2	13·33	29	23	..	6	..	6	40·	42·85	..	..	..	..	..	18	8	44·44	2,672	193	7·22	
1†	..	27	2	30	..	..	..	30	15	..	15	..	14	51·85	50·	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	100·	230	177	76·95	†This was shown as pending in 1887 under "ordinary theft."
3	..	21	57	81	..	10	47·61	71	39	..	32	..	8	38·09	57·14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11	..	458	129	598	..	30	6·55	563	192	20	337	5	311	67·90	71·65	1	..	5	8	..	316	248	78·48	27,343	15,091	55·19	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	1	..	1	50·	50·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	11	..	11	..	..	..	11	..	..	11	..	11	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	..	134	2	138	..	12	8·95	125	29	..	96	..	96	71·64	78·04	..	..	1	..	..	103	103	100·	240	240	100·	
..	..	11	2	13	..	..	..	13	1	..	12	..	10	90·90	90·90	..	..	..	..	..	11	11	100·	85	85	100·	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	..	3	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	8	24	32	..	..	..	32	3	..	29	..	8	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	14	12	85·71	38	33	86·84	
..	..	272	2	274	..	2	·73	272	5	..	267	..	266	97·79	98·51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	..	441	30	473	..	14	3·17	458	39	..	419	..	395	89·56	92·28	..	..	1	..	..	128	126	98·43	363	358	98·62	
..	..	180	51	231	..	..	..	231	14	..	217	..	166	92·22	92·22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	..	1,458	293	1,781	..	90	6·14	1,677	434	42	1,189	43	1,071	73·45	77·38	3	1	13	14	2	586	439	74·91	52,351	18,867	35·69	
..	..	116	51	167	..	..	..	167	6	..	161	..	110	94·82	94·82	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	16	..	16	..	..	..	16	4	..	12	..	12	75·	75·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	48	..	48	..	..	..	48	4	..	44	..	44	91·66	91·66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	180	5	231	..	..	..	231	14	..	217	..	166	92·22	92·22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken by the Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of Cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of Cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of Cases in Columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a*	
		POONA.																			
1	115 ... ... 117 ... ... 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263,467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes...	10	...	...	...	7	4	90	57	9	...	...	4	3	...	44	57	2	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	5	...	...	..	5	5	100	100	5	...	...	5	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	46	1	...	...	22	4	60	18	27	1	...	2	9	...	7	18	17	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	61	1	..	...	34	13	68	38	41	1	...	11	12	...	26	48	19	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits	1	...	...	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers	1	...	...	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poisons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	13	...	...	...	6	2	76	33	10	...	...	2	4	1	20	33	3	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	...	...	.	1	...	50	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
14	304, 308 ...	Culpable homicide	6	...	...	...	5	4	100	80	6	...	...	4	1	1	66	80	...	..	...
15	376	Rape	14	...	...	...	7	1	71	14	10	...	...	1	4	...	10	20	5	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	3	...	...	...	1	...	33	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	12	...	...	...	3	3	58	100	7	...	...	3	...	1	42	100	3	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	13	...	...	...	9	6	100	66	13	...	...	6	3	...	46	66	4	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	41	...	2	...	21	13	74	61	32	...	...	11	4	...	34	73	17	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	8	...	...	1	3	1	75	33	6	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	4	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	3	...	...	...	3	1	66	33	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	20	...	...	...	13	4	50	30	10	...	...	3	3	...	30	50	4	...	...
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction...	9	...	...	...	5	2	77	40	7	...	...	2	1	...	28	66	4	...	...
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	28	...	...	..	24	9	64	38	18	...	...	6	9	...	33	40	3	...	...
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	1	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Total ...	177	...	2	1	103	46	70	44	127	...	...	38	36	4	29	51	49	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	8	...	...	2	3	1	37	33	3	...	...	1	...	...	33	100	2	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt ... ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt ... ... by other means ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	5	...	...	2	2	...	60	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	27	...	1	...	7	5	75	71	21	...	...	5	1	...	23	83	15	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences...	45	...	1	1	13	2	73	15	34	...	...	1	7	1	2	12	25	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	38	...	...	...	12	5	86	41	33	...	...	4	5	...	12	44	24	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ...	220	...	5	...	39	26	42	66	94	...	...	26	13	...	27	66	55	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	344	...	7	5	77	40	53	51	189	...	...	38	26	1	20	59	124	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	1	11	8	4	...	4	...	4	44	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	81	95	176	...	...	...	171	153	...	13	...	6	7	7	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	95	95	190	...	1	1	184	157	...	22		15	15	16	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	100	148 0 0	97 0 0	65	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	14	...	8	...	2	2	14	14	1	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	225 0 0	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	1	2	1	3	4	50	50	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	7	2	9	...	1	14	8	3	4	...	1	1	14	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	3	75	75	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9	3	...	6	...	6	66	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	40	7	47	...	8	20	36	14	...	22	...	20	50	68	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	7	...	8	...	5	71	3	1	...	...	1	1	14	33	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	15	25	40	...	...	...	40	34	...	5	1	4	26	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	6	9	...	...	...	9	7	...	1	1	2	66	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	23	10	33	...	...	...	33	22	...	11	...	8	34	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	149	51	201	...	15	10	183	91	26	50	9	51	34	38	1	...	3	1	5	2	1	50	373 0 0	97 0 0	26	
6	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	6	...	1	1	100	14	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	507 0 0	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	205 0 0	.....	...	
...	...	20	2	22	...	3	15	19	11	2	6	...	6	30	35	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	14	593 0 0	8 0 0	1	
2	..	20	13	35	...	9	45	26	16	5	1	1	1	5	7	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	12	4	16	...	...	...	16	10	...	6	...	6	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	61	...	61	...	1	1	60	24	...	36	...	36	59	60	...	...	...	...	...	104	32	30	31,427 0 0	3,643 0 0	11	
...	...	7	...	7	..	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	7	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
13	...	121	19	153	...	13	10	140	63	16	56	2	57	47	47	...	...	...	3	...	118	33	28	32,732 0 0	3,651 0 0	11	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		POONA—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	68	1	2	...	45	8	35	18	23	2	...	2	5	...	8	28	18	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	3	...	...	...	2	1	66	50	2	...	...	1	1	...	50	50	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	71	1	2	...	47	9	36	19	25	2	...	3	6	...	11	33	18	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	6	...	...	...	6	3	100	50	6	...	...	3	3	...	50	50	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... of cattle	52	...	...	...	24	16	73	66	41	...	...	16	7	...	39	69	18	...	...
		Theft ... ordinary	1,365	1	8	4	525	362	70	68	971	2	...	355	146	3	36	70	469	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	134	...	...	...	56	18	61	32	82	...	...	14	14	...	17	50	54	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	56	...	...	1	50	31	96	62	54	...	...	30	19	...	55	61	5	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	300	1	6	...	247	59	42	23	129	1	...	30	51	2	23	37	46	1	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,913	2	14	5	903	489	66	53	1,283	3	...	448	240	5	34	65	592	1	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	...	1	...	4	2	60	50	3	...	...	1	1	...	33	50	1	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B) C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	7	...	...	1	8	7	100	87	7	...	...	6	1	...	85	85	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	62	...	...	1	62	43	88	69	55	...	...	38	16	...	69	70	1	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	14	...	...	...	13	8	71	61	10	...	...	5	4	...	50	55	1	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	27	...	1	1	28	22	96	78	27	...	...	20	6	1	74	76	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	166	...	...	...	161	131	...	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	29	...	...	...	27	18	86	66	25	...	...	14	9	...	56	60	2	...	...
		Total ...	309	...	2	3	303	231	40	76	127	...	...	84	37	1	66	69	5	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Cantonment Act III of 1867	1,310	...	...	2	1,303	1,183	93	90	1,230	...	...	1,117	104	8	90	91	1	...	...
		Army Discipline Act	3	...	...	...	3	2	100	66	3	...	...	2	1	...	66	66	...	...	...
		District Police Act VII of 1867 ...	1,084	...	...	...	1,079	999	98	92	1,072	...	...	988	79	3	92	92	2	...	...
		Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
		Public Conveyance Act VI of 1863 ...	200	...	...	...	199	177	100	88	200	...	...	177	22	1	88	88	...	...	...
		Total ...	2,598	...	...	2	2,585	2,362	96	91	2,506	...	...	2,285	206	12	91	91	3	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	5,473	4	27	16	4,057	3,190	78	78	4,298	6	...	2,907	563	23	67	83	810	1	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of Columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police Cases without being brought before a Magistrate to Persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in Columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of Persons convicted in Police Cases to Persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of Persons convicted in Police Cases to Persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted a Approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	NUMBER PENDING AT END OF YEAR.			Number of Cases in which property was stolen.	Number of Cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of Cases in which property was recovered to Cases in which property was lost.	Amount of Property stolen.	Amount of Property recovered.	Percentage of Value of Property recovered to Value of Property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	20	67	87	...	3	15	84	72	...	12	...	2	10	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	22	67	89	...	3	13	86	73	...	13	...	3	13	15	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	4	...	4	...	4	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	33	3	36	..	4	12	32	11	...	21	...	21	63	72	...	...	...	...	...	25	23	92	801	762	95	
4	...	758	47	809	...	85	11	722	299	2	411	2	405	53	60	...	2	...	8	...	848	533	63	52,958	16,449	31	
...	...	38	35	73	...	7	18	66	46	...	20	...	16	42	51	...	...	...	...	...	31	11	35	2,790	546	19	
2	4	65	...	71	...	1	1	70	30	...	38	2	40	61	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	48	47	97	3,299	1,361	41	
...	...	123	348	471	...	...	...	470	384	...	85	...	41	33	33	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	4	1,025	433	1,468	...	97	9	1,368	774	2	579	4	527	51	56	...	2	1	9	...	952	619	65	59,848	19,118	31	
...	...	3	7	10	...	...	...	10	7	...	3	...	2	66	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	42	...	43	...	...	...	43	18	...	25	...	25	59	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	60	8	69	...	...	...	69	25	...	44	...	44	73	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	6	16	...	1	10	15	7	...	8	...	5	50	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	28	11	40	...	...	...	40	7	...	32	...	22	78	75	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	352	352	...	...	...	352	73	...	266	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	26	26	100	61	61	100	
...	...	25	5	30	...	1	4	29	9	...	20	...	15	60	62	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	168	388	560	...	2	1	558	146	...	398	...	113	67	66	...	...	...	14	...	26	26	100	61	61	100	
2	...	1,252	81	1,335	...	...	..	1,335	129	...	1,191	...	1,127	90	90	...	...	...	15	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	2	66	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1,076	12	1,088	...	2	...	1,086	80	...	1,003	...	992	92	92	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	*1	...	1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	200	...	200	...	...	...	200	22	...	177	...	177	88	88	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	2,532	93	2,627	...	2	...	2,625	232	...	2,374	...	2,297	90	90	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
25	4	4,112	1,147	5,288	...	133	3	5,144	1,536	44	3,492	15	3,065	74	76	1	2	9	51	5	1,098	679	62	93,014	22,927	24	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ended in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		SATARA.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	118, 119 .. .	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 .	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	9	..	..	..	6	6	89	100	8	..	..	6	..	..	75	100	1	..	..
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	2	..	..	..	2	2	100	100	2	..	..	2	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
6	143 to 153, 157, 158..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	36	..	7	1	11	3	91	27	37	2	..	3	8	..	8	27	24	..	..
7	140, 170, 171.. ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	47	..	7	1	19	11	91	58	47	2	..	11	8	..	22	58	25	..	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8		Murder .. by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		Murder .. ,, dacoits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396	Murder .. ,, robbers	1	..	2	1	2	1	67	50	2	..	..	1	1	1	50	50	..	..	..
11		Murder .. ,, poison	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	6	..	2	2	7	4	100	57	7	1	..	4	3	..	50	57	1	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	7	..	2	1	1	..	78	..	6	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	5	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	15	..	..	2	5	1	93	20	14	..	..	1	4	1	7	20	10	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	11	..	1	1	4	3	83	75	10	..	..	3	1	1	30	75	4	..	..
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ..	16	..	..	..	13	7	94	54	15	..	..	7	6	..	47	54	1	..	..
19	329, 331, 333	Grievious hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335.. ..	Grievous hurt	66	..	16	..	24	16	96	67	78	1	..	16	8	..	20	67	39	..	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	3	..	..	..	..	..	100	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	..	..	1	..	..	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	20	..	4	..	7	3	87	43	21	..	..	3	4	..	14	43	13	..	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	7	..	2	..	2	..	89	..	8	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	1	..	..	..	..	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	9	..	3	..	3	1	84	33	10	..	..	1	2	..	10	33	6	..	..
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	1	..	..	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	163	..	33	7	69	36	92	52	177	3	..	36	33	4	20	52	86	..	..
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	1	..	2	1	3	1	100	33	3	..	..	1	2	..	33	33	..	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398.. ..	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ..	2	..	..	..	..	..	50	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. .. in dwelling house.	10	..	1	..	1	..	64	..	7	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	..	..
		Robbery .. .. on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	*	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery .. .. other robberies ..	28	..	4	..	3	1	100	33	32	..	..	1	2	..	3	33	29	..	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	56	.	18	..	11	4	88	36	65	..	..	4	7	..	6	36	43	..	..
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	42	..	9	..	7	4	76	57	39	..	..	4	3	2	10	57	24	..	..
36	454, 455, 457 to 460..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt..	39	..	18	..	11	9	89	82	51	..	..	9	2	..	18	82	5	..	..
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	311, 400, 401.. ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	178	..	52	1	36	19	86	53	198	..	..	19	17	3	9	53	104	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	2	64	74	..	..	..	74	56	2	18	1	10	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	15	65	88	..	..	..	88	59	2	26	1	19	100	83	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
1	..	5	..	7	..	..	..	7	4	..	..	2	2	40	29	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	100	2,210	842	38	
10	..	8	..	9	..	..	..	9	..	4	..	5	5	62	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
1	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
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2	..	6	..	8	..	2	33	6	2	2	..	1	1	16	16	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....	..	
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1	..	4	2	7	..	1	25	6	2	..	..	3	3	75	75	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	11	2	13	..	..	..	13	6	..	7	..	6	55	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
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..	..	18	45	63	..	..	..	63	32	..	31	..	13	72	72	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	....	..	
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..	..	1	32	33	..	..	..	33	27	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
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..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	....	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
15	..	60	86	153	..	3	5	150	77	6	52	11	30	50	47	..	..	..	2	2	1	1	100	2,210	842	38	
9	..	5	..	14	..	..	..	14	..	12	..	2	2	40	14	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	18	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	10	....	..	
..	..	5	..	5	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	8	5	62	1,473	75	5	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	5	2	7	..	..	..	7	5	..	2	..	2	40	40	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	100	114	118*	100	*Includes cases and property belonging to previous years.
..	..	6	5	11	..	..	..	11	6	1	2	2	3	50	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	9	16	25	..	1	11	24	8	..	10	..	8	89	100	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	22	1	23	1	..	..	21	2	..	15	4	18	82	90	..	..	1	..	..	2	2	100	97	97	100	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	
9	..	52	24	85	1	1	2	82	24	13	29	8	33	63	57	..	..	1	8	..	15	11	73	1,712	290	17	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	SA'TA'RA—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	42	..	11	..	14	4	91	28	48	..	..	4	10	..	8	28	31	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	4	..	..	..	..	..	100	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	46	..	11	..	14	4	91	28	52	..	..	4	10	..	8	28	35	..	..
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	4	..	..	..	2	2	75	100	3	..	..	2	..	..	66	100	..	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. .. of cattle	39	..	5	..	19	14	84	74	37	..	..	14	5	1	38	74	15	..	..
		Theft .. .. ordinary	905	..	274	3	271	183	85	67	997	1	..	183	88	1	18	67	191	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	43	..	10	..	7	3	94	43	49	1	..	3	4	..	6	43	39	..	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	5	..	..	..	5	5	100	100	5	..	..	5	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	193	4	46	1	99	32	92	32	220	..	..	32	67	..	15	32	100	1	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	1,189	4	335	4	403	239	86	59	1,311	2	..	239	164	2	18	59	645	1	..
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	..	..	1	..	..	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	1	..	..	..	1	1	100	100	1	..	..	1	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
52		——— Excise Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
53		——— Opium Act	3	..	..	..	1	1	33	100	1	..	..	1	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
54		——— Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		——— Arms Act	10	..	..	..	6	6	70	100	7	..	..	6	..	..	85	100	1	..	..
57		——— Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		——— Forest Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V. of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	9	..	..	..	8	8	100	100	9	..	..	8	..	..	89	100	1	..	..
		Total ..	24	..	1	..	17	16	80	94	20	..	..	16	1	..	80	94	3	..	..
	Other special and local laws cognizable by police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	A'bkári Act		18	..	..	..	17	15	100	88	18	..	..	15	2	..	83	88	1	..	..
	Telegraph Act		..	..	1	..	..	..	100	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Land Revenue Code		1	..	..	..	1	1	100	100	1	..	..	1	..	..	100	100	..	..	..
	District Police Act		149	..	..	..	144	134	100	93	149	..	..	134	10	1	89	93	4	..	..
	Public Conveyances Act		57	..	..	..	32	27	56	84	32	..	..	27	5	..	84	84	..	..	..
		Total ..	225	..	1	..	194	177	..	..	201	..	..	177	17	1	..	..	6	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,872	4	440	12	752	502	87	67	2,006	7	..	502	250	10	25	67	904	1	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to valu of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
..	..	..	35	35	..	..	..	35	23	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	...	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	32	2	34	..	1	3	33	10	..	22	..	21	66	68	..	..	..	1	..	26	24	92	671	526	78	
3	..	372	75	450	..	17	4	429	164	..	258	5	223	60	63	1	1	8	1	..	524	382	73	48,019	28,069	58	
..	..	3	4	7	..	..	..	7	4	..	3	..	3	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	8	6	75	1,250	*1,340	100	* Includes cases and property belonging to previous years.
..	..	16	..	16	..	..	..	16	2	..	13	1	14	87	87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	..	2	217	223	..	..	..	223	172	..	51	..	2	100	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
7	..	427	298	732	..	18	4	710	352	..	349	6	265	62	64	1	1	3	2	..	558	412	74	49,940	29,935	60	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	6	..	6	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	5	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	6	..	1	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	6	2	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	8	..	6	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	14	8	22	..	..	..	22	1	..	21	..	14	100	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	17	2	19	..	..	..	19	4	..	15	..	13	77	77	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	100	14	14	100	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	143	8	151	1	..	..	150	13	..	136	..	136	95	96	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	* 34 were shown as pending at the close of 1887, but the case against of them turned out to be non cognizable.
..	..	32	..	32	..	..	..	32	5	..	27	..	27	84	84	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	193	10	203	1	..	..	202	22	..	179	...	177	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	7	7	100	14	14	100	
*31	..	761	526	1,318	2	22	3	1,289	558	21	668	26	538	71	71	1	1	4	13	2	581	431	74	53,876	31,081	58	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		SHOLA'PUR.																			
1	115 .. .. .. Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 .. .. .. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. 118, 119 .. .. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes..	9	..	1	..	8	5	90·	62·	9	..	..	5	2	1	56·	71·	1	..	..
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ..	4	..	..	..	3	2	75·	67·	3	..	..	2	..	..	67·	100·	1	..	..
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ..	Rioting or unlawful assembly	37	..	1	..	30	1	95·	3·	23	13	..	..	4	..	..	..	18	..	..
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	50	..	2	..	41	8	92·	20·	35	13	..	7	6	1	15·	54·	20	..	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder.. .. by thugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9		Murder.. .. ,, dacoits	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10		Murder.. .. ,, robbers	1	..	..	..	1	..	100·	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
11		Murder.. .. ,, poison	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders	8	..	..	..	4	1	75·	25·	5	1	..	1	3	1	17·	25·	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	2	..	..	..	2	..	50·	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	..	..	..	2	1	67·	50·	2	..	..	1	1	..	50·	50·	..	..	..
15	376	Rape	8	..	..	1	7	2	87·	29·	6	1	..	2	2	..	29·	50·	3	..	..
16	377	Unnatural offences	3	..	..	..	3	..	100·	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	5	..	2	..	4	2	57·	50·	4	..	..	2	2	..	50·	50·	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309.. ..	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide...	18	..	1	..	17	6	95·	35·	18	..	..	6	2	1	33·	75·	9	..	..
19	329, 331, 333.. ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	14	..	5	..	14	2	74·	14·	13	1	..	2	4	..	14·	33·	8	..	..
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	4	..	..	..	4	..	100·	..	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	5	..	1	..	5	1	67·	20·	4	..	..	1	1	..	25·	50·	3	..	..
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	7	..	3	..	8	3	70·	37·	7	..	..	2	1	..	29·	67·	4	..	..
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	8	..	..	..	5	2	50·	40·	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
25	340 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	16	..	..	..	15	4	81·	27·	11	2	..	4	3	..	31·	57·	6	..	..
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	4	..	..	..	4	..	50·	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	108	..	12	1	95	24	75·	25·	83	7	..	21	24	2	23·	47·	41	..	..
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	..	5	..	4	..	62·	..	5	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	1	..	..
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ..	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
33	392, 393	Robbery .. in dwelling house ..	7	..	2	..	6	..	78·	..	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..
		Robbery .. on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	11	..	4	..	8	..	67·	..	10	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	7	..	..
		Robbery .. other robberies ..	16	..	1	..	10	1	65·	10·	9	2	..	1	1	..	9·	50·	8	..	..
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	30	..	7	1	20	1	73·	5·	27	..	..	1	2	..	4·	33·	17	..	..
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	41	..	4	..	37	3	89·	8·	34	6	..	3	5	..	7·	37·	26	..	..
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ..	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	133	..	41	..	85	16	70·	19·	120	1	..	16	7	..	13·	70·	61	..	..
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	242	..	64	1	171	22	73·	13·	211	11	..	22	19	..	10·	54·	126	..	..

PERSONS.

| | | |

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
														a.	*b.*	*c.*				*a.*	*b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		SHOLA'PUR—*continued.**																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	41	1	4	...	40	3	51	7	19	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	17	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	2	...	...	...	2	1	100	50	1	1	...	1	...	...	50	100	1	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	43	1	4	...	42	4	53	10	20	5	...	1	4	...	4	20	18	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	6	...	2	...	6	2	100	33	3	...	...	2	1	...	25	67	3	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... of cattle	46	...	7	1	43	9	96	21	50	1	...	9	7	...	18	56	28	...	...
		Theft ... ordinary	463	7	93	...	362	97	75	27	399	18	...	97	19	...	23	84	244	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	75	2	16	...	69	2	73	3	49	17	...	2	4	...	3	33	57	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	8	...	4	...	12	9	100	75	12	...	...	9	3	...	75	75	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	149	...	9	1	150	20	54	13	49	36	...	4	14	1	5	22	54	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	747	9	131	2	642	139	73	22	567	72	...	123	48	1	19	72	386	...	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	...	...	...	2	...	100	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	8	...	...	...	8	1	100	12	8	...	...	1	7	..	12	12	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws, A'bkári Act ...	15	...	...	...	12	7	87	58	13	...	...	7	4	...	54	64	1	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	9	...	...	...	9	5	100	56	9	...	...	5	4	...	56	56	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	9	...	...	...	9	7	100	78	9	...	...	7	1	...	78	87	1	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act...	31	...	...	...	31	24	3	77	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	99	...	1	...	99	84	86	85	86	...	...	72	9	...	84	89	4	...	...
		Total ...	173	...	1	...	170	128	74	75	128	...	...	93	25	...	73	79	8	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	4	...	...	...	4	3	100	75	4	...	...	3	1	...	75	75	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,367	10	214	4	1,165	328	73	28	1,048	108	...	270	127	4	23	68	599	...	...

A—*continued*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31, who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sen up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	7	31	38	...	...	...	38	35	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	31	39	...	...	...	39	35	...	4	...	1	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	2	67	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	22	...	25	...	...	...	25	10	...	14	...	14	64	56	...	...	...	...	1	15	14	93	721	691	96	
7	...	192	5	204	...	41	21	162	46	1	115	...	115	60	73	...	...	1	...	...	220	152	69	5,774	2,823	49	
...	...	8	9	17	...	...	...	17	13	...	4	...	4	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	12	11	92	4,326	3,131	72	
8	...	28	...	36	...	9	32	27	9	...	18	...	18	64	67	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	100	401	398	99	
1	...	22	166	189	...	1	5	188	161	...	26	...	3	14	14	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	...	275	180	474	...	51	19	422	240	1	179	...	156	57	64	...	...	1	1	1	255	185	73	11,222	7,043	63	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	14	8	...	6	...	6	43	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	1	14	...	1	8	13	6	...	7	...	6	46	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	7	...	5	...	5	42	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	10	...	1	10	9	1	...	8	...	8	80	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	52	52	...	...	...	52	14	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	89	20	109	...	4	4	105	12	...	93	...	76	85	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	138	73	211	...	6	4	205	48	...	157	...	101	73	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	...	3	...	3	75	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	...	622	383	1,028	...	94	15	932	473	44	400	8	317	51	58	1	1	1	3	3	333	230	69	20,269	12,827	44	

STATEMENT

PART I—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which Punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. a. Ending in conviction.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. b. Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. c. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. a. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. b. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		BELGAUM.																			
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. 118, 119... ... ... Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	4	...	...	...	4	1	75·	25·	3	...	...	1	2	...	33·3	33·3	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	4	...	...	...	2	2	75·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	1	66·6	100·	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	3	...	...	...	2	2	33·3	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	11	...	...	...	8	5	63·6	62·5	7	...	...	4	2	1	57·1	66·6	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poison ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	16	...	1	...	13	5	76·4	38·4	13	...	...	5	8	...	38·4	38·4	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	4	...	...	...	3	1	100·	33·3	4	...	...	1	2	1	25·	33·3	...	...	...
14	304, 308...	Culpable homicide	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	3	...	...	...	2	1	66·6	50·	1	...	1	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
17	317, 318...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	7	...	...	...	5	5	71·4	100·	5	...	...	5	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	12	...	...	...	11	9	100·	81·8	12	...	...	9	2	1	75·	81·8	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	25	...	1	2	17	11	69·2	64·7	16	2	...	11	6	...	61·1	64·7	3	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	8	...	1	...	8	1	100·	12·5	7	1	1	1	7	...	11·1	12·5	1	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	16	...	1	1	11	4	70·5	36·3	11	...	1	4	5	1	33·3	44·4	3	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	7	...	...	...	5	2	85·7	40·	6	...	...	2	3	...	33·3	40·	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	32	...	1	...	22	10	78·7	45·4	23	3	...	10	11	...	38·4	47·6	5	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	138	...	5	4	102	51	79·7	50·	105	6	3	51	48	5	44·7	51·5	14	..	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	8	...	1	...	1	...	55·5	...	2	2	1	...	1	1	...	...	3	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means	1	...	1	...	1	1	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	3	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	3	...	...	...	...	...	33·33	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	14	...	...	...	6	3	78·5	50·	11	...	...	3	3	...	27·2	50·	5	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	36	...	...	2	9	3	36·1	33·3	12	1	...	3	6	1	23·07	33·3	5	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	11	...	...	...	5	3	72·7	60·	8	...	...	3	2	...	37·5	60·	3	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	43	...	...	...	11	8	34·8	72·7	15	...	...	8	3	...	53·3	74·7	4	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	121	...	2	2	34	18	46·3	52·9	53	3	1	18	16	2	31·5	52·9	23	..	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																				PROPERTY.				
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	1	5	...	1	...	...	3	...	1	...	1	25·	33·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	2	66·6	66·6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	14	6	20	...	...	...	20	...	...	20	...	14	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	21	7	28	...	1	4·7	27	3	..	23	...	17	80·9	85·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	22	10	45·4	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	24	1	25	...	2	8·3	23	2	15	...	6	6	25·	27·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	1	...	1	1	25·	25·	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	1	...	3	2	5	83·3	83·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	12	2	...	9	...	9	75·	75·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	21	...	25	...	1	4·7	24	9	3	12	...	12	57·1	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	4	12	...	...	...	12	10	...	1	...	1	12·5	12·5	1	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	14	7	23	...	...	...	23	9	...	5	...	5	35·7	31·2	8	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	11	...	1	1	2	15·3	15·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	40	2	42	...	2	5·	40	26	...	14	...	13	32·5	34·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	156	14	179	...	5	3·2	174	71	27	46	12	57	36·5	35·6	9	...	...	5	4	1	1	100·	22	10	45·4	
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	100·	263	56	21·2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1,938	...	100·	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	25	25	79·	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	43	34	60·7	
...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	15	12	...	3	...	3	20·	20·	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	66·	158	96	...	
2	...	15	3	20	...	3	20·	17	9	4	1	2	3	20·	21·4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	7	...	7	...	1	14·2	6	3	...	3	..	3	42·8	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	18	...	18	...	...	...	18	3	...	15	...	15	83·3	83·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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2	...	66	3	71	...	4	6·	67	31	4	24	2	26	39·3	40·6	...	...	...	6	...	14	11	78·5	2,427	211	8·6	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.																		
			Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo muto.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
														a.	*b.*	*c.*				*a.*	*b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		BELGAUM—*continued.**																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	22	1	1	...	12	3	69·2	25·	14	4	...	3	7	...	16·6	30·	8	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	3	...	...	...	1	1	66·6	100·	2	...	...	1	...	..	50·	100·	1	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	25	1	1	...	12	3	69·2	25·	14	4	...	3	7	...	16·6	30·	8	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	16	...	1	...	3	3	23·5	100·	4	...	...	3	...	...	75·	100·	1	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... ... of cattle ...	46	...	..	1	24	16	58·6	66·6	24	2	1	16	8	...	59·2	66·6	4	...	...
		ordinary ...	422	...	18	6	216	153	66·8	70·8	271	19	4	151	60	2	51·3	71·5	87	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	34	...	3	1	11	3	70·2	27·2	18	6	2	3	8	...	11·5	27·2	16	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	8	...	...	...	8	4	100·	50·	8	...	...	4	4	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	24	...	...	...	20	10	54·1	50·	12	...	1	9	4	...	69·2	69·2	...	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	551	...	22	8	282	189	64·9	67·	337	27	8	186	84	2	50·	68·8	108	...	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act sepecified.	Offences against Gambling Act	7	...	...	...	7	6	100·	85·7	7	...	...	6	1	...	85·7	85·7	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws (Abkari Act) ...	35	...	...	...	33	28	97·1	84·8	33	1	...	28	5	...	82·3	84·8	1	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	6	...	...	...	6	3	100·	50·	6	...	...	3	3	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	3	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	3	...	...	1	1	...	33·3	50·	1	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	383	..	2	...	379	356	97·1	93·9	372	1	1	349	23	...	93·3	93·8	2	...	...
		Total ...	436	...	2	...	427	394	97·	92·2	422	2	1	387	33	...	91·	92·1	5	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offence against Stage Carriage Act ...	23	...	...	...	23	17	100·	73·9	23	...	...	17	6	...	73·9	73·9	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,305	1	32	14	888	677	75·9	76·2	961	42	13	666	196	10	65·5	77·2	158	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	11	12	23	...	1	9	22	17	...	3	...	3	27·2	30·	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	12	12	24	...	1	8·3	23	17	...	4	...	4	33·3	36·3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	3	...	5	...	5	62·5	62·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	2	41	2	46	...	1	2·4	45	18	...	25	...	25	60·9	58·1	2	...	...	...	...	43	32	74·4	1,966	1,420	72·2	
20	...	356	13	389	...	16	4·4	373	133	4	226	5	229	64·3	63·6	...	...	...	...	5	355	278	78·3	37,980	22,802	60·	
1	...	10	3	14	...	1	10·	13	10	...	3	...	3	30·	30·	...	...	...	...	...	20	10	50·	8,017	4,510	56·2	
...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	10	6	...	4	...	4	40·	40·	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	100·	149	97	65·1	
...	...	20	21	41	...	...	...	41	23	...	15	...	12	60·	60·	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	2	445	39	508	...	18	4·	490	193	4	278	5	278	62·4	61·6	5	...	...	5	...	423	325	76·8	48,112	28,829	59·9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	3	...	14	...	14	82·3	82·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	44	...	44	...	5	11·3	39	10	...	29	...	29	65·9	74·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	1	6	...	...	...	6	3	...	3	...	3	60·	60·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	393	7	400	...	...	...	400	29	...	371	...	364	92·6	92·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	461	8	469	...	5	1·	464	46	...	418	...	411	89·1	90·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	23	...	23	...	...	...	23	6	...	17	...	17	73·9	73·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	2	1,184	83	1,302	...	34	2·8	1,268	367	35	810	19	810	68·4	68·3	16	...	...	17	4	438	337	76·9	50,561	29,050	57·4	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		BIJA'PUR.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commision of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	121 to 130, 132 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	8	...	1	...	9	6	100·	66·6	9	...	...	6	3	...	66·6	66·6	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	21	...	2	1	15	10	78·2	66·6	14	3	1	10	5	2	55·5	66·6	2	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	..	2	..	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	31	...	3	1	26	18	85·2	69·2	25	3	1	18	8	2	62·06	69·2	2	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ... ... Murder... ...	by thugs	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		,, robbers	4	...	...	...	4	3	100·	75·	4	...	...	3	1	...	75·	75·	...	...	...
11		,, poison	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	6	...	3	...	4	2	100·	50·	9	...	...	2	2	...	22·2	50·	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	100.	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	100·	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	4	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	4	...	...	3	..	...	75·	100·	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	5	...	...	1	5	1	100·	20·	5	...	...	1	4	1	20·	20·	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	1	...	2	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	2	...	...	1	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	6	...	...	...	6	4	100·	66·6	6	...	...	4	2	...	66·6	66·6	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	12	...	3	2	11	8	93·3	72·7	14	...	...	8	3	1	57·1	72·7	2	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	2	...	...	...	1	...	50·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	7	...	...	...	7	2	100·	28·5	4	3	...	2	5	...	28·5	28·5	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	2	...	...	...	1	...	50·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	29	...	4	2	25	13	93·9	52·	21	10	...	13	12	1	41·9	52·	5	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	1	...	...	1	2	2	100·	100·	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	82	...	11	8	75	41	94·6	54·6	74	14	...	41	34	3	46·5	54·6	7	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	1	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		by other means. ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	3	...	1	...	...	...	25·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	2	...	2	...	2	...	100·	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
		other robberies ...	6	...	...	...	3	2	33·3	66·6	3	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	23	...	9	...	10	2	90·6	20·	28	...	1	2	8	...	6·9	20·	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	13	...	...	...	6	4	84·6	66·6	11	...	...	4	2	1	36·3	66·6	3	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	18	...	14	...	9	7	90·6	77·7	29	...	...	7	2	...	24·1	77·7	3	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	5	...	...	...	3	3	80·	100·	3	1	...	3	...	...	75·	100·	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	72	...	27	...	35	20	86·8	57·1	82	3	1	20	15	1	23·2	57·1	11	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																		PROPERTY.				
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number awaiting trial at end of year.		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.							
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	...	1	...	18	...	...	...	18	10	...	8	...	8	47·	47·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
110	...	45	...	173	...	...	...	173	69	...	75	...	75	68·1	58·6	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
129	...	46	...	193	...	...	...	193	79	...	85	...	85	65·8	57·8	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	10	...	7	...	3	3	30·	30·	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	100	482	477	98·9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	16	...	16	...	5	31·2	11	...	7	...	4	4	25·	36·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	8	...	9	...	3	37·5	6	3	1	...	1	1	12·5	16·6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	2	...	4	...	4	66·6	66·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	...	22	4	33	...	2	9·09	31	14	...	12	4	15	68·1	55·5	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	4	3	7	4	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	8	14	...	...	...	14	12	...	2	...	2	33·3	33·3	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	...	20	25	53	...	1	5·	52	32	...	17	...	17	85·	62·9	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
19	...	102	44	165	5	12	11·7	148	73	15	38	17	54	52·9	51·9	...	...	...	5	...	3	3	100	482	477	98·9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100·	9	7	77·7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	33·3	2,661	1	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	29	18	62·06	
...	...	6	4	10	...	4	66·6	6	4	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	50·	68	53	77·9	
...	...	22	2	24	...	1	4·5	22	17	3	...	2	2	9·09	10·	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	9	2	11	...	...	...	10	4	...	4	1	5	55·5	62·5	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	22	...	22	...	2	9·09	20	8	...	12	...	12	54·5	60·	...	...	...	...	...	13	9	69·2	2,169	1,395	64·4	
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	2	...	5	...	5	71·4	71·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	22	...	22	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	22	22	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	96	8	104	...	7	7·2	95	41	3	23	27	49	51·04	56·3	...	...	2	1	...	23	15	65·2	4,936	1,477	29·9	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.		Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate, after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*			When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
	BIJAPUR—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	21	...	1	1	17	4	90·9	23·5	12	8	...	4	12	1	20·	25·	3	1	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life. ...	4	...	...	...	4	...	100·	...	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	25	...	1	1	21	4	92·3	19·04	15	9	...	4	16	1	16·6	20·	3	1	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking. ...	37	...	49	...	3	1	96·5	33·3	83	...	...	1	2	...	1·2	33·3	1	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft... ... { of cattle	15	...	3	...	12	9	88·3	75·	13	...	3	9	3	1	56·2	75·	3	...	...
		{ ordinary	242	...	66	3	154	109	92·8	70·7	279	6	1	109	45	4	38·1	70·7	47	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	18	...	2	...	16	8	90·	50·	7	11	...	8	8	...	44·4	50·	2	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	13	...	2	3	4	13	100·	76·4	14	1	...	13	4	1	86·6	76·4	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	35	...	1	...		7	94·4	21·8	9	24	1	7	25	...	20·5	21·8	2	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	360	...	123	6	234	147	93·5	62·8	405	42	5	147	87	6	32·5	62·8	55	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	...	1	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·6	100·	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
52		———Excise Laws	27	...	2	...	27	24	96·5	88·8	21	6	1	24	3	...	85·7	88·8	...	...	...
53		———Opium Act...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
54		———Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		———Salt and Custom Laws ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	1	1	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
56		———Arms Act	6	...	...	1	7	4	100·	57·1	5	1	...	4	3	...	66·6	57·1	...	...	...
57		———Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		———Forest Act	7	...	...	...	7	6	100·	85·7	...	7	...	6	1	...	85·7	85·7	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	28	...	...	...	27	17	96·4	62·9	16	11	...	17	10	...	62·9	62·9	...	...	...
		Total ...	76	...	3	1	75	58	97·4	77·3	50	26	1	58	17	...	75·3	77·3	1	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	16	...	...	...	16	13	100·	81·2	15	1	...	13	3	...	81·2	81·2	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	662	...	168	17	482	301	93·	62·4	666	98	8	301	180	13	38·9	62·5	79	1	...
		Cases compounded	20	...	1	...	21	...	...	...	12	8	1	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

	PERSONS.																	PROPERTY.						
	Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.			Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
			Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.					By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																									Rs.	Rs.		
	1	...	19 3	13 1	33 4	...	...	...	33 4	26 4	...	...	4	...	3	15·7	15·	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1	...	22	14	37	...	...	...	37	30	...	4	...	3	13·6	13·04	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	6	...	6	...	2	33·3	4	3	...	1	...	1	16·6	25·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	19	11	30	...	...	...	30	14	...	15	...	15	78·9	78·9	...	...	...	1	...	13	13	100·	283	278	98·2	
	13	...	279	17	309	...	35	12·5	273	90	...	175	...	171	61·2	66·8	...	...	1	8	...	189	168	88·8	12,539	7,857	62·6	
	...	...	6	17	23	...	1	16·6	22	14	...	8	...	4	66·6	80·	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	80·	3,893	3,823	98·2	
	3	...	23	2	28	...	...	...	28	4	2	21	...	20	86·9	76·9	...	...	...	1	...	8	8	100·	3,240	3,287	100·	
	...	...	8	55	63	...	...	...	63	54	...	9	...	4	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	16	...	341	102	459	...	38	11·1	420	179	2	229	...	215	63·05	67·6	...	...	1	10	...	215	193	89·7	19,955	15,245	76·3	
	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	2	...	2	...	2	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	10	1	...	9	...	9	90·	90·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	1	...	33	6	40	...	1	3·03	39	12	...	27	...	22	66·6	66·6	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	100·	28	28	100·	
	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	7	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100·	3	3	100·	
	1	...	6	...	7	...	...	...	7	3	...	4	...	4	66·6	57·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	13	13	...	...	...	13	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	16	15	31	...	...	...	31	13	...	18	...	14	87·5	87·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	2	...	83	35	120	...	1	1·2	119	38	...	81	...	59	71·08	70·2	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	100·	31	31	100·	
	...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	3	...	14	...	14	82·3	82·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	56	...	790	249	1,095	5	58	7·3	1,029	443	20	474	44	479	60·6	61·4	...	...	3	48	...	251	221	88·04	25,404	17,230	67·8	
	...	...	21	15	36	...	...	...	36	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 5 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18a	
		DHA'RWA'R.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes.	3	...	...	...	2	...	66·6	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	5	...	...	...	3	3	60·	100·	3	...	...	1	...	1	33·3	100	1	...	...
6	143 to 152, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	13	...	2	2	11	4	73·3	36·3	10	...	1	2	4	1	18·1	33·3	1	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	21	...	2	2	16	7	69·6	43·7	15	...	1	3	5	2	18·7	37·5	2	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder... ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder... ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder... ... ,, robbers	2	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder... ... ,, poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	8	...	1	7	4	100·	57·1	8	...	...	4	3	1	50·	57·1	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	3	...	...	...	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	....	...	1	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	2	...	...	2	...	100·	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	6	...	...	3	1	100·	33·3	4	2	...	1	2	...	16·6	33·3	4	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	9	...	...	4	4	100·	100·	9	...	...	4	...	...	44·4	100·	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	3	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	...	66·6	100·	1	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	1	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	21	...	7	1	18	8	100·	44·4	25	3	...	8	10	2	28·5	44·4	5	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	2	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	1	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	2	...	2	...	1	1	100·	100·	4	...	...	1	...	...	25·	100·	2	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	20	...	...	...	12	3	90·	25·	15	1	2	2	8	...	11·1	20·	7	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	18	1	1	...	5	3	78·9	60·	14	1	...	2	...	...	13·3	100·	8	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	3	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Total ...	102	1	10	2	68	26	94·6	44·8	96	7	3	24	29	4	22·6	45·2	31	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	6	...	1	...	3	1	100·	33·3	7	...	...	1	2	...	14·2	33·3	1	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	5	1	2	...	...	...	85·7	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	10	...	1	...	1	...	100·	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	7	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	14	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	12	2	...	1	...	...	7·1	100·	9	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	31	...	...	...	7	4	100·	57·1	26	4	1	4	3	...	12·9	57·1	5	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	20	...	3	...	13	10	100·	76·9	17	5	1	10	3	...	43·4	76·9	4	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	114	...	...	...	10	6	100·	60·	112	1	1	6	4	...	5·2	60·	7	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	4	...	...	...	4	2	75·	50·	3	...	...	2	1	...	66·6	66·6	1	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	205	1	7	...	40	25	99·05	62·5	195	12	3	25	14	...	11·9	64·1	40	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
																	Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	2	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	1	50·	50·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
17	...	72	79	168	...	7	9·7	161	130	...	26	...	16	22·2	19·5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
17	...	75	83	175	...	7	9·3	168	133	...	29	...	17	22·6	20·	...	...	...	6	...	..	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	50·	18 8 0	4 14 9	27·7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
5	...	18	...	23	...	...	...	23	...	17	..	5	5	27·7	21·7	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	100·	34 0 0	28 0 0	82·3	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	11	...	12	...	...	...	12	6	5	...	1	1	9·09	8·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	1	25·	3	1	1	...	1	1	25·	33·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	6	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·3	2	...	...	2	...	2	66·6	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	59	...	60	...	...	...	60	46	...	10	2	12	20·3	20·	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	18	14	32	...	6	33·3	26	23	...	2	1	2	11·1	16·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	9	13	...	...	...	13	9	...	4	...	3	75·	75·	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
7	...	144	23	174	...	8	5·5	166	87	39	25	10	33	22·9	23·07	...	...	...	4	1	3	2	66·6	52 8 0	32 14 9	63·8	
...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	17	7	8	...	2	2	11·7	11·7	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	50·	1,176 10 0	435 6 0	37·2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	30 0 0	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	60 12 0	.....	...	
...	...	3	...	3	...	1	33·3	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	66·6	77 5 0	41 7 0	53·2	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	60·	902 15 8	418 0 0	46·2	
...	...	15	2	17	...	...	...	15	4	6	4	1	5	33·3	38·4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	20	1	21	...	...	...	21	8	...	12	...	12	60·0	60·	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	15	1	16	...	1	6·6	15	7	...	7	1	8	53·3	57·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	4	4	8	...	...	...	8	6	...	2	...	2	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	78	8	86	...	2	2·5	82	35	14	28	4	32	41·02	43·2	1	...	2	...	...	16	8	50·	2,247 10 8	894 13 0	39·8	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		DHA'RWA'R—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	21	1	3	1	13	2	75·	15·3	15	3	..	1	7	1	5·5	12·5	12	..	..
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	1	..	..	..	..	..	100·	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
42	374	Compulsory labour	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	22	1	3	1	13	2	76·	15·3	16	3	..	1	7	1	5·2	12·5	12	..	..
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	84	..	1	..	3	2	100·	66·6	85	..	..	2	1	..	2·3	66·6	2	..	..
44	379 to 382	Theft .. of cattle	24	..	..	1	9	8	100·	88·8	24	..	..	8	1	2	33·3	88·8	3	..	..
		Theft .. ordinary	513	..	19	5	164	131	98·8	79·8	500	24	2	126	32	5	23·9	79·7	122	..	..
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	24	..	2	..	5	2	96·1	40·	15	10	..	2	2	..	8·	50·	11	..	..
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	8	..	2	..	10	8	90·	80·	9	..	..	7	2	..	77·7	77·7	..	..	..
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	40	..	2	2	38	11	35·7	28·9	9	6	..	5	3	..	33·3	62·5	6	..	..
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	2	..	..	..	..	..	100·	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	695	..	26	8	229	162	95·1	70·7	644	40	2	150	41	7	21·8	78·5	144	..	..
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	1	..	..	..	..	..	100·	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·	100·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
51	Cognizible offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	5	..	..	..	4	4	100·	100·	5	..	..	4	..	..	80·	100·	..	..	..
52		Excise Laws	18	..	2	..	14	11	85·	78·5	16	1	..	10	1	..	58·8	90·9	3	..	..
53		Opium Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
54		Railway Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55		Salt and Custom Laws	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
56		Arms Act	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·	100·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
57		Stamp Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58		Forest Act	4	..	1	..	5	3	40·	60·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	62	..	1	2	49	47	92·06	95·9	56	2	..	42	1	..	72·4	97·6	4	..	..
		Total ..	94	..	4	2	76	69	88·7	90·7	84	3	..	62	2	..	71·2	96·8	7	..	..
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,139	3	52	15	432	291	94·3	67·3	1,050	65	9	265	98	14	23·5	73,002	236	..	..

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.

No.	Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen. Rs. a. p.	Amount of property recovered. Rs. a. p.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.									Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)						Number pending at end of year. Before appearance before a Magistrate.				PROPERTY.					
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
Cognizable Offences.	1		29	20	50				50	45		3		1	3·4	3·8												
	1		29	20	50				50	45		3		1	3·4	3·8												
Non-cognizable Offences.																												
	1		29	20	50				50	45		3		1	3·4	3·8												
Total	19		29	20	50				50	45		3		1	3·4	3·8												
Cognizable Offences.	16		302	27	345	1		2·9	300	101	1	191	2	136	61·5	68·1	1	4	15		407	257	63·1	53,276 13 4	17,540 3 7	32·9	1
	1		38	9	59			2·6	36	8		10		9	23·6	20·			2		7	6	85·7	558 2 0	438 0 0	78·4	
	9		15	2	26				10			2		2	60·	56·2			1		6	7	46·6	1,532 4 0	613 6 0	40·01	
	2		38		2				18	8		21	2	21	55·2	53·3	1		4		4			2,409 13 4	2,229 5 4	90·2	
	28		302	27	345	1		2·9	300	101	1	191	2	136	61·5	68·1	1	4	15		407	257	63·1	53,276 13 4	17,540 3 7	32·9	
	1		38	9	59			2·6	36	8		10		9	23·6	20·			2		7	6	85·7	558 2 0	438 0 0	78·4	
	9		15	2	26				10			2		2	60·	56·2			1		6	7	46·6	1,532 4 0	613 6 0	40·01	
	2		38		2				18	8		21	2	21	55·2	53·3	1		4		4			2,409 13 4	2,229 5 4	90·2	
Total	16		302	27	345	1		2·9	300	101	1	191	2	136	61·5	68·1	1	4	15		407	257	63·1	53,276 13 4	17,540 3 7	32·9	
	1		38	9	59			2·6	36	8		10		9	23·6	20·			2		7	6	85·7	558 2 0	438 0 0	78·4	
	9		15	2	26				10			2		2	60·	56·2			1		6	7	46·6	1,532 4 0	613 6 0	40·01	
	2		38		2				18	8		21	2	21	55·2	53·3	1		4		4			2,409 13 4	2,229 5 4	90·2	
Grand Total	16		302	27	345	1		2·9	300	101	1	191	2	136	61·5	68·1	1	4	15		407	257	63·1	53,276 13 4	17,540 3 7	32·9	
	1		38	9	59			2·6	36	8		10		9	23·6	20·			2		7	6	85·7	558 2 0	438 0 0	78·4	
	9		15	2	26				10			2		2	60·	56·2			1		6	7	46·6	1,532 4 0	613 6 0	40·01	
	2		38		2				18	8		21	2	21	55·2	53·3	1		4		4			2,409 13 4	2,229 5 4	90·2	
Grand Total	16		302	27	345	1		2·9	300	101	1	191	2	136	61·5	68·1	1	4	15		407	257	63·1	53,276 13 4	17,540 3 7	32·9	
Last Year	1		67	6	77				69	7		62		56	88·5	99·3			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
	1		67	6	77				69	7		62		56	88·5	99·3			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Cognizable Offences.																												
	1		67	6	77				69	7		62		56	88·5	99·3			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Non-cognizable Offences.																												
	1		67	6	77				69	7		62		56	88·5	99·3			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Total	1		67	6	77				69	7		62		56	88·5	99·3			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Cognizable Offences.	1		112	20	133				125	22		103		95	84·8	90·4			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
	1		112	20	133				125	22		103		95	84·8	90·4			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Non-cognizable Offences.																												
	1		112	20	133				125	22		103		95	84·8	90·4			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Total	1		112	20	133				125	22		103		95	84·8	90·4			8		5	5	100·	59 3 0	59 3 0	100·	
Cognizable Offences.	1		345	243	1,141	1	58	6·8	1,092	531	54	437	16	407	48·1	49·6	2	1	19	21	1	476	304	63·8	60,164 9 10	21,318 1 2	36·2	
	1		345	243	1,141	1	58	6·8	1,092	531	54	437	16	407	48·1	49·6	2	1	19	21	1	476	304	63·8	60,164 9 10	21,318 1 2	36·2	
Non-cognizable Offences.																												
	1		345	243	1,141	1	58	6·8	1,092	531	54	437	16	407	48·1	49·6	2	1	19	21	1	476	304	63·8	60,164 9 10	21,318 1 2	36·2	
Total	1		345	243	1,141	1	58	6·8	1,092	531	54	437	16	407	48·1	49·6	2	1	19	21	1	476	304	63·8	60,164 9 10	21,318 1 2	36·2	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		KANARA.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety, and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes	3	...	...	...	3	...	67·	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	5	...	...	1	6	2	33·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	12	...	...	1	12	5	42·	42·	4	...	1	2	2	1	40·	50·	...	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ,, dacoits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ,, robbers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ,, poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	2	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	3	...	...	...	2	2	100·	100·	3	...	...	2	...	1	67·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	5	...	...	...	5	5	100·	100·	5	...	...	5	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	2	...	...	1	3	1	100·	33·	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	3	...	...	...	2	1	67·	50·	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	8	...	...	...	5	...	87·	...	7	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	...	...	...	2	...	100·	...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	10	...	...	...	7	5	60·	71·	3	3	...	2	1	...	33·	67·	2	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	40	...	...	2	29	15	85·	52·	29	5	...	9	12	3	26·	43·	5	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	19	...	...	...	...	...	63·	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt ... by other means ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling-house ...	9	...	...	...	1	...	89·	...	5	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	3	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	2	...	1	2	2	1	67·	50·	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	8	...	...	...	7	6	100·	86·	8	...	...	6	1	...	75·	86·	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	26	...	...	...	9	7	78·	78·	18	1	...	7	2	...	37·	78·	...	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	3	...	...	...	3	1	33·	33·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	71	...	1	2	23	15	75·	65·	49	5	...	14	6	...	26·	70·	3	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at end of last year.	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year: Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate: By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct): By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year: In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	PROPERTY. Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
																								Rs.	Rs.		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	1	36	42	...	...	...	42	30	...	12	...	6	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	1	33·	33·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	...	8	38	52	...	...	...	52	35	...	15	...	8	100·	57·	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Serial No. 12.—The accused (1) in this case is of unsound mind.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	3	3	60·	60·	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Against Serial No.—14. There were 2 cases pending at the close of the last year, one of which was disposed of by the Sessions Court as a case of grievous hurt, and the other under Section 304A. These cases have been accordingly shown against serial Nos. 20 and 29 respectively.
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	1	1	50·	33·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	4	1	5	...	...	...	5	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	1	7	...	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	52	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	7	15	22	...	...	...	22	7	...	15	...	2	29·	29·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	38	17	58	...	...	...	58	25	4	21	5	12	32·	29·	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	52	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	2,832	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	33·	80	7	9·	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	19	...	...	
2	...	1	3	6	...	...	...	6	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Serial No. 34.—These 2 persons belong to 2 cases shown in column 7, which were pending before the Magistrate at the close of 1887 owing to their (accused's) being lunatics.
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	1	...	6	...	6	86·	86·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	11	3	...	8	...	8	73·	73·	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	111	...	...	
...	...	1	5	6	...	...	...	6	5	...	1	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	29	8	33	...	...	...	33	13	...	18	...	15	65·	60·	...	...	...	2	...	32	2	6·	3,097	7	·2	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	
											Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a* *a.*	18*a* *b.*
	KANARA—*continued.*																				
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	7	...	...	...	7	2	29·	29·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	7	...	...	...	7	2	29·	29·	2	...	...	1	1	...	50·	50·	...	...	...
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																				
43	452, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	3	...	...	1	3	...	100·	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle...	12	...	...	...	8	7	88·	87·	8	1	1	7	1	...	70·	87·	2	...	...
		{ ordinary	305	...	7	6	142	112	87·	79·	259	14	...	97	22	3	36·	81·	36	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	21	...	...	...	10	5	71·	50·	12	2	1	3	3	...	20·	50·	3	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	11	...	...	...	11	6	91·	55·	9	1	...	6	4	...	60·	60·	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	10	...	1	...	8	3	73·	37·	8	...	...	3	2	...	37·	60·	1	...	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	362	...	8	7	182	133	86·	73·	299	18	2	116	34	3	36·	77·	43	...	...
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified ...	Offences against Gambling Act	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	21	...	...	...	21	18	...	86·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	13	...	2	...	15	11	100·	73·	15	...	...	11	4	...	73·	73·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act...	42	...	...	...	41	19	...	46·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws...	Public and local nuisances	29	...	...	...	29	26	76·	90·	22	...	...	21	1	...	95·	95·	...	...	...
		Total ...	106	...	2	...	107	75	35·	70·	38	...	...	33	5	...	87·	87·	...	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	A'bkári Act	17	...	...	...	17	15	53·	88·	9	...	...	8	1	...	89·	89·	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	615	...	11	12	377	260	74·	69·	430	28	3	183	61	7	40·	75·	51	...	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the year 1888—continued.

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STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		KOLÁBA.																			
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	121 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	9	...	...	...	9	8	100·	88·88	9	...	...	8	1	...	88·88	88·88	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100·	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	3	...	...	...	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	17	...	...	...	7	5	76·47	71·42	13	...	...	5	1	4	38·46	83·33	4	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	1	...	1	...	2	2	100·	100·	2	...	...	2	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Total ...	30	...	1	...	21	18	87·09	85·71	27	...	...	18	2	4	66·66	90·	4	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poision	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		Other murders	6	...	1	6	3	100·	50·	6	...	3	3	...	50·	50·	...	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	...	1	3	3	100·	100·	3	...	3	...	1	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	6	...	...	...	5	2	83·33	40·	5	...	...	2	2	1	40·	50·	1	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	7	...	1	...	6	6	87·5	100·	7	...	...	6	...	...	85·71	100·	1	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	...	...	...	3	...	66·6	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	3	...	...	...	1	...	33·3	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	8	...	...	8	4	75·	50·	6	...	4	2	...	66·6	66·6	...	...	...	...	...
29	304A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	45	...	1	2	35	20	71·73	57·14	33	...	...	20	11	2	60·60	64·51	2	...	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	399, 402, ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in dwelling house ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	9	...	1	...	3	1	70·	33·33	7	...	...	1	2	...	14·28	33·33	4	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	4	...	...	...	2	...	50·	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	64	...	4	...	21	19	38·23	90·47	26	...	...	19	2	...	73·07	90·47	5	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	12	...	...	...	5	2	66·6	40·	8	...	...	2	3	...	25·	40·	3	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers, and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	91	...	5	...	31	22	44·79	70·96	43	...	...	22	9	...	51·16	70·96	12	...	...

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STATEMENT

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15 *a.*	15 *b.*	15 *c.*	16	17	18	18*a*	18*a*
		KOLA'BA—*continued.*																			
		CLASS. IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	7	...	...	...	5	...	28·57	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	7	...	...	...	5	...	28·57	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... { of cattle	8	...	...	...	5	5	100·	100·	8	...	...	4	1	...	50·	80·	3	...	...
		Theft ... { ordinary	311	1	4	1	193	149	64·44	77·20	189	14	...	144	38	1	70·93	79·12	23	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	21	...	...	1	10	6	57·14	60·	12	...	...	5	4	1	41·66	55·5	2	...	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property... ...	14	...	...	...	14	13	92·85	92·85	13	...	...	13	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	60	...	...	...	42	10	80·	23·80	41	7	...	9	33	...	18·75	21·42	6	4	...
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	418	1	4	2	264	183	67·29	69·31	263	21	...	175	76	2	61·61	69·72	34	4	...
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	...	...	1	2	...	75·	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	27	...	...	...	25	23	77·7	92·	21	...	...	18	2	1	85·71	90·	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws... ...	49	...	...	...	49	43	36·73	87·75	12	6	...	17	1	...	94·44	94·44	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act...	8	...	...	...	8	8	100·	100·	8	...	...	8	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	26	...	...	...	25	21	...	84·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	6	...	...	...	5	3	83·3	60·	5	...	...	3	2	...	60·	60·	...	...	...
		Total ...	120	...	...	1	114	98	45·83	85·96	49	6	...	46	7	1	83·63	86·79	2	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Act No. VI of 1863 ...	7	...	...	...	7	7	100·	100·	7	...	...	7	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
		Act No. VII of 1867 ...	42	...	...	...	42	37	100.	88·09	42	...	...	37	5	...	88·09	88·09	...	...	...
		Total ...	49	...	...	...	49	44	100.	89·79	49	...	...	44	5	...	89·79	89·79	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	760	1	11	5	519	385	68·94	74·18	465	28	...	325	112	9	65·92	74·37	54	4	...

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of Persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.	On bail. Under trial before Magistrate. Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37 38 39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	3	7	10	...	...	...	10	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	10	1	11	...	...	...	11	5	...	6	...	6	60·	60·	...	...	... ...	5	4	80·	106	76	71·69	
1	...	297	77	375	...	4	1·34	371	117	...	214	...	206	69·36	70·06	...	...	... 40 ...	287	215	74·91	12,863	7,447	57·89	
1	...	10	4	15	...	...	...	15	8	...	6	...	5	50·	45·45	...	...	... 1 ...	19	12	63·15	1,144	554	48·42	
...	...	19	1	20	...	...	...	20	...	1	19	...	19	100·	100·	...	...	... ...	14	14	100·	455	252	55·38	
...	...	61	65	126	...	...	...	126	114	...	12	...	11	18·03	18·03	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
2	...	397	148	547	...	4	1·	543	244	1	257	...	247	62·21	62·53	...	...	... 41 ...	325	245	75·38	14,568	8,329	57·17	
1	...	5	...	6	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	38	7	45	...	...	...	45	12	...	32	...	18	47·36	47·36	...	...	... 1 ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	28	68	96	...	...	...	96	30	...	66	...	17	60·71	60·71	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	100·	100·	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	134	134	...	...	...	134	14	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	... 1 ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	11	4	15	...	...	...	15	9	...	6	...	3	27·27	27·7	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
1	...	90	213	304	...	...	...	304	71	...	231	...	46	51·11	50·54	...	...	.. 2 ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	7	100·	100·	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	43	...	43	...	...	...	43	6	...	37	...	37	86·04	86·04	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
...	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	50	6	...	44	...	44	88·	88·	...	...	... ...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	
8	...	765	402	1,175	...	6	7	1,169	428	12	624	22	446	58·30	58·30	1	...	... 78 4	385	275	71·42	21,974	9,491	43·19	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14, and of those investigated by Police in column 7. *a.* Ending in conviction.	*b.* Ending in acquittal or discharge.	*c.* Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. *a.* When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	*b.* When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		RATNA'GIRI.																			
1	115 .. .. .. Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 .. .. .. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. 118, 119 .. .. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 .. Offences relating to Army and Navy		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471 Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.		2	..	..	..	2	1	100·	50·	2	..	..	1	1	..	50·	50·	..	..	..
4	212 to 216 .. .. Harbouring an offender		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	224 to 226 .. .. Other offences against public justice		5	..	1	..	6	5	40·	83·3	2	..	..	3	..	..	100	100·	..	..	..
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 .. Rioting or unlawful assembly		11	..	..	..	6	1	72·7	16·6	4	4	..	1	2	5	12·5	33·3	..	..	..
7	140, 170, 171 .. .. Personating public servant or soldier		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	18	..	..	1	14	7	66·6	50·	8	4	..	5	3	5	41·6	62·5	..	..	..
		CLASS II.—*Serious Offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303, 396 .. Murder .. by thugs		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	302, 303, 396 .. Murder .. „ dacoits		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396 .. Murder .. „ robbers		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	302, 303, 396 .. Murder .. „ poison		1	..	..	..	1	..	100	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
12	302, 303, 396 .. Other murders ..		6	..	1	1	6	3	85·7	50·	6	..	..	3	3	1	50·	50·	..	..	..
13	307 .. .. Attempts at murder		1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
14	304, 308 .. .. Culpable homicide		2	..	..	..	2	..	100·	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	376 .. .. .. Rape		1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
16	377 .. .. .. Unnatural offences		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	317, 318 .. .. Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.		1	..	1	1	2	2	50·	100·	1	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 .. .. Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide		1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	1	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 .. .. Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 .. .. Grievous hurt		9	..	..	3	9	5	66·6	55·5	4	2	..	4	2	3	66·6	66·6	..	..	..
21	328 .. .. .. Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.		..	..	..	1	1	1	..	100·	..	..	..	1	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 .. .. Hurt for purposes of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	324 .. .. .. Hurt by dangerous weapon		2	..	..	..	1	..	50·	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
24	363 to 369 .. .. Kidnapping or abduction		1	..	..	..	..	..	100·	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
25	346 to 348 .. .. Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26	372, 373 .. .. Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27	371 .. .. .. Habitually dealing in slaves		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
28	353, 354, 356, 357 .. Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.		1	..	1	..	2	2	100·	100·	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..
29	304 A, 338 .. .. Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	26	..	3	6	27	16	79·3	59·2	20	3	..	15	8	6	65·2	65·2	1	..	..
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398 .. .. Dacoity		..	..	1	..	..	..	100·	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
31	399, 402 .. .. Preparation and assembly for dacoity		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
32	394, 397, 398 .. .. Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	394, 397, 398 .. .. Robbery with hurt. by other means ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
33	392, 393 .. .. Robbery .. in dwelling-house		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	392, 393 .. .. Robbery .. on the highway between sunset and sunrise.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	392, 393 .. .. Robbery .. other robberies ..		4	..	..	..	3	..	75·	..	2	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	..	..
	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440. Serious mischief and cognate offences		3	..	..	1	3	2	..	66·6	..	..	..	1	..	..	100·	..	..	..	..
35	428, 429 .. .. Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.		3	..	..	..	..	..	66·6	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 .. Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.		45	..	24	1	45	21	79·7	46·6	55	..	..	21	24	11	38·1	46·6	..	..	..
	449 to 452 .. .. House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.		1	..	1	..	2	1	50·	50·	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	412, 413 .. .. Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
39	311, 400 401 .. .. Belonging to gangs of thungs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	56	..	26	2	53	24	75·6	45·2	61	1	..	22	27	15	35·4	44·9	1	..	..

A—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	PERSONS. Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			PROPERTY.					REMARKS.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	1	50·	50·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	5	10	16	..	..	..	16	8	..	8	..	6	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
51	..	34	25	110	..	..	..	110	87	..	23	..	23	67·6	67·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
52	..	41	35	128	..	..	..	128	96	..	31	1	30	73·1	73·1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
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1	..	11	..	12	..	..	..	12	..	6	..	3	3	27·2	27·2	*1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	*Declared insane.
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	†1 declared insane; 1 acquitted under Section 83, Indian Penal Code.
1	..	2	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	†2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	2	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	11	6	18	..	..	..	18	6	4	6	1	6	54·5	54·5	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
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..	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	6	..	3	3	..	3	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	..	32	11	49	..	..	..	49	9	14	12	8	19	59·3	59·3	3	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
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..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	3	3	6	..	..	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	100·	176	176	100·	
1	..	..	4	5	..	..	..	5	3	..	2	..	1	100·	100·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	38	1	39	..	2	5·2	35	6	2	24	3	27	71·	79·4	..	2	..	..	..	42	30	71·4	6,610	2,931	44·3	
..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	4	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	41	12	54		2	4·8	50	17	2	28	3	28	68·3	77·7	..	2	..	..	..	44	32	72·7	6,786	3,107	45·7	

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police: *Suo motu.*	By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.
														a.	*b.*	*c.*				*a.*	*b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		RATNA'GIRI—*continued.*																			
		CLASS IV.—*Minor Offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement...	8	...	...	...	5	2	75·	40·	6	...	...	1	2	3	16·6	33·3	...	1	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374	Compulsory labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	8	...	...	..	5	2	75·	40·	6	...	...	1	2	3	16·6	33·3	...	1	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor Offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft ... of cattle...	10	...	...	...	6	3	100·	50·	10	...	...	...	3	4	30·	50·	...	...	...
45		Theft ... ordinary	220	5	33	3	152	85	81·	55·9	198	4	3	79	59	70	38·5	57·2	6	...	...
46	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	14	...	2	...	9	4	56·2	44·4	5	3	1	4	3	2	44·4	57·1	1	...	...
47	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
48	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	35	...	...	...	28	8	51·4	28·5	17	1	...	6	7	5	33·3	46·1	...	...	1
	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	280	5	35	3	196	101	77·1	51·5	231	8	4	93	72	81	38·2	56·3	7	...	1
		CLASS VI.—*Other Offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII. (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act ...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	94	...	1	...	95	92	31·5	96·8	28	...	2	27	3	...	90·	90·	...	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws ...	19	...	...	...	19	19	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	7	...	...	...	7	7	42·8	100·	3	...	...	3	...	...	100·	100·	...	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	202	...	...	...	202	182	91·	90·1	184	...	...	172	12	...	93·4	93·4	...	...	...
		Total ...	324	...	1	...	325	302	67·	92·9	216	...	2	203	15	...	93·1	93·1	...	...	...
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	712	5	65	12	620	452	72·5	73·	542	16	6	339	127	110	60·1	72·7	9	1	1

A—*concluded.*

Crime for the Year 1888—concluded.

PERSONS.																			PROPERTY.						REMARKS.
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.									
																	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				Rs.	Rs.		
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	5	16	21	...	...	...	21	14	...	6	...	3	60·	60·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	17	22	...	...	...	22	15	...	6	...	3	60·	60·	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	3	13	...	...	...	13	8	...	5	...	5	50;	50·	...	...	...	...	...	10	9	90·	184	164	89·1	
18	...	163	95	276	...	18	11·04	257	131	...	112	...	103	68·2	71·5	...	1	...	14	...	207	164	79·2	4,966	2,104	42·3	
...	...	7	3	10	...	...	...	10	6	...	4	...	3	42·8	42·8	...	...	...	...	...	9	6	66·6	3,225	1,578	48·9	
...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	11	2	...	9	...	9	81·8	81·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	26	50	76	...	...	...	76	63	...	13	...	5	19·2	19·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	...	217	151	386	...	18	8·3	367	210	...	143	...	125	57·6	63·1	...	1	...	14	...	226	179	79·2	8,375	3,846	45·9	
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	36	106	142	...	4	11·1	138	21	...	117	...	26	72·2	81·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	6	27	33	...	6	100·	27	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	4	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	3	100·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	194	17	211	...	1	·05	210	23	...	187	...	176	90·7	91·1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	251	155	406	...	11	4·3	395	48	...	347	...	213	84·8	88·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
77	...	587	381	1,045	...	31	5·2	1,011	395	16	567	12	418	71·2	66·3	3	3	...	17	1	270	211	78·1	15,161	6,953	45·8	

H. T. OMMANNEY,
Inspector-General of Police.

STATEMENT—A.

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the Year 1888.*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		KARA'CHI.															
1	115	Abetment of offences not comitted, &c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	2·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 .	Offences against public justice	11·6	29	...	29	...	24	47	47	5	12	...	29	...	1	
5	161 to 160, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	7·2	5	...	5	...	4	14	14	2	12	...	...	...	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	13·0	23	...	23	...	20	24	24	7	4	...	12	1	...	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1·0	2	...	2	...	3	2	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	1·6	6	...	6	...	6	30	30	...	1	...	29	...	...	
		Total ...	36·4	65	...	65	...	56	117	117	14	29	1	70	2	1	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1·2	5	...	5	...	5	21	16	8	8	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	451·18	517	...	517	1	499	1,051	1,035	91	853	...	91	...	...	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	2	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt...	647·18	1,217	1	1,218	4	1,085	2,975	2,854	732	1,894	...	172	...	56	
		Total ...	1,098·56	1,736	1	1,737	5	1,586	4,028	3,891	824	2,747	...	264	...	56	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against the Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	17·4	23	...	23	...	14	18	17	13	1	...	2	...	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property...	30·8	35	...	35	6	24	32	42	17	14	...	11	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	·5	6	...	6	...	6	6	6	1	1	...	3	...	1	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	51·8	45	...	45	1	37	99	100	42	47	...	11	...	...	
		Total ...	100·5	109	...	109	7	81	155	165	73	63	...	27	...	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offence against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service...	2·2	4	...	4	...	2	4	4	1	...	...	3	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	137·24	143	...	143	1	110	258	235	92	128	...	14	...	1	
25	505 to 502	Defamation	10·2	22	...	22	...	19	39	39	10	22	...	3	...	4	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	518·12	299	...	299	...	270	545	493	280	190	...	16	...	7	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ...	Public and local nuisances	3·6	13	...	13	...	13	14	14	...	2	...	12	...	...	
28	291 A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	26·0	44	...	44	1	43	41	41	...	...	...	41	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ...	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ...	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ...	Maintenance of wives and children ...	36·0	43	...	43	...	33	33	33	...	28	...	5	...	...	
		Total ...	723·36	568	...	568	2	490	934	859	383	370	...	94	...	12	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
		Act No. V of 1879 30															
		Act No. I of 1871 71															
		Act No. IV of 1879 37															
		Act No. I of 1863 4															
		Act No. VI of 1873 585															
		Act No. VII of 1879 13															
		Act No. XII of 1882 22															
		Act No. I of 1879 6															
		Act No. VII of 1878 8															
		Act No. V of 1878 2															
		Act No. VII of 1867 7															
		Act No. I of 1859 8															
		Act No. XIV of 1866 1	624·20	875	...	875	2	843	1,312	1,339	139	241	2	943	...	14	
		Act No. III of 1866 1															
		Act No. IV of 1887 5															
		Act No. XVI of 1879 1															
		Act No. IV of 1879 10															
		Act No. II of 1883 1															
		Act No. VI of 1863 14															
		Act No. III of 1867 51															
		Act No. II of 1868 3															
		Total ... 875															
		Total ...	624·20	875	...	875	2	843	1,312	1,339	139	241	2	943	...	14	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	2,594·22	3,359	1	3,360	17	3,061	6,567	6,387	1,441	3,458	3	1,398	2	85	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding year.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		HYDERABAD.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 .	Offences against public justice	40	36	1	37	1	37	76	82	23	11	...	35	...	13	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .	Offences by public servants	10	10	...	10	...	10	11	11	...	1	...	10	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	13	18	3	21	4	21	23	23	10	1	...	8	...	4	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	4	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	68	67	4	71	5	71	113	119	34	13	...	55	...	17	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1	1	1	2	...	2	3	3	...	...	1	2	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	171	343	...	343	...	343	699	705	401	261	...	21	...	22	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	1,017	1,483	...	1,483	17	1,466	4,057	4,073	1,733	2,171	...	95	5	69	
		Total ...	1,189	1,827	1	1,828	17	1,811	4,759	4,781	2,134	2,432	1	118	5	91	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	30	7	...	7	...	7	11	13	11	...	...	1	...	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property...	47	62	...	62	15	50	85	89	45	21	...	22	...	1	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	4	...	4	...	4	4	4	2	...	1	...	...	1	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	141	136	...	136	4	132	299	302	94	141	...	67	...	...	
		Total ...	220	209	...	209	19	193	399	408	152	162	1	90	...	3	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	290 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	161	181	...	181	10	171	368	380	124	201	...	18	...	37	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	2	3	...	3	...	3	10	10	7	2	...	1	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	85	78	...	78	14	64	140	141	19	101	...	12	...	9	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ...	Public and local nuisances	48	48	...	48	...	48	54	54	11	6	...	37	...	...	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*) C. P. C..	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	4	19	2	21	...	21	21	21	2	2	16	1	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ...	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ...	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ...	Maintenance of wives and children ...	3	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1,164	331	2	333	24	309	595	608	164	313	16	69	...	46	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Irrigation Act No VII of 1879			26	...	26	...	26	44	50	3	26	...	21	...	...	
	Forest Act No. VII of 1878			5	...	5	...	5	9	9	5	...	...	4	...	...	
	Stamp Act No. I of 1879			7	...	7	...	7	9	9	...	1	...	8	...	...	
	Abkâri Act No. V of 1878			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Cattle Pound Act No. I of 1871		389	97	...	97	1	96	257	271	99	116	...	45	...	11	
	District Municipal Act No. VI of 1873			155	...	155	...	155	156	156	26	8	...	119	...	3	
	District Police Act No. VII of 1867			49	...	49	...	49	50	50	3	2	...	43	...	2	
	Land Revenue Code Act No. V of 1879... ...			127	...	127	...	127	153	153	7	4	...	142	...	...	
	Carriage Act No. VI of 1863			34	...	34	...	34	41	41	25	3	...	11	...	2	
	The Artificers' Act No. XIII of 1859			2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	389	502	...	502	1	501	721	741	170	160	...	393	...	18	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	3,031	2,937	7	2,944	66	2,886	6,588	6,658	2,654	3,080	18	726	5	175	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		THAR AND PA'RKAR.															
1	116	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228..	Offences against public justice	6·6	7	..	7	2	6	11	15	9	1	..	5	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	10·6	11	..	11	3	11	14	14	3	1	..	10	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	5·6	17	..	17	14	17	17	11	6	1	..	3	1	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	22·8	35	..	35	19	34	42	40	18	3	..	18	1	..	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	8·4	8	..	8	..	8	21	21	8	6	..	7	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	159·8	125	..	125	4	122	269	291	54	177	..	60	..	..	
		Total ..	168·2	133	..	133	4	130	290	312	62	183	..	67	..	..	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	43·0	18	..	18	..	18	38	42	27	6	..	9	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	30·6	48	..	48	..	48	108	112	35	30	..	47	..	..	
		Total ..	73·6	66	..	66	..	66	146	154	62	36	..	56	..	..	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	23·3	30	..	30	..	30	87	80	16	59	..	3	..	2	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	84·6	90	..	90	..	90	149	143	22	99	..	22	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.. ..	Public and local nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	0·2	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	108·6	122	..	122	..	122	238	225	39	159	..	25	..	2	2 under trial present.
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. VI of 1873 (Municipal Act)		2·8	20	..	20	..	20	21	21	..	1	..	20	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass)		26·2	63	..	63	..	63	140	145	87	25	..	33	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1879 (Irrigation Act)		..	3	..	3	..	3	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
	Act No. V of 1878 (A'bkāri)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. IV of 1887 (Gambling)		..	1	..	1	..	1	4	4	1	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	29·0	88	..	88	..	88	169	174	88	26	..	60	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	402·2	447	..	447	23	443	889	909	269	407	..	230	1	2	2 under trial present.

STATEMFNT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		SHIKARPUR.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228..	Offences against public justice	71·0	60	..	60	1	54	78	78	11	16	..	51	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	7·4	10	..	10	..	10	11	10	5	2	1	2	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	44·6	69	..	69	..	63	73	73	24	14	..	30	2	3	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	123·0	139	...	139	1	127	162	161	40	32	1	83	2	3	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	2·0	1	..	1	..	..	...	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	389·0	702	..	702	4	612	1,593	1,590	15	1,510	..	56	..	9	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	896·4	1,468	..	1,468	6	1,284	3,715	3,712	305	3,275	..	114	..	18	
		Total ..	1285·4	2,170	..	2,170	10	1,896	5,308	5,302	320	4,785	..	170	..	27	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	21·0	33	..	33	..	21	33	33	24	4	..	4	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property..	26·8	49	..	49	3	37	53	53	35	5	..	10	..	3	1 died after appearing before the Magistrate.
20	408	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	25·0	6	..	6	..	6	7	7	6	..	..	1	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	81·2	114	..	114	2	75	156	156	11	121	..	24	..	..	
		Total ..	131·5	207	..	207	5	139	249	249	76	130	..	39	..	3	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	152·6	223	..	223	4	155	395	386	66	294	..	13	1	12	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	5·6	9	..	9	..	9	21	21	..	19	..	1	..	1	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	234·8	185	..	185	2	137	301	301	62	220	..	19	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	35·2	39	..	39	..	39	49	49	..	16	..	33	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	7·0	14	..	14	..	14	19	19	2	4	..	13	.	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	8·4	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	3	..	..	1	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	2·8	13	..	13	..	13	31	31	24	..	..	7	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	52·4	66	..	66	..	60	60	59	12	46	..	1	...	..	
		Total ..	498·8	552	..	552	6	430	880	870	169	599	..	88	1	13	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
		Cattle Trespass Act No. I of 1871 (Indian)	73·6	102	..	102	..	85	243	243	3	187	..	46	..	7	
		Forests Act No. VII of 1878 (Indian)	13·6	8	..	8	..	8	17	17	..	14	..	3	..	..	
		Arms Act No. II of 1878 (Indian)	3·0	3	..	3	3	3	3	3	..	..	..	1	..	2	
		Stamps Act No. I of 1879 (Indian)	2·6	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
		Railways Act No. IV of 1879 (Indian)	9·4	21	..	21	1	18	23	23	..	6	..	17	..	..	
		Salt Act No. XII of 1882 (Indian)	21·2	16	..	16	..	16	17	17	2	6	..	9	..	..	
		Telegraphs Act No. XIII of 1885 (Indian)	..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	
		Boats and other Vessels Act No. I of 1863 (Bombay)	6·5	3	..	3	..	3	3	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
		Public Conveyances Act No. VI of 1863 (Bombay)	3·0	4	..	4	..	4	4	4	..	1	..	3	..	..	
		District Police Act No. VII of 1867 (Bombay)	2·0	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
		Public Ferries Act No. II of 1868 (Bombay)	3·0	3	..	3	..	3	5	5	..	3	..	2	..	..	
		Municipalities Act No. VI of 1873 (Bombay)..	140·0	124	..	124	.	124	127	127	..	8	..	119	..	..	
		Abkári Act No. V of 1878 (Bombay)	6·6	59	..	59	..	59	64	64	4	6	..	53	..	1	
		Land Revenue Act No. V of 1879 (Bombay)	11·8	36	..	36	..	35	64	64	9	10	..	43	..	2	
		Irrigation Act No. VII of 1879 (Bombay)	21·0	19	..	19	..	18	40	40	1	5	..	25	..	9	
		Gambling Act No. IV 1887, Sind Frontier Regulation 57 C.P. of 1872 (Bombay)	4·0	2	..	2	..	2	27	27	..	2	..	25	..	..	
		Total ..	321·3	404	..	404	4	382	642	641	20	248	..	352	..	21	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	2,362	3,473	..	3,473	26	2,974	7,241	7,223	625	5,794	1	732	3	67	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		UPPER SIND FRONTIER.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119..	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	6·8	5	..	5	..	5	8	8	3	..	..	5	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	3·4	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	15·	36	..	36	..	32	35	34	13	3	..	13	4	1	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	·4	1	..	1	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures..	..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	3	..	3	..	2	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	25·6	47	..	47	..	42	52	50	20	3	..	21	4	2	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	2·6	4	..	4	..	1	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	33·	79	..	79	1	66	126	125	25	95	..	3	..	2	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	129	194	..	194	5	158	442	435	99	287	..	25	..	24	
		Total ..	153	274	..	274	6	225	569	561	124	383	..	28	..	26	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	9·2	28	..	28	2	8	8	8	3	1	..	4	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	7·	10	..	10	5	..	..	5	2	1	..	2	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	·6	1	..	1	..	..	..	4	1	3	..	..	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	49·2	84	..	84	..	78	128	131	..	57	..	74	..	..	
		Total ..	66	123	..	123	7	86	136	148	6	62	..	80	..	..	
		CLASS VI.— *Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	1	..	1	..	1	4	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	31·6	58	..	58	1	36	91	87	25	30	4	5	..	23	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	3·3	6	..	6	1	2	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	32·2	8	..	8	1	4	7	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290 ..	Public and local nuisances	6·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII. (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction.	·4	4	..	4	1	4	16	16	..	8	..	7	..	1	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	1·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C..	Maintenance of wives and children	6·6	13	..	13	..	4	4	4	2	1	..	1	..	..	
		Total ..	82·4	90	..	90	4	51	126	119	27	51	4	13	..	24	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. VII of 1867		9·2	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Cattle Pound Act of 1871		17·6	19	..	19	..	17	50	50	..	40	..	10	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1879		4·6	18	..	18	..	17	41	41	..	24	..	16	..	1	
	,, No. XIV of 1866		·4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	,, No. VI of 1873		31·4	66	..	66	..	65	65	65	..	2	..	63	..	..	
	,, No. IV of 1879		1·2	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Section 3 of Frontier Tribes Regulation 57, C. P. of 1872		·2	4	..	4	..	4	97	97	..	..	..	97	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1878		1·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	,, No. III of 1877		·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	,, No. XI of 1878		·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	,, No. V of 1879		·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	67·4	110	..	110	..	106	256	256	..	66	..	189	..	1	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	397·	648	..	648	17	511	1,141	1,136	177	567	4	331	4	53	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		AHMEDABAD.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	118, 119...	Concealing design to commit offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	187	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	39	27	...	27	...	26	42	42	3	22	...	17	...	...	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	7·20	7	...	7	...	7	8	8	1	6	...	1	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	30·80	33	...	33	...	33	33	33	7	14	3	9	....	...	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	2	5	1	6	...	5	12	12	10	...	...	...	2	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	17·40	12	...	12	...	12	12	12	...	4	...	8	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	26	19	...	19	...	19	93	93	...	42	...	51	...	...	
		Total ...	115·80	103	1	104	...	102	200	200	21	88	3	86	2	...	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·40	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	·40	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	6	10	...	10	...	10	27	27	7	19	1	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	30	24	3	27	1	26	75	75	51	14	...	10	...	...	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	669	812	10	822	4	808	2,474	2,474	1,028	1,219	...	215	...	12	
		Total ...	702·40	836	13	849	5	834	2,549	2,549	1,079	1,233	...	225	...	12	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	35·40	45	...	45	...	44	69	69	3	44	...	22	...	...	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property...	23·40	23	...	23	...	22	36	36	3	24	...	9	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3·80	1	1	2	...	2	2	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	592·80	673	...	673	2	650	2,160	2,175	769	1,293	...	95	...	18	
		Total ...	651·40	742	1	743	2	718	2,267	2,282	776	1,361	...	127	...	18	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	1·80	1	...	1	...	1	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	51·40	67	...	67	...	63	89	90	29	48	...	12	...	1	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	9·80	7	...	7	...	7	15	15	.	14	...	1	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	259·40	233	3	236	...	225	483	486	160	296	...	30	...	...	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	29·20	42	...	42	...	42	42	42	...	14	...	28	...	...	
28	291 A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	13	22	...	22	1	22	46	46	...	11	...	35	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ...	37·40	126	...	126	...	126	126	126	10	102	...	14	...	...	
		Total ...	372·60	498	3	501	1	485	804	803	199	488	...	120	...	1	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. I of 1871 (India)		...	50	1	51	...	47	153	153	498	47	...	13	...	...	
	,, No. XVIII of 1869 (India)		...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	,, No. VI of 1873 (Bombay)		...	1,341	...	1,341	...	1,274	1,362	1,362	4	160	...	1,198	...	...	
	,, No. I of 1879 (India)		...	167	...	167	...	167	167	167	...	4	...	163	...	...	
	,, No. V of 1878 (Bombay)		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	,, No. VII of 1867 (do.)		...	68	...	68	...	68	81	81	...	...	...	81	...	...	
	,, No. II of 1868 (do.)		...	1	...	1	...	1	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	
	,, No. V of 1879 (do.)		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	,, No. XX of 1882 (India)		...	9	...	9	...	9	9	9	...	...	...	9	...	...	
		Total ...	1,966	1,640	1	1,641	...	1,570	1,783	1,782	104	212	...	1,466	...	...	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	3,651·20	3,830	19	3,849	8	3,720	7,631	7,649	2,187	3,401	4	2,024	2	31	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		KAIRA.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	36	22	...	22	...	21	26	26	...	10	...	16	...	...	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	3	5	...	5	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	3	...	2	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	21	33	...	33	...	33	33	33	12	6	...	14	...	1	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	14	30	...	30	...	30	30	29	11	1	...	17	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making and using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	4	1	...	1	...	1	7	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	
		Total ...	81	92	...	92	...	91	102	101	23	18	...	57	...	3	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	3	5	...	5	2	2	7	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	17	17	...	17	...	12	30	30	2	27	...	1	...	...	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	503	631	...	631	4	521	1,382	1,301	209	1,016	...	60	...	16	
		Total ...	520	648	...	648	4	533	1,412	1,331	211	1,043	...	61	...	16	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	18	21	...	21	...	15	36	36	24	7	...	5	...	...	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	17	20	1	21	2	16	23	22	16	1	...	5	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	304	531	...	531	3	450	1,111	952	54	871	...	25	...	2	
		Total ...	341	572	1	573	5	481	1,170	1,010	94	879	...	35	...	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	62	71	...	71	13	36	55	53	25	25	...	3	...	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	1	3	...	3	...	2	4	4	2	...	...	2	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	401	497	...	497	...	422	825	756	104	628	...	23	...	1	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances...	110	39	...	39	...	38	40	40	...	9	...	31	...	...	
28	291 A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	14	3	...	3	...	2	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ...	12	16	...	16	...	16	16	16	6	2	...	8	...	...	
		Total ...	601	629	...	629	13	516	943	872	139	665	...	67	...	1	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Bombay Act VII of 1867		6	8	3	11	...	8	8	11	...	1	...	10	...	..	
	India Act I of 1871		20	41	...	41	...	35	97	90	11	68	...	11	...	...	
	Bombay Act VI of 1873		367	562	...	562	...	555	563	556	...	49	...	506	...	1	
	General Stamp Act I of 1879		3	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	Land Revenue Code V of 1879		5	18	...	18	...	18	21	21	...	2	...	19	...	...	
	India Railway Act IV of 1879		6	8	...	8	...	8	9	9	...	2	...	7	...	...	
	India Act XIV of 1882 (Civil Procedure Code)		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Bombay Act II of 1874 (Jail Act)		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	Bombay Act VIII of 1866		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	408	641	3	644	...	628	702	691	12	123	...	555	...	1	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,955	2,587	4	2,591	24	2,251	4,336	4,012	479	2,735	...	775	...	23	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		PANCH MAHÁLS.															
1	115, 116	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	2	..	2	..	1	3	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	2	..	2	..	1	3	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	15·2	11	..	11	..	13	19	18	..	13	..	5	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	3·2	4	..	4	..	4	6	7	..	.	..	7	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	2·6	5	..	5	1	4	8	10	1	2	..	7	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	2·4	7	..	7	..	7	7	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	3·2	5	..	5	..	5	17	17	2	9	..	6	..	..	
		Total ..	27·6	32	..	32	1	33	57	59	3	24	..	32	..	..	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	2·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	13·8	7	..	7	..	7	46	46	..	46	..	..	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	170·6	166	2	168	8	163	485	468	93	345	..	30	..	..	
		Total ..	185·2	173	2	175	8	170	531	514	93	391	..	30	..	..	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
17A	379 and 411	Theft, &c.		7	..	7	..	7	16	16	4	5	..	7	..	..	
18	417 to 420	Cheating	2·6	7	..	7	1	7	7	7	2	1	..	2	..	2	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	33·4	37	..	37	3	37	45	48	18	8	..	21	..	*2	* 1 escaped the service of process; hence the difference in figures shown in column 11 and the total of those in columns 12—17.
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	·8	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	67·4	61	..	61	2	60	111	102	6	84	..	10	..	2	
		Total ..	104·2	113	..	113	6	111	179	174	30	98	..	41	..	6	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	8·0	19	..	19	..	19	19	19	3	16	..	..	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	1·8	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	37·4	72	..	72	..	67	118	120	32	75	..	13	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	1·2	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
28	291 A.	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	·6	1	..	1	..	1	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ..	..	10	..	10	..	10	10	10	..	9	..	1	..	..	
		Total ..	49·2	104	..	104	..	99	153	155	35	103	..	17	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	District Police Act No. VII of 1867	Details not available fully.	143·4	9	..	9	..	8	16	17	..	3	..	14	..	1	Cause of difference as above.
	Village Police Act No. VIII of 1867			1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	Cattle Trespass Act No. I of 1871			18	..	18	2	18	45	45	1	34	..	9	..	1	
	District Municipal Act No. VI of 1873			252	..	252	...	252	258	245	22	13	..	202	..	8	
	Amendment of ditto. II of 1884			21	..	21	..	21	21	21	..	2	..	19	..	..	
	Abkári Act No. V of 1878			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Forest Act No. VII of 1878			6	..	6	..	5	23	26	..	21	..	3	..	2	
	Stamp Act No. I of 1879			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Criminal Procedure Code No. X of 1882			2	..	2	..	2	4	4	..	3	..	1	..	..	
	Civil Procedure Code No. XIV of 1882			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Gambling Act No. IV of 1887			2	..	2	2	2	7	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	
		Total ..	143·4	313	..	313	5	310	377	368	23	77	..	257	..	12	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	512·6	737	2	739	20	724	1,300	1,274	184	693	..	381	..	18	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Average instituted of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	PERSONS. Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted. By Magistrate.	Acquitted. By High or Sessions Court.	Convicted. By Magistrate.	Convicted. By High or Sessions Court.	Waiting trial at close of year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		BROACH.															
1	115, 117	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	16·0	24	1	25	1	20	25	26	5	10	..	11	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	·8	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	15·6	9	..	9	..	8	10	11	3	1	..	3	4	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	·2	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	2·0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	1·0	4	..	4	1	4	16	16	..	14	..	2	..	..	
		Total	35·6	39	1	40	3	32	51	53	8	25	..	16	4	..	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	2·0	7	..	7	..	5	11	11	10	..	..	1	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	18·2	15	..	15	2	13	29	30	14	8	..	8	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	242·6	267	..	267	3	232	660	656	292	319	..	43	..	2	
		Total	261·2	282	..	282	5	245	689	686	306	327	..	51	..	2	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	6·0	20	..	20	13	10	14	14	3	3	..	8	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	3·6	4	..	4	..	3	5	7	6	..	..	1	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	110·6	146	..	146	1	129	386	401	71	289	..	26	..	15	
		Total	126·0	170	..	170	14	142	405	422	80	292	..	35	..	15	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	15·4	23	..	23	1	15	20	20	10	9	..	.	..	1	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	4·4	6	..	6	2	4	16	19	12	7	..	..	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	75·4	169	..	169	..	149	356	349	143	177	..	13	..	16	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	4·6	7	..	7	..	4	5	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	3	..	3	1	2	2	9	7	..	..	2	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	1	1	2	..	2	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	..	22	..	22	22	4	5	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	..	6	..	6	5	1	1	6	5	1	..	..	..	..	
		Total	99·8	237	1	238	31	181	407	418	183	194	..	24	..	17	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. VII of 1867 (District Police Act)		322·2	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1871 (The Cattle Trespass Act)			23	..	23	..	23	51	51	5	31	..	15	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1873 (Municipal Act)			132	..	132	..	125	125	126	..	10	..	116	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1878 (The Treasure Trove Act)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1879 (Stamp Act)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. V of 1879 (Revenue Code Rules)			9	..	9	2	8	12	13	..	6	..	7	..	..	
	Act No. IV of 1887 (The Gambling Act)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
		Total	322·2	168	..	168	2	159	191	194	5	48	..	141	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL	847·2	903	2	905	55	764	1,754	1,784	592	886	..	268	4	34	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whome process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		SURAT.															
1	115 .. .. .. 117 .. .. .. 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. .. .. Concealing design to commit offence ..	1·6	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	
		Total ..	1·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Transquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	14·6	33	..	33	4	32	36	37	1	18	..	18	..	..	With one of the last year.
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	5·4	5	..	5	..	5	6	6	2	3	..	1	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	8·4	13	..	13	..	13	13	13	5	3	..	5	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	2·2	4	..	4	..	4	7	7	4	1	..	..	2	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures.	8	5	..	5	..	5	5	5	..	1	..	4	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	7	4	..	4	3	40	40	40	..	2	..	1	..	37	Accused 37 in one case.
		Total ..	45·6	64	..	64	7	99	107	108	12	28	..	29	2	37	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	·4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	3·6	18	.	18	2	16	19	19	2	7	..	6	..	4	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1·8	2	..	2	..	2	8	8	2	6	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	19·	38	..	38	..	38	101	98	59	36	..	3	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	1	..	1	..	1	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causiug hurt	508·	693	..	693	..	693	1,784	1,689	897	701	..	83	..	8	Accused 2 in one case.
		Total ...	528·8	734	..	734	..	734	1,896	1,798	961	743	..	86	..	8	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	18·8	34	..	34	5	26	29	29	19	8	..	2	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	16·8	14	..	14	..	14	17	17	9	3	..	3	..	2	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2·4	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	193·8	225	..	225	..	224	582	556	259	221	29	45	2	..	
		Total ..	231·8	275	..	275	5	266	630	604	288	233	29	50	2	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	14·2	15	..	15	1	13	21	26	14	9	..	1	2	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	14·4	25	..	25	1	24	55	55	52	3	..	..	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	182·4	287	1	288	1	285	642	617	379	218	..	19	..	1	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	·9	15	..	15	..	15	28	28	1	1	..	26	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	10·	36	..	36	23	13	14	14	12	..	..	2	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C.	Public nuisances	2·4	7	..	7	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	9	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ..	12·8	36	..	36	..	36	36	36	32	..	..	4	..	..	
		Total ..	247·4	421	1	422	26	386	796	785	490	231	..	61	2	1	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. I of 1878 (Opium)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	,, No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass)			39	..	39	..	39	111	111	66	41	..	4	..	..	
	,, No. VII of 1867 (District Police)			22	..	22	..	22	22	22	1	1	..	20	..	..	
	,, No. VIII of 1867 (Village Police)			147	..	147	28	120	134	178	4	15	..	159	..	..	
	,, No. VI of 1873 (Municipal)			492	..	492	..	492	492	482	22	20	..	440	..	..	
	,, No. V of 1878 (A'bkári)			41	..	41	..	41	48	48	..	4	..	43	..	1	
	,, No. I of 1879 (Stamp		487·2	11	..	11	..	11	17	17	..	2	..	14	..	1	
	,, No. VIII of 1866 (Poison)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	,, No. VII of 1878 (Forest)			3	..	3	..	3	7	7	..	4	..	3	..	..	
	,, No. V of 1879 (Land Revenue)			10	..	10	..	10	23	23	1	..	..	22	..	..	
	,, No. VI of 1879 (Customs)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	,, No. VII of 1873			2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
	,, No. VIII of 1868			1	..	1	..	1	7	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	487·2	771	..	771	28	744	866	900	94	95	..	709	..	2	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,546·4	2,284	1	2,285	68	2,246	4,315	4,215	1,848	1,337	29	941	6	54	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the Year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		THÁNA.															
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. ... ... 118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Transquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	52	50	4	54	...	54	83	83	8	39	...	30	...	6	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .	Offences by public servants	4	4	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	3	...	...	...	1	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property	16	15	3	18	...	18	18	18	4	4	...	10	...	...	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	2	2	4	2	4	8	8	1	...	2	...	2	3	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	12	10	1	11	...	11	11	11	1	3	...	7	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	6	6	...	6	...	6	30	30	...	8	...	22	...	...	
		Total ...	82	87	10	97	2	97	154	154	14	57	2	69	2	10	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	1	...	1	1	1	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	1	...	1	1	1	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	6	3	...	3	...	3	5	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	715	702	3	705	1	705	1,491	1,491	853	492	...	128	...	18	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	2,989	2,914	8	2,922	29	2,898	6,711	6,711	3,087	3,281	...	287	...	56	
		Total ...	2,119	3,616	11	3,627	30	3,603	8,202	8,202	3,940	3,773	...	415	...	74	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	34	32	...	32	2	30	36	36	22	12	...	1	...	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	34	35	...	35	...	35	49	49	22	10	...	15	...	2	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1	1	1	2	...	2	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	390	386	1	387	...	387	857	857	309	475	...	66	...	7	
		Total ...	355	454	2	456	2	454	945	945	355	498	...	82	...	10	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	32	31	2	33	7	27	48	48	31	7	6	4	...	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	5	4	...	4	...	4	12	12	6	6	...	...	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	551	552	12	564	9	564	955	955	441	454	...	51	...	9	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	34	35	...	35	...	35	49	49	3	9	...	37	...	...	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	4	4	2	6	...	6	8	8	...	1	...	7	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ...	4	7	3	10	...	10	10	10	5	1	...	4	...	...	
		Total ...	292	633	19	652	16	646	1,082	1,082	486	478	6	103	...	9	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. XIII of 1859		286	...	5	5	...	5	17	17	...	16	...	1	...	...	
	,, No. XIX of 1838 (Employing Vessel without a Certificate)..			4	...	4	...	4	4	4	1	...	...	3	...	...	
	,, No. VII of 1867 (District Police Act)			6	...	6	...	6	6	6	1	...	...	5	...	...	
	,, No. II of 1868 (Ferry Act)			1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
	,, No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act)			108	...	108	...	108	340	340	54	261	...	25	...	...	
	,, No. VI of 1873 (Municipal Act)			116	...	116	...	116	131	131	23	21	...	85	...	2	
	,, No. V of 1878 (Abkári Act)			6	...	6	...	6	20	20	1	15	...	4	...	...	
	,, No. VII of 1878 (Indian Forest Act)			8	...	8	...	8	17	17	9	4	...	4	...	...	
	,, No. XI of 1878 (Indian Arms Act)			4	...	4	...	4	5	5	1	1	...	3	...	...	
	,, No. I of 1879 (Stamp Act)...			5	...	5	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	
	,, No. V of 1879 (Land Revenue Code).....			4	...	4	...	4	49	49	...	44	...	5	...	...	
	,, No. VII of 1880 (Indian Telegraph Act)			7	...	7	...	7	7	7	...	1	...	6	...	...	
		Total ...	286	269	5	274	...	274	602	602	90	364	...	146	...	2	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	3,150	5,063	47	5,110	51	5,078	10,993	10,993	4,891	5,172	8	815	2	105	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the Year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		AHMEDNAGAR.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 .	Offences against public justice	41½	43	6	49	..	45	68	71	8	31	..	32	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	6	1	4	5	..	1	1	5	1	4	..	..	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 426	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	19⅕	7	9	16	..	7	7	16	1	4	1	9	..	1	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	2	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	2	2	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	1⅖	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	3	..	3	..	3	18	18	..	12	..	6	..	..	
		Total ..	70⅘	59	20	79	2	60	101	117	12	53	1	50	..	1	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	..	..	1	1	..	1	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	2⅘	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	56	81	13	94	1	94	184	176	27	113	..	30	..	6	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	2⅗	3	..	3	..	3	6	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	943⅗	968	130	1,098	16	1,096	2,589	2,499	740	1,575	..	168	..	16	
		Total ..	1,004⅘	1,052	143	1,195	17	1,193	2,779	2,677	769	1,688	..	198	..	22	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	25⅘	13	3	16	2	12	16	19	5	8	..	6	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	21⅘	12	2	14	4	13	18	18	12	3	..	3	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3⅘	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	110⅗	69	16	85	2	83	161	168	29	97	..	41	..	1	
		Total ..	162	96	21	117	8	110	197	207	47	108	..	51	..	1	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	8⅘	8	2	10	..	8	15	17	11	4	..	2	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	5⅘	6	1	7	..	6	14	15	4	10	..	1	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	45⅗	41	23	64	..	43	81	100	29	55	..	16	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.. ..	Public and local nuisances	42⅖	56	5	61	2	61	91	91	1	16	..	74	..	..	
28	291 A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	⅖	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	⅗	2	..	2	1	1	8	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C.P.C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	⅕	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	14⅗	30	1	31	..	31	31	31	12	14	..	5	..	..	
		Total ..	117⅘	143	32	175	3	150	240	262	57	99	..	106	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. XIII of 1859 (Contract), Indian		23⅕	34	..	34	..	34	47	47	..	23	..	24	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1867 (Purchasing Arms, &c., from Soldiers), Indian ..		⅕	1	2	3	..	1	1	3	..	2	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass), Indian		72⅕	70	20	90	..	88	217	216	31	116	..	54	..	15	
	Act No. I of 1878 (Opium), Indian		⅖	..	5	5	..	..	..	5	..	3	..	2	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1878 (Treasure Trove), Indian		..	1	..	1	1	1	3	3	..	1	..	2	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (Forest), Indian		24	19	5	24	..	24	77	79	..	15	..	64	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1879 (General Stamps), Indian		⅕	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. XVII of 1879 (Agriculturists Relief), Indian		6⅕	19	..	19	1	18	19	19	1	12	..	6	..	..	
	Act No. X of 1882 (Criminal Procedure), Indian		8⅖	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. XIV of 1882 (Civil Procedure), Indian		..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
	Act No. III of 1877 (Registration), Indian		..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	
	Act No. III of 1866 (Gambling), Bombay		⅕	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. III of 1867 (Cantonment), Bombay		39⅖	24	..	24	9	15	24	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1867 (District Police), Bombay		⅕	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1873 (Municipal), Bombay		485⅗	605	4	609	..	609	615	618	..	83	..	535	..	..	
	Act No. II of 1874 (Jails), Bombay		⅕	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. V of 1879 (Land Revenue), Bombay		1⅕	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1879 (Irrigation), Bombay		3	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
		Total ..	666⅖	779	36	815	11	796	1,011	1,022	33	255	1	718	..	15	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	2,022⅕	2,129	253	2,382	41	2,310	4,331	4,288	921	2,203	2	1,123	..	39	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		KHA'NDESH.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228..	Offences against public justice	46·5	31	..	31	..	30	45	41	3	22	..	10	..	6	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 .	Offences by public servants	3·3	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	3	..	..	1	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	5·8	6	..	6	..	6	16	16	14	..	..	1	1	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	11·1	9	..	9	..	9	24	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	66·7	49	..	49	..	48	89	85	20	22	..	36	1	6	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against the Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	5·1	7	..	7	1	6	6	6	2	1	..	3	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	3	..	3	..	3	9	9	4	5	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	381·1	278	..	278	1	270	498	431	206	189	..	29	..	7	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	...	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	1,155·3	2,119	..	2,119	1	2,074	5,047	4,815	2,762	1,829	..	177	..	47	
		Total ..	1,536·4	2,402	..	2,402	2	2,349	5,556	5,257	2,972	2,024	..	207	..	54	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	31·5	38	..	38	..	36	47	42	33	8	..	1	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	42·5	48	..	48	3	46	85	84	52	19	..	8	..	5	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	5	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	177·8	242	..	242	..	237	466	453	252	172	..	26	..	4	
		Total ..	256·8	330	..	330	3	321	600	581	338	199	..	35	..	9	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	2	..	2	1	2	6	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	12·3	17	..	17	..	17	32	32	16	1	..	3	..	12	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	12·1	17	..	17	..	17	27	27	14	12	..	1	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	284·	402	..	402	..	399	718	714	464	179	..	62	..	9	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.. ..	Public and local nuisances	103·1	32	..	32	..	32	36	35	6	7	..	22	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C.P.C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ...	..	5	..	5	..	5	5	5	2	2	..	1	...	..	
		Total ..	411·5	475	..	475	1	472	824	819	508	201	..	39	..	21	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act)..		89·1	246	..	246	..	246	512	496	260	196	..	40	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1873 (The Municipal Act)		150	448	..	448	..	380	438	391	6	53	..	331	..	1	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (The Forest Act)		4·6	169	..	169	..	157	244	253	34	40	..	164	..	15	
	Act No. VII of 1867 (The District Police Act)		7·5	23	..	23	1	16	17	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	
	Act No. VIII of 1868 (The Village Police Act)		116·5	257	..	257	..	214	140	289	83	65	..	140	..	1	
	Act No. I of 1879 (The General Stamp Act)		6·	10	..	10	..	4	4	10	..	..	..	10	..	..	
	Offences under Section 485, Civil Procedure Code (Imprisonment or committal of persons refusing to answer or produce documents) ..		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. XVI of 1866 (The Indian Post office Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. IV of 1879 (The Railway Act)		1·3	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	..	1	..	3	..	..	
	Act No. XV of 1881 (The Factory Act)...		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Act No. XI of 1878 (The Indian Arms Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	375·	1,160	..	1,160	1	1,024	1,363	1,470	383	355	..	715	..	17	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	2,651·5	4,423	..	4,423	8	4,220	8,438	8,218	4,223	2,802	..	1,085	1	107	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sections Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		NA'SIK.															
1	115, 117, 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.; Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.; Concealing design to commit offence	..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	1	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total	..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	1	..	..	3	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	52	30	3	33	1	32	54	54	2	32	..	18	..	2	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	6·2	2	..	2	..	2	4	4	..	..	..	1	..	3	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	7·4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	5	..	5	..	3	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	26·8	46	..	46	4	42	42	46	12	5	..	29	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	13	12	..	12	..	12	39	39	..	6	..	33	..	..	
		Total	109	96	3	99	5	91	143	147	17	43	..	82	..	5	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	0·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total	0·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1·8	7	..	7	2	6	9	10	4	4	..	2	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	0·2	2	..	2	..	2	11	11	..	11	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	161·8	196	..	196	2	191	351	321	5	298	..	18	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	16·8	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	1,623·6	2,276	1	2,277	5	2,222	5,488	5,259	766	4,160	..	284	..	49	
		Total	1,802·4	2,475	1	2,476	7	2,416	5,851	5,592	771	4,470	..	302	..	49	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	30·8	33	..	33	1	15	21	21	18	..	..	3	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	29	58	1	59	..	43	77	78	23	29	..	24	..	2	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2·4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	145	241	..	241	..	231	440	432	33	362	..	36	..	1	
		Total	207·2	333	1	334	1	290	539	532	74	391	..	64	..	3	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	0·4	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	15·4	23	..	23	2	20	48	46	28	6	..	12	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	9·6	9	..	9	..	7	18	18	1	16	..	1	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	199·6	482	..	482	3	457	848	806	100	659	..	46	..	1	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	45·4	15	..	15	..	14	19	19	6	..	..	13	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	0·4	22	..	22	..	22	22	22	..	14	..	8	..	..	
		Total	271·8	553	..	553	6	521	957	914	137	695	..	81	..	1	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. XIII of 1859 (Breaches of Contract), India		363·8	3	..	3	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	" " I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act), India			176	..	176	..	174	377	373	49	289	..	33	..	2	
	" " I of 1879 (Stamp Act), India			2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	
	" " III of 1880 (Cantonment Act), India			5	..	5	..	5	6	6	..	2	3	1	..	..	
	" " X of 1882 (Criminal Procedure Code), India			5	..	5	..	5	4	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	
	" " III of 1867 (Cantonment Act), Bombay			1	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	" " VII of 1867 (District Police Act, Section 26), Bombay			5	..	5	..	5	5	5	..	2	..	3	..	..	
	" " VI of 1873 (Municipal Act), Bombay			270	..	270	..	261	261	255	34	4	..	215	..	2	
	" " V of 1878 (Abkári Act), Bombay			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	" " V of 1879 (Land Revenue Code) Bombay			8	..	8	..	6	10	12	..	5	..	7	..	..	
		Total	363·8	476	..	476	1	460	667	660	83	305	3	265	..	4	
		GRAND TOATL	2,756·2	3,943	5	3,948	22	3,787	8,170	7,859	1,087	5,908	3	799	..	62	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Average institutions of five preceding years.	Cases. Instituted by complaint during the year.	Cases. Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Cases. Total of columns 5 and 6.	Cases. Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry	Cases. Number of cases in which process issued.	Persons. Number of Persons against whom process issued.	Persons. Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Persons. Discharged after appearance.	Persons. Acquitted. By Magistrate.	Persons. Acquitted. By High or Sessions Court.	Persons. Convicted. By Magistrate.	Persons. Convicted. By High or Sessions Court.	Persons. Waiting trial at close of year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		POONA.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121, to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	62·8	70	..	70	..	70	94	94	8	26	..	58	..	2	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	6·	6	..	6	1	5	6	7	3	1	2	1	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	15·6	24	..	24	2	22	22	26	13	4	..	9	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	4·4	11	..	11	1	10	24	26	6	11	2	3	4	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measure	17·6	11	..	11	..	11	11	11	3	..	..	8	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	106·4	122	..	122	4	118	157	164	33	42	4	79	4	2	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	3·6	5	..	5	3	5	10	10	6	..	..	1	3	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	246·6	249	..	249	3	247	437	438	117	252	..	69	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	·6	6	..	6	..	6	17	17	..	9	..	8	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	2,076·8	2,530	..	2,530	9	2,530	5,913	5,772	3,232	2,085	..	445	..	10	
		Total ..	2,324	2,785	..	2,785	12	2,783	6,367	6,227	3,349	2,346	..	522	..	10	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	47·	54	..	54	3	52	84	83	60	16	..	6	..	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property..	40·8	26	..	26	3	23	33	33	13	7	..	13	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3·8	3	..	3	..	3	3	3	1	..	..	..	2	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	258·2	287	..	287	3	284	614	601	154	388	..	57	..	2	
		Total ..	349·8	370	..	370	9	362	734	720	228	411	..	76	2	3	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 493	Criminal breach of contract of service..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	37·8	25	..	25	3	24	45	45	32	5	2	5	..	1	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	14·4	14	..	14	..	14	28	28	19	2	2	5	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	424·6	505	..	505	1	505	1,056	1,056	701	230	..	123	..	2	
27	271 to 276, 278 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances..	131·0	84	..	84	..	84	94	94	..	9	..	85	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	7·4	10	..	10	..	10	12	12	3	4	..	5	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ..	21·6	87	..	87	..	87	87	87	58	5	..	24	..	..	
		Total ..	636·8	725	..	725	4	724	1,322	1,322	813	255	4	247	..	3	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. XIII of 1859 (India.)			224	..	224	..	224	265	241	83	47	..	108	..	3	
	,, ,, I of 1871 (do.)			141	..	141	1	140	376	365	79	211	..	75	..	..	
	,, ,, XVII of 1879 (do.)			19	..	19	..	19	18	17	2	12	..	3	..	..	
	,, ,, VII of 1878 (do.)			35	..	35	..	35	91	91	6	19	..	66	..	..	
	,, ,, I of 1878 (do.)			4	..	4	1	3	5	6	3	..	..	3	..	..	
	,, ,, XIV of 1866 (do.)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	,, ,, III of 1867 (Bombay.)			129	..	129	..	129	130	130	..	25	..	102	..	3	
	,, ,, VIII of 1867 (do.)		1,067	26	..	26	..	26	45	45	18	9	..	18	..	..	
	,, ,, VII of 1867 (do.)			6	..	6	..	6	7	7	..	2	..	5	..	..	
	,, ,, VI of 1873 (do.)			64	..	64	..	64	74	72	..	14	..	58	..	..	
	,, ,, V of 1879 (do.)			14	..	14	..	14	19	19	..	6	..	13	..	..	
	,, ,, II of 1874 (do.)			1	..	1	..	1	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
	,, ,, VII of 1879 (do.)			18	..	18	..	18	20	20	..	2	..	18	..	..	
	,, ,, V of 1878 (do.)			4	..	4	..	4	4	4	..	3	..	1	..	..	
	,, ,, III of 1880 (do.)			14	..	14	..	14	14	14	..	..	..	14	..	..	
		Total ..	1,067	700	..	700	2	698	1,071	1,034	191	350	..	487	..	6	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	4,487·6	4,707	..	4,707	34	4,690	9,661	9,477	4,620	3,404	8	1,412	9	24	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		SA'TA'RA.															
1	115	Abetment of offences not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	36	78	..	78	..	78	104	104	10	43	..	51	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	1	2	2	4	..	3	4	4	3	..	..	1	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	11	19	6	25	8	23	27	27	18	..	1	8	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	2	..	2	..	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	4	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	143, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	1	3	..	3	1	2	49	49	3	4	..	42	..	..	
		Total ..	56	105	8	113	9	108	187	187	37	47	1	102	..	..	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	2	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	1	..	..	..	2	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	2	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	1	..	..	..	2	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1	4	..	4	3	1	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	4	..	4	3	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	72	66	12	78	2	61	120	114	22	70	..	22	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	3	3	..	3	..	1	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	2,472	1,968	195	2,163	117	1,665	4,064	3,545	1,589	1,508	..	445	..	3	
		Total ..	2,547	2,041	207	2,248	122	1,728	4,188	3,663	1,613	1,580	..	467	..	3	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	*23	32	5	37	17	17	23	19	8	2	..	7	..	2	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	33	25	5	30	8	17	30	56	31	25	..	..	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	2	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	294	272	33	305	58	199	517	462	38	360	..	64	..	..	
		Total ..	352	331	44	375	84	235	573	540	80	387	..	71	..	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	1	..	1	..	*1	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	9	13	1	14	7	6	10	10	9	..	..	1	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	9	13	1	14	3	6	15	15	4	8	..	3	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	47	82	2	84	46	46	113	113	76	23	..	14	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	37	4	..	4	..	4	5	5	..	..	..	5	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII. (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	6	..	6	4	3	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ..	24	11	5	16	3	12	12	11	5	3	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	128	131	9	140	63	79	162	161	97	34	..	30	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act)		79	91	10	101	5	98	268	240	7	191	..	42	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (Forest Act)		4	16	1	17	..	17	34	37	6	8	..	23	..	..	
	Act No XVI of 1861 (Stage Carriage Act)		3	36	3	39	2	37	44	43	8	1	..	34	..	..	
	Act No. XVII of 1879 (Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act)		1	1	3	4	..	3	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1879 (Stamp Act)		9	15	1	16	..	15	46	44	37	..	..	7	..	..	
	Act No. XI of 1878 (Arms Act)		9	6	2	8	2	6	8	8	2	..	..	6	..	..	
	Act No. XXV of 1867 (Printing Presses)		..	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. VII of 1867 (District Police)		7	8	1	9	4	9	10	10	..	2	..	8	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. II of 1868 (Ferry Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	8	8	..	8	..	..	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. V of 1878 (A'bkári Act)		6	3	1	4	..	4	6	6	2	2	..	2	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. V of 1879 (Land Revenue)		..	4	4	8	..	8	12	12	..	5	..	7	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. VI of 1873 (Municipal Act)		65	49	..	49	..	47	50	52	7	5	..	40	..	..	
	Bombay Act No. III of 1875 (Toll Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
		Total ..	183	233	26	259	13	248	492	466	69	223	..	174	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	3,269	2,847	295	3,142	296	2,400	5,608	5,023	1,897	2,271	1	844	2	8	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	PERSONS. Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted. By Magistrate.	Acquitted. By High or Sessions Court.	Convicted. By Magistrate.	Convicted. By High or Sessions Court.	Waiting trial at close of year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		SHOLA'PUR.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	16·75	21	8	29	..	29	42	42	2	6	..	34	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	2·50	2	1	3	..	3	2	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	2·25	5	2	7	..	6	10	10	..	..	..	4	1	5	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	1·75	5	..	5	4	2	5	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	23·25	33	11	44	4	40	59	59	3	11	..	38	1	6	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·25	..	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	·25	..	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	2·00	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	45·25	44	26	70	..	64	106	103	6	87	3	7	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	·25	2	44	46	42	16	23	23	19	2	..	2	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	1,053·50	835	480	1,315	12	1,227	2,867	2,716	459	2,068	..	183	..	6	
		Total ..	1,099·00	881	550	1,431	54	1,307	2,996	2,842	484	2,157	3	192	..	6	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	16·50	9	3	12	8	4	6	6	1	2	..	2	..	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	8·25	6	12	18	2	16	34	34	4	17	..	13	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	1·25	2	1	3	..	3	3	3	..	..	..	1	2	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	67·75	65	46	111	12	101	246	246	30	179	..	37	..	..	
		Total ..	93·75	82	62	144	22	124	289	289	35	198	..	53	2	1	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	20·25	25	..	25	12	9	14	14	12	2	..	..	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	5·50	..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	24·50	49	6	55	22	41	76	76	16	40	..	20	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	9·95	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII. (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	9	..	9	6	9	26	26	7	..	..	19	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	4·75	11	..	11	5	8	8	7*	4	4	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	64·95	95	7	102	45	69	126	125	39	46	..	41	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Arms Act No. II of 1878 (India)		192·25	4	..	4	4	4	4	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	
	Cattle Trespass Act No. I of 1871 (India)			44	17	61	..	58	145	141	13	86	..	42	..	..	
	Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act No. XVII of 1879 (India) ..			7	1	8	1	7	9	9	2	6	..	1	..	..	
	Forest Act No. VII of 1878 (India)			45	22	67	..	65	102	98	12	31	..	55	..	..	
	Fraudulent Breaches of Contract of Service by Workmen, No. XIII of 1859 (India)			5	..	5	..	2	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
	Stage Carriage Act No. XVI of 1861 (India)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	A'bkári Act No. V of 1878 (Bombay)			1	4	5	..	5	5	5	..	2	..	3	..	..	
	District Police Act No. VII of 1867 (Bombay)			21	40	61	..	58	73	73	1	2	..	70	..	..	
	Irrigation Act No. VII of 1879 (Bombay)			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Land Revenue Code V of 1879 and Rules (Bombay)			1	15	16	..	16	17	17	3	..	..	14	..	..	
	Municipal Act No. VI of 1873 (Bombay)			37	133	170	..	163	163	158	4	8	..	146	..	..	
	Salt Act No. VII of 1873 (Bombay)			..	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
		Total ..	192·25	167	233	400	5	381	523	510	37	135	..	338	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,475·45	1,258	866	2,124	131	1,923	3,995	3,827*	599	2,547	3	662	3	14	

* One accused person was acquitted by Mr. N. B. Devatia, Magistrate, First Class, owing to non-appearance of the complainant on the day appointed under Section 247, C. P. C., is shown in column "acquitted", but as the accused had not appeared before the Court, he is not shown in column 11, and hence the difference.

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	PERSONS. Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted. By Magistrate.	Acquitted. By High or Sessions Court.	Convicted. By Magistrate.	Convicted. By High or Sessions Court.	Waiting trial at close of year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		BELGAUM.															
1	115 .. .. .. Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 .. .. .. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. .. .. 118, 119 .. .. Concealing design to commit offence ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 .	Offences against public justice	6·0	14	4	18	..	14	20	21	4	8	..	7	..	2	
5	161 to 169, 217, 223 .	Offences by public servants	·6	2	2	4	..	4	7	7	..	..	..	6	1	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	5·2	19	3	22	1	19	21	21	11	..	..	10	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	·2	1	5	6	1	3	11	15	4	..	8	..	1	2	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	·2	3	..	3	2	3	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	2·6	5	..	5	..	5	26	24	9	1	..	14	..	..	
		Total ..	14·8	44	14	58	4	48	88	91	28	9	8	40	2	4	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	3·8	..	1	1	..	1	6	6	..	..	..	6	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	31·2	53	7	60	3	57	131	131	16	105	..	9	..	1	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	640·0	777	297	1,074	84	844	2,207	1,784	631	1,005	..	141	..	7	
		Total ..	671·2	830	304	1,134	87	901	2,338	1,915	647	1,110	..	150	..	8	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	7·8	10	4	14	2	11	24	19	10	1	..	8	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ..	3·8	7	..	7	3	4	9	9	7	..	..	2	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	·8	2	2	4	..	4	5	5	3	..	..	2	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	34·0	71	22	93	13	67	171	156	8	112	..	32	..	4	
		Total ..	46·4	90	28	118	18	86	209	189	28	113	..	44	..	4	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	15·0	19	11	30	5	19	37	33	15	15	..	3	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	3·0	5	3	8	1	8	30	30	7	20	..	3	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	56·2	61	17	78	5	67	135	132	88	34	..	10	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	9·0	12	..	12	1	12	17	16	..	5	..	11	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ..	Public nuisance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ..	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	146	8	..	8	..	8	8	8	5	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	85·6	105	31	136	12	114	227	223	115	74	..	34	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Act No. XIV of 1866 (Postal), India		..	3	..	3	1	3	3	3	..	1	..	2	..	..	
	Act No. XXV of 1867 (Printing Presses), India ..		..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	1	1	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass), India ..		42·0	39	13	52	1	52	127	122	16	90	..	16	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1878 (Treasure Trove), India ..		..	..	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (Forest), India		1·2	9	..	9	..	9	10	10	1	..	..	9	..	..	
	Act No. XI of 1878 (Arms), India		..	4	..	4	4	4	4	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	
	Chapter XXXV of Criminal Procedure Code, India ..		·6	..	6	6	..	..	..	6	..	1	..	5	..	..	
	Chapter XLII of Criminal Procedure Code, India ..		·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Act No. XII of 1827, Bombay		2·0	8	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	
	Act No. VII of 1867 (District Police), Bombay ..		17·2	20	39	59	..	54	54	63	..	3	..	60	..	..	
	Act No. VIII of 1867 (Village Police), Bombay ..		..	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
	Act No. VI of 1873 (District Municipal), Bombay ..		79·5	56	19	75	..	75	79	79	..	6	..	73	..	..	
	Act No. V of 1879 (Land Revenue Code), Bombay ..		22·0	74	24	98	..	89	90	100	..	7	..	93	..	..	
	Cantonment Rules, Bombay		81·2	35	..	35	..	35	35	35	..	4	..	31	..	..	
		Total ..	246·1	251	102	353	7	323	406	436	24	113	..	299	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL ..	1,068·1	1,320	480	1,800	128	1,473	3,274	2,860	842	1,419	8	573	2	16	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		BIJA'PUR.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship-	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 .	Offences against public justice	16 1/2	21	..	21	..	21	22	22	3	7	1	11	..	..	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	1 1/2	5	..	5	..	5	11	11	..	9	..	2	..	..	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property	15 2/3	11	..	11	..	11	11	11	7	..	..	4	..	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	2 1/3	5	..	5	1	3	4	4	..	..	..	..	4	..	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ..	1/3	1	..	1	1	1	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	
		Total ..	38 2/3	43	..	43	2	41	50	50	10	16	1	19	4	..	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1/3	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	1/3	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1 1/3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	..	..	..	..	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	1/3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	45 2/3	82	..	82	10	72	136	136	37	85	..	14	..	..	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ..	..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	392 2/3	577	..	577	5	477	1,113	1,139	253	784	..	96	..	6	
		Total ..	438	660	..	660	15	550	1,250	1,276	290	869	..	111	..	6	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	7 1/3	6	..	6	1	4	4	4	..	2	..	2	..	..	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property .	5	7	..	7	1	7	12	12	8	3	..	1	..	..	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	20 1/3	35	..	35	7	24	53	53	6	32	..	15	..	..	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	33 1/3	48	..	48	9	35	69	69	14	37	..	18	..	..	
		Total ..															
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	13 1/3	29	..	29	8	19	45	45	11	29	2	3	..	..	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	1/3	1	..	1	..	1	3	3	..	2	..	1	..	..	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	146 2/3	158	..	158	4	155	354	354	103	232	..	19	..	..	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.. ..	Public and local nuisances	4 2/3	2	5	7	..	2	2	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	2/3	2	..	2	1	1	17	17	3	..	..	14	..	..	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C. ..	Public nuisances	..	6	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ..	1/3	1	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ..	Maintenance of wives and children ..	6 1/3	6	..	6	..	6	6	6	3	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	172	205	5	210	20	185	428	433	121	263	2	47	..	..	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Rules under Land Revenue Code (Section 214 of Bombay Act No. V of 1879)		..	6	..	6	1	5	6	6	..	1	..	5	..	..	
	Cattle Pound Act (India Act No. I of 1871) ..		46 1/3	68	..	68	..	64	162	162	6	137	..	19	..	..	
	District Police Act (Bombay Act No. VII of 1867) ..		4 2/3	5	..	5	..	5	5	5	..	1	..	4	..	..	
	Municipal Act (Bombay Act No. VI of 1873) ..		55 1/3	40	..	40	..	40	40	40	..	12	..	28	..	..	
	Village Police Act (Bombay Act No. VIII of 1867) ..		1	5	..	5	..	5	5	5	..	3	..	2	..	..	
	Forest Act (Bombay Act No. VII of 1878) ..		8	7	..	7	..	7	13	13	..	1	..	12	..	..	
	A'bkári Act (Bombay Act No. V of 1878) ..		2	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	
	Civil Procedure Code (India Act No. XIV of 1882) ..			1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
	Post Act (India Act No. XIV of 1866) ..		1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Ferry Act (Bombay Act No. II of 1868) ..		..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	1	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	118 1/3	137	..	137	1	132	238	238	7	156	..	75	..	..	
		GRAND TOTAL	802 1/3	1,094	5	1,099	48	943	2,035	2,066	442	1,341	3	270	4	6	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		DHA'RWA'R.															
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice	7·	14	...	14	...	13	14	16	1	7	...	8	...	...	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	4·6	6	...	6	2	5	11	11	4	...	3	4	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	8·4	14	...	14	...	14	14	14	5	7	...	2	...	..	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	4·6	8	...	8	1	6	6	6	1	1	3	...	1	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	·4	2	...	2	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	3·2	3	...	3	2	1	43	43	...	13	...	29	...	1	
		Total ...	28·2	47	...	47	7	40	89	91	12	28	6	43	1	1	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage...	1·8	2	...	*2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*1 case dismissed under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code, and 1 struck off as false.
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1·8	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1·6	6	...	6	3	6	13	13	2	1	7	3	...	...	
		Total ...	1·6	6	...	6	3	6	13	13	2	1	7	3	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	26.	38	...	38	2	34	61	63	6	48	...	9	...	...	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	1·	3	...	3	...	3	8	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	768·	870	...	870	14	856	1,994	1,886	947	759	...	166	...	14	
		Total ...	795·	911	...	911	16	893	2,063	1,957	953	815	...	175	...	14	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	6·2	10	1	11	3	4	6	8	2	...	..	4	...	2	
19	403 to 404	Criminal misappropriation of property...	5·4	11	...	11	4	8	11	11	3	2	...	6	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	3·8	6	...	6	3	4	4	4	2	...	...	2	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	50	54	...	54	4	45	91	91	20	55	...	16	...	...	
		Total ...	65·4	81	1	82	14	61	112	114	27	57	...	28	...	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	1	...	†1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	† Dismissed under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	8·2	13	...	13	2	9	11	12	10	1	...	1	...	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	8·4	10	...	10	1	9	9	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	145·	165	...	165	2	146	328	318	82	215	..	21	...	...	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances...	2·8	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
28	291A.	Keeping a lottery office	·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	·4	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and Children ...	6·4	4	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	1	...	3	..	...	
		Total ...	171·4	194	...	194	5	169	353	344	92	226	...	26	...	...	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Cattle Pounds Act (India Act No. I of 1871)...		109·4	88	...	88	1	86	136	136	...	98	...	38	...	...	
	Arms Act (India Act No. XI of 1878)		...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	District Police Act (Bombay Act No. VII of 1867)		24·6	24	...	24	...	21	22	28	...	10	...	18	...	...	
	Village Police Act (Bombay Act No. VIII of 1867)		·6	9	...	9	...	2	2	13	...	1	...	12	...	...	
	District Municipal Act (Bombay Act No. VI of 1873)		205	199	...	199	...	197	197	195	...	61	...	134	...	...	
	A'bkári Act (Bombay Act No. V of 1878)		2·2	9	...	9	3	7	10	11	...	4	...	7	...	...	
	Rules under the Land Revenue Code (Bombay Act No. V of 1879).		1	11	...	11	...	8	10	11	...	8	...	3	...	...	
	Irrigation Act (Bombay Act No. VII of 1879)		·2	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
		Total ...	348·4	342	...	342	5	323	379	396	...	182	...	214	...	...	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	1,411·8	1,583	1	1,584	51	1,492	3,009	2,915	1,086	1,309	13	489	1	17	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Average of the past five years.	CASES. Number of cases taken up on complaint during the year.	CASES. Number of cases entertained by the Magistrate without complaint.	CASES. Total of columns 5 and 6.	CASES. Number of cases out of those specified in column 7 in which the Police were made to enquire.	CASES. Number of cases in which process issued.	PERSONS. Number of persons against whom process issued.	PERSONS. Number of persons who actually appeared before the Court, including those pending from the last year.	PERSONS. Number of persons discharged, &c., &c.	PERSONS. Number acquitted. By Magistrate.	PERSONS. Number acquitted. By High Court or Sessions Court.	PERSONS. Number convicted. By Magistrate.	PERSONS. Number convicted. By High Court or Sessions Court.	PERSONS. Number convicted. Number pending at close of year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		KA'NARA.															
1	115	Abetment or instigation of offence if the offence be not committed in consequence of the abetment, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	117	Abetting the commission of an offence by the public or by more than 10 persons	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
	118, 119	Concealing a design to commit an offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State and the Public Tranquillity.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring a deserter on board a Merchant vessel by the Master, &c.... ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against the public justice ...	14	14	...	14	1	13	14	16	4	2	...	8	...	2	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	3	3	...	3	...	3	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false charge of offence, &c., and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	10	16	...	16	...	16	26	26	4	14	...	8	...	...	
7	465 to 477	Forgery and fraudulently using forged documents	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	2	4	...	4	1	4	5	5	1	...	...	4	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Counterfeiting or using false trade or property-mark	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly and affray...	...	6	...	6	...	6	21	21	...	5	...	16	...	...	
		Total ...	31	43	...	43	2	42	70	72	9	21	...	40	...	2	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Miscarriage	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of any person as a slave	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious Offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	1	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	48	44	...	44	...	43	73	73	22	41	1	9	...	...	
16	334	Voluntarily causing hurt on grave and sudden provocation	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	297	345	1	346	...	336	728	686	109	507	...	56	...	14	
		Total ...	346	389	2	391	...	380	801	760	131	548	2	65	...	14	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	11	29	...	29	...	29	48	48	10	26	...	7	5	...	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation	12	11	...	11	1	11	15	14	4	8	...	2	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by a public servant, &c.	6	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief	36	41	...	41	...	40	71	71	14	48	...	9	...	...	
		Total ...	65	82	...	82	1	81	135	134	28	82	...	18	6	...	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences.*															
22	298	Offences relating to religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490, 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	443 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	3	5	...	5	...	5	13	13	1	12	...	...	...	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	6	5	...	5	...	5	13	13	...	11	...	2	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	59	113	...	113	...	113	181	176	12	126	...	34	...	4	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public nuisance, &c.	6	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
28	294A.	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	C. P. C., Chapter 3(*a*).	Security for keeing peace on conviction.	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
30	Do. 10 ...	Public nuisance	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Do. 12 ...	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Do. 36 ...	Maintenance of wives and children ...	...	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	1	...	...	2	...	...	
		Total ...	77	128	...	128	...	128	212	207	14	150	...	39	...	4	
		Offences under the Special Acts in which the Police cannot enquire.															
	Act No. XIII of 1859 (Bombay)...		...	1	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	,, No. VII of 1867 (do.)		2	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	,, No. VIII of 1867 (do.)		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	,, No. II of 1868 (do.)		2	7	...	7	...	7	9	9	...	5	...	4	...	...	
	,, No. VI of 1873 (do.)		61	19	...	19	...	19	19	19	...	4	...	15	...	...	
	,, No. V of 1879 (do.)		1	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	,, No. IV of 1887 (do.)		...	1	...	1	1	1	11	11	...	3	...	8	...	...	
	,, No. XIX of 1838 (India)		7	7	...	7	...	7	7	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	
	,, No. I of 1871 (do.)		15	23	...	23	...	22	47	47	...	36	...	11	...	...	
	,, No. XII of 1875 (do.)		9	9	...	9	...	9	9	9	...	1	...	8	...	...	
	,, No. I of 1879 (do.)		...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
	,, No. XVI of 1879 (do.)		12	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	137	75	...	75	1	74	112	112	...	50	...	62	...	...	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	659	719	2	721	4	707	1,332	1,287	183	852	2	224	6	20	

After the issue of processes for the attendance of the accused persons and before their appearance before the Court the complainants in some compoundable cases having compounded the offences the persons summoned did not appear before the Court in consequence, and hence the grand total of persons shown in column 11 is less than that shown in column 10.

Printed forms in English not being at hand, the Vernacular form has been translated into English and the return compiled.

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—continued.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								Remarks.
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		KOLÁBA.															
1	115 ... ... Abetment of offence not committed, &c. 117 ... ... Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. ... ... 118, 119 ... ... Concealing design to commit offence ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228...	Offences against public justice	34·2	35	...	35	...	33	37	37	3	16	1	12	...	5	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	2·8	3	...	3	1	3	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	16·0	25	...	25	...	24	24	25	4	8	...	6	5	2	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	5·2	14	...	14	...	14	31	31	1	2	8	...	20	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures...	4·4	3	...	3	...	3	2	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	62·6	80	...	80	1	77	97	100	10	27	9	22	25	7	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against the Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion...	1·8	3	...	3	2	1	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	175·8	226	...	226	6	220	442	434	80	331	...	23	...	...	
16	334	*Hurt on grave* or sudden provocation ...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	1,180	1,243	...	1,243	48	1,200	2,655	2,636	1,031	1,498	...	98	...	9	
		Total ...	1,355·8	1,471	...	1,471	54	1,422	3,099	3,072	1,111	1,829	...	123	...	9	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	12·4	12	...	12	1	8	8	10	3	3	...	2	...	2	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	10·6	17	...	17	6	13	21	23	14	1	...	8	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)...	173·	173	...	173	21	166	407	397	42	246	...	109	...	...	
		Total ...	195·10	202	...	202	28	187	436	430	59	250	...	119	...	2	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	1·2	2	...	2	...	2	18	18	...	18	...	...	..	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	10·8	20	...	20	6	15	23	23	16	3	...	...	4	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	7·0	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult...	145·4	116	..	116	3	115	252	253	103	130	...	12	...	8	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290. ...	Public and local nuisances	3·8	3	...	3	...	3	4	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	
28	291A	Keeping a lottery office...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (*a*), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	1·0	2	...	2	...	2	11	5	2	...	...	3	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C. ...	Public nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C. ...	Disputes as to immoveable property... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C. ...	Maintenance of wives and children	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...	169·2	144	..	144	9	138	309	304	123	154	...	15	4	8	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Salt Act No. VII of 1873 (Bombay)		3·0	4	...	4	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	
	Poisons Act No. VIII of 1886 (Bombay)		1·0	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	Post Offices Act No. XIV of 1866 (India)		0·2	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
	Cattle Trespass Act No. I of 1871 (India)		100·0	118	...	118	6	114	278	278	90	165	...	23	...	...	
	District Municipal Act No. VI of 1873 (Bombay)		89·8	102	...	102	...	101	100	97	...	18	...	79	...	...	
	Municipal Act No. II of 1884 (Bombay)		2·0	13	...	13	...	13	13	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	
	Ferry Act No. II of 1868 (Bombay)		...	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	
	Ditto No. II of 1878 (Bombay)		...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
	A'bkári Act No. V of 1878 (Bombay)		1·6	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
	District Police Act No. VII of 1867 (Bombay)		52·0	74	...	74	...	74	113	111	...	100	...	11	...	...	
	Village Police Act No. VIII of 1867 (Bombay)		21·0	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
	Treasure Trove Act No. VI of 1878 (India)...		...	1	...	1	...	1	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	
	Forest Act No. VII of 1878 (India)		5·0	15	...	15	...	14	37	37	...	14	...	22	...	1	
	Stamp Act No. I of 1879 (India)		0·4	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	
	Land Revenue Code No. V of 1879 (Bombay)		...	1	...	1	...	1	34	34	...	...	...	34	...	...	
		Total ...	276	341	...	341	6	333	594	591	90	303	...	196	...	2	
		GRAND TOTAL ...	2,061·4	2,241	...	2,241	100	2,158	4,537	4,499	1,393	2,565	9	475	29	28	

STATEMENT A—*concluded.*

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the year 1888*—concluded.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases: Average Institutions of five preceding years.	Cases: Instituted by complaint during the year.	Cases: Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Cases: Total of columns 5 and 6.	Cases: Number of cases in which Police were employed to make enquiry.	Cases: Number of cases in which persons found guilty.	Persons: Number of persons against whom cases were instituted.	Persons: Actually appeared before the Courts, including persons in custody.	Persons: Discharged after appearance.	Persons: Acquitted: By Magistrate.	Persons: Acquitted: By High or Sessions Court.	Persons: Convicted: By Magistrate.	Persons: Convicted: By High or Sessions Court.	Persons: Waiting trial at close of year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		RATNÁGIRI.															
1	115 117 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. Concealing design to commit offence	... 2 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	
		Total	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*															
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	172 to 190, 211 to 214, 218 to 216, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	15·4	17	...	17	3	16	26	27	3	12	...	7	...	...	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	1·8	7	...	7	1	6	6	7	3	1	1	2	...	...	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	3	5	...	5	5	2	2	2	1	...	...	1	1	...	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measure	1·6	3	...	3	...	3	2	3	1	...	...	2	...	...	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	20·2	32	...	32	5	26	36	39	13	13	1	11	1	...	
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	1	4	...	4	4	2	3	3	2	...	...	1	...	...	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total	1	4	...	4	4	2	3	3	2	...	...	1	...	...	
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*															
14	342	Wrongful confinement	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	40·6	59	...	59	1	55	134	130	11	101	...	18	...	...	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	2	...	2	...	2	3	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	714·2	979	...	979	28	902	2,302	1,863	579	1,105	...	131	...	8	
		Total	755	1,040	...	1,040	29	959	2,439	1,995	590	1,208	...	149	...	8	
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*															
18	417 to 420	Cheating	2·0	11	...	11	5	8	11	11	5	2	...	3	...	1	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	10·4	14	...	14	5	13	22	23	11	...	...	13	...	...	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	81·2	179	...	179	18	163	494	486	88	866	...	83	...	11	
		Total	93·6	205	...	205	29	185	528	473	104	868	...	49	...	12	
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	492 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	3	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	2·2	7	...	7	5	6	20	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	4·6	6	...	6	1	4	6	5	2	2	...	1	...	...	
26	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult	12·2	50	...	50	15	46	112	96	46	43	...	4	...	...	
27	211 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	1·0	7	...	7	1	6	20	12	...	5	...	7	...	...	
28	294 A	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	Offences under Chapter X., C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	7	...	7	7	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	1	...	1	1	1	5	5	3	...	...	2	...	...	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI., C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	...	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...	
		Total	29·3	82	...	82	30	63	168	143	71	54	...	18	...	...	
		Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Section 27 of Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act of 1862		1·0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. XIX of 1838		11·0	15	...	15	...	14	16	16	...	1	...	15	...	...	
	Act No. VIII of 1867 (Village Police)		57·4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. II of 1868 (Public Ferries)		4·0	18	5	23	...	22	24	23	2	1	...	20	...	...	
	Act No. I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass)		45·0	55	...	55	...	52	117	90	...	93	...	3	...	3	
	Act No. VI of 1873 (Municipal)		12·8	39	...	39	...	39	41	33	...	16	...	18	...	...	
	Act No. I of 1879 (Stamp)		1·2	6	...	6	...	6	7	7	...	1	...	6	...	...	
	Act No. XII of 1875 (Merchant Shipping)		33·2	36	...	36	...	36	51	36	...	...	...	36	...	...	
	Act No. XI of 1878 (Arms)		2	7	...	7	7	7	7	7	...	...	...	7	...	...	
	Act No. VIII of 1878 (Customs)		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. XIV of 1882 (Civil Procedure)		4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (Forest)		4	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	Act No. XIV of 1866 (Postal)		1·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. XXIX of 1867 (Bombay Land Customs)		2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. VI of 1878 (Treasure Trove)		2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Act No. VII of 1878 (Customs)		...	1	...	1	...	1	5	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	
	Act No. X of 1877 (Native Passengers)		...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
		Total	103·2	181	5	186	7	181	294	231	2	113	...	113	...	3	
		GRAND TOTAL	3,459·3	1,544	5	1,549	105	11,418	3,414	2,884	782	1,746	1	321	1	23	

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,
For Inspector-General of Police.

STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT B.

Thuggee and Dacoity, administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal purposes, and other Professional Crimes for the whole Presidency for 1888.

Description of Crime.	CASES. Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	CASES. Occurred within the year.	CASES. Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	CASES. Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	PERSONS. Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	PERSONS. Arrested.	PERSONS. Brought to trial.	PERSONS. Convicted.	PERSONS. Aquitted.	PERSONS. Remaining under trial.	PERSONS. Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	COMPARATIVE RETURN. Number of persons arrested. 1886.	1887.	1888.	Brought to trial. 1886.	1887.	1888.	Convicted. 1886.	1887.	1888.	Property stolen. 1886.	1887.	1888.	Property recovered. 1886.	1887.	1888.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
																					Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
SIND.																											
UPPER SIND FRONTIER.																											
Thuggee ... By strangulation	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee ... By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administation of poisonous or deleterious drugs :—																											
(*a*) with murder	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																											
Kidnapping	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Cattle theft	210	155	56	309	378	68	68	44	14	10	310	...	7	61	..	7	61	...	5	39	2076	4,293 0 0	5,136	1,566	2,182	2,811 0 0	*The difference between the figures of this columm and those of column 23 of Statement A. is owing to 38 persons having been disposed of as under :— 5 Transferred to other districts. 6 Dealt with under Section 169, Indian Penal Code. 26 Acquitted and discharged in cases reported through mistakes of facts and false cases. 1 Released on bail. 38
KARA'CHI, THAR AND PA'RKAR, HYDERABAD AND SHIKA'RPUR.																											
Nil.																											
NORTHERN DIVISION.																											
THA'NA.																											
Thuggee ... By strangulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	*Out of these 3 were arrested in this district and 6 in the Poona District. †Out of these 3 were arrested by the Thána Police and 7 by the Násik Police.
Thuggee ... By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land	9	1	2	8	24	19	19	14	5	..	5	...	*9	10	...	9	†10	...	...	14	..	2,755 11 0	738	...	234	25 5 0	
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous drugs—																											
(*a*) with murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crimes, viz :—																											
Kidnapping	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	.....	...	...	..	...	
Cattle theft	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	
AHMEDABAD, KAIRA, PANCH MAHA'LS, BROACH AND SURAT.																											
Nil.																											

CENTRAL DIVISION.

Thuggee... { By strangulation / By poisin																													
Dacoity on land																													
Dacoity on water																													
Bobbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																													
(a) with murder																													
(b) without murder																													
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																													
Kidnapping																													
Cattle theft																													

AHMEDNAGAR, KHA'NDESH, NA'SIK, POONA, SA'TA'RA AND SHOLA'PUR.
Nil.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

DHA'RWA'R.

Thuggee... { By strangulation / By poison																													
Dacoity on land	4	5	3	6	122	17	17	2	15	...	105	7	...	17	7	...	17	...	..	2	711	248	1,176	301	...	429	In the dacoities of the last year 44 men are entered as supposed to be concerned in the cases, but the dacoities were probably committed by one gang only, say 11 men; also for the 5 cases of this year, 78 men are entered, but one gang of about 25 men is supposed to have committed all the dacoities.
Dacoity on water																													
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																													
(a) with murder																													
(b) without murder																													
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																													
Kidnapping																													
Cattle theft																													

KA'NARA.

Thuggee ... { By strangulation / By poison																													
Dacoity on land	7	19	...	26	30	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	700	2,882	...	..	...		
Docoity on water																													
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—																													
(a) with murder																													
(b) without murder																													
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																													
Kidnapping																													
Cattle theft																													

BELGAUM, BIJA'PUR, KOLA'BA AND RATNA'GIRI.
Nil.

NOTE.—Columns XII. to XVII. will include all persons arrested or brought to trial during the year for those offences, though such persons be not included in Columns II. and III.. The difference should be explained in the Column of remarks.

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,
For Inspector General of Police.

STATEMENT C.

Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a punitive measure.

District.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.														PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
	Names of Fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of Fair or assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under columns 9 and 10		Number of offences against Persons or Property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of Additional Police.		Total cost of additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Days.									Rs. a. p.	**SIND.**		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs.			
Karáchi	Amir Pir	2	8,700	..	..	4	8	..	..	..	..	1	1	0 14 0	0 14 0	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Lalshahbaz	3	18,000	5	28	..	..	3	27	..	70 4 0	3	2	2 1 0	2 1 0	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Amir Pir Khoja	10	1,100	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	1	1	0 12 0	0 12 0	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Fattehshah	2	450	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Lakho Lutifalah	2	350	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Jhimpir	2	700	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Sheikh Sumar	2	250	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Manora	3	20,000	3	4	4	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Pir Patho	3	800	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Udero Lal	2	400	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	1	1	0 2 6	0 2 6	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Gumbali	1	200	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shah Yekik	5	8,000	..	..	2	8	..	7	..	9 5 10	1	1	85 0 0	85 0 0	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shah Kamal	3	560	4	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shaikh Radhan	2	290	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Suttion	3	550	..	..	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Pirshah Syed	1	250	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Syedali Makali	1	390	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shaikh Ali	1	245	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Mughilbin	5	2,500	2	10	..	..	..	4	..	5 2 4	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Jheke	6	1,500	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Pir Mangho	10	1,800	..	4	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
Hyderabad	Lal Udero	8	30,000	1	2	4	24	..	45	..	82 4 0	3	2	32 11 6	12 11 6	1	2	8	1,464 a year.	12 months.	....	The Punitive Police were quartered in Tando Jam on account of a double murder committed in March last, in which case none of the inhabitants would come forward to give evidence against the accused though the murder must have been committed in the sight of several of the inhabitants. The post was first established for 6 months but was afterwards ordered to be continued for a further period of 6 months.
	Sajan Sawai	9	3,000	..	..	1	13	..	3	..	4 12 0	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Bulri	8	3,390	..	3	1	16	..	14	..	16 8 0	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shah Ghurio	11	996	..	..	3	10	..	3	..	5 0 0	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shah Kadri	15	40,720	..	..	4	18	..	9	..	9 12 0	3	1	14 8 0	9 8 0	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Shaik Bhirkio	6	10,000	..	..	2	18	..	11	..	17 14 0	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Bhit Shah	4	10,000	..	..	3	11	..	11	..	10 2 0	3	3	1 3 9	0 15 9	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Halani	3	35,000	..	..	4	19	..	18	..	13 11 0	2	2	0 5 6	0 5 6	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Mian Moru	3	500	..	..	1	2	..	2	..	1 8 0	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
	Bilawalsha	3	2,000	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..	..	....	....	....	
Thar and Párkar ..	....	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 villages.	2	3	1,028 13 0	12 months.	44	
Shikárpur	Cheti and Wesakhi	12	12,000	..	..	2	7	1	11	..	38 10 8	2	..	53 4 0	..	Misconduct of the inhabitants.	1	6	Rs. 77 per mensem or Rs. 924 per annum.	2 years.	72	This Punitive Police post has been established at Dubar on account of the bad character of Jagiranis since 20th August 1887 and will cease on the 19th August 1889.
Upper Sind Frontier ..	....	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41	..	2 Savárs at Rs. 15 per mensem.	604 13 0	For an additional year commencing from 12th May 1888.	8	Amount recovered from the Bungwars is only Rs. 252-0-1 on account of the pay of the Savárs and 12 per cent. deduction from 1st January to 31st May 1888.

Ahmedabad.	Daskroi	Vastral Sukhrai Mahadev ...	1	3,500	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Shahibag Tadiskel	1	750	...	...	5	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Janmastami	1	9,000	...	...	5	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Dharostami	1	12,000	...	...	5	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Shahavadi Mahadev... ...	1	4,000	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Asarva Nilkauth Mahadev...	1	10,000	...	...	4	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Acharji..	1	1,100	...	...	4	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Jain fair out of the gate Jamalpur	1	8,000	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Navrangpura	1	3,000	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Higlasmatta Gomtipur ...	1	12,000	...	..	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Narsinghji Malek Sabdani-limda	1	5,000	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Shaha Alam	1	20,000	...	...	3	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Mohorum nearKhanpur gate.	1	23,000	...	...	12	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Doodheswar	1	3,000	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Dasara near Rajpur Hirpur.	1	19,000	...	...	3	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Navapurain Bahoocharnjee.	1	9,000	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Swami Narayan	1	8,000	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Near River Sabarmati, Shivratri	1	20,000	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Ramnavmi	1	1,200	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Jeth Sudi 11th	1	6,000	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Asad Sudi 11th	1	4,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Dhanukdhari near Sahijpur.	1	4,000	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
	Dholera	Bukhari Saheb	4	3,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
	Viramgam.. ...	Hansalpur Mahadev ...	4	6,000	...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
	Dhandukha ...	Bhimnath Mahadev... ...	3	10,000	...	...	6	12	...	...	...	...	3	1	20 0 0	20 0 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
	Dholka	Wautha	4	90,000	...	...	6	26	...	...	...	...	35	31	7 4 9	7 4 9	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
Kaira.	Dákor	Magh Punem...	3	20,000	1	4	4	13	...	...	...	....	2	1	81 0 0	81 0 0	.....	..	...	.....	.....	.....
		Fagan sud Agiaras	1	9,000	1	4	5	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Fagan Punem...	3	21,000	1	4	5	11	...	...	..	...	3	1	8 12 0	8 12 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Chaitri do.	3	21,000	1	4	3	10	...	...	...	...	1	1	5 0 0	5 0 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Bija Chaitri Punem	3	16,893	1	4	6	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Vaishak do.	3	10,034	1	4	3	12	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Jeth do.	3	8,619	1	4	3	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Rath Jatra	1	5,200	1	4	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Ashad Punem	3	8,334	1	4	3	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Shravan do.	3	9,885	1	4	3	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Jannasthmi	1	4,000	1	4	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	..	.....	.....	.....
		Bhadarwa Punem	3	10,150	1	4	3	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Dasera Punem	1	10,200	1	4	18	74	..	...	...	...	1	1	0 0 11	0 0 11	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Manekthori	5	39,194	1	4	18	74	...	..	...	...	1	1	2 10 0	2 10 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Ankot	1	6,000	1	4	4	14	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Kártaki Punem	3	19,811	1	4	3	22	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Magshar do. — ...	3	17,563	1	4	2	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
				2,37,183									8	5	97 6 11	97 6 11						
Panch Mahals	...	Fair at Pávágad	From 19th January to 26th January 1888.	1,000	1	6	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Do.	22nd February to 23rd February 1888.	3,000	1	6	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....
		Do.	17th April to 24th April 1888.	800	1	6	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....

STATEMENT C—*continued.*

District.	Names of Fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of Fair or assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	PART I, Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property. Strength of Police usually located at the place. Officers.	Men.	Detached from the Regular force. Officers.	Men.	Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8. Officers.	Men.	Total cost under Columns 9 and 10. To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Number of offences against Person or Property during such assembly. Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Property. Stolen.	Recovered.	PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure. Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police. Officers.	Men.	Total Cost of additional Police, including all Contingencies	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										NORTHERN DIVISION—*continued.*												
		Days.												Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.			
Panch Mahals—*continued.*	Fair at Pávágad	8th August to 16th August 1888.	300	1	6	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Do.	12th October to 13th October 1888.	200	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Broach.	Broach	Tavra	1 month ...	25,000	...	...	4	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	25 men from the Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals and Kaira Districts attended to keep order at the fair.
	Do.	Sukletirth	15 days ...	90,000	...	...	3	40	...	...	...	...	1	1	3 0 0	3 0 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	A further period of 1 year sanctioned by Government Resolution No. 1250 of 1st March 1888. Incidence per head Rs. 0-8-0.
	Tankária, táluka Broach ...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Misconduct of the inhabitants.	2	8	1,520 14 0	2 years from 1st March 1887.	2	
	Uber, táluka Jambusar ...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1	3	574 2 7	1 year from 1st February 1888.	.....	Sanctioned by Government Resolution No. 314 of 17th January 1888.
Surat		.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Thána.	Táluka, Dáhánu.	Mahalakhsmi...	15 days ...	2,385	...	...	3½	10	...	...	...	...	2	...	30 1 0	2 0 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	Both the cases were ordered to be struck off by the Magistrate.
	Táluka Bhiwndi.	Vajreshwari	8 days ...	10,000	...	...	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Táluka Bassein.	Nirmal	12 days ...	5,000	...	...	4	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	60 0 0	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	The case was ordered to be struck off by the Magistrate.
	Petha Bándra...	Mount Mary	3 days ...	3,500	...	...	3	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	

Ahmednagar.	Akola		Maladevi			1	1,200	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ráhuri		Kolhar			15	2,000	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shevgaon		Mudee			2	25,000	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kopargaon		Mayagaon			2	10,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shrigonda		Mandogan			15	5,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	.....		Bhingár			1	6,000	1	3	1	6	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nevása		Toka			15	7,000	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shevgaon		Páthardi			7	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Owing to feeling of animosity between Mahomedans and Hindoos whose respective festivals (Mohoram and Dasara) fell on same dates.
Khándesh.	.....		Dhulia			15	12,000	1	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	.....		Amalner			25	12,450	1	9	4	18	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Amalner		Patonda			5	5,100	1	3	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Páchora		Maheji		Months	4	25,000	...	...	10	40	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	342 0 0	342 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sháháda		Sarangkheda		Day,	12	12,000	..	1	3	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	.....		Shirpur			8	9,000	1	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chopda		Chahardi			5	3,000	...	...	4	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Peta Yával		Sakli			15	15,000	1	3	3	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bhusával		Khadke			1	1,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do.		Oojani			3	6,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do.		Bodwad			1	4,000	1	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jámner		Shendurni			15	5,000	2	13	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do.		Shengola			15	10,000	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Násik.	Násik City		Ramnávmi			10	12,000	5	39	6	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	These fairs are held at Trimbak.
			Mohram			5	7,000			1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Yeshvantrao Maharaj			8	10,000			...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Násik Táluka		Niwratti			4	8,000	2	6	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Rathotsawa			3	10,000			1	3									...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Shivaratra			15	15,000			1	8									...	...	...	...	...	...	
			Lena			1	3,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Násik Táluka		Pimpalgaon Bahula		.....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	376 5 0 per annum.	One year.	.....	*Vide* Government Resolution No. 6202 of 14th November 1888, Judicial Department.
	Dindori Táluka		Wani, Devi			15	6,000	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Bhanwad, Bhairoba			12	4,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Chándor		Pimplas, Devi			2	800	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Wadner, Bhairoba			2	1,500	...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Chándor, Urus of Nanawali			5	3,000	3	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Niphád		Naitale, Matoba			15	5,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Chandori, Khandoba			2	500	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Ahirgaon, Urus of Pir			15	3,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Yeola		Bokte, Bhairoba			3	5,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Rájápur, Urus of Pir			1	800	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Nagarsul, Khandoba			1	1,500	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Ankai, Urus			1	800	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Raghojibua			1	1,500																			
			Ramjan Id			1	1,100	4	20	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Bakri Id			1	1,100																			
			Mohorum			1	2,500																			
	Sinnar		Maral Budrukh, Khandoba			4	3,000	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Devpur, Baba Rhagvat			3	2,800	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Pathre, Khandoba			3	3,200	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Bhojapur, Urus of Pir			3	2,800	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Manegaon, Khandoba			2	700	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Manori, do.			2	1,500	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Sinnar, Wakhoo Bua			3	3,000	4	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Do. Gauli Bua			2	1,000																			
	Igatpuri		Pimpri Sadardin, Urus of Pir			8	1,450	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Borli, Santoba			2	700	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Sakur, Urus of Pir			2	900	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Khed, Bhairoba			2	1,000	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			Taked, Sarwa Tirtha			3	3,250	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT C—*concluded.*

District.	Names of Fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of Fair or assembly.	Estimated number of Persons assembled.	PART I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property. Strength of Police usually located at the place. Officers.	Men.	Detached from the Regular Force. Officers.	Men.	Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8. Officers.	Men.	Total Cost under Columns 9 and 10. To Government.	To Local or Private Funds.	Number of offences against Person or Property during such assembly. Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Property. Stolen.	Recovered.	PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure. Number of Cases.	Strength of Additional Police. Officers.	Men.	Total Cost of additional Police, including all Contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
										CENTRAL DIVISION.												
		Days.								Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	M. d.		
Násik—*continued.* Igatpuri	Kaluste	.....	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	2	254 4 0	One year.	.....	*Vide* Government Resolution No. 5723 of 17th October 1888, Judicial Department.
Málegaon	Chandanpuri, Khandoba ...	4	30,000	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Satána	Satána do. ...	8	6,000	5	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Nándgaon ...	Saigaon, Dattatraya ...	1	3,000	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.. ...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Nastarpur, Shani	1	8,000	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Bolthan, Waghoba	1	5,000	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Jaikheda ...	Nampur, Devi	15	7,000	1	2	1	10	...	...	...	...	2	2	2 12 0	2 12 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Bhilwad, Mangia Tungia ...	3	500	...	..	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Mulher, Udhao Swami ...	1	1,000	1	2	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Gorone, Pawdya Dev ...	1	200	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Kalvan ...	Saptashring, Devi in Chaitra	8	2,000	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	2	2	17 1 5	17 1 5	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Abhone, Martand	4	860	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Sule, Mahadeo	4	1,400	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Saptashring, Devi in Ashvin	9	800	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	..	...	.....	.....	.....	
Peint	Peint, Khandoba	15	1,500	4	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Poona	A'landi	10	48,000	...	3	3	39	...	40	...	153 0 0	1	1	1 4 3	1 4 3	1	1	3	260 0 0	6 15	.....	Punitive post at Rajpur was established by Government Resolution No. 1857, dated 5th April, and withdrawn by Government Resolution No. 6201, dated 14th November 1888.
	Bhimashankar	4	10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Morgaon	3	5,000	...	...	1	4	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Kondanpur	15	20,000	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Sátára	Khatáv ... Khatgun ...	6th to 10th March 1888.	13,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Mán... ... Shingnápur ...	17th to 26th April 1888.	30,560	1	8	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Do. ... Mhasvad ...	28th Nov. to 10th Dec. 1888.	9,000	2	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Do. ... Do. ...	15th to 25th Dec. 1888.	7,000	2	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Sholápur	Pandharpur, Ashadhi ...	13	137,114	1	9	9	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Do. Kartiki ...	13	66,517	1	9	9	22	...	...	...	...	1	1	4 8	4 8 0	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Belgaum	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Bijápur	Punitive post at Guledgudd	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	10	1,290	5 years from 1st May 1884.	13 offences were committed of which 9 were detected and 4 struck off	*Vide* Government Resolution No. 2339 of 20th April 1887, Judicial Department.
Dhárwár	Yamnúr	3 days from 3rd to 5th March.	150,000	...	...	From 1 From 1 2	Head-quarter Village Police. 10 ... 94 táluka. 11 21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Gudguddápur	4 days from 13th to 16th October.	4,600	...	...	1 1	7 Savár 1 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Kánara	Gokarn Fair	About 15 days.	40,500	1	3	5	27	...	...	...	...	5	5	55 4 6	55 4 6	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
	Ulvi Fair	About 8 days.	5,000	...	3	1	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Kolába	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Ratnágiri	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	188 3 0	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	.....	1st January to 31st December 1888.	.....	This guard was furnished under Section 14 of Act VII of 1867 in December 1885 to a Khot of a village in the District who is on bad terms with his tenants. It has been kept up since on the application of the Khot himself. Rs. a. p. Pay ... ...160 13 7 Percentage for European supervision, clothing, &c. ... 27 5 5 188 3 0

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,
For Inspector General of Police.

STATEMENT D.—FOR THE

Showing the Strength, Cost, Distribu

District.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.										Cost of Police.												
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial Revenues.		Pay and Travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2), and Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments.	Total Pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (Column 3) (2).	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total Pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4 and 5) (4).	Total Pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8).	Horse and Travelling Allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Columns 12, 14 and 15.	Average Pay of		Contingencies and all Expenses other than included in Columns 12 to 18.	Total Cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards (1).	Number of Subordinate Officers less than Rs. 100 (1).	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling Allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and Travelling Allowances of their Establishments (3).				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
											Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Karáchi	...	2	6	212	182	1,001	18	1,421	...	...	...	16,200	2,578	6,302	63,639	1,52,074	4,600	253·44	103·98	8,292	2,53,685	2,72,176	1,509
Hyderabad ...	...	1	4	142	107	651	...	905	...	16	...	8,167	1,971	4,467	44,858	93,552	3,223	290·56	95·94	14,562	1,70,800	1,70,800	360
Thar and Párkar ...	...	1	99	298	176	...	574	...	...	...	...	...	5,540	30,648	95,470	300	257·12	98·62	5,321	1,37,279	1,37,279	...	
Shikárpur ...	...	2	5	186	139	784	...	1,116	...	...	...	9,952	2,318	3,925	50,275	1,08,074	2,880	267·35	90·45	9,442	1,86,866	1,86,866	...
Upper Sind Frontier ...	...	1	1	38	72	141	...	253	...	...	...	5,450	1,501	3,272	11,598	33,627	1,184	279·93	95·92	3,279	59,911	59,911	...
Total ...	...	6	17	677	798	2,753	18	4,269	...	16	...	39,769	8,368	23,506	2,01,018	4,82,797	12,187	...	...	40,896	8,08,541	8,07,082	1,869
Ahmedabad	...	2	3	222	101	894	...	1,222	...	...	...	7,830	2,000	4,757	52,698	1,20,196	2,052	319·16	98·39	2,200	1,91,733	1,91,733	...
Kaira	...	1	1	136	35	556	...	729	...	...	...	5,573	1,819	2,495	34,671	60,792	2,729	294·7	93·4	15,844	1,23,923	1,23,923	...
Panch Mahális ...	...	2	2	110	36	641	...	791	...	...	...	5,361	2,034	3,384	25,979	67,628	3,299	293·94	88·99	3,141	1,10,826	1,10,826	...
Broach	...	1	2	77	22	326	...	428	...	...	...	7,419	1,732	3,155	21,507	40,585	1,296	355·77	100·48	4,250	79,944	79,944	...
Surat	...	1	2	141	32	590	...	766	1	22	...	7,558	1,770	2,885	35,632	70,988	4,093	303·71	99·37	13,320	1,36,246	1,33,866	2,380
Thána	...	2	2	133	...	689	...	826	...	....	...	5,162	2,489	4,694	35,467	65,994	2,381	...	95·7	15,210	1,31,397	1,31,397	...
Total ...	...	9	12	819	226	3,696	...	4,762	1	22	...	38,903	11,844	21,370	2,05,954	4,26,183	15,850	...	...	53,965	7,74,069	7,71,689	2,380
Ahmednagar	...	1	2	107	26	541	...	677	3	17	...	9,200	1,800	2,604	30,232	60,540	4,400	356·2	94·9	6,450	1,15,226	1,12,706	2,520
Khándesh	...	3	3	255	83	1,354	...	1,698	...	2	...	12,894	4,067	8,992	66,252	1,47,778	3,553	329·2	88·9	31,087	2,74,623	2,74,623	270
Násik	...	1	2	123	29	608	...	763	...	...	...	12,600	2,242	4,496	35,021	67,354	2,211	326·4	95·2	14,735	1,38,659	1,38,659	...
Poona	...	1	3	192	25	909	...	1,130	...	...	...	14,267	2,430	4,143	52,642	97,148	2,749	350·8	97·3	9,748	1,83,132	1,83,132	...
Sátára	...	1	2	187	18	804	...	1,012	...	...	...	15,135	2,208	4,440	41,710	77,050	4,975	368·2	86·9	17,990	1,63,531	1,63,171	360
Sholápur	...	1	1	101	15	454	...	572	...	...	...	7,464	2,005	2,918	23,733	46,978	1,128	353·	92·	8,818	93,044	93,044	...
Total ...	...	8	13	965	196	4,670	...	5,852	3	19	...	71,583	14,752	27,598	2,49,590	4,96,848	19,016	...	...	88,828	9,68,215	9,65,335	3,150
Belgaum	...	1	2	120	14	554	...	691	2	17	...	8,853	2,082	2,592	28,576	53,896	3,449	260·5	90·6	15,457	1,14,905	1,14,905	944
Bijápur	...	1	1	105	23	524	...	654	...	...	...	8,100	1,847	3,806	25,600	55,348	6,180	296·	92·	10,242	1,11,123	1,11,123	...
Dhárwár	...	1	2	136	22	683	...	844	...	...	...	9,600	1,650	3,600	32,530	70,782	6,734	260·	98·	13,559	1,38,455	1,38,455	...
Kánara	...	1	2	105	8	577	...	693	...	...	...	6,180	1,783	3,537	28,274	58,230	4,767	309·12	96·6	11,605	1,14,376	1,14,376	...
Kolába	...	1	1	79	...	377	...	458	...	...	...	6,373	1,925	2,923	18,424	37,378	1,261	...	99·1	3,881	72,165	72,165	...
Ratnágiri	...	1	2	117	...	655	...	775	...	...	...	10,356	2,000	4,088	28,994	60,413	2,548	...	92·	16,176	1,25,075	1,25,075	...
Total ...	...	6	10	662	67	3,370	...	4,115	2	17	...	49,962	11,287	20,546	1,62,398	3,36,047	24,939	...	...	70,920	6,76,099	6,76,099	944
Bombay Presidency	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	1	29	52	3,123	1,287	14,489	18	18,998	6	74	...	2,00,217	46,251	93,020	8,18,960	17,41,875	71,992	...	...	2,54,609	32,26,924	32,20,155	8,343

(1) Columns 4 and 5 include European Constables according to pay.
(2) Column 13 includes local and personal, but not travelling allowances.
(3) Column 15 includes the cost of all enrolled officers and men employed on office duties.
(4) Does not include horse and travelling allowance.

WHOLE PRESIDENCY, 1888.

tion and Employment of Police.

Distribution of Force.												Proportion of the whole Force (Officers and Men).						Proportion of the Police on Station duties (Officers and Men.)							
In District.												To Area (6).			Population (7).			To Area.			To Population.				
Guards at District Central, or Subsidiary Jails.		On Station duties.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries, or Escort to Prisoners and Treasure or in reserve.		Total.		On Town, Municipal or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District, exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Total amount of cognizable crime reported (Columns 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I).	Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on Station duties (Columns 27 and 28).
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.																		
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
2	16	135	795	21	124	158	955	318	8	14,115	478,688	9·03	9·91	·34	336·86	272·98	64·34	15·17	15·13	22	514·71	416·53	98	2,073	2·22
3	15	89	455	27	167	119	637	123	15	9,052	754,624	10·	11·72	9·5	833·83	913·59	377·81	16·64	17·02	38	1,387·17	3,626·50	92·2	2,883	5·30
12	67	76	311	12	96	100	474	...	...	12,729	208,340	22·17	22·17	...	354·25	354·25	...	32·89	32·89	...	525·45	525·45	...	782	2·02
3	19	143	525	22	199	168	743	203	...	9,629	822,178	8·62	8·61	63·15	736·71	653·11	83·59	14·41	14·34	37·91	1,280·80	1,087·88	139·24	3,431	5·13
1	3	20	107	1	35	22	145	63	22	2,759	147,181	10·90	16·49	·17	581·74	815·16	129·86	21·72	21·69	13·4	1,158·90	1,071·91	164·91	683	5·37
21	120	463	2,193	83	621	567	2,934	717	45	48,284	2,406,011	11·31	...	...	563·60	...	...	18·17	...	...	905·87	...	...	9,852	3·70
...	...	127	596	18	91	145	687	382	6	3,821	856,324	3·12	2·76	35·7	700·75	544	189	5·28	9·9	13·62	1,184·40	934	296	2,900	4·01
2	8	106	421	19	87	127	516	85	...	1,609	804,800	2·20	2·18	50·48	1,103·98	936·9	167·08	3·05	3·02	36·5	1,527·13	1,296·01	231·12	1,829	3·47
8	21	62	399	38	231	108	651	30	...	1,588	255,479	2·01	2·01	2·56	322·98	284	39	3·44	3·44	1·49	554·18	486	67	582	1·26
1	9	13	54	50	199	64	262	101	...	1,453	326,930	3·39	4·17	4·5	768·85	614	149	21·68	...	...	4,879·55	3,922	956	996	14·86
...	...	30	142	75	323	105	465	195	...	1,662	614,198	2·17	2·17	13·3	801·82	632	169	9·66	9·62	29	3,570·91	2,816	754	1,251	7·27
...	...	86	409	31	175	117	584	123	...	3,935	807,367	4·76	4·74	3·3	977·44	870	109	7·95	7·90	2	1,631·04	1,448	182	3,022	6·10
11	38	424	2,021	231	1,106	666	3,165	916	6	14,068	3,665,098	2·95	...	...	769·65	...	...	5·75	...	...	1,499·01	...	...	10,580	4·82
1	3	58	221	30	212	89	436	136	15	6,666	751,228	9·84	9·3	4·7	1,109·64	979	101	23·89	23	1·2	2,692·57	2,441	250	1,394	4·99
6	24	179	925	73	488	258	1,437	...	...	9,944	1,237,231	5·85	...	...	728·64	...	...	9·	...	...	1,120·68	...	...	3,075	2·78
1	3	101	493	13	78	115	574	51	22	5,940	781,206	7·78	...	...	1023·86	...	...	10·	...	...	1,315·16	...	...	1,352	2·27
...	...	118	496	11	76	129	572	245	133	5,369	901,828	4·75	4·7	...	798·07	688	110	8·74	8·8	...	1,468·77	1,290	206	5,500	8·95
1	3	126	564	44	196	171	763	77	...	4,988	1,062,350	4·92	4·8	11·2	1,049·75	933·5	115·81	7·22	7·07	6·9	1,539·63	1,368	171	2,312	3·35
1	3	74	341	14	57	89	401	62	19	4,521	582,487	7·90	...	...	1,018·33	...	...	10·89	...	...	1,403·58	...	...	1,581	3·81
10	36	656	3,040	185	1,107	851	4,183	571	239	37,428	5,316,330	6·39	...	...	908·46	...	...	10·12	...	...	1,488·40	...	...	15,214	4·11
1	3	90	360	23	158	114	521	55	...	4,656	864,014	6·73	6·73	·002	1,250·38	1,129·8	88·8	10·34	10·3	·004	1,920·83	1,780·1	139·9	1,337	2·97
3	13	65	276	28	205	96	494	63	...	5,695	638,493	8·70	9·6	·05	976·29	1,052·2	264·1	16·70	16·8	·05	1,872·41	1,839·9	264·1	830	2·43
1	13	71	214	48	368	120	595	128	...	4,635	882,907	5·37	5·37	140·6	1,046·09	876	169	15·91	15·8	47·5	3,097·91	2,594	503	1,191	4·18
1	8	39	162	60	360	100	530	62	...	3,910	421,840	5·64	5·61	30·08	608·71	557 ·8	50·88	19·45	19·33	8·73	2,098·70	1,923	175·4	626	3·11
1	6	70	302	9	69	80	377	...	...	1,803	482,630	3·03	4·37	2·45	1,054·21	1,030	1,202	4·84	5·52	2·45	1,297·93	1,312	1,202	771	2·07
2	7	90	377	21	199	113	583	78	...	3,922	997,090	5·06	5·1	·06	1,286·56	1,221	92	8·39	8·3	11	2,135·09	1,985	149	777	1·66
9	50	425	1,691	189	1,359	623	3,100	386	...	24,521	4,287,174	5·95	...	...	1,041·84	...	...	11·58	...	...	2,026·07	...	...	5,532	2·61
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	244	1,968	8,945	688	4,193	2,707	13,382	2,590	290	124,301	15,674,613	6·54	...	...	825·06	...	...	11·39	...	...	1,436·32	...	...	41,178	3·77

(5) A "Town" contains at least 5,000 inhabitants.
(6) Columns 38 and 39, *i.e.*, in Districts, 1 one policeman to so many square miles; in Towns, so many policemen to one square mile.
(7) Columns 40 to 42, one policemen to so many of the population. Annas and pies are ommitted from all totals contained in this statement.

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,
For Inspector General of Police.

STATEMENT E.

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General Internal Management of the Force.

District.	Total sanctioned Strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.												Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage in Hospital during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Percentage of Deaths during the year to Total Strength of Force.	Remarks.
						Dismissed.		Fined, degraded, or suspended by their own Departmental Officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.								Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On Pension.	On Gratuity.	By registration without Pension or Gratuity.	By Dismissal (Columns 7 and 8).	By Discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By Desertion.	By Death.			
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX., of Penal Code.		Other Offences.																			
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with Fire-arms.	Number provided with Swords only, or Swords and Batons.	Number provided with Batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	By promotion.	By Money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
Sind.																																				
Karáchi...	205	1,214	613	311	495	1	19	15	78	4	3	...	..	...	...	...	7	...	...	84	81	...	...	166	729	494	13	1	91	20	9	5	18	13·95	1·26	30 vacancies.
Hyderabad	146	758	387	468	49	1	12	6	57	...	4	...	...	1	...	2	19	8	1	73	101	...	...	142	415	331	1	1	91	13	...	5	14	30·97	1·55	16 do.
Thar and Párkar ...	100	474	539	22	13	2	12	6	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	3	...	30	24	...	...	69	230	265	4	2	39	14	...	...	14	27·17	2·43	10 do.
Shikárpur	191	923	421	677	...	3	24	35	161	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	5	111	189	...	131	106	607	401	9	...	58	27	...	13	4	65·26	·36	5 do.
Upper Sind Frontier	39	213	92	157	...	1	4	26	48	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	16	12	25	...	...	19	177	55	...	...	6	5	4	...	2	11·11	·78	
	681	3,582	2,052	1,635	557	8	71	88	371	4	11	...	...	1	...	4	48	14	22	310	420	...	131	502	2,158	1,546	27	4	285	79	13	23	52	...	1·21	
Northern Division.																																				
Ahmedabad	225	995	437	783	...	...	21	26	152	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	215	570	...	135	88	616	482	8	...	23	6	18	1	24	32·86	1·96	34 do.
Kaira	137	591	281	447	...	1	4	14	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	3	33	84	185	...	55	50	335	332	12	...	15	5	...	...	16	39·97	2·19	11 do.
Panch Mahals	112	677	523	261	...	3	6	10	123	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	4	2	9	56	88	21	237	48	433	299	4	1	11	9	8	...	10	90·59	1·27	9 do.
Broach	79	348	181	246	...	...	3	4	33	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	52	103	13	80	25	219	181	7	...	3	3	10	1	7	38·17	1·63	2 do.
Surat	143	622	290	466	9	...	7	12	81	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	4	115	289	...	55	74	306	378	9	...	20	7	23	...	22	39·73	2·87	7 do.
Thána	135	689	355	469	...	...	7	14	45	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	3	2	2	83	151	7	18	153	384	267	21	...	26	7	47	1	13	42·7	1·5	20 do.
	831	3,922	2,067	2,672	9	4	48	80	491	...	14	...	...	1	...	3	27	13	48	605	1,386	41	580	438	2,293	1,939	61	1	98	37	106	3	92	...	1·91	
Central Division.																																				
Ahmednagar*	112	584	332	201	163	...	6	1	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	22	75	325	...	131	46	330	320	22	1	9	6	...	1	7	23·1	1·	
Khándesh	258	1,437	770	723	176	...	15	38	139	...	14	...	...	...	...	1	7	9	4	146	324	...	61	96	635	948	19	...	31	15	2	2	29	20·5	1·7	16 do.
Násik	125	697	262	407	...	...	9	12	74	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	93	226	...	147	46	309	404	12	...	19	9	3	...	9	33·07	1·18	3 do.
Poona	195	934	391	252	486	1	12	25	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	4	13	127	262	23	236	81	416	621	18	1	6	13	13	...	16	27·75	1·43	11 do.
Sátára	189	822	570	348	...	...	1	8	29	1	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	11	...	125	317	40	199	25	372	615	9	1	3	2	1	...	12	16·5	1·19	
Sholápur	102	469	228	43	300	1	4	4	31	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	61	128	...	41	29	260	280	13	...	...	5	...	...	5	21·0	·88	2 do.
	981	4,883	2,553	2,064	1,125	2	47	88	386	1	27	...	...	...	...	7	17	27	39	627	1,582	63	815	323	2,322	3,188	93	3	68	50	19	3	78	...	1·33	
Southern Division.																																				
Belgaum*	124	585	385	43	271	...	14	59	30	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	16	103	204	8	112	42	355	312	10	1	10	14	...	...	8	9·1	1·1	3 do.
Bijápur	106	547	381	86	186	...	4	14	75	...	2	...	...	...	...	..	2	3	10	50	102	...	90	47	306	296	13	1	11	4	1	1	11	44·5	1·6	4 do.
Dhárwár — ...	138	705	410	200	222	...	17	24	103	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	3	5	...	99	270	22	167	43	370	417	6	...	17	17	...	5	11	21·8	1·3	13 do.
Kánara	107	585	499	193	...	...	4	3	37	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	74	221	11	154	35	315	329	9	2	10	4	2	...	22	56·64	3·17	13 do.
Kolába	80	377	156	296	...	...	1	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	17	27	62	135	...	59	40	270	147	6	1	6	1	1	...	7	19·03	1·53	
Ratnágiri	119	655	374	27	373	...	1	15	15	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	47	89	276	...	82	51	329	383	45	1	5	1	...	...	10	10·4	1·2	11 do.
	674	3,454	2,205	845	1,052	...	41	125	270	...	12	...	...	...	...	2	12	27	102	477	1,208	41	664	258	1,945	1,884	89	6	59	41	4	6	69	...	1·67	
Grand Total ...	3,167	15,841	8,877	7,216	2,743	14	207	381	1,518	5	64	...	...	2	...	16	104	81	211	2,019	4,596	145	2,190	1,521	8,718	8,557	270	14	510	207	142	35	291	..	1·53	

* Include Cantonment Police.

Note.—This statement does not refer to Assistant District Superintendents or officers of higher rank.

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,

For Inspector General of Police.

STATEMENT F.

Showing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

District.	RACE.												RELIGION OR CASTE.																								Grand Total, Officers and Men.	Remarks.
													Officers.														Men.													
	Europeans.					Eurasians.			Natives.				Hindus.											Other Religions.			Hindus.									Other Religions.			
	District or Assistant District Superintendents		Subordinate Officers.			District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.		District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.			Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brâhmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhás.	Sikhs.	Lingâyats.	Jainas.	Maráthás.	Bhils.	Kolis.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Pársis.	Jews.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brâhmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhás.	Sikhs.	Lingâyats.	Jainas.	Maráthás.	Bhils.	Kolis.	Hindus of all other Castes.	Pársis.	Jews.		
	Military or Covenanted, Civil.	Uncovenanted.	On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.		On Rs. 100 and upwards.	Below Rs. 100.	Constables.																											
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Sind.																																									
Karáchi	1	1	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	4	187	1,190	8	134	10	2	..	2	..	..	7	2	..	35	1	..	..	824	70	26	..	4	..	..	122	10	..	134	..	..	1,391	30 vacancies.
Hyderabad	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	142	742	1	114	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	26	..	1	..	631	39	1	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	60	..	..	884	16 do.
Thar and Párkar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	99	464	..	65	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	31	..	..	..	334	37	4	..	8	..	..	..	2	6	73	..	..	564	10 do.
Shikárpur	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	185	919	2	148	10	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	718	39	16	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	138	..	..	1,111	5 do.
Upper Sind Frontier	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	38	213	1	35	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	205	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	253	
Total	1	5	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	15	651	3,528	12	496	25	4	..	6	..	..	9	3	..	123	1	1	..	2,712	187	49	1	19	..	..	133	12	6	409	..	..	4,208	
Northern Division.																																									
Ahmedabad	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	3	216	962	1	97	18	3	..	..	..	..	12	2	49	23	..	5	5	468	46	39	..	..	..	..	45	70	221	68	..	5	1,187	35 do.
Kaira	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	133	583	1	80	6	5	..	..	..	..	10	..	15	17	1	..	..	289	19	48	..	..	..	..	30	..	155	41	1	..	718	11 do.
Panch Mahâls	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	108	669	1	30	12	4	..	..	..	..	27	15	6	16	..	..	1	172	60	11	..	..	..	..	94	228	13	91	..	..	781	10 do.
Broach	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	76	347	1	37	7	5	..	..	..	..	16	..	3	8	2	..	..	158	23	21	..	..	..	..	87	3	..	55	..	..	426	2 do.
Surat	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	141	622	1	57	16	14	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	20	6	..	..	294	60	35	..	1	..	..	150	..	..	73	2	..	759	7 do.
Thána	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	131	671	2	13	20	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	68	1	..	1	16	16	1	..	..	..	..	292	..	16	327	..	2	805	21 do.
Total	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	12	805	3,847	7	314	79	31	..	..	..	..	125	17	73	162	10	5	7	1,397	224	155	..	1	..	..	698	301	405	655	3	7	4,676	
Central Division.																																									
Ahmednagar	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	110	584	6	40	15	..	..	..	..	..	36	..	1	14	1	..	2	257	9	..	..	..	..	..	249	7	..	60	..	..	697	
Khándesh	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	253	1,423	8	108	36	1	..	..	..	..	17	57	1	27	3	..	15	573	65	3	..	..	..	..	73	542	7	145	..	..	1,681	17 do.
Násik	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	123	634	1	55	11	..	..	..	..	..	31	6	1	21	..	..	..	246	11	..	..	..	..	..	144	87	36	110	..	..	760	3 do.
Poona	1	..	1	..	4	..	1	6	1	..	1	182	922	13	53	20	13	..	..	..	..	87	..	..	9	..	1	1	210	28	55	..	..	..	..	485	..	21	121	..	2	1,119	11 do.
Sátára	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	187	822	2	53	13	6	..	..	2	..	110	..	1	3	..	..	..	221	11	16	..	3	..	..	531	..	.	36	..	4	1,012	
Sholápur	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	101	467	1	34	16	15	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	9	..	..	..	210	9	44	..	..	..	1	146	..	..	57	..	..	570	2 do
Total	3	4	1	..	4	..	2	6	1	..	10	956	4,852	21	343	111	35	..	..	2	..	309	63	4	83	4	1	18	1,717	133	118	..	3	..	1	1,628	636	64	529	..	6	5,839	
Southern Division.																																									
Belgaum	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	122	581	1	37	19	8	..	11	1	..	37	..	..	11	..	..	3	212	20	10	..	..	33	2	262	..	..	40	..	..	707	3 do.
Bijápur	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	103	545	1	58	8	6	..	3	..	..	18	..	..	11	..	..	..	336	18	12	..	..	17	1	124	..	..	37	..	..	650	4 do.
Dhárwár	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	136	694	2	65	16	9	..	6	..	..	32	..	..	7	..	..	2	374	12	32	..	..	28	..	196	..	..	50	..	..	831	13 do.
Kánara	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	103	574	8	41	12	..	..	..	..	..	38	..	..	12	..	..	51	218	19	4	..	..	..	..	193	..	..	89	..	..	680	13 do.
Kolába	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	79	377	1	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	50	..	..	20	..	..	..	3	10	..	..	..	..	..	308	..	..	56	..	..	458	
Ratnágiri	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	116	645	1	13	7	..	..	..	..	..	59	..	..	39	..	..	3	50	10	..	..	..	..	..	393	..	..	189	..	..	764	11 do.
Total	..	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	10	657	3,416	14	215	71	23	..	..	20	1	229	..	..	100	..	..	59	1,193	89	58	..	..	78	3	1,476	..	..	46	..	..	4,090	
Grand Total	4	20	3	6	5	..	2	6	7	1	47	3,069	15,643	64	1,368	286	93	..	6	22	1	672	83	77	468	15	7	84	7,019	633	380	1	23	78	4	3,935	949	475	2,054	3	13	18,813	224 do.

E. C. COX, Personal Assistant,
For Inspector General of Police.

	CASES.													PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
																													Otherwise disposed of— Cases. Persons.
1. Murders	1	7	8	...	8	...	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	4	1	12	13	...	13	4	...	...	...	...	12	13	4	... ...
2. Attempts at murder and Culpable homicides ...	...	3	3	...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	5	5	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	5	5	3	... ...
3. Dacoities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	... ...
4. Robberies	...	12	12	2	8	...	7	7	2	...	...	...	...	8	7	...	22	22	6	11	8	4	...	...	...	22	11	8	1 1
5. Thefts	25	884	909	170	713	240	473	416	26	36	4	32	19	745	435	18	909	927	169	722	549	35	60	60	26	969	782	575	... 1
6. Receiving stolen property	2	49	51	5	39	2	37	29	7	...	...	...	...	39	29	2	74	76	16	53	38	7	...	...	...	74	53	38	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	4	24	28	4	21	...	21	16	3	6	2	4	2	25	18	6	78	84	23	59	36	2	33	33	2	111	92	38 ... ...
Class I.	4	24	28	4	21	...	21	16	3	6	2	4	2	25	18	6	78	84	23	59	36	2	33	33	2	111	92	38	... ...
,, II.	9	84	93	22	67	8	59	43	4	15	1	14	3	81	46	5	178	183	31	147	56	5	32	32	3	210	179	59	... ...
,, III.	3	266	269	39	220	112	106	77	10	22	...	22	3	242	80	12	241	253	60	172	108	18	55	55	8	296	227	114	2 3
,, IV.	2	2	4	1	3	...	3	1	...	6	...	6	1	9	2	5	2	7	...	7	1	...	21	21	5	23	28	6	... ...
,, V.	27	1,082	1,109	201	871	325	545	483	37	93	7	86	24	957	507	20	1,061	1,081	202	832	629	46	169	1 9	34	1,230	1,001	663	1 1
Total ...	45	1,458	1,503	*267	1,182	445	734	620	54	142	10	132	33	1,314	653	48	1,560	1,608	316	1,217	828	71	310	310	52	1,870	1,527	880	3 4
Other Offences.																													
Class VI.	4	448	452	4	445	2	442	426	3	25	...	25	25	470	451	6	579	585	19	562	525	3	33	33	33	612	595	558	1 1
Grand Total ...	49	1,906	1,955	†271	1,627	447	1,176	1,046	57	167	10	157	58	1,784	1,104	54	2,139	2,193	335	1,779	1,353	74	343	343	85	2,482	2,122	1,438	4 5

Details :—

	*	†
Not investigated	5	5
False cases	262	266
	267	271

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	50·	50·	30·76	30·76
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	100·	100·	60·	60·
3. Robberies	87·5	100·	44·43	72·72
4. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Theft	58·34	87·94	61·55	76·03
6. Receiving stolen property ...	74·35	78·37	55·07	71·69
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	76·19	76·19	43·9	61·01
Class II	64·17	72·88	31·46	38·09
Class III	35·	72·64	45·1	61·62
Class IV	33·33	33·33	14·28	14·28
Class V	55·45	88·62	60·77	75·6
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	52·45	84·46	53·87	68·03
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	95·73	96·38	90·2	93·41
Grand Total ...	64·29	88·94	63·85	76·05

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
54,669	30,327	55·47	1,020	752	73·72	2,113

	CASES.														PERSONS.												Remarks.
	Police Cases, or Cases investigated by the Police, whether *suo motu* or by order of a Magistrate.									Direct Cases, or Cases disposed of without the intervention of the Police.				Total No. of real Cognizable Cases disposed of.		Persons arrested by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.							Persons otherwise arrested within the year.						
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	13	15	...	12	...	12	7	3	...	...	...	...	12	7	6	21	27	..	20	9	7	...	...	...	21	20	9	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	...	4	4	1	3	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	3	3	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	
3. Dacoities	2	...	2	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	5	7	...	5	2	2	1	1	...	6	6	2	
4. Robberies	...	18	18	2	16	2	14	9	...	2	...	2	...	18	9	...	26	26	...	26	15	...	5	5	...	31	31	15	
5. Thefts	54	1,536	1,590	106	1,428	541	884	779	56	141	39	102	34	1,530	813	28	1,460	1,488	142	1,295	1,010	49	233	233	59	1,693	1,528	1,069	
6. Receiving stolen property	6	64	70	...	67	1	66	54	3	2	...	2	2	69	56	3	104	107	7	99	74	1	10	10	8	114	109	82	3 cases in which 2 men were concerned ended by escape and lunacy of the accused.
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	8	33	41	...	38	10	28	20	3	32	1	31	11	69	31	16	99	115	2	89	33	23	187	187	43	286	276	76	1 man died.
,, II	9	147	156	9	132	5	126	78	15	22	...	22	11	154	89	13	267	280	22	231	106	26	56	56	17	323	287	123	1 case in which 1 man was concerned ended by death of the accused.
,, III	11	571	582	39	527	303	223	190	16	20	3	17	5	544	195	6	394	400	32	348	261	18	44	44	16	438	392	277	1 case in which 2 men were concerned ended by lunacy, &c., of the accused.
,, IV	...	2	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	10	...	10	...	12	2	...	8	8	...	8	8	...	26	26	...	34	34	8	
,, V	60	1,216	1,276	92	1,134	280	851	725	50	187	43	144	40	1,278	765	33	1,379	1,412	136	1,234	920	40	341	341	71	1,720	1,575	991	3 in which 2 men were concerned ended by lunacy, &c., of the accused.
Total ...	88	1,969	2,057	140	1,883	598	1,230	1,015	84	271	47	224	67	2,057	1,082	68	2,147	2,215	192	1,910	1,328	107	654	654	147	2,801	2,564	1,475	5 cases in which 6 men were concerned ended by death, &c., of the accused.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	3	398	401	...	386	2	384	358	15	195	...	195	180	581	538	3	444	447	4	429	384	14	218	218	193	662	647	577	
Grand Total ...	91	2,367	2,458	140	2,219	600	1,614	1,373	99	466	47	419	247	2,638	1,620	71	2,591	2,662	196	2,339	1,712	121	872	872	340	3,463	3,211	2,052	5 cases in which 6 men were concerned ended by death, &c., of the accused.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	58·33	58·33	45·	45·
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	66·67	66·67	66·67	66·67
3. Dacoities	100·	100·	40·	40·
4. Robberies	56·25	64·29	57·69	57·69
5. Thefts...	54·55	88·12	70·19	77·99
6. Receiving stolen property ...	80·60	81·82	69·81	74·75
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	52·63	71·43	35·87	37·08
Class II	59·09	61·90	41·73	45·89
Class III	36·05	85·20	68·32	75·
Class IV	100·	100·	100·	100·
Class V	63·93	85·20	67·06	74·55
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	55·37	82·52	63·	69·53
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	92·75	93·23	88·68	89·51
Grand Total ...	61·87	85·07	67·38	73·19

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
59,384	32,857	55·33	1,234	835	67·67	2,118

1	CASES.														PERSONS.											REMARKS.
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.			TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER DISPOSED OF BY TRIAL WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER CONVICTED WITHIN THE YEAR.	
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	..	5	5	1	3	..	3	1	1	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	6	6	..	5	1	1	..	..	..	6	5	1	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ..	..	1	1	..	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	
3. Dacoities	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4. Robberies	..	5	5	3	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	
5. Thefts	17*	501	518	188	312	97	215	163	18	18	..	18	2	330	165	13	354	367	48	305	210	14	39	39	7	393	344	217	* Column 2.—Includes 7 undetected cases of previous year.
6. Receiving stolen property ..	1	40	41	3	33	..	33	15	5	7	..	7	..	40	15	1	45	46	..	41	15	5	8	7	2	53	48	17	
House-breaking ..	3	31	34	3	28	13	15	13	3	..	..	..	..	28	13	2	31	33	5	23	16	5	..	..	..	31	23	16	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Class I	10	42	52	23	27	7	20	16	2	11	1	10	..	37	16	..	66	66	6	54	25	6	58	58	..	124	112	25..	Column 2.—Includes 10 undetected cases of previous year.
„ II	3	43	46	27	18	..	18	12	1	7	1	6	4	24	16	11	35	46	6	35	20	1	12	12	5	47	47	25..	Column 2.—1 case pending at the end of the last year transferred for trial to foreign territory. Column 19.—Out of 46 cases 4 were transferred for trial to foreign territory. 2 cases were tried in one charge.
„ III	3	52	55	18	34	13	21	15	3	15	..	15	12	49	27	2	46	48	10	33	18	5	19	18	15	65	51	33..	Column 2.—Transferred to Class V as 1 case.
„ IV	..	2	2	1	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	1	..	2	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	3	3	..	4	4	1..	Column 17.—The number of 4 persons pending at the end of the last year reduced to 2 and transferred to Class V.
„ V	20	560	580	203	354	97	257	184	23	27	1	26	2	380	186	16	419	435	49	358	230	19	54	52	9	473	410	239..	Column 2.—49 cases, including 7 undetected cases of previous years and 1 case transferred from Chapter III.
Total ..	36	699	735	†272	434	117	317	228	29	61	3	58	18	492	246	29	567	596	71	481	294	31	146	143	29	713	624	323	Column 17.—16 persons include 2 persons transferred from Class III.
Other Offences.																													Columns 19.—Out of 435 cases 9 were transferred to foreign territory.
Class VI	..	136	136	3	132	..	132	111	1	1	..	1	1	133	112	..	139	139	1	137	116	1	2	2	2	141	139	118	
GRAND TOTAL ..	36	835	871	‡275	566	117	449	339	30	62	3	59	19	625	358	29	706	735	72	618	410	32	148	145	31	854	763	441	

Note.—These figures relating to the serious offences are included in those given below in their respective classes under the Penal Code.

Details:—

	†	‡
Not investigated	5	5
False cases	260	263
Compounded cases	3	3
Non-cognizable	4	4
	272	275

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	33·33	33·33	20·	20·
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	100·	100·	100·	100·
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Theft	52·24	75·81	59·49	68·85
6. Receiving stolen property ...	45·45	45·45	36·59	36·59
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	59·26	80·	41·66	46·29
Class II	66·66	66·66	44·44	57·14
Class III	44·12	71·43	41·86	54·54
Class IV	100·	100·	100·	100·
Class V	51·97	71·59	55·29	64·24
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	52·53	71·92	52·03	61·12
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	84·09	84·09	84·06	84·67
Grand Total ...	59·89	75·50	58·32	66·34

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
21,173	13,165	62·18	371	269	72·50	2,027

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Shikárpur, 1883.

	CASES.														PERSONS.													REMARKS.
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.								DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.			TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER DISPOSED OF BY TRIAL WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER CONVICTED WITHIN THE YEAR.					
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village). *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.				Details of Column 5.			
																												Cases not investigated under Section 157 (b).	False cases.	Compounded cases.	Cases which turned out to be non-cognizable.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30				
1. Murders	2	15	17	1	13	2	11	6	3	..	..	..	..	13	6	1	26	27	5	16	6	5	..	..	..	26	16	6	..	1	..	..	1 prisoner died.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides..	2	10	12	3	8	2	5	4	1	..	..	..	..	8	4	2	9	11	2	7	4	1	..	..	..	9	7	4	..	3	..	..	In one case one prisoner became insane and was sent to lunatic asylum.
3. Dacoities	..	2	2	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	11	11	..	5	4	6	..	..	..	11	5	4	..	..	..	..	
4. Robberies.. ..	2	18	20	2	18	..	18	13	..	1	..	1	..	19	13	2	36	38	3	35	20	..	3	3	..	39	38	20	..	2	..	..	
5. Thefts	60	1,586	1,646	368	1,225	435	790	614	53	43	..	43	14	1,268	628	55	1,303	1,358	144	1,173	809	40	95	95	20	1,398	1,268	829	8	353	..	7	1 prisoner died.
6. Receiving stolen property. ..	6	226	232	82	115	33	82	40	35	..	..	..	..	115	40	18	360	378	35	187	62	156	6	6	2	366	193	64	..	78	..	4	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																																	
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Class I	7	79	86	37	37	2	35	19	12	34	2	32	9	69	28	16	247	263	22	197	93	44	230	230	41	477	427	134	..	32	..	5	2 prisoners died and in one case one prisoner became insane and was sent to lunatic asylum.
„ II	9	187	196	68	115	9	105	59	13	18	2	16	3	131	62	12	264	276	35	209	92	29	57	42	5	321	251	97	1	51	8	8	
„ III	18	376	394	40	337	159	178	121	17	23	..	23	3	360	124	21	322	343	23	299	171	21	70	70	10	392	369	181	..	40	..	..	
„ IV	..	12	12	8	3	1	2	1	1	8	6	2	1	5	2	..	9	9	3	6	2	..	27	6	4	36	12	6	..	5	3	..	
„ V	59	1,789	1,848	488	1,260	443	817	613	100	93	31	62	17	1,322	630	57	1,572	1,629	187	1,250	800	191	262	159	25	1,334	1,409	825	8	462	6	12	1 prisoner died.
Total ..	93	2,443	2,536	641	1,752	614	1,137	813	143	176	41	135	33	1,887	846	106	2,414	2,520	270	1,961	1,158	285	646	507	85	3,060	2,468	1,243	9	590	17	25	3 prisoners died and in one case one prisoner became insane and was sent to lunatic asylum.
Other Offences.																																	
Class VI	16	813	829	28	782	..	778	708	19	20	..	20	11	802	719	16	898	914	11	882	774	17	30	30	17	928	912	791	..	24	..	4	In four cases four prisoners escaped.
GRAND TOTAL ...	109	3,256	3,365	669	2,534	614	1,915	1,521	162	196	41	155	44	2,689	1,565	122	3,312	3,434	281	2,843	1,932	302	676	537	102	3,988	3,380	2,034	9	614	17	29	3 persons died, in one case one prisoner was sent to lunatic asylum and in four cases four prisoners escaped.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	46·15	54·54	27·27	37·50
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	50·00	80·00	40·00	57·14
3. Dacoities	100·00	100·00	80·00	80·00
4. Robberies	72·22	72·22	52·63	57·14
5. Theft	50·12	77·72	61·38	68·96
6. Receiving stolen property ...	34·78	48·78	27·92	33·15
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	51·35	54·28	42·46	47·20
„ II	51·30	56·19	37·24	44·01
„ III	35·90	67·97	53·10	57·19
„ IV	33·33	50·00	22·22	33·33
„ V	48·65	75·03	55·63	64·00
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	46·40	71·50	51·81	59·05
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	90·53	91·00	86·28	87·75
Grand Total ...	60·02	79·42	61·68	67·95

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
66,302	48,217	72·72	1,362	1,028	75·47	2,425

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. 1., District Upper Sind Frontier, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	14	16	2	13	1	12	12	1	...	...	...	...	13	12	11	40	51	...	48	34	3	5	5	5	45	53	39	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	...	3	3	...	1	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	9	9	1	2	1	6	...	...	...	9	2	1	
3. Dacoities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robberies	...	3	3	2	1	...	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	2	2	...	2	1	...	2	2	...	4	4	1	
5. Thefts	21	545	566	261	275	148	127	111	30	30	23	7	4	282	115	9	(a)238	247	23	205	131	14	25	25	6	263	230	137	(a) Of these 5 were transferred to other districts.
6. Receiving stolen property	7	56	63	27	30	3	27	22	6	2	1	1	...	31	22	8	(b)72	80	10	58	29	11	9	9	2	81	67	31	(b) Of these 1 was transferred to another district.
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Class I	1	9	10	7	3	...	3	2	...	9	4	5	3	8	5	6	35	41	6	35	15	...	61	61	34	96	96	49	(c) 1 of these was accused in 1887 of an offence under sec. 353 and was acquitted in 1888.
,, II	5	51	56	19	30	3	27	25	7	10	5	5	2	35	27	14	89	103	3	82	55	18	27	(c)28	14	116	110	69	
,, III	...	78	78	20	44	26	18	15	14	3	3	...	...	44	15	...	35	35	1	27	17	7	4	4	...	39	31	17	
,, IV	...	4	4	3	1	...	1	1	...	4	1	3	1	4	2	...	4	4	...	4	1	...	9	9	3	13	13	4	(d) Of these 6 were transferred to other districts.
,, V	29	637	666	305	323	160	163	140	38	45	36	9	4	332	144	21	(d)330	351	35	284	167	26	54	54	8	384	338	175	
Total ...	36	779	815	*355	401	189	212	183	59	71	49	22	10	423	193	43	493	536	45	434	255	51	155	156	59	648	590	314	
Other Offences.																													(e) Of these 1 accused who was pending trial under the Salt Act in 1887, was convicted in 1888.
Class VI	...	74	74	17	54	...	54	52	2	85	7	78	73	132	125	5	106	111	7	101	78	3	129	(e)130	104	235	231	182	
GRAND TOTAL ...	36	853	889	†372	455	189	266	235	62	156	56	100	83	555	318	48	599	647	52	535	333	54	284	286	163	883	821	496	

Details :—

	*	†
False cases....	320	337
Non-cognizable	28	28
Compounded	7	7
	355	372

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	92·30	100·	70·83	70·83
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	100·	100·	33·33	50·
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	100·	100·	50·	50·
5. Theft	40·36	87·40	56·22	63·90
6. Receiving stolen property ...	73·33	81·48	42·03	50·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	66·66	66·66	36·59	42·86
Class II	83·33	92·59	64·70	67·07
Class III	24·09	8·33	60 71	62·96
Class IV	100·	100·	25·	25·
Class V	43·34	85·89	51·38	58·80
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	45·64	86·32	52·58	58·76
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	96·30	96·30	72·22	77·23
Grand Total ...	51·65	88·35	56·16	62·24

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
11,874	7,671	64·60	389	260	66·84	3,166

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Ahmedabad, 1888.

	CASES.															PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total Number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	3	9	12	...	10	3	7	5	2	...	...	...	...	10	5	...	31	31	...	29	9	2	..	...	...	31	29	9	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides.	1	20	21	2	16	1	15	11	3	...	...	...	...	16	11	3	32	35	4	29	15	2	...	...	...	32	29	15	
3. Dacoities	2	7	9	...	6	2	4	1	3	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	32	32	...	32	6	...	...	...	...	32	32	6	
4. Robberies	10	44	54	5	36	5	31	22	13	...	...	...	...	36	22	6	80	86	15	63	43	8	...	...	...	80	63	43	
5. Thefts...	140	1,199	1,339	340	832	173	659	505	167	15	...	15	8	847	513	10	1,426	1,436	274	1,141	765	21	36	36	15	1,462	1,177	780	
6. Receiving stolen property.	8	195	203	35	144	10	134	104	24	...	...	...	...	144	104	...	290	290	47	237	170	6	...	...	...	290	237	170	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	5	70	75	21	49	3	46	29	5	2	...	2	1	51	30	15	271	286	19	253	139	14	2	2	1	273	255	140	
,, II	29	259	288	92	167	38	129	77	29	10	...	10	6	177	83	13	371	384	106	263	129	15	15	15	7	386	278	136	
,, III	182	388	570	65	340	187	153	107	165	...	...	...	...	340	107	6	334	340	56	263	163	21	...	...	...	334	263	163	
,, IV	5	46	51	25	19	6	13	5	7	2	...	2	...	21	5	...	48	48	22	26	9	...	...	5	...	53	31	9	
,, V	153	1,508	1,661	425	1,033	200	833	632	203	18	...	18	11	1,051	643	10	1,805	1,815	360	1,428	962	27	39	39	18	1,844	1,467	980	
Total ...	374	2,271	2,645	*628	1,608	434	1,174	850	409	32	...	32	18	1,640	868	44	2,829	2,873	563	2,233	1,402	77	61	61	26	2,890	2,294	1,428	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	4	592	596	12	577	7	570	527	7	5	...	5	4	582	531	...	791	791	19	771	700	1	5	5	4	796	776	704	
GRAND TOTAL ...	378	2,863	3,241	†640	2,185	441	1,744	1,377	416	37	...	37	22	2,222	1,399	44	3,620	3,664	582	3,004	2,102	78	66	66	30	3,686	3,070	2,132	

* *Details* :—

406 Struck off under Section 157.
167 declared by Magistrates to be false.
30 compounded cases.
9 under Section 247.
16 turned out non-cognizable.

628

† *Details* :—

408 Struck off under Section 157.
177 Declared by Magistrate to be false.
30 Compounded.
9 Under section 247.
16 Turned out non-cognizable.

640

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	50·0	71·42	31·03	31·03
2. Attempts at murders and culpable homicides... ...	68·75	73·33	45·45	51·72
3. Dacoities	16·66	25·	18·71	18·71
4. Robberies	61·11	70·96	55·12	68·25
5. Theft	60·69	76·63	54·06	67·04
6. Receiving stolen property ...	72·22	77·61	59·85	71·73
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	59·18	63·04	51·10	54·93
Class II	46·10	59·68	34·95	49·04
Class III	31·47	69·93	51·09	61·97
Class IV	26·31	38·46	18·75	34·61
Class V	61·18	75·87	53·85	67·36
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	52·86	72·40	50·14	62·78
Class VI—Offences under other Laws	91·33	92·45	88·60	90·79
Grand Total ...	63·0	78·95	58·61	69·97

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs. 47,299	Rs. 41,289	87·29	930	896	96·34	Rs. 17,024

Annual Police Statement—Supplimentary No. I., District Kaira, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												Remarks on			
	Police Cases, or Cases investigated by the Police, whether *suo motu* or by order of a Magistrate.									Direct Cases, or Cases, Disposed of without the intervention of the Police.				Total number of real cognizable Cases disposed of.		Persons arrested by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.					Persons otherwise arrested within the year.			Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.				
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	Column.	Column 6.	Cols. 20, 21 & 23.	Details of the total of Column 5.
1. Murders	2	21	23	3	12	6	6	2	8	..	..	..	..	12	2	6	18	24	..	12	4	12	..	..	..	18	12	4	....	....	....	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides.	2	8	10	3	7	..	7	5	..	..	..	..	..	7	5	1	8	9	..	9	6	..	..	..	..	8	9	6	1 case brought to trial which was disposed of as not brought to trial in previous years.	....	....	
3. Dacoities	1	4	5	..	3	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	12	12	..	5	2	7	..	..	..	12	5	2	1 do. ..	....	....	
4. Robberies ..	2	23	25	6	18	6	12	10	1	..	..	..	..	18	10	3	25	28	8	17	13	3	..	..	..	25	17	13	....	....	....	
5. Thefts	16	1,206	1,222	367	847	389	458	390	8	3	..	2	1	849	391	12	731	743	75	652	516	14	3	3	3	734	655	519	9 do. ..	....	2 out of the 4 accused in one case escaped.	
6. Receiving stolen property.	1	89	90	25	65	1	64	52	..	..	..	..	..	65	52	1	94	95	9	86	65	..	2	..	..	96	88	65	....	....	....	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																																
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....	
Class I	3	35	38	7	30	3	26	15	1	..	..	..	..	30	15	..	97	97	5	84	30	7	..	..	..	97	84	30	3 do. ..	In one case the accused escaped.	1 accused in one case escaped.	
„ II	11	209	220	70	134	38	96	58	16	4	—	4	1	138	59	11	177	188	17	142	75	28	21	21	12	198	163	76	4 do. ..	....	1 accused in one case died.	
„ III .. .	12	505	517	71	438	304	134	101	8	..	..	..	..	438	101	7	248	255	37	197	129	19	2	2	2	250	199	131	6 do. ..	....	2 out of the 4 accused in one case escaped.	
„ IV	..	7	7	5	2	..	2	2	..	3	..	3	..	5	2	..	6	6	2	4	4	..	5	5	..	11	9	4	....	....	....	
„ V	8	940	948	381	563	131	432	365	4	7	1	6	2	569	367	9	663	672	61	605	481	6	9	9	2	672	614	483	4 do. ..	....	....	
Total ..	34	1,696	1,730	534	1,167	476	690	541	29	14	1	13	3	1,180	544	27	1,191	1,218	122	1,032	719	60	37	37	5	1,228	1,069	724	17 do. ..	1 do. ..	4	134 not investigated. 345 false cases. 29 compounded. 26 turned out to be non-cognizable. 534
Other Offences.																																
Class VI	9	494	503	30	459	8	451	421	14	3	..	3	3	462	424	9	457	466	10	442	406	14	27	27	27	484	469	433	....	....	....	....
Grand Total ..	43	2,190	2,233	564	1,626	484	1,141	962	43	17	1	16	6	1,642	968	36	1,648	1,684	132	1,474	1,125	74	64	64	32	1,712	1,538	1,157	17 do. ..	1 do. ..	4	134 not investigated. 375 false cases. 29 compounded. 26 turned out to be non-cognizable. 564

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	16·66	33·33	33·33	33·33
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	71·42	71·42	66·66	66·66
3. Dacoities	66·66	100·	40·	40·
4. Robberies	55·55	83·33	52·	76·47
5. Theft	46·04	85·15	70·78	79·14
6. Receiving stolen property ..	80·	81·25	68·42	75·58
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I.	50·	57·69	33·33	35·71
Class II.	43·28	60·41	46·87	52·81
Class III.	23·05	75·37	54·66	65·48
Class IV.	100·	100·	66·66	100·
Class V.	64·83	84·49	72·22	79·50
Total for I. P. C. Cases...	46·35	78·40	62·08	69·67
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws...	91·72	93·34	89·82	91·85
Grand Total...	59·16	84·31	69·87	76·32

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of Cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
20,784	14,274	68·67	464	489	100	511

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Panch Mahâls, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	...	7	7	...	5	...	5	2	2	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	7	7	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	7	7	2	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	1	6	7	1	5	...	5	3	1	...	...	...	...	5	3	...	9	9	...	9	3	...	...	...	...	9	9	3	
3 Dacoities	...	7	7	1	1	...	1	1	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	12	12	...	12	7	...	...	...	...	12	12	7	
4. Robberies	1	7	8	2	5	...	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	7	7	...	7	6	...	...	...	...	7	7	6	
5 Thefts	9	309	318	25	153	...	152	133	140	31	...	31	26	184	159	...	264	264	5	254	209	4	99	99	76	363	353	285	One has ended by the death of one accused, columns 6 and 20.
6. Receiving stolen property.	...	21	21	...	20	...	20	19	1	1	...	1	1	21	20	...	29	29	...	28	24	1	3	3	2	32	31	26	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	4	4	8	...	8	...	8	6	...	1	...	1	1	9	7	1	27	28	...	23	13	...	1	1	1	28	29	14	
,, II	5	45	50	12	28	...	28	17	10	3	...	3	1	31	18	5	73	78	17	55	21	6	6	6	1	79	61	22	
,, III	5	154	159	6	57	...	57	46	96	4	...	4	2	61	48	...	98	98	1	94	71	3	7	7	3	105	101	74	
,, IV	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	1	1	1	3	3	1	
,, V	5	202	207	23	133	...	132	119	51	33	...	33	28	166	147	...	238	238	4	231	192	2	102	102	79	340	333	271	One has ended by the death of one accused, columns 6 and 20.
Total ..	19	406	425	42	226	...	225	188	157	42	...	42	33	268	221	6	438	444	22	410	297	11	117	117	85	555	527	332	The items separately making up the total of column 5 under Indian Penal Code are as noted below :— 6 not investigated under Section 157 (*b*). 32 in which there is no *prima facie* evidence of a cognizable offence. 2 which are compounded. 2 which are non-cognizable.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	4	141	145	2	139	...	139	130	4	1	...	1	1	140	131	1	214	215	4	208	187	3	3	3	3	217	211	190	42
GRAND TOTAL ...	23	547	570	44	365	...	364	318	161	43	...	43	34	408	352	7	652	659	26	618	484	14	120	120	88	772	738	572	The 2 excluded cases under other offences are cases in which there is no *prima facie* evidence of a cognizable offence.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	40·00	40·00	28·57	28·57
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	60·00	60·00	33·33	33·33
3. Dacoities	100·00	100·00	58·33	58·33
4. Robberies	80·00	80·00	85·71	85·71
5. Theft	86·92	87·50	80·38	82·24
6. Receiving stolen properry ...	95·00	95·00	85·71	85·71
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	75·00	75·00	46·42	46·42
Class II	60·71	60·71	29·16	38·18
Class III	80·70	80·70	74·73	75·53
Class IV	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class V	89·47	90·15	81·35	83·11
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	83·18	83·54	68·59	72·44
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws...	93·52	93·52	88·20	89·90
Grand Total ...	87·12	87·36	75·03	78·31

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
3,912	4,054	100·00	253	250	98·81	6,715

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Broach, 1888.

	CASES.															PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released, and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	9	11	2	5	1	4	2	4	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	40	40	1	20	2	19	...	...	...	40	20	2	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	1	7	8	2	5	1	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	14	14	...	13	1	1	...	...	...	14	13	1	
3. Dacoities	...	5	5	1	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	39	39	...	39	14	...	...	...	...	39	39	14	
4. Robberies	1	17	18	10	8	2	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	2	10	12	...	12	1	...	...	...	...	10	12	1	
5. Thefts	51	551	602	242	334	85	248	183	26	6	1	5	3	339	186	12	503	515	5	491	297	16	23	23	6	526	514	303	1 case included in column 6 ended by escape of the accused. 2 persons died and 1 escaped.
6. Receiving stolen property ...	1	27	28	2	26	...	26	21	...	...	...	...	...	26	21	...	43	43	...	43	32	...	...	...	...	43	43	32	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetment	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	..	18	18	6	10	...	10	6	2	6	...	6	6	16	12	...	50	50	10	40	21	...	30	30	5	80	70	26	
,, II	7	96	103	32	57	12	45	18	14	2	..	2	1	59	19	8	252	260	6	193	21	61	2	2	1	254	195	22	
,, III	47	228	275	97	166	113	53	26	12	..	...	...	..	166	26	7	158	165	3	142	43	20	...	...	...	158	142	43	
,, IV	1	11	12	10	2	...	2	1	...	3	...	3	..	5	1	1	10	11	...	11	1	..	5	5	...	15	16	1	
,, V	58	632	690	285	373	93	279	208	32	16	6	10	4	383	212	15	559	574	5	548	333	18	38	37	7	597	585	340	*Vide* above remark.
Total ...	113	985	1,098	*430	608	218	389	259	60	27	6	21	11	629	270	31	1,029	1,060	24	934	419	99	75	74	13	1,104	1,008	432	Includes :— *15 cases compounded, 50 cases decided to be maliciously false, 320 cases false through mistake of law or fact, 15 cases turned out non-cognizable.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	2	259	261	6	248	...	248	232	7	4	...	4	4	252	236	2	278	280	1	272	248	7	14	14	13	292	286	261	
GRAND TOTAL ...	115	1,244	1,359	†436	856	218	637	491	67	31	6	25	15	881	506	33	1,307	1,340	25	1,206	667	106	89	88	26	1,396	1,294	693	†15 cases compounded, 81 cases decided to be maliciously false, 325 cases false through mistake of law or fact, and 15 cases which turned out to be non-cognizable.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	40·00	50·00	9·52	10·00
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	20·00	25·00	7·69	7·69
3. Dacoities*	50·00	50·00	35·89	35·89
4. Robberies	12·50	16·66	8·33	8·33
5. Theft	54·79	73·79	59·51	60·48
6. Receiving stolen property ...	80·76	80·76	74·41	74·41
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	60·00	60·00	42·00	52·50
Class II	31·57	40·00	10·55	10·88
Class III	15·66	49·05	29·65	30·28
Class IV	50·00	50·00	9·09	9·09
Class V	55·76	74·55	59·89	60·76
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	42·59	66·58	43·60	44·86
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	93·54	93·54	90·84	91·17
Grand Total ...	57·35	77·08	54·05	55·30

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7*
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
22,854	13,559	59.32	439	331	75·39	2,265

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	1	3	4	...	3	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	4	7	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	4	5	...	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	1	3	4	...	3	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	3	5	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	3	4	1	
3. Dacoities	1	6	7	...	3	...	3	2	4	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	53	53	...	17	5	36	...	...	...	53	17	5	
4. Robberies	1	12	13	...	10	8	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	10	1	1	4	5	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	4	2	1	
5. Thefts	15	457	472	29	420	156	264	196	23	3	...	3	1	423	197	15	466	481	74	402	289	5	5	5	3	471	407	292	
6. Receiving stolen property	...	34	34	...	31	1	30	27	3	1	...	1	1	32	28	...	47	47	1	42	36	4	2	2	2	49	44	38	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	1	17	18	...	15	...	15	10	3	...	...	...	...	15	10	1	35	36	...	36	10	...	...	...	...	35	36	10	
,, II	6	97	103	16	82	18	64	29	5	3	...	3	1	85	30	10	118	128	8	114	34	6	4	4	1	122	118	35	
,, III	6	96	102	3	52	39	43	29	17	1	...	1	...	83	29	4	120	124	8	78	44	38	1	1	...	121	79	44	
,, IV	...	12	12	...	11	6	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	11	1	...	20	20	8	9	1	3	...	...	...	20	9	1	
,, V	19	550	569	32	509	191	318	238	28	12	...	12	5	521	243	16	559	575	89	477	345	9	22	22	12	581	499	357	
Total ...	32	772	804	51	699	254	445	307	54	16	...	16	6	715	313	31	852	883	113	714	434	56	27	27	13	879	741	447	
Other offences.																													
Class VI	21	473	494	2	491	11	480	436	1	26	...	26	26	517	462	36	504	540	8	532	482	...	30	30	28	531	562	510	
GRAND TOTAL ..	53	1,245	1,298	53	1,190	265	925	713	55	42	...	42	32	1,232	775	67	1,356	1,423	121	1,246	916	56	57	57	41	1,413	1,303	957	

Details of excluded Cases.

Class heads.	Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), C. P. C.	Cases in which there is no *prima facie* evidence of a cognizable offence of false cases.	Cases which have been compounded	Cases which are disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.	Cases which turn out to be non-cognizable.
I	...	...	...	...	...
II	2	2	12	...	...
III	1	2	...	...	...
IV	...	...	...	...	...
V	30	...	2	...	...
VI ... — ...	...	...	2	...	...

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	33·33	33·33	25·	25·
3. Dacoities	66·66	66·66	29·41	29·41
4. Robberies	10·	50·	25·	50·
5. Thefts...	46·66	74·24	60·71	71·89
6. Receiving stolen property ...	87·09	90·	83·72	85·71
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	66·66	66·66	27·77	27·77
Class II	35·36	45·31	27·86	29·82
Class III	35·36	67·44	51·16	56·41
Class IV	9·09	20·	5·88	11·11
Class V	46·75	74·84	60·95	72·32
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	43·91	68·98	52·47	60·78
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	88·79	90·83	89·25	90·60
Grand Total ...	62·43	80·32	67·00	73·51

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
17,360	12,343	1710	360	319	88·61	2,594

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I, District Thána, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												REMARKS.
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	7	9	3	4	..	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	4	1	4	6	10	...	8	1	2	..	...	...	6	8	1	Out of 919 excluded cases—
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	2	12	14	9	4	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	7	12	...	10	1	2	...	...	...	7	10	1	6 Reported under Section 157 (*b*), C. P. C. 95 Declared false and never to have occurred. 730 Struck off.
3. Dacoities	2	9	11	3	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	6	37	43	9	34	14	...	...	...	...	37	34	14	41 Turned out to be non-cognizable. 44 Compounded.
4. Robberies	6	32	38	22	7	...	7	4	9	...	...	...	...	7	4	1	15	16	2	12	9	2	...	...	...	15	12	9	2 Discharged under Section 203, C. P. C.
5. Thefts	111	1,205	1,316	613	440	...	440	332	263	120	5	115	52	555	384	10	760	770	12	747	488	11	294	291	72	1,054	1,033	561	1 Do. do. 247, C. P. C.
6. Receiving stolen property	1	32	33	3	29	...	29	22	1	6	1	5	2	34	24	...	51	53	...	50	36	1	9	8	3	60	58	39	919
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													Out of 961 excluded cases—
Abetments	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6 Reported under Section 157 (*b*), C. P. C. 102 Declared false and never to have occurred. 764 Struck off.
Class I	4	29	33	13	20	...	20	10	...	14	3	11	4	31	14	4	149	153	...	153	43	...	73	73	12	222	226	55	42 Turned out to be non-cognizable. 44 Compounded.
,, II	24	187	211	106	77	...	77	46	28	26	6	20	9	97	55	10	179	189	1	169	60	19	62	59	18	241	228	78	2 Discharged under Section 203, C. P. C. 1 Do. do. 247, C. P. C.
,, III	25	283	308	71	108	..	108	85	129	11	1	10	1	118	86	12	264	276	11	247	161	18	21	21	2	285	268	163	961
,, IV	2	32	34	25	8	...	8	2	1	16	11	5	...	13	2	...	46	46	...	45	2	1	20	20	...	66	65	2	Out of 159 excluded cases—
,, V	118	1,227	1,345	704	471	...	471	333	170	355	138	217	65	688	398	1	830	831	12	815	462	4	704	700	90	1,534	1,515	552	38 Discharged under Section 247, C. P. C. 22 Do. do. 203, C. P. C. 11 Struck off. 4 Non-cognizable. 84 Compounded.
Total ...	174	1,758	1,932	919	685	...	685	476	328	422	159	263	79	948	555	28	1,468	1,496	24	1,430	728	42	880	873	122	2,348	2,303	850	159
Other Offences.																													Out of 164 excluded cases—
Class VI...	15	1,308	1,323	42	1,253	...	1,253	1,144	28	177	5	172	112	1,425	1,256	8	1,433	1,441	7	1,407	1,247	27	334	333	191	1,767	1,740	1,438	40 Discharged under Section 247, C. P. C. 23 Do. do. 203, C. P. C. 11 Struck off. 6 Non-cognizable. 84 Compounded.
GRAND TOTAL ...	189	3,066	3,255	961	1,938	...	1,938	1,620	356	599	164	435	191	2,373	1,811	36	2,901	2,937	31	2,837	1,975	69	1,214	1,206	313	4,115	4,043	2,288	164

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	25·00	25·00	12·50	12·50
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	25·00	25·00	10·00	10·00
3. Dacoities	100·00	100·00	32·55	41·17
4. Robberies	57·14	57·14	64·28	75·00
5. Theft	75·45	75·45	64·29	65·32
6. Receiving stolen property ...	75·86	75·86	72·00	72·00
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I.	50·00	50·00	28·10	28·10
Class II.	59·74	59·74	35·29	35·50
Class III.	78·70	78·70	62·40	65·18
Class IV.	25·00	25·00	4·40	4·40
Class V.	70·70	70·70	55·86	56·68
Total for I. P. C. cases ...	69·48	69·48	50·06	50·90
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	91·30	91·30	88·18	88·62
Grand Total ...	83·59	83·59	68·87	69·61

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of Cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
13,687	8,692	63·50	587	547	93·18	21,853

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Ahmednagar, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	2	30
1. Murders	...	11	11	1	10	...	10	7	...	...	...	...	...	10	7	...	25	25	...	25	12	...	...	...	...	25	25	12	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	1	4	5	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	...	In one case the accused committed suicide before arrest.
3. Dacoities	1	6	7	1	4	...	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	18	18	...	18	3	...	...	...	...	18	18	3	
4. Robberies	4	37	41	30	6	2	4	4	5	...	...	...	...	6	4	...	8	8	1	7	5	...	...	...	...	8	7	5	
5. Thefts	85	592	677	450	170	39	131	123	57	5	2	3	2	173	125	3	271	274	12	261	197	1	25	25	5	296	286	202	
6. Receiving stolen property ...	1	34	35	6	28	...	28	25	1	...	...	...	...	28	25	...	44	44	...	44	28	...	...	...	...	44	44	28	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	3	30	33	20	13	...	13	13	...	2	...	2	1	15	14	...	23	23	...	23	13	...	10	10	1	33	33	14	
,, II	11	105	116	72	30	1	27	23	14	5	5	...	...	30	23	2	70	72	2	65	39	4	9	9	...	79	74	39	In one case the accused died after arrest and in the other the accused committed suicide before arrest.
,, III	68	332	400	220	103	59	44	39	77	2	2	...	...	103	39	3	106	109	2	103	60	4	9	9	...	115	112	60	
,, IV	4	38	42	36	5	2	3	3	1	14	14	...	...	5	3	...	7	7	...	7	7	...	56	56	...	63	63	7	
,, V	101	796	897	616	211	40	171	158	70	81	60	21	15	232	173	4	362	366	12	351	238	3	186	186	26	548	537	264	
Total ...	187	1,301	1,488	964*	362	102	258	236	162	104	81	23	16	385	252	9	568	577	16	549	357	11	270	270	27	838	819	384	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI...	8	754	762	38	722	2	719	715	2	27	4	23	23	745	738	7	770	777	...	776	726	...	28	28	23	798	804	749	In one last year's case the accused absconded while on bail before Magistrate.
GRAND TOTAL ...	195	2,055	2,250	1,002†	1,084	104	977	951	164	131	85	46	39	1,130	990	16	1,338	1,354	16	1,325	1,083	11	298	298	50	1,636	1,623	1,133	

	*	†
Maliciously false	37	38
Non-cognizable	45	49
Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*)...	4	4
Compounded...	42	43
Mistaken complaints	836	868
Total ...	964	1,002

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	70·	70·	48·	48·
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Dacoities	50·	50·	16·6	16·6
4. Robberies	66·6	100·	62·5	71·4
5. Theft	72·3	93·8	72·1	75·4
6. Receiving stolen property ...	89·2	89·2	63·6	63·6
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I.	100·	100·	56·5	56·5
Class II.	76·6	85·1	57·3	60·
Class III.	37·8	88·6	57·1	58·2
Class IV.	60·	100·	100·	100·
Class V.	74·8	92·3	65·5	67·8
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	65·1	91·4	63·	65·
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	99·	99·4	93·4	93·5
Grand Total ...	87·6	97·3	80·6	81·7

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
18,324	12,614	68·8	270	230	85·1	18,204

	CASES.															PERSONS.												REMARKS.										
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.						PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.			TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER DISPOSED OF BY TRIAL WITHIN THE YEAR.	TOTAL NUMBER CONVICTED WITHIN THE YEAR.	DETAILS OF COLUMN 5.				DETAILS OF COLUMN 6.			DETAILS OF COLUMN 9.		
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.				Not investigated under Section 157 (b), Criminal Procedure Code.	In which there is no *prima facie* evidence or false case.	Compounded cases.	Disposed of under Section 247, C.P.C.	Turned out to be non-cognizable.	Cases ended by death of accused.	Do. Lunacy of the accused.	Do. escape of the accused.	Number of persons died.	Do. became lunatics.	Do. escaped.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30										
1. Murders	4	16	20	...	11	...	11	5	9	...	...	...	...	11	5	4	36	40	1	36	13	1	...	...	...	36	36	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
2. Attempts at murder and Culpable homicides ...	4	8	12	6	2	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	2	2	5	6	11	5	6	3	...	...	...	...	6	6	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dacoities	4	40	44	10	15	...	15	5	19	...	...	...	...	15	5	2	90	92	16	72	25	4	...	...	...	90	72	25	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Robberies	21	38	59	21	13	...	13	3	25	...	...	...	...	13	3	5	34	39	6	33	8	...	2	2	...	36	35	8	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Thefts	426	1,376	1,802	421	480	13	467	326	901	13	5	8	4	488	330	22	964	986	144	805	527	37	29	29	4	993	834	531	10	357	...	...	54	...	...	...	...	...
6. Receiving stolen property	5	49	54	5	44	2	42	38	5	1	...	1	1	45	39	1	85	86	8	77	61	1	3	3	1	88	80	62	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																																						
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class I.	6	55	61	23	28	2	26	16	10	5	...	5	5	33	21	14	76	90	20	70	38	...	20	20	10	96	90	48	...	21	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
,, II.	32	170	202	86	72	5	67	33	44	1	...	1	...	73	33	20	151	171	26	137	51	5	6	6	...	157	143	51	5	79	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
,, III.	304	583	887	100	124	2	122	62	663	4	1	3	...	127	62	18	280	298	30	257	117	11	6	6	...	286	263	117	3	89	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...
,, IV.	10	54	64	28	13	1	12	5	23	5	2	3	1	16	6	1	20	21	1	20	6	...	14	14	...	34	34	6	...	27	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, V.	584	1,756	2,340	552	616	22	594	406	1,172	25	8	17	5	633	411	34	1,189	1,223	176	1,008	640	39	54	54	7	1,243	1,062	647	14	455	10	4	69	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	936	2,618	3,554	789	853	32	821	522	1,912	40	11	29	11	882	533	87	1,716	1,803	253	1,492	852	55	100	100	17	1,816	1,592	869	22	671	12	5	79	...	...	...	2	...	1
Other Offences.																																						
Class VI.	26	421	447	40	392	3	389	331	15	18	...	18	12	410	343	20	524	544	13	524	423	6	18	18	12	542	542	435	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Grand Total ...	962	3,039	4,001	829	1,245	35	1,210	853	1,927	58	11	47	23	1,292	876	107	2,240	2,347	266	2,016	1,275	61	118	118	29	2,358	2,134	1,304	22	711	12	5	79	...	...	...	2	...	2

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	45	45	33	36
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	100	100	27	50
3. Dacoities	33	33	28	35
4. Robberies	23	23	21	24
5. Theft	68	70	56	65
6. Receiving stolen property ...	86	90	72	79
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	57	62	42	54
Class II	46	49	31	37
Class III	50	51	41	46
Class IV	38	42	29	30
Class V	66	68	54	63
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	61	64	49	57
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	84	85	79	81
Grand Total ...	69	70	56	63

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5,	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
56,823	26,050	46	936	686	73	1,01,791

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	Police Cases, or Cases investigated by the Police, whether *suo motu* or by order of a Magistrate.									Direct Cases, or Cases disposed of without the intervention of the Police.				Total No. of real Cognizable Cases disposed of.		Persons arrested by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.						Persons otherwise arrested within the year.			Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	Remarks.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	10	12	...	9	1	8	3	3	...	...	...	...	9	3	5	17	22*	...	14	4	7	...	...	...	17	14	4	* In one case there were 7 accused of whom 1 died.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	...	3	3	...	3	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	5	5	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	5	2	1	
3. Dacoities	1	4	5	...	4	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	29	29	...	28	18	1	...	...	...	29	28	18	
4. Robberies	1	29	30	11	18	2	16	7	1	...	...	...	...	18	7	...	27	27	1	25	12	1	4	4	...	31	29	12	
5. Thefts	39	757	796	374	420†	153	266	223	2	20	10	10	2	430	225	13	498	511†	28	466	349	16	52	52	6	550	518	355	† In one case 1 accused escaped.
6. Receiving stolen property	1	13	14	4	10	...	10	8	...	1	...	1	1	11	9	1	27	28	...	28	14	...	2	2	1	29	30	15	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	...	21	21	9	12	3	9	8	...	11	5	6	1	18	9	...	79	79	17	62	41	...	47	47	1	126	109	42	
,, II	4	114	118	51	62	6	56	30	5	11	7	4	2	66	32	8	115	123‡	12	99	48	11	21	21	3	136	120	51	‡ In one case there were 7 accused of whom 1 died.
,, III	16	261	277	105	170	90	80	57	2	20	15	5	...	175	57	8	185	193	17	171	108	5	17	17	1	202	188	109	
,, IV	1	13	14	9	5	1	4	2	...	15	14	1	...	6	2	1	4	5	...	5	2	...	26	26	...	30	31	2	
,, V	39	674	713	363	346§	97	248	205	4	133	83	50	19	396	224	11	460	471§	30	427	311	13	233	233	31	693	660	342	§ In one case 1 accused escaped.
Total ...	60	1,083	1,143	537‖	595	197	397	302	11	190	124	66	22	661	324	28	843	871	76	764	510	29	344	344	36	1,187	1,108	546	‖ Compounded and withdrawn ... 4 False cases ... ... 518 Non-cognizable ... 15 537
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	1	607	608	39	568	8	560	530	1	85	15	70	65	638	595	2	621	623	14	608	561	1	125	125	75	746	733	636	
Grand Total ...	61	1,690	1,751	576¶	1,163	205	957	832	12	275	139	136	87	1,299	919	30	1,464	1,494	90	1,372	1,071	30	469	469	111	1,933	1,841	1,182	¶ Compounded and withdrawn ... 5 False cases ... ... 556 Non-cognizable ... 15 576

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	33·33	37·50	26·66	28·57
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	33·33	50·	33·33	50·
3. Dacoities	75·	100·	64·28	64·28
4. Robberies	39.	43·75	46·15	48·
5. Thefts...	53·09	83·83	70·50	74·89
6. Receiving stolen property ...	80·	80·	50·	50·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	66·66	88·88	51·89	66·12
Class II	48·38	53·57	42·85	48·48
Class III	32·52	71·25	57·44	63·15
Class IV	40·	50·	40·	40·
Class V	59·24	82·66	67·90	72·83
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	50·75	76·07	60·57	66·75
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	93·30	94·64	90·19	92·26
Grand Total ...	71·53	86·93	73·15	78·06

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
53,073	16,787	31·63	580	433	74·65	6,378

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Poona, 1883.

	CASES.															PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISH ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	5	15	20	4	9	1	8	2	7	..	..	..	..	9	2	..	28	28	1	24	2	3	..	..	..	28	24	2	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides..	2	8	10	3	3	..	3	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	3	..	5	5	..	4	3	1	..	..	..	5	4	3	
3. Dacoities	12	8	20	3	3	..	3	1	14	..	..	..	..	3	1	6	1	7	..	7	1	..	..	..	..	1	7	1	
4. Robberies.. ..	30	31	61	29	12	4	8	5	20	1	..	1	..	13	5	5	20	25	3	22	6	..	2	2	..	22	24	6	
5. Thefts	209	1,402	1,611	552	548	26	522	373	511	22	..	22	5	570	378	4	788	792	89	697	426	6	51	50	5	839	747	431	
6. Receiving stolen property. ..	3	57	60	6	50	..	50	31	4	1	..	1	..	51	31	2	65	67	1	63	34	3	2	2	..	67	65	34	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Class I	3	50	53	24	24	..	24	12	5	11	..	11	2	35	14	..	96	98	1	90	16	5	95	90	7	191	180	23	
„ II	19	157	176	67	71	.	71	38	38	27	5	22	7	93	45	1	142	143	16	118	53	9	52	52	8	194	170	61	
„ III	161	330	491	149	78	10	68	38	264	8	1	7	2	85	40	11	121	132	13	118	57	1	19	17	2	140	135	59	
„ IV	2	33	35	21	7	..	7	3	7	38	6	32	6	39	9	..	22	22	3	19	3	..	67	67	10	89	86	13	
„ V	250	1,607	1,857	651	668	18	650	441	538	212	72	140	37	808	478	6	1,003	1,009	91	947	512	11	430	430	50	1,433	1,337	562	
Total ..	435	2,177	2,612	912*	848	28	820	532	852	296	84	212	54	1,060	586	18	1,384	1,402	124	1,252	641	26	663	656	77	2,047	1,908	718	* 847 False-cases. 30 Non-cognizable. 30 Compounded. 1 Disposd of under Section 247, C. P. C. 4 Do. do. 157*b*.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	57	2,817	2,874	95†	2,634	22	2,662	2,403	95	310	15	295	225	2,979	2,628	5	2,847	2,852	87	2,745	2,443	20	559	546	372	3,406	3,291	2,815	
GRAND TOTAL ...	492	4,994	5,486	1,007	3,532	50	3,482	2,935	947	606	99	507	279	4,039	3,214	23	4,231	4,254	211	3,997	3,084	46	1,222	1,202	449	5,453	5,199	3,533	† False-cases.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	22	25	8	8
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	100	100	75	75
3. Dacoities	33	33	14	14
4. Robberies	41	62	24	27
5. Theft	68	71	54	61
6. Receiving stolen property ...	62	62	53	53
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	50	50	17	17
Class II	53	53	39	44
Class III	48	55	43	48
Class IV	42	42	13	15
Class V	66	67	51	56
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	62	64	46	51
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	89	90	86	88
Grand Total ...	83	84	73	77

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
36,587	13,587	37	845	598	70	96,274

	CASES.															PERSONS.														
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	6	10	16	4	9	..	9	5	3	..	..	..	..	9	5	3	13	16	..	15	7	1	..	..	..	13	15	7	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicide ..	3	7	10	5	2	1	1	..	3	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	
3. Dacoities	3	1	4	..	4	1	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	9	5	14	..	14	2	..	..	..	..	5	14	2	
4. Robberies	5	40	45	32	4	..	4	1	9	1	..	1	..	5	1	..	10	10	..	8	2	2	2	2	..	12	10	2	
5. Thefts	282	996	1,278	558	473	183	290	197	247	22	..	22	19	495	216	3	403	406	18	382	244	6	108	108	61	511	490	305	
6. Receiving stolen property ..	..	5	5	..	5	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	6	6	..	6	5	..	..	..	..	6	6	5	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Class I	8	49	57	27	20	1	19	11	10	5	4	1	..	21	11	8	15	23	..	23	19	..	68	68	8	83	91	27	
,, II	39	180	219	107	83	14	69	36	29	11	1	10	6	93	42	7	60	67	3	61	30	3	103	102	40	163	163	70	
,, III	53	181	234	107	82	46	36	19	45	11	2	9	1	91	20	9	52	61	2	56	33	3	35	29	4	87	85	37	
,, IV	11	52	63	43	14	..	14	4	6	22	13	9	4	23	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	76	76	19	76	76	19	
,, V	339	1,256	1,595	729	588	185	403	239	278	142	39	103	46	691	285	7	427	434	18	410	265	6	604	604	166	1,031	1,014	431	
Total ..	450	1,718	2,168	1,013*	787	246	541	309	368	191	59	132	57	919	266	31	554	585	23	550	347	12	886	879	237	1,440	1,429	584	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	2	251	253	11	211	..	1 2	193	31	20	..	20	10	231	203	..	207	207	1	205	191	1	44	44	18	251	249	209	
GRAND TOTAL ..	452	1,969	2,421	1,024†	998	246	752	502	399	211	59	152	67	1,150	569	31	761	792	24	755	538	13	930	923	255	1,691	1,678	793	

Details.

*18 Compounded.
982 False cases.
4 Under Section 157 (*b*).
8 Turned out non-cognizable.
1 Disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.
1,013

†18 Compounded.
992 False cases.
4 Under Section 157 (*b*).
9 Turned out non-cognizable.
1 Disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.
1,024

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	56	56	47	47
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Dacoities	25	33	14	14
4. Robberies	25	25	25	25
5. Theft	42	68	61	64
6. Receiving stolen property ...	100	100	83	83
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	55	58	83	83
„ II	42	52	47	49
„ III	23	53	57	59
„ IV	29	29	.....	.....
„ V	41	59	62	65
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	39	57	61	63
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	91	91	93	93
Grand Total ...	50	67	69	71

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
61,818	31,081	50	539	385	71	23,871

	CASES.															PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	...	11	11	...	5	...	5	1	6	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	16	16	1	13	2	2	4	4	...	20	17	2	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	...	4	4	1	2	....	2	1	1	1	...	1	...	3	1	...	3	3	...	3	1	...	1	1	...	4	4	1	1 False case.
3. Dacoities	5	3	8	1	3	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	1 Do.
4. Robberies	7	35	42	19	6	2	4	2	17	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	18	18	12	6	5	...	1	1	...	19	7	5	19 Do.
5. Thefts	101	508	609	258	153	21	132	106	198	1	...	1	...	154	106	10	214	224	41	181	129	2	5	5	...	219	186	129	246 Do., 9 not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
6. Receiving stolen property	4	8	12	...	12	..	12	9	...	...	..	...	...	12	9	8	28	36	9	27	18	...	...	..	...	28	27	18	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	2	42	44	20	13	...	13	7	11	8	...	8	1	21	8	...	36	36	...	35	7	1	67	67	5	103	102	12	20 False cases.
,, II	13	99	112	34	52	7	45	21	26	9	...	9	3	61	24	2	73	75	14	57	22	4	21	21	4	94	78	26	34 Do.
,, III	65	238	303	121	46	5	41	22	136	4	...	4	...	50	22	2	88	90	23	67	27	...	11	11	...	99	78	27	121 Do.
,, IV	4	24	28	19	5	...	5	1	4	19	5	14	3	19	4	...	8	8	...	8	1	...	31	31	3	39	39	4	18 Do., 1 not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
,, V	133	662	795	374	192	21	171	123	229	85	26	59	16	251	139	19	275	294	51	240	156	3	180	180	23	455	420	179	365 Do., 9 do.
Total ...	217	1,065	1,282	568	308	33	275	174	406	125	31	94	23	402	197	23	480	503	88	407	213	8	310	310	35	790	717	248	558 Do., 10 do.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	1	133	134	2	128	6	122	96	4	44	...	44	35	172	131	...	142	142	6	136	104	...	73	73	56	215	209	160	2 Do.
GRAND TOTAL ...	218	1,198	1,416	570	436	39	397	270	410	169	31	138	58	574	328	23	622	645	94	543	317	8	383	383	91	1,005	926	408	560 Do., 10 not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	20	20	14	15
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides... ...	50	50	33	33
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	33	50	28	83
5. Theft	69	80	58	71
6. Receiving stolen property ...	75	75	50	67
Abetments...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	54	54	20	20
Class II	40	47	31	39
Class III	48	54	30	40
Class IV	20	20	13	13
V	64	72	54	65
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	56	63	43	52
Class VI—Offences under other Laws	75	79	73	76
Grand Total ...	62	68	50	58

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
7,049	4,534	64	172	162	94	22,220

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Belgaum, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total Number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	19	21	...	16	2	14	5	5	...	...	...	...	16	5	...	31	31	2	23	6	6	1	1	...	* 32	24	6	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides.	1	5	6	...	4	...	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	4	1	3	4	7	...	6	1	1	...	...	...	4	6	1	
3. Dacoities	2	8	10	4	1	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	7	7	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	7	2	...	
4. Robberies	8	18	26	13	9	1	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	9	4	...	19	19	...	19	5	...	...	...	...	19	19	5	
5. Thefts...	227	468	695	144	318	81	236	167	233	5	...	5	3	323	170	21	399	420	17	397	250	5	15	15	4	414	412	254	
6. Receiving stolen property.	...	8	8	...	8	...	8	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	4	...	10	10	...	10	4	...	...	...	...	10	10	4	(*a*) 8 Non-cognizable cases. 1 Under Section 157*b*. 239 False cases. 6 Compounded. 254
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	2	9	11	...	7	1	6	4	4	2	...	2	1	9	5	...	21	21	1	19	17	1	7	7	6	28	26	23	
,, II	38	136	174	36	99	4	95	51	39	4	...	4	...	103	51	9	156	165	5	151	57	9	14	14	1	170	165	58	
,, III	57	121	178	36	74	41	33	18	68	...	...	...	...	74	18	2	66	68	4	58	26	6	3	3	...	69	61	26	
,, IV	1	24	25	11	9	...	9	3	5	1	...	1	...	10	3	...	12	12	1	11	4	...	12	12	...	24	23	4	
,, V	260	545	805	171	369	98	270	186	265	12	2	10	3	379	189	22	447	469	18	445	278	5	39	39	5	486	484	283	(*b*) 9 Non-cognizable cases. 248 False cases. 6 Compounded. 1 Under Section 157*b*. 264
Total ...	358	835	1,193	(*a*) 254	558	144	413	262	381	19	2	17	4	575	266	33	702	735	29	684	382	21	75	75	12	777	759	394	(*c*) 1 case ended by lunacy. (*d*) 1 person became lunatic. * In this 2 undetected cases of 1885 have been included.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	7	453	460	10	444	1	443	404	6	7	...	7	7	451	411	...	484	484	5	479	428	...	8	8	7	492	487	435	
GRAND TOTAL ...	*365	1,288	1,653	(*b*) 264	(*c*)1,002	145	856	666	387	26	2*	24	11	1,026	677	33	1,186	1,219	34	(*d*)1,163	810	21	83	83	19	1,269	1,246	829	

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	31·2	35·7	24·	26·
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	25·	25·	16·6	16·6
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	44·4	50·	26·3	26·3
5. Theft	52·5	70·7	60·2	62·9
6. Receiving stolen property ...	50·	50·	40·	40·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	57·1	66·6	85·	89·4
Class II	51·5	53·6	36·5	37·7
Class III	24·3	54·5	41·9	44·8
Class IV	33·3	33·3	33·3	36·3
Class V	50·4	68·8	59·9	62·4
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	46·9	63·4	53·5	55·8
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	90·9	91·1	88·4	89·3
Grand Total ...	66·4	77·8	67·6	69·6

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which Property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3.	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
39,762	23,334	58·6	396	288	72·7	10,194

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Bijápur, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	3	11	14	1	13	3	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	13	5	...	26	26	5	21	7	...	...	...	...	26	21	7	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	1	4	5	...	5	1	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	1	3	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	3	4	4	
3. Dacoities	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robberies	3	15	18	8	6	2	4	2	4	2	...	2	1	8	3	...	14	14	4	10	3	...	4	4	1	18	14	4	
5. Thefts	82	341	423	151	242	80	162	117	30	7	...	7	1	249	118	13	307	320	36	274	189	10	21	20	4	328	294	193	
6. Receiving stolen property.	5	12	17	...	16	...	16	13	1	1	...	1	...	17	13	3	23	26	...	25	20	1	2	2	1	25	27	21	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	5	37	42	12	23	...	23	18	7	3	...	3	...	26	18	18	129	147	...	118	85	29	46	46	...	175	164	85	
,, II	21	104	125	47	70	9	59	41	8	13	1	12	...	82	41	19	102	121	12	100	54	9	38	37	1	140	137	55	
,, III	28	111	139	50	75	42	33	19	14	2	...	2	1	77	20	...	96	96	7	86	49	3	8	8	1	104	94	50	
,, IV	2	25	27	18	6	...	6	3	3	9	2	7	1	13	4	1	22	23	...	20	3	3	13	13	1	35	33	4	
,, V	140	445	585	202	346	160	186	139	37	41	3	38	8	384	147	16	341	357	38	308	215	11	102	102	14	443	410	229	
Total ..	196	722	918	329	520	211	307	220	69	68	6	62	10	582	230	54	690	744	57	632	406	55	207	206	17	897	838	423	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	5	85	90	20	68	2	66	56	2	25	...	25	15	93	71	2	100	102	1	101	73	...	42	42	22	142	143	95	
GRAND TOTAL ...	*201	807	1,008	349	588	213	373	276	71	93	6	87	25	675	301	56	790	846	58	733	479	55	249	248	39	1,039	981	518	

Details of cases entered in column 5 under Grand Total:—
323 False cases.
15 Compounded.
1 Disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.
10 Turned out non-cognizable.
349

Those under I. P. C.:—
303 False cases.
15 Compounded.
1 Disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.
10 Turned out non-cognizable.
329

Of the 588 cases entered in column 6, 2 ended by the death of the accused who committed suicide before arrest.

* 19 cases of year previous to last year were disposed of in 1888.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	38·4	62·5	26·9	33·3
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	80·	100·	100·	100·
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	33·3	50·	21·4	30·
5. Theft	48·3	72·2	60·9	68·9
6. Receiving stolen property ...	81·2	81·2	80·	80·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	78·2	78·2	72·3	72·03
Class II	58·5	69·4	48·2	54·
Class III	25·3	57·5	52·6	56·9
Class IV	50·	50·	15·	15·
Class V	40·1	74·7	62·1	69·8
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	42·3	71·6	53·9	64·2
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws...	82·3	84·8	71·5	72·2
Grand Total ...	46·9	73·9	60·5	65·3

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					
18,853	17,230	91·3	251	221	88·04	6,550

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Dhárwár, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES, DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NUMBER OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	36
1. Murders	..	10	10	..	10	2	8	4	...	..	..	..	..	10	4	4	26	30	..	30	5	..	..	..	..	26	30	5	
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides.	..	5	5	1	3	1	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	13	14	..	12	1	2	..	..	..	13	12	1	1 person in column 22 convicted in a case that was disposed of by trial in 1887.
3. Dacoities	1	8	9	3	6	3	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	17	17	..	17	2	..	..	..	..	17	17	2	
4. Robberies ..	3	43	46	35	8	5	3	2	3	..	..	..	..	8	2	..	6	6	1	5	3	..	..	..	..	6	5	3	
5. Thefts	46	676	722	291	358	198	160	134	73	11	5	6	5	364	139	17	340	357	40	300	207	16	27	27	7	367	327	214	1 died before trial ; case excluded.
6. Receiving stolen property.	2	8	10	1	9	..	9	7	...	2	1	1	1	10	8	1	15	16	..	16	9	..	2	2	1	17	18	10	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Class I	4	21	25	9	9	1	8	3	7	16	9	7	4	16	7	17	75	92	7	79	17	6	83	83	12	158	162	29	
,, II	15	131	146	75	54	13	41	24	17	8	2	6	2	60	26	6	144	150	8	138	33	4	23	23	2	167	161	35	
,, III	12	233	245	75	158	124	34	25	12	2	..	2	..	160	25	..	78	78	2	74	32	2	8	7	..	86	81	22	
,, IV	7	41	48	42	3	1	2	1	3	9	8	1	1	4	2	1	29	30	..	28	1	2	20	20	2	49	48	3	
,, V	60	855	915	366	463	282	181	150	86	43	29	14	12	477	162	22	407	429	42	367	229	19	89	89	22	496	456	251	1 died before trial ; case excluded.
Total ..	98	1,281	1,379	567*	687	421	266	203	125	78	48	30	19	717	222	46	733	779	59	686	312	33	223	222	38	956	908	350	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	7	103	110	28	66	2	64	62	16	16	5	11	7	77	69	2	112	114	..	105	95	8	20	20	8	132	125	103	1 absconded while under bail.
GRAND TOTAL ..	105	1,384	1,489	595†	753	423	330	265	141	94	53	41	26	794	291	48	845	893	59	791	407	41	243	242	46	1,088	1,033	453	

Details as under :—

* 3 Not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
524 False cases.
14 Compounded.
26 Turned out non-cognizable.
567

† 3 not investigated under Section 157 (*b*), Criminal Procedure Code.
548 False cases.
14 Compounded.
30 Turned out non-cognizable.
595

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	40·	50·	16·6	16·6
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	.....	.....	8·3	8·3
3. Dacoities	16·6	33·3	11·7	11·7
4. Robberies	25·	66·6	50·	60·
5. Theft	37·4	83·7	60·7	69·
6. Receiving stolen property ...	77·7	77·7	56·2	56·2
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I.	33·3	37·5	19·7	21·5
Class II.	44·4	58·5	22·6	23·9
Class III.	15·8	73·5	42·1	43·2
Class IV.	33·3	50·	3·5	3·5
Class V.	32·3	82·8	55·8	62·3
Total for I. P. C. Cases...	29·5	76·3	41·8	45·4
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws...	93·9	96·8	89·6	90·4
Grand Total...	35·1	80·3	47·7	51·4

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of Cases in which		Percentage of cases in which Property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of Property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
60,165	21,818	36·2	476	304	63·8	6,373

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. I., District Kánara, 1888.

	CASES.														PERSONS.												
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	1	2	3	...	*1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	*In this case the accused is lunatic.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	...	2	2	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	
3. Dacoities	7	19	26	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robberies	7	29	36	20	3	2	1	...	13	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	
5. Thefts	134	462	596	186	172	38	134	110	238	16	...	16	9	188	119	12	217	229	9	217	159	3	30	30	12	247	247	171	
6. Receiving stolen property	...	11	11	1	10	...	10	6	...	1	...	1	...	11	6	...	21	21	...	21	8	...	1	1	...	22	22	8	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	4	5	9	1	5	...	5	3	3	7	...	7	2	12	5	6	8	14	...	12	8	2	38	38	7	46	50	15	
,, II	7	51	58	21	30	5	23	11	7	6	...	6	4	36	15	3	38	41	...	38	12	1	17	17	14	55	55	26	One case ended by death of 1 accused. One accused in 1 case is lunatic.
,, III	21	98	119	36	23	3	20	14	60	3	...	3	1	26	15	...	23	23	...	23	15	...	8	8	3	31	31	18	
,, IV	1	10	11	9	2	...	2	1	...	5	...	5	1	7	2	...	3	3	...	3	1	...	19	19	2	22	22	3	
,, V	143	538	681	227	201	43	158	122	253	24	...	24	11	225	133	13	251	264	9	252	173	3	43	43	13	294	295	186	
Total ...	176	702	878	†294	261	51	208	151	323	45	...	45	19	306	170	22	323	345	9	328	209	6	125	125	39	448	453	248	
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	3	49	52	3	48	...	47	41	1	77	...	77	49	125	90	...	77	77	...	77	70	...	93	93	56	170	170	126	One case ended by the death of an accused. The accused died before he was arrested.
GRAND TOTAL ..	179	751	930	†297	309	51	255	192	324	122	...	122	68	431	260	22	400	422	9	405	279	6	218	218	95	618	623	374	

Details as under:—

†169 not investigated under Section 157*b*, Criminal Procedure Code.
118 false cases.
4 compounded.
3 turned out non-cognizable.
294

†170 not investigated under Section 157*b*, Criminal Procedure Code.
120 false cases.
4 compounded.
3 turned out non-cognizable.
297

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases, ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Theft	64	82	70	73
6. Receiving stolen property ...	60	60	38	38
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	60	60	67	67
Class II	37	48	30	32
Class III	61	70	65	65
Class IV	50	50	33	33
Class V	61	77	66	69
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	58	73	62	64
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	85	87	91	91
Grand Total ...	62	75	67	69

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
13,722	8,244	60	180	171	95	32,451

	CASES.														PERSONS.											
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year, whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	1	7	8	1	6	...	6	3	1	...	...	...	...	6	3	4	9	13	...	13	3	...	...	...	...	9	13	3	1 false.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides.	1	5	6	1	4	...	4	4	1	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	8	9	...	5	4	4	...	...	...	8	5	4	1 non-cognizable.
3. Dacoities	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 false.
4. Robberies	1	30	31	25	3	...	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	6	6	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	6	6	3	18 false and 7 non-cognizable.
5. Thefts	33	682	715	483	185	...	185	148	97	24	14	10	6	195	154	1	307	308	4	300	212	4	78	42	8	385	342	220	1 not investigated under Section 157*b*, 416 false, 16 non-cognizable.
6. Receiving stolen property.	...	13	13	...	13	...	13	13	...	1	...	1	...	14	13	...	19	19	...	19	19	...	1	1	...	20	20	19	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	2	69	71	45	19	...	19	18	7	6	5	1	...	20	18	...	104	104	...	71	42	33	27	27	...	131	98	42	24 false, 21 non cognizable.
,, II	4	67	71	27	32	1	31	20	12	4	1	3	...	35	20	5	48	53	1	47	22	5	7	7	2	55	54	24	16 do., 11 do.
,, III	5	167	172	88	31	...	31	22	53	1	1	...	...	31	22	...	73	73	1	71	45	1	...	...	...	73	71	45	79 do., 9 do.
,, IV	2	11	13	11	...	...	...	...	2	6	3	3	2	3	2	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	7	7	2	10	10	2	9 do., 2 compounded.
,, V	41	984	1,025	681	229	...	229	175	115	61	46	15	8	244	183	2	397	399	4	390	247	5	148	112	10	545	502	257	625 false, 21 non-cognizable, 1 reported under Section 157*b* and 34 compounded.
Total ...	54	1,298	1,352	852	311	1	310	295	189	78	56	22	10	333	245	7	625	632	6	582	356	44	189	153	14	814	735	370	753 false, 62 non-cognizable, 36 compounded and 1 reported under Section 157*b*.
Other Offences.																													
Class VI	2	124	126	20	102	...	102	90	4	63	2	61	52	163	142	1	140	141	...	140	110	1	213	212	165	353	352	275	18 false, 2 non-cognizable.
GRAND TOTAL ...	56	1,422	1,478	872	413	1	412	325	193	141	58	83	62	496	387	8	765	773	6	722	466	45	402	365	179	1,167	1,087	645	771 false, 64 non-cognizable, 36 compounded and 1 reported under Section 157*b*.

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	50·	50.	23·07	23·07
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	100·	100·	80·	80·
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	33·33	33·33	50·	50·
5. Thefts...	80·	80·	69·73	70·66
6. Receiving stolen property ...	100·	100·	100·	100·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	94·73	94·73	59·15	59·15
Class II	62·50	64·51	45·83	46·80
Class III	70·96	70·96	62·50	63·38
Class IV	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class V	76·41	76·41	62·69	63·3
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	75·56	75·80	60·54	61·16
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	88·23	88·23	78·57	78·57
Grand Total ...	78·69	78·88	64·01	64·54

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.
10,011	7,450	47·41	243	229	94·23	12,094

	CASES.															PERSONS.													
	POLICE CASES, OR CASES INVESTIGATED BY THE POLICE, WHETHER *suo motu* OR BY ORDER OF A MAGISTRATE.									DIRECT CASES, OR CASES DISPOSED OF WITHOUT THE INTERVENTION OF THE POLICE.				TOTAL NO. OF REAL COGNIZABLE CASES DISPOSED OF.		PERSONS ARRESTED BY THE POLICE (DISTRICT OR VILLAGE) *suo motu*.							PERSONS OTHERWISE ARRESTED WITHIN THE YEAR.						REMARKS.
	Pending from previous years, whether in the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Reported within the year to the Police, or sent to them for investigation.	Total number of cases for disposal.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Disposed of without being brought to trial.	Decided by trial.	Ending in a conviction.	Pending at the close of the year whether before the Courts or under investigation by the Police.	Total number of cases disposed of within the year.	Excluded cases.	Real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number of real cognizable cases disposed of within the year.	Number ending in a conviction.	Number under arrest or on bail at the beginning of the year.	Number arrested during the year.	Total number for disposal.	Number released and never brought to trial.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Number under arrest or on bail at the close of the year.	Number arrested otherwise than by the Police (District or Village) *suo motu*.	Number disposed of by trial.	Number convicted.	Total number of persons arrested within the year.	Total number disposed of by trial within the year.	Total number convicted within the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1. Murders	2	7	9	1	6	..	6	3	2	...	...	...	...	6	3	1	11	12	...	9	3	2	...	...	...	11	9	3	1 Accused declared insane.
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides	1	3	4	1	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	3	4	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	3	4	1	
3. Dacoities	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Robberies	2	14	16	14	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	3	3	...	6	6	...	
5. Thefts	104	630	734	484	138	15	123	84	112	15	1	14	6	152	90	18	177	195	18	174	110	3	98	86	9	275	260	119	
6. Receiving stolen property	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	8	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...	8	8	8	
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.																													
Abetments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Class I	5	43	48	35	8	...	8	5	5	7	1	6	2	14	7	52	41	93	...	93	30	...	35	35	2	76	128	32	
„ II	12	41	53	23	22	...	22	15	8	6	3	3	1	25	16	6	32	38	...	34	19	3	11	11	1	43	45	20	1 Accused declared insane.
„ III	39	102	141	62	48	21	27	22	31	5	1	4	2	52	24	1	41	42	2	39	28	1	12	11	3	53	50	31	
„ IV	...	30	30	25	2	...	2	1	3	2	1	1	1	3	2	...	5	5	...	4	3	1	17	17	3	22	21	6	
„ V	114	804	918	649	152	16	136	93	117	34	10	24	8	176	101	18	217	235	18	214	125	3	151	139	18	368	353	143	
Total ...	170	1,020	1,190	*794	232	37	195	136	164	54	16	38	14	270	150	77	336	413	20	384	205	8	226	213	27	562	597	232	* Compounded cases ... 7 Reported, Section 157*b* 5 Decided non-cognizable ... 7 False but not maliciously. 766 Maliciously false ... ... 9 Total ... 794
Other Offences.																													
Class VI...	1	227	228	†10	218	1	217	208	...	111	4	107	99	325	302	...	251	251	11	240	213	...	155	155	134	406	395	347	† False but not maliciously. 10
GRAND TOTAL ...	171	1,247	1,418	804	450	38	412	339	‡164	165	20	145	113	595	452	77	587	664	31	624	418	8	381	368	161	968	992	579	‡ Pending before the Courts 130 Under investigation by Police ... ... 64 Total ... 194

Percentages.

	Percentage of			
	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases disposed of, column 9 on column 6.	Real cognizable cases ending in conviction to true cases decided by trial, column 9 on column 8.	Persons convicted to persons arrested by the Police *suo motu*, column 22 on total of column 19 less total of column 23.	Persons convicted to those disposed of by trial, column 22 on column 21.
1. Murders	50·	50·	30·	30·
2. Attempts at murder and culpable homicides ...	33·3	33·3	25·	25·
3. Dacoities	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Robberies	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Thefts	60·8	68·3	57·2	63·2
6. Receiving stolen property ...	100·	100·	100·	100·
Abetments	.....	.....	.....	.....
Class I	62·5	62·5	32·2	32·2
Class II	68·1	68·1	54·2	54·2
Class III	45·8	81·4	66·2	71·8
Class IV	50·	50·	75·	75·
Class V	61·1	68·3	53·8	58·4
Total for I. P. C. Cases ...	58·6	69·7	50·6	53·2
Class VI.—Offences under other Laws	93·1	93·5	84·8	88·7
Grand Total ...	75·3	82·2	63·7	66·8

Property Stolen and Recovered.

Value of Property.		Percentage of Property recovered to stolen.	Number of cases in which		Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property alleged to be stolen in pending cases.
Stolen.	Recovered.		Property was stolen.	Property was recovered.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rs.	Rs.					Rs. a. p.
18,540	9,746	52·5	206	190	92·2	21,180 12 3

H. T. OMMANNEY,
Inspector-General of Police.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. II.—Showing the number of Licenses issued under the Arms Act in the Districts of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1888.

District.	Licenses issued and renewed.				Penalties.		Remarks.
	Dealing in Arms and Ammunition.	Possession or carrying of Arms.		Miscellaneous, Journeys, &c.	Cases.	Amount of Fine imposed.	
		Fire-arms.	Other Arms.				
Sind.						Rs. a. p.	
Karáchi	28	736	105	272	11	58 0 0	
Hyderabad	16	775	103	2	8	105 8 0	
Thar and Párkar ...	5	353	3	46	16	142 0 0	
Shikárpur	14	436	81	145	15	183 8 0	
Upper Sind Frontier ...	3	306	18	39	5	11 0 0	
Total ...	66	2,606	310	504	55	500 0 0	
Northern Division.							
Ahmedabad	10	197	390	106	43	148 4 6	
Kaira	6	59	510	6	41	213 0 0	
Panch Mahals... ...	2	172	362	...	14	106 0 0	
Broach	3	86	149	...	11	16 8 0	
Surat	3	132	17	15	1	.....	
Thána	17	814	49	1	9	47 0 0	
Total ...	41	1,460	1,477	128	119	530 12 6	
Central Division.							
Ahmednagar	22	799	407	...	18	139 4 0	
Khándesh	34	734	27	30	12	168 0 0	
Násik	20	938	1,006	...	3	30 0 0	
Poona	48	327	98	8	26	118 0 0	
Sátára	17	401	...	8	6	100 0 0	
Sholápur	17	479	67	21	...	.....	
Total ...	158	3,678	1,605	67	65	555 4 0	
Southern Division.							
Belgáum	21	883	188	5	6	15 8 0	
Bijápur	5	243	30	2	8	57 0 0	
Dhárwár	19	568	75	658	2	9 0 0	
Kánára	7	1,113	...	49	15	268 0 0	
Kolába	12	1,066	20	15	8	40 0 0	
Ratnágiri	58	2,504	48	...	7	64 0 0	
Total ...	122	6,377	361	729	46	453 8 0	
Grand Total for the Presidency ...	387	14,121	3,753	1,428	285	2,039 8 6	

H. T. OMMANNEY,
Inspector-General of Police.

Annual Police Statement—Supplementary No. III.—Escapes and Re-captures during the year 1888.

District.	From Jails.	From Lock-ups.	From the Custody of		Total Escapes.	Number re-captured.	Percentage of Re-captures to Escapes.	Remarks.
			District Police.	Village Police.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sind.								
Karáchi	3	4	5	...	12	11	91·66	
Hyderabad	...	3	6	1	10	3	30·00	
Thar and Párkar	6	4	4	...	14	7	50·00	
Shikárpur	2	1	3	...	6	4	66·66	
Upper Sind Frontier	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	11	12	18	1	42	25	59·52	
Northern Division.								
Ahmedabad	...	1	7	1	9	9	100·	
Kaira	...	...	3	...	3	1	33·33	
Panch Máhals	1	...	3	...	4	4	100·	
Broach	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
Surat	1	...	2	2	5	4	80·00	
Thána	2	3	1	...	6	3	50·00	
Total ...	4	4	17	3	28	21	75·00	
Central Division.								
Ahmednagar	...	3	...	...	3	3	100·	
Khándesh	...	...	7	3	10	8	80·	
Násik	1	...	2	1	4	3	75·	
Poona	...	...	3	1	4	4	100·	
Sátára	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sholápur	...	...	1	1	2	2	100·	
Total ...	1	3	13	6	23	20	86·95	
Southern Division.								
Belgaum	...	1	1	...	2	2	100·00	
Bijápur	2	...	1	10	13	13	100·00	
Dhárwár	2	...	2	...	4	4	100·00	
Kánara	...	...	1	...	1	1	100·00	
Kolába	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ratnágiri	...	...	1	4	5	5	100·00	
Total ...	4	1	6	14	25	25	100·00	
Grand Total for the Presidency .	20	20	54	24	118	91	77·11	

H. T. OMMANNEY,
Inspector-General of Police.

No. 1600 of 1889.

From

W. W. LOCH, Esquire, C.S.,
District Magistrate of Khándesh;

To

The INSPECTOR GENERAL of POLICE.

Camp Nandurbár, 11th March 1889.

Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith the Police Administration Report for the year 1888. I regret that it should be my duty again to remark on the unsatisfactory results shown, the returns indicating a marked increase in serious offences against property, and on the whole a greater want of success than ever on the part of the Police in dealing with them. Captain Macpherson's report shows how fully he is alive to the shortcomings of the Police, for which he is in no way personally responsible, and the most important features of the Statement AI have been embodied by him in his report.

2. There has been an increase of 13 per cent. in the number of cognizable offences; and under the head of "Offences against Property" we find that dacoities have increased from 8 to 40; that house-breakings, which were 374 in 1887, have now risen to 467, and that there has been an increase of 203 in simple thefts, the total number reported being 1,225.

3. As the results of the action of the Police, there have been convictions in 5 out of the 40 dacoities, in 47 out of the 467 house-breakings, and in 294 out of the 1,225 thefts, while in 39 cases of robbery there have been but 3 convictions. Of the property lost in the dacoities, 8 per cent. has been recovered; less than 5 per cent. of that lost in the various robberies; 11 per cent. of that taken in the house-breakings, and 26 per cent. of that lost in the thefts. Comment on these figures is unnecessary; but I would invite especial attention to the number of house-breakings, as this class of offences has risen from 88 in 1882 and 287 in 1885 to 467 in the present year—the highest figure I believe yet known in the district.

4. The increase of cognizable crime may, to a limited extent, be due to the deficient rainfall; but it must be remembered that it was not till September that there was any fear of failure of crops over the greater part of Khándesh, and there certainly was no distress among any class up to the end of the year. The time when the comparative failure of some of the crops will tell, is still before us. I do not agree with Captain Macpherson in thinking that the dacoities, which have been so numerous, have been caused in any way by the poor crops and the rise in prices. It is noticeable that the west, where the Bhils form the majority of the population, has been undisturbed. The dacoities have been committed in Central and Eastern Khándesh, more in Chopda than in any other Táluka. Wanolia and his gang were responsible for a considerable number: they are professional dacoits: their success gave them great renown among the Bhils, who willingly assisted them in their enterprises, and there is no room for doubt that they were also helped by several Pátils and other influential villagers. There seems to have been another gang working in the centre of the district; another in the Páchora Táluka, while two dacoities were committed by men from the Nizám's territory. Latterly, another organized gang has been active in the Sávda Táluka, and the men give themselves out as belonging to the party of "Tantya Mama", the well-known Central Indian dacoit; they are said to wear some sort of khaki uniform, to be well armed and to work together as if regularly organized. At the same time notices have been received, purporting to come from Tantya Mama, threatening an attack if money is not paid by a village. I have reason to believe that a clue has been obtained as to who these men are, but as yet sufficient evidence for arrests is not available. I agree with Captain Macpherson in thinking that the persons engaged in the house-breakings

are professionals of a higher order of intelligence than the Police. The tálukas near the Railway are those in which these offences are most common, and there can be no doubt that the Railway affords an easy means of escape to the burglars with the stolen property.

5. The real reason for the increase in the number of dacoities and of all the more serious offences against property is in my opinion the impunity with which they are carried out, and in the case of dacoities this is due in part to the assistance received by the dacoits from Pátils and other villagers, both in giving food and shelter and in disposing of property, and if we could only get evidence against some of these men, a blow would be struck at a most mischievous class of men. Another cause of the success of the dacoities and robberies is the cowardice of the villagers and their abject fear of armed men. They seldom think of anything but flight, and hence they do not know who their assailants are. I was a witness this year of the almost ludicrous state of terror into which a large part of Khándesh was thrown by the successful dacoities of Wanolia at the end of the rains. This has passed off, but I have been much struck with the feeling of insecurity which exists, especially after successful dacoities and highway robberies.

6. The most serious cause however of impunity of offenders is the inefficiency of the Police. The constant changes in the superior officers of the Police has, no doubt, had a bad effect on the working of the force, and I trust that Government will be able to let the district have its full complement of officers during the current year, when their presence is likely to be specially necessary.

7. As to the Chief Constables, I do not see so much of their work as the District Superintendent and his Assistants and the Magistrates do, but I am not impressed with their efficiency as a body, and it would be a good thing if some new blood could be brought into the force. Very few of the Chief Constables have any detective ability, and some are distinctly stupid.

8. The composition of the lower ranks of the force is however still more unsatisfactory, and I feel obliged to state my views clearly to Government in the hope that they may find it in their power to do something to remedy the present state of things. In Khándesh labour is very well paid, especially near the towns; and at Dhulia, Jalgaon and other places labourers are earning 5 annas a day. We want a superior class of men in the Police, men who are not only strong of body, but intelligent and plucky. If a policeman is to do his duty honestly, he has to work hard and to live a not very comfortable life. The profession is not a favourite one, especially among Khándeshis, who are an easy-going, not very valorous class. Unless, therefore, we give sufficiently high pay to form an attraction, we must be content with the dregs of the population, lazy, useless men who shirk every duty they can; we cannot expect to get the better class of the Khándesh population, nor to attract good men from outside. We do not so much want an increase in numbers, though our Unarmed Police are not strong enough, as an improvement in quality. We must have men who are capable of competing with the professional burglars and others, or we shall drift from bad to worse. I know that Government are anxious for economy, but I would respectfully urge that in the face of the facts shown in the administration report, it is absolutely necessary to secure the efficiency of the Police first, even if the result is increased expenditure.

9. Though the paper strength of the Khándesh Police is large, it is fair to the officers responsible for the work of that body to point out that the Bhil Corps or Armed Police are quite useless for general duty. In other districts the Armed and Unarmed Police are drawn from the same classes, and the former can always be utlized for regular Police work, while in Khándesh the Bhil sepoy has never been used even for serving summonses or warrants, and much extra work has in consequence been thrown on the unarmed men. Captain Macpherson has begun a reform in this matter in order to try and utilize the armed men when they are doing nothing.

10. A considerable sum of money is also spent by Government on the Mevás Police, and for this I consider that a very inadequate return is obtained.

I do not refer so much to the allowances received by Bhil Náiks, who are somewhat on the footing of the Girássiás of Gujarát, as to the pay of the two large bodies of Mevás Police in the Shirpur and Nandurbár Tálukás. These men, not being under either the District or Village Police Act, have absolutely no legal powers as Police; yet they are independent of the Chief Constables of the tálukás, and their Chiefs are quite unfit for the position they hold. I have recently recommended the dismissal of the Mevás Chief of Nandurbár. I reported on these Police in my No. 7944 of 26th September 1888.

11. The statement of non-cognizable offences, Appendix A II, which has been submitted by me in accordance with Government Resolution No. 6272 of the 19th November 1888, shows the same features as the statement for last year. Of the 6,748 persons who appeared before the Magistrates, charged with non-cognizable offences against the Penal Code, only 371 or 5·49 per cent. were convicted. The percentage varies considerably in the different tálukás. In Ráver the convictions come to 30·4 per cent.; before the Dhulia Bench of Magistrates they are 17·4; in Taloda they are 10 per cent.; while in 4 tálukás they are under 2 per cent., and in Sháháda they are only ·72 per cent.: in other words only 2 persons in that táluka have been convicted out of 277 who appeared to answer complaints laid against them under the Penal Code.

12. The returns of the Magistrates are evidently untrustworthy as to the numbers of persons relatively discharged and acquitted, different Magistrates having apparently taken different views of the effect of the compounding of offences. The result is that in some tálukás nearly all the accused are shown as discharged: in others they are shown as acquitted. I do not wish to delay this report longer in order to make further enquiries, but I will issue a circular so as to ensure uniformity of practice in future.

13. The large number of discharges and acquittals had attracted my notice some time ago. I have endeavoured to ascertain whether they were due to carelessness on the part of the Magistrates, but after examining in my office a large number of cases tried, I find that complainants are, as a rule, properly examined before their complaints are accepted. I believe that the cases compounded, and their number is very large, are generally genuine cases, in which either the parties are reconciled by friends, or come to terms to avoid the trouble of going to the Magistrate's Court. I do not think the Magistrates are more lax in receiving complaints in Khándesh than elsewhere.

14. The number of licenses to possess and carry arms issued during the year are as follows:—

Licenses issued under Form	No. 8	...	... 657
Do.	No. 9	...	... 34
Do.	No. 10	...	... 69
Do.	No. 11	...	... 25
		Total	... 785

Considering the size of the district, the wild character of part of it, and above all the state of crime, I do not consider the number of licenses issued at all excessive. I think that those issued to Bhils may have been too numerous, and they have been much diminished during the current year. At the same time I think that if one or two respectable men in the larger villages were allowed licenses, it would probably give the people confidence and courage to face dacoits. As it is they are taken at a disadvantage when armed dacoits come over the frontiers. Our Police are powerless to protect the villagers, and it seems only fair to give them a chance of protecting themselves.

15. All the shops of licensed vendors have been examined during the year either by Magistrate, First Class, or by the District Superintendent of Police and his Assistants; in most cases they have been examined twice. There have been 12 prosecutions under the Arms Act, all resulting in convictions.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,
W. W. LOCH,
District Magistrate of Khándesh.

Annual and Periodical Reports.

Reports on the state of crime and working of the Police in the several Divisions of the Bombay Presidency.

No. 6674 OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th December, 1889.

Memorandum from the Inspector General of Police, No. 7368, dated 1st November 1889—Submitting the Annual Report on the state of crime and working of the Police in the several Districts in the Northern, Central, Southern and Sind Divisions of the Bombay Presidency for the year 1888, and the observations of the Commissioners thereon; and forwarding a letter to his address from the District Magistrate, Khándesh, commenting upon the Administration Report of the District Superintendent of Police, Khándesh.

RESOLUTION.—This is the first time that the Inspector General of Police has submitted one consolidated police report for the whole Presidency. It is also the first time that any attempt has been made to secure a complete statistical account of all cognizable cases reported to the police, as is now done in supplementary Statement No. 1. In the report for the current year, this statement should, as in the present report, be printed separately for each district, but the printing of Statement A, Part I and Part II, separately for each district, should be discontinued, and instead of this, consolidated statements for the whole Presidency should be compiled and printed with the report. Such consolidated statements for the year 1888 are appended to this Resolution.

2. Considerable difficulty has been experienced in some of the districts in furnishing supplementary Statement I, but even in the somewhat imperfect form in which some of the statements have been provided, they supply a large amount of important information that will be discussed later. The suggestion of the Commissioner, N. D., that the Inspector of General Police "should send for the crime returns for two or three districts and ascertain exactly how" the "statements have been compiled" would undoubtedly be most deserving of adoption if the Superintendents were not now required to keep current crime registers. It is hoped, however, that the maintenance of these registers examined, as they should be, by the Commissioners and the Inspector General of Police when on tour, will secure complete uniformity of statistics. Although as remarked by the Commissioner, N. D., the superiority of the new over the old statements is undeniable, the former do not unfortunately at present furnish a good basis of comparison as regards crime with the figures for former years. Nor can it be anticipated that the statements for the current year will furnish a thoroughly satisfactory basis of this kind, for in some districts the opening balance of pending cases will be abnormally large, so large that the number of true cognizable cases disposed of in that year will furnish no approximately true measure of crime occurring within the year. In dealing with statistics of offences, therefore, the most satisfactory method to adopt for the present will be that followed in the printed note circulated with Government Resolution No. 2837, dated 28th May 1889, as this will secure the uniformity of statistics that is desirable until the results presented in the new statement become sufficiently normal to serve as a good comparative measure of crime. It is the method that Government would recommend the Inspector General of Police to adopt in writing his report for 1889. At the same time the information contained in the supplementary statement should not be ignored as it supplies much that cannot be derived from Statement A, Part I.

3. The Inspector General of Police has furnished a very clear and concise report. His detailed observations on each district separately are particularly careful and complete, and should be read and noted with the greatest attention both by District Magistrates and District Superintendents of Police. The Governor in Council is, moreover, gratified to remark that the observations of the Commissioners on the report, brief though they are with the sole exception of those relating to Sind, furnish a clearer and more precise indication of the year's results than the laborious and complicated reports of former years.

4. The total number of offences cognizable and non-cognizable reported during the year 1888 was 93,980 as compared with 92,841 in 1887 and 91,110 in 1886. The number of persons arrested or appearing on process before the Courts was 152,879 of whom 42,796 or 27·9 per cent. were convicted. In the previous year the number was 147,561, of whom 42,755 or 28·9 per cent. were convicted and the corresponding number in 1886 was 144,225, of whom 42,620 or 29·5 per cent. were convicted. Of the reported cases 39,814 as compared with 38,054 in 1887 and 39,482 in 1886 related to cognizable crime; of the persons arrested 45,317 were supposed to be concerned in cognizable crimes as compared with 42,455 in 1887 and 43,129 in the year 1886. Taking the whole number of persons concerned in all classes of crime it appears that more than 72 out of every 100 persons who were arrested or appeared before the Courts were discharged without conviction. This is the largest proportion ever recorded in this Presidency.

5. Of the 152,879 persons arrested or appearing before the Courts during the year 45,317 were, as stated above, concerned in cognizable offences. Of these 25,784 or 56·9 per cent. were convicted. Out of the total of 45,317, 14,145 were arrested in connection with the cases included in class VI of Statement A, Part I, of whom 11,995 or 84·7 were convicted. This is about the normal percentage of convictions in such cases, which is uniformly high. The persons arrested in cases falling under classes I to V of Statement A, Part I, who may be taken as representing those arrested on suspicion of being concerned in serious crime, and include all those arrested for murder, homicide, dacoity, theft, &c., numbered 31,172, of whom 13,789 or 44 per cent. were prosecuted to conviction. In 1887, 12,693 out of 29,136 or rather less than 44 per cent. were convicted.

In the whole Presidency there were, for disposal during 1888, excluding false cases, 22,680 cases of cognizable offences under the Indian Penal Code. Of these 15,117 were brought to trial and 9,284 or 61·4 per cent. ended in a conviction. In 1887 out of 22,589 cases, 14,256 were brought to trial and 8,509 or 59 per cent. ended in conviction. In the year under report, therefore, a slightly larger proportion of cases was brought to trial and a somewhat larger proportion ended in conviction. But as was pointed out in the review of the reports for 1887 the proportion of cases not detected is very large, especially in offences against property and more particularly serious offences of that class.

6. The total number of persons arrested or appearing on process in non-cognizable cases was 107,562. Of these 15,630 were concerned in offences under special or local laws, and 11,136 or about 71 per cent. were convicted. Of the remaining 91,932 who were supposed to be concerned in non-cognizable cases under the Indian Penal Code, only 7,876 or 8·5 per cent. were convicted. This is a smaller proportion even than in 1887 when more than 80,000 persons were brought into Court in such cases, to be acquitted or discharged, and only 8,237, or little more than $\frac{1}{10}$th of that number, were convicted. Of those arrested or appearing on charges of hurt 59,331 in number, and on charges of intimidation, 8,561 in number, only 3,584 and 599 respectively were convicted, or barely 6 per cent. in the case of the former and 7 per cent. in the case of the latter. In the year 1888 indeed the proportion of persons convicted in non-cognizable Penal Code cases is the smallest ever recorded.

7. In the printed note and diagrams accompanying Government Resolution No. 2837, dated 28th May, 1889, the history of crime in the years 1875 to 1879 and 1884 to 1887 was traced. It was shown that throughout the Presidency proper, with the exception of the districts of Kaira, Khándesh, Ahmedabad, and Kolába, crime in the period 1884-87 was materially less than in the period 1875-76 before the famine. The report of the Inspector-General of Police, supplemented by the observations of the several Commissioners, gives a full account of crime in 1888 as compared with 1887. For the purposes of a general review, it will be more satisfactory to indicate the nature and extent of the variations in the amount of crime in 1888 as compared with the average of the years 1884-87. The number of true reported cognizable cases, classes I to V, as shown in Statement A, Part I, increased for the whole Presidency from an average of

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N.B.—The figures showing true reported cognizable cases in paras. 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, are obtained by deducting false cases (column 18) from reported cases (column 4) of Statement A, Part I.

21,849 in 1884-87 to 21,964 in 1888; in Sind and the Southern Division there was a decrease; in the Northern and Central Divisions an increase as exhibited below:

	Average 1884-87.	1888.
Northern Division	5,203	5,974
Central „	6,170	6,244
Southern „	3,899	3,360
Presidency Proper... ...	15,272	15,578
Sind	6,577	6,386
Whole Presidency	21,849	21,964

Taking individual districts the increase is general throughout the whole of the Northern Division except Surat, being in Ahmedabad from 1,328 to 1,675; in Kaira from 1,042 to 1,310; in the Panch Mahâls from 335 to 414; in Broach from 406 to 657; and in Thâna from 1,207 to 1,395 cases. As regards Thâna, however, it is to be observed that the number of true reported cognizable offences under the Indian Penal Code in 1888 was less than in 1887. These increases though considerable are, having regard only to the number of cases apart from the nature of the offences, neither unexpected nor in any degree disquieting. The season in these districts was markedly unfavourable and in itself enough to account for a large increase in the number of offences as pointed out by the Commissioner, N. D. Elsewhere in the Presidency Proper, the only increases of any importance were in Poona from 1,603 to 1,764, in Khándesh from 1,752 to 1,899, and in Sholápur from 472 to 599 cases. In these districts also the increase may be put down mainly to the season. In Sind crime increased somewhat in the Upper Sind Frontier from 417 to 450 and in Karáchi from 1,196 to 1,305, and largely in Thar and Párkar from 357 to 555 cases, but decreased considerably in Hyderabad and Shikárpur. The increase in Karáchi, and Thar and Párkar was due to an unfavourable season in those districts.

8. The large increase in crime in the Northern Division is mainly in the class of thefts, the number of which rose from an average of 2,593 in 1884-87 to 2,952 in 1888, the increase being most marked in Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahâls and Broach. In Khándesh, Poona and Sholápur, where crime generally increased, there was also an increase in the number of thefts. Similarly in Sind, thefts increased in Karáchi, Thar and Párkar, and the Upper Sind Frontier. These facts all bear out the conclusion that the increase in crime where it occurred was largely due to an unfavourable season.

9. At the same time there was during the year under report a very large increase in crime of the most serious kind. Murders increased from an average of 163 in 1884-87 to 217 in 1888, and culpable homicides and attempts at murder from 92 to 99. The increase in each instance was spread over all the Divisions in the Presidency. Dacoities increased from an average of 61 to 113 in the year under report. Khándesh and Kánara were the only districts in which there was anything approaching a serious outbreak of dacoity. In Khándesh 30 true cases were reported of which only 5 had ended in conviction by the close of the year, but since then other cases have been detected and successfully prosecuted. Some of these offences were ascribed to Tantia Bhil or his followers, others to different independent gangs of Bhils, notably to a gang headed by a man named Wanolia. Several of these gangs have now been successfully broken up. In Kánara 19 true cases were reported, not one of which was detected. The dacoities in Kánara were dealt with in Government Resolution No. 6599, dated 4th December 1888; they were committed by Korchas or Kalkorvis, who came from the Bellary District. The precautionary measures taken during the current year have, it is understood, prevented their recurrence. In the Northern Division also there was a considerable increase from 19 to 33 in the number of dacoities, but this was an incident of the unfavourable season and not due to the movements of any important organised gangs.

There was an increase from 261 to 274 in the number of true robberies reported, mainly in the Northern Division where the increase was from 74 to 90, and in Sind where it was from 38 to 50. The increase in the Northern Division was mainly an incident of the unfavourable season; that in Sind is, it seems, due more to improved crime registration than to a real increase in the number of offences. It is observed, also, that there was an abnormal and unexplained increase in these offences in Násik from 6 to 19 and in Sholápur from 6 to 14.

There was a large increase from 986 to 1,092 in the number of true cases of house-breaking in the Northern Division, confined to the districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahâls and Broach, where the season was most unfavourable; there was also an increase in the Khándesh, Poona and Sholápur Districts of the Central Division, where crime as a whole increased. In Ahmednagar also these offences increased from 99 to 120 and in Kolába from 48 to 68. In Sind, where they had been unusually frequent, there was a decrease from 1,146 to 1,074, the decrease being confined to Hyderabad and Shikárpur; in the other three districts there was some increase, coincident with the general increase in crime.

Cases of grievous hurt and other cognate offences (serial numbers 19 to 23 of Statement A, Part I,) have increased in the aggregate from 775 to 802, the increase concurring mainly with the general increase in crime; and being in the Northern Division from 306 to 365 and in Poona from 33 to 47. Offences of this class have also increased in Sind from 146 to 166.

The jail statistics, which were reviewed in Government Resolution No. 2965, dated 3rd June 1889, showed a considerable decrease in the number of convictions in the offence of riot and unlawful assembly. This, it now appears, is not, as was anticipated, due to a diminution in the number of such offences, for they increased from an average of 316 for the period 1884 to 1887 to 332 in 1888. In the Presidency proper the increase is large, from an average of 166 to 214 in 1888. The increase is most marked in the Northern Division from 50 to 68 and the Central Division 63 to 86. The decrease in the number of convicts admitted into jail on account of this offence is due entirely to the much smaller proportion of convictions obtained. From 1884 to 1887, 34·4 per cent. of the true reported cases of this class ended in conviction and 34·5 per cent. of the persons tried were convicted; in 1888 these percentages were respectively 29·5 and 27·5.

10. In detail, therefore, the increase of serious crime is seen to coincide with the general increase and to be mainly an incident of an unfavourable season. At the same time there are certain facts which demand special notice. It was shown in the printed note accompanying Government Resolution No. 2837, dated 28th May, 1889, that comparing the period 1884-87 with 1875-76 crime as a whole had in the Presidency proper increased in two districts only, namely, Khándesh and Kaira, whilst in Ahmedabad the decrease was scarcely perceptible and in Kolába it was very small. In all these districts except Kolába crime has largely increased in 1888; in Ahmedabad the number of true cognizable Indian Penal Code cases reported was 1,675 as compared with an average of 1,338 only for 1875-76, a very large increase indeed. In Kolába also there is a slight increase, and all these four districts show a tendency towards progressive increase in most of the more serious crimes. This will be seen from the table given below:—

	Average number of true reported cases.		Number in 1888.
	1875-76.	1884-87.	
Murders, attempts at murder and culpable homicide.			
Ahmedabad	23·5	19·25	27
Kaira	11	20	23
Khándesh	20	17	18
Kolába	4·5	6·5	10

	Average number of true reported cases—*contd.*		Number in 1888.
	1875-76.	1884-87.	
Robberies.			
Ahmedabad	30	25·75	39
Kaira	22·5	15·25	17
Khándesh	12·5	22·75	19
Kolába	8	4·75	5
House-breaking.			
Ahmedabad	97·5	202·25	235
Kaira	73·5	277·75	362
Khándesh	76·5	353·75	422
Kolába	11·5	48	68
Thefts.			
Ahmedabad	769·5	668	874
Kaira	361	467	616
Khándesh	921·5	928·75	973
Kolába	357	293·25	293
Grievous Hurt.			
Ahmedabad	72·5	87	95
Kaira	63	90·25	105
Khándesh	36	38·25	29
Kolába	12	18	13
Riot and unlawful assembly.			
Ahmedabad...	23·5	19·75	27
Kaira	2·5	6·25	13
Khándesh	8·5	11·25	13
Kolába	9·5	7·75	13

Such a general tendency towards progressive increase in serious crime as is here shown, especially in the three first named districts, needs careful examination. It may well be doubted whether there has been any real increase since 1875-76, because the registration of crime is much more accurate now than then, but it appears that in the actual present there is a tendency towards increase which may not be entirely due to unfavourable seasons. The District Magistrate of Khándesh, who has written a valuable supplement to the report of the District Superintendent of Police, is distinctly of opinion that in his district the increase is not mainly due to the bad season. He ascribes it to inefficient police, inferior chief constables and a serious want of courage in the people. The Governor in Council will be glad if Mr. Loch will inform Government to what extent, if any, the inefficiency of the police is due to deficient organization rather than inferior material. The District Magistrates of Ahmedabad, Kaira and Kolába should at their earliest convenience submit special reports on the tendency of crime to increase in their districts, stating as far as can be ascertained whether the increase is solely due to bad seasons or to other causes also; if to other causes, it should be reported to what extent indifferent organization of and bad material in the police affect the case. There are no other districts whatever in the Presidency proper in which anything like the same indications are to be observed.

11. The extraordinarily large increase in the number of true reported cases of serious offences affecting life, *i. e.* murders, attempts at murder and culpable homicide, needs special mention, though it will be more fully considered separately. The total number of such offences reported for the whole Presidency was in 1888, 316 against 259 only in 1887 and an average of 255 in the 4 years 1884 to 1887. The number in the year under report is very

largely in excess of the number reported in any year since the effects of the famine on crime passed away, and is slightly in excess even of the number of such offences in the years 1875-76 immediately preceding the famine, when the numbers were 310 and 308 respectively. This increase in the number of serious offences affecting life is common both to Sind and to the Presidency proper, although in the former crime as a whole has diminished, whilst in the latter it has increased. In the Presidency proper the increase is from 198 cases in 1887 or an average of 198·5 cases in the period 1884-87 to 249 in 1888; in Sind it is from 61 in 1887 or an average of 56·75 in the period 1884-87, to 67 in 1888. The increase also is very widespread, as there are only four districts—Thána, Sátára, Dhárwár and Kánara—in which the number of offences in 1888 was less than the average number of the preceding four years. In the districts of Surat, Khándesh, Hyderabad and Shikárpur the increase was small. The increase in the remaining districts is exhibited below:—

Number of true reported cases of murder, attempt to commit murder and culpable homicide.

	Average, 1884—1887.	1888.
Ahmedabad	19·25	27
Kaira	20·0	23
Panch Mahals	6·75	12
Broach	10·0	12
Ahmednagar	10·0	13
Násik	7·5	13
Poona	18·25	21
Sholápur	6·75	15
Belgaum	14·5	23
Bijápur	8·75	14
Kolába	6·5	10
Ratnágiri	5·0	9
Karáchi	8·0	10
Thar and Párkar	3·0	5
Upper Sind Frontier	10·0	15

The increase in these districts is not explained in the report, and it is impossible for the Governor in Council on the information before him to assign any reason for it. The bad season, which unquestionably caused an increase in other classes of crime, might account for a part of the increase, but for a part only. It is impossible merely on the assumption of a somewhat unfavourable season to explain the fact that the most serious class of offences is as large as in 1875-76, although the general mass of crime is far short of what it was in those years. Crimes of the class now under consideration do indeed fluctuate in number from year to year in a most remarkable way if districts are separately dealt with, but taking the Presidency as a whole, the district fluctuations have recently neutralized each other, leaving a very uniform result year by year. In certain districts, however, a distinct general tendency towards increase is observable, as will appear from the table given below:—

Number of true reported cases of murder, attempt to commit murder and culpable homicide.

	Average of 1875-76.	Average of 1884-87.	1888.
Kaira	11	20	23
Broach...	8·5	9·75	12
Ahmednagar	8·5	10	13
Násik	6·5	7·5	13
Poona	17·0	18·25	21
Kolába...	4·5	6·5	10
Upper Sind Frontier	5·0	10	15

To appreciate the full significance of these figures it is necessary to remember that in 1875-76 the total number of crimes of this class in the Presidency as a whole was much larger than in the period 1884-87, and that it may therefore safely be assumed that up to 1887, there had been a real and continued decrease in the most brutal form of criminality. Where, therefore, the average number of offences for 1884-87 exceeds that for 1875-76 the normal tendency observable up to 1887 was apparently counteracted by influences preventing a decrease in serious crimes against the person. The latter influences seem unfortunately to have operated more widely and more powerfully in the year under report. The matter is one that calls for very special notice in the report for 1889.

12. In paragraph 15 of the review* of the Police reports for 1887, after indicating the principal point as regards the recovery of stolen property, it was stated:

"A scrutiny of the facts, the main features of which are here indicated, should enable the Inspector-General of Police to institute enquiries which would result in the discovery of the precise means by which so much stolen property is successfully disposed of and eventually lead to a considerable diminution in the inducements to thieving on a large scale".

Very little indeed is said on this head in the report now under consideration, though the remarks regarding the districts of Broach, Thána and Bijápur show that the attention of the police needs to be specially directed towards the prevention and detection of the operations of professional receivers. The facts regarding property stolen and recovered, as derived from Statement A, Part I, are detailed below:—

	1875-76.			1884-87.			1888.		
	Average amount.		Percentage recovered.	Average amount.		Percentage recovered.	Amount.		Percentage recovered.
	Stolen.	Recovered.		Stolen.	Recovered.		Stolen.	Recovered.	
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Northern Division..	1,76,692	74,966	42·4	2,07,321	87,965	42·4	1,93,500	1,01,019	52·2
Central Division ...	2,97,896	1,46,784	49·3	4,03,196	1,54,521	38·3	4,15,442	1,29,788	31·2
Southern Division..	2,35,177	94,392	40·1	1,89,583	93,010	49·0	2,05,955	93,830	45·6
Total ...	7,09,765	3,16,142	44·5	8,00,100	3,35,496	41·9	8,14,897	3,24,637	39·8
Sind	1,34,809	83,354	61·8	2,04,627	1,11,282	54·4	2,27,029	1,37,544	60·6
Total ...	8,44,574	3,99,496	47·3	10,04,727	4,46,778	44·4	10,41,926	4,62,181	44·3

Comparing the period 1875-76 with the later period 1884-87, it is found that though in the Presidency proper thefts have decreased by more than one-third and robberies and dacoities have also decreased, the value of the property stolen has increased. In the Northern Division where offences against property and crime generally are most prevalent and where the diminution in crime is on the whole the smallest, the average value of property stolen has increased by about one-sixth, in the Southern Division it has decreased by almost one-fifth, but even this large decrease is not so large as the general falling off in crime in that Division. This would point to the fact that though offences against property are less prevalent and less indicative of general lawlessness, they are to a large extent committed by criminals skilful in ascertaining where valuable property is to be had and in making away with it when obtained. This inference suggests itself to Mr. Loch in his valuable report on the Khándesh district, and it is very strikingly suggested as regards the Central Division as a whole. Here the amount of property stolen has increased by more than one-third, whilst the percentage recovered has fallen from 49·3 to 38·3. In the year under review the amount of property stolen exceeded the average amount stolen in the four years 1884-87 and at the same time the recoveries fell to 31·2 per cent. only. This subject is one for detailed consideration by the District Superintendents of Police, the District Magistrates, the Inspector-General of Police and the Commissioners: Are dishonest offences against property now committed to a larger extent than formerly by skilful criminals? If so, what organized measures should be devised and carried out in order successfully to defeat their methods? The questions are such as can be best answered by mature local knowledge, and careful enquiry as to the

* Government Resolution No. 6757, dated 10th December 1888.

reality of the apparent facts, of a steady increase in the value of property stolen and want of success in recovering it. The surmise that the stolen property is being made away with more skilfully than formerly is also borne out by the figures relating to the offence of receiving. The average number of persons convicted for this offence in 1875-76 in the Presidency proper was 995; for 1884-87 the average was 554 only, and Kolába was the only district in the whole of the Presidency proper in which the average number of convictions in 1884-87 was greater than the average number in 1875-76. As there has been a very large increase in the quantity of property stolen and never recovered, it must be inferred that it is not the offence of receiving which is becoming less common, but that the police are less successful in dealing with it, unless indeed there is an increasing tendency in the Courts to convict of receiving instead of stealing property. In the year under report there was a large increase in the number of persons convicted for receiving, which was in that year 852. But even this number was far below the average for the years 1875-76.

13. Regarding the information furnished by supplementary statement No. 1, the following observations are recorded. The total number of offences reported, as shewn therein, gives a valuable indication of the comparative amount of work thrown on the police of the several districts, which should not be ignored by the Inspector-General of Police in re-considering his re-distribution scheme. These statements also show the districts in which there is any considerable laxness on the part of the police in disposing of cases. Of the cases for disposal 95 per cent. or more were disposed of in the districts of Karáchi, Hyderabad, Thar and Párkar, Shikárpur, Kaira, Broach, Surat and Násik. This shows that the supervision by the Superintendents in those districts was very close and unremitting. In the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmednagar, Bijápur and Dhárwár Districts from 90 to 95 per cent. were disposed of, a satisfactory proportion. In some districts the proportion of cases disposed of was remarkably small; notably so in the Panch Maháls 71 per cent., Sholápur 70 per cent., Kánara 65 per cent., and Khándesh with only 51 per cent. In these districts, more especially in Khándesh, it is evident that the police were allowed to keep, nominally under enquiry, a very large number of cases that should have been promptly enquired into and disposed of.

The same statements show extraordinary variations in the proportion of Indian Penal Code cognizable cases excluded, that is cases in which on enquiry it was found that there was no good cause for sending them before a Magistrate for trial. In Ahmednagar and Ratnágiri about three-fourths of all the police cases cognizable under the Indian Penal Code were so dealt with. In Kolába about two-thirds, in Thána, Satára and Sholápur upwards of half were so dealt with. In the Upper Sind Frontier, Broach, Násik, Poona, Bijápur, Dhárwár and Kánara more than 40 per cent. of the cases were excluded. In only one other district, Thar and Párkar, did the proportion exceed one-third. In Karáchi the proportion was 18 per cent. only, in the Panch Maháls but 10 per cent., in Hyderabad 7 per cent., and in Surat even somewhat less than this or less than one-tenth of what it was in Ahmednagar and Ratnágiri. Such marked differences need special explanation. There are many causes that would increase or decrease the proportion of excluded cases, for example, unwillingness on the part of the people to complain to the police would probably decrease the proportion of excluded cases; over-readiness to make complaints would increase it. Then there may be a great difference in the readiness with which Magistrates, after reading the police papers sent up, direct that the case is not one to be proceeded with. By Government Resolution No. 6272, dated 19th November 1888, the duty of passing orders on papers in police cases in which the accused are not sent up directly before the Magistrate was entrusted to First Class Magistrates only. When the statistics for 1889 are submitted it may be expected that differences due to the personal views of the Magistrates will be diminished and it will then be exceedingly interesting to compare the results for the current year with those now under review. It may fairly be surmised that where complainants resort freely to the police they will necessarily be less driven to make complaints in cognizable cases to the Magistrates. Where, on the other hand, they are unwilling to resort to the police they will have recourse to the Magistrates. The number of direct cases in

classes I to V of supplementary Statement No. 1 varies from less than one per cent. of the number reported to the police in Kaira, to 23 per cent. in Thána. Here again the differences are extraordinary. These facts are here indicated to draw the attention of District Magistrates to the necessity of enquiring whether there is in any locality a marked unwillingness on the part of the people to resort to the police with complaints, and whether the Magistrates are too ready to direct police cases to be excluded.

14. The percentages of convictions given in the report of the Inspector-General of Police are mainly those contained in supplementary Statement No. 1 and do not afford a good basis for comparison owing to the varying proportion of pending cases in the different districts. In any case moreover the greatest caution is needed in dealing with such percentages. A low percentage of convictions can only be taken as indicating comparative inefficiency where it accompanies an increase in crime or a specially high criminality. This is clearly shown in the printed note accompanying Government Resolution No. 2837 of 28th May 1889. A general increase in crime such as occurred in the Northern Division in the year under report ought in normal circumstances to be accompanied by an increase in the percentages of convictions, and this is found to be the case. In the period 1884-87 the average percentage of true reported cases ending in conviction in the Northern Division was 44·4; in 1888 it was 46·4. The improvement was, however, most noticeable in Surat where crime has decreased, and in Thána where the increase in crime was small. There was a distinct improvement in the percentages in the districts of Ahmedabad and Kaira, but a falling off in those of the Panch Mahâls and Broach. Similarly there was an improvement in the percentage of persons convicted to those placed before a Magistrate from 46·4 (1884-87) to 48·3 in 1888. Here again, however, it is noticed that the improvement did not extend to the districts of Ahmedabad and Broach. The latter district with a large increase in crime shows a falling off in both percentages: a distinctly unsatisfactory result. Should the present year show a further increase in crime accompanied by any further falling off in the percentages of convictions, the condition of this district should be specially noticed by the District Magistrate, the Inspector-General of Police and the Commissioner, Northern Division. As regards Ahmedabad and the Panch Mahâls also the results are not altogether satisfactory, and the state of crime and the working of the police in the current year should be closely scrutinised.

In the Central Division in the districts of Poona and Sholápur, where crime has increased, both percentages have fallen; in Khándesh, where also crime has increased, the percentage of convictions to true reported cases has diminished. These results point to the necessity for special scrutiny of the working of the police in the districts named.

In the Southern Division there has been a falling off in both percentages in all the districts except Belgaum and Bijápur. These results though not satisfactory do not indicate, except perhaps as regards Kolába, the same possibilities of a serious increase in crime as elsewhere, for the districts of Kolába and Kánara alone show any increase in crime, and in those districts the increase is very small. In Sind there has been a general and on the whole large increase in both percentages, the only exceptions being a decrease in the percentage of cases ending in conviction in Karáchi, and of persons in Thar and Párkar. The detailed facts, the chief of which have been here indicated, are given below :—

PERCENTAGE OF CONVICTIONS.

	Of true reported cases.		Of persons brought before a Magistrate.	
	1884 to 1887.	1888.	1884 to 1887.	1888.
Ahmedabad	49·7	51·8	51·9	49·6
Kaira	40·5	41·5	58·5	60·8
Panch Mahâls	55·5	53·4	66·0	70·1
Broach	42·2	41·1	47·6	41·9
Surat	51·0	59·8	42·5	52·3
Thána	36·6	39·1	33·1	36·7
Northern Division ...	44·4	46·4	46·4	48·3

PERCENTAGE OF CONVICTIONS—*continued.*

	Of true reported cases.		Of persons brought before a Magistrate.	
	1884 to 1887.	1888.	1884 to 1887.	1888.
Ahmednagar	36·5	42·4	36·5	45·9
Khándesh	32·5	28·1	44·1	47·1
Násik	43·5	49·1	47·0	52·2
Poona	37·1	33·8	37·5	35·5
Sátára	39·0	42·4	44·5	46·1
Sholápur	45·6	32·9	43·2	30·8
Central Division ...	37·4	35·4	41·8	42·7
Belgaum	27·5	38·4	48·5	50·9
Bijápur	36·0	46·7	44·6	46·9
Dhárwár	33·4	27·2	45·8	36·0
Kánara	38·7	38·3	53·8	53·7
Kolába	53·9	45·1	56·0	50·1
Ratnágiri	51·2	39·8	41·8	37·7
Southern Division ...	37·7	38·1	48·2	45·2
Presidency Proper ...	39·9	40·2	45·2	45·6
Karáchi	49·9	50·0	50·7	47·7
Hyderabad	42·7	52·7	49·1	53·11
Thar and Párkar	49·0	44·3	43·1	46·5
Shikárpur	33·8	41·8	35·9	43·2
Upper Sind Frontier	39·1	42·9	43·7	51·0
Sind	41·0	47·3	44·0	48·1
Total ...	40·2	42·3	44·8	46·3

15. The report contains a brief but clear account of the measures taken in each district for the supervision over bad characters. The very great variations in the system of registering such persons will cease when the orders contained in Government Resolution No. 4483, dated 24th August 1889, Judicial Department, are given full effect to. In many districts, notably Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Ahmednagar, Násik and Bijápur, a good deal of attention has been given to this matter. For this the Superintendents of Police and in Broach the District Magistrate deserve credit. It is plain, however, that except in Sind the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code relating to security for good behaviour are almost a dead letter. The table given below shows the number of cases and persons dealt with for vagrancy and bad character as derived from Statement A, Part I :—

	Number of cases.	Number ending in order for security, &c.	Number of persons tried.	Number of persons required to give security.
Karáchi	21	18	25	20
Hyderabad	75	43	64	43
Thar and Párkar	76	55	75	55
Shikárpur	143	121	143	121
Upper Sind Frontier	26	23	69	44
	345	260	376	283

	Number of cases.	Number ending in order for security, &c.	Number of persons tried.	Number persons required to give security.
Ahmedabad	15	10	39	28
Kaira	2	1	2	1
Panch Maháls	1	...	1	...
Broach	2	2	2	2
Surat	4	5	9	9
Thána	...	...	...	...
	24	18	53	40
Ahmednagar	14	14	17	14
Khándesh	...	1	1	...
Násik	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	...	...
Sátára	...	...	...	...
Sholápur	...	...	...	...
	14	15	18	14
Belgaum	...	...	...	...
Bijápur	2	2	4	2
Dhárwár	2	2	6	6
Kánara	...	...	...	...
Kolába	...	...	...	...
Ratnágiri	...	...	...	...
	4	4	10	8
Presidency proper ...	42	37	81	62
Sind	345	260	376	283
Whole Presidency ...	387	297	457	345

In the Province of Sind these provisions are largely used, though in the district of Karáchi it is evident that much more might be done in this way. In the Presidency proper except in the districts of Ahmedabad and Ahmednagar, where they are made use of to a slight extent, these provisions are practically a dead letter. Plainly this should not be the case. Until these provisions have been tried and found wanting it is vain to complain that the means for dealing with suspicious and criminal characters are deficient.

16. The very large number of false complaints, and the large extent to which complaints are made to Magistrates and subsequently dropped by the complainants, are matters which are engaging the attention of Government separately. But they are points on which the Governor in Council will be very glad to have the opinions of the District Magistrates in forwarding the annual reports for 1889.

17. In his précis of the year's results in the Sátára District, the Inspector General of Police writes :—

"In forwarding the report Mr. Keyser, the District Magistrate, notes that as a rule police investigations are not conducted with sufficient care and thoroughness. Once an accused has confessed, especially in murder cases, it is thought sufficient, and if the confession is afterwards retracted, the case falls through."

In the précis on the Belgaum District he writes :—

"Mr. Down personally proceeded to inquire into 7 of the 19 murders reported. In the remainder the accused were at once arrested and there was a clear case or they absconded or committed suicide. With reference to this the District Magistrate writes as follows :—

"The Sessions Judge has placed the following on record: 'I find that in nearly all serious cases of crime in this district, the interests of justice are defeated rather than promoted by the manner in which cases are investigated by the police.' Again, he enters in another judgment: 'The conduct of the police in this case having been thus open to grave suspicion, I regret that inquiries were not made by the District Superintendent of Police himself.' Delays in the procedure and underhand practice on the part of the police are commented on by the Sessions Judge in a number of cases. I am strongly of opinion that, had the District Superintendent of Police made a point, whenever possible, of conducting the inquiries himself forthwith on the spot, the abuses brought to light by the Sessions Judge would not have occurred.'

"I hope that this advice may not be thrown away."

The Commissioner, C. D., comments on the same matter. It appears to the Governor in Council that there is unquestionably ground for asserting that enough attention is not paid to police investigations. They are often carelessly and imperfectly made. In this matter the functions of the Magistracy do not end with criticism. It is the duty of the Superintendents to correct the shortcomings pointed out by the Magistracy, but it is the duty of the Magistrate of the District as head of the Police to see that errors and negligence are not repeated. In the report for 1889 the District Magistrate, the Inspector-General of Police and the Commissioners should comment with special care on the manner in which the Police Superintendents personally supervise the investigations of their subordinates, and the extent to which the Superintendents are responsible for careless and imperfect enquiries.

18. The most satisfactory results during the year are those obtained in the districts of Surat, Ahmednagar, Násik, Sátára, Belgaum, Bijápur, Dhárwár, Ratnágiri and Shikárpur. In all these districts there has been a considerable decrease in the aggregate of crime. In all except Shikárpur the police have for a considerable period, except for short intervals, been under the same Superintendent; Surat has been under Mr. Henderson, succeeded in the latter part of the year under report by Mr. Gibbs; Ahmednagar under Mr. Vincent; Násik under Colonel Wilson, succeeded by Mr. Henderson; Sátára under Colonel Codrington; Belgaum under Mr. Down; Bijápur under Mr. M. Kennedy; Dhárwár under Mr. Scannell, and Ratnágiri under Mr. H. Kennedy. To these officers credit is largely due. To Mr. Austin is mainly due the credit of the very marked improvement of the results in the Shikárpur District. In Ahmedabad Mr. Adams has had very great difficulties to contend with and was without an assistant almost the whole year. Elsewhere the less favourable results must be largely ascribed to a bad season, frequent changes of Superintendents, and to the fact that some of the districts were in charge of officers who, though zealous and hardworking, have not and could not well have acquired the experience and maturity of judgment necessary for a thoroughly satisfactory administration of the police of a whole district.

19. The entire police force of the Mofussil had during the year 1888 a total strength of 18,998 men. It was maintained at a cost of Rs. 32,26,924, and was distributed as follows:—

General Police Duties	10,913
Jail Guards	295
Treasury and Miscellaneous	4,881
Town Duties	2,590
Cantonment	290
Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents ...	29
Total ...	18,998

This is an increase of 80 over the strength in 1887, mainly due to additional ábkári police in the districts of Kolába, Thána and Kaira. There was a decrease of Rs. 59,928 in the total cost of the police as compared with the cost for the previous year, chiefly in travelling allowances and contingencies.

The great majority of the officers and men were Mahomedans and Maráthas.

20. Of the total number of 3,167 subordinate officers, 2,019 or 64·7 per cent., and of the 15,841 men, 4,596 or 29·01 per cent., possessed at least sufficient education to enable them to read and write an intelligible crime report. Taking

subordinate officers and men together, the percentage possessing such education in the different districts varied from 64·3 in Ahmedabad to 9·4 in Thar and Párkar. The highest percentage for any district in Sind was that for Shikárpur, *viz.* 26·9. The only districts of the Presidency proper which had a lower percentage than this were Bijápur with 23·2 and the Panch Maháls with 18·2. Compared with those of 1887 the statistics for the current year show some improvement. The percentage for the whole Presidency was 34·8 against 32·1, the average for the preceding three years. In Sind, where education is least advanced, the proportion of educated men has decreased in the three districts of Hyderabad, Karáchi, and Thar and Párkar. In the latter district, however, the percentage of educated officers is increasing, whilst in the two former it is decreasing. In the other two districts of Sind—Shikárpur and the Upper Sind Frontier—there is a small but progressive increase in the proportion of educated men, both officers and constables. The improvement noticed last year in the number of educated men in the Central and Southern Divisions has not continued during the year under report; for there is a decrease in the proportion of educated men in the district of Kánara, and a decrease in the proportion both of educated officers and men in the districts of Ratnágiri, Dhárwár, Sátára, Poona and Khándesh. The decrease in the number of educated officers noticed last year in the districts of the Panch Maháls and Surat have not continued, but in Kaira the proportion of educated officers has further decreased and the proportion of educated men also is smaller than before. The other districts in the Northern Division—Ahmedabad, Broach and Thána—show a satisfactory improvement.

21. The conduct of the force has been on the whole satisfactory except in the districts of the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmedabad, Thána, Khándesh, Sholápur and Ratnágiri. It does not appear, however, that the standard either of conduct or education is high, the reason being the difficulty in obtaining satisfactory recruits. This is a matter which is engaging the attention of the Governor in Council separately.

22. Copies of the report and of this Resolution should be forwarded to the Government of India and the Secretary of State, and placed on Editors' Table.

(signed) J. J. Heaton

Acting Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner in Sind,
The Commissioner, N. D.,
The Commissioner, C. D.,
The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Inspector-General of Police,
The District Magistrates,
The District Superintendents of Police, } including Sind,
The Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier,
The Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Párkar,
The Government of India,
The Under Secretary of State for India, } by letter,
The Compiler of the General Administration Report,
The General Department,
The Editors' Table,
The Branch Editors' Table, Poona,
The Editor and Proprietor of the *Dhárwár Vritt.*

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous years.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo Motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	8*a*	
1	115... ... ... 117... ... ... 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. Abeting commission of offence by public. Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	... ...	... .	... ...	 1	 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	 1	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...
		Total ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*																			
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government Notes.	102	1	1	2	84	52	90·29	61·90	92	...	1	52	27	1	...	...	33	...	...
4	212 to 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	12	...	...	...	8	4	91·66	50·	11	...	...	4	4	3	...	...	...	...	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	185	...	24	6	177	150	81·33	84·74	167	3	...	122	19	5	...	...	7	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly	481	15	17	14	281	98	70·28	34·87	318	30	2	75	90	24	...	...	149	...	...
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier...	25	...	2	...	24	18	92·59	75·	22	3	...	17	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	805	16	44	22	574	322	76·44	56·09	610	36	3	270	145	32	...	...	169	...	...
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																			
8	302, 303 396 ...	Murder ... ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... ... ,, dacoits ...	3	...	...	...	2	...	66·66	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
10		Murder ... ... ,, robbers	13	...	2	4	15	7	93·33	46·66	14	...	...	6	7	1	...	...	...	...	...
11		Murder ... ... ,, poison ...	17	...	...	1	11	2	88·23	18·18	14	1	...	2	9	4	...	...	1	...	...
12		Other murders	190	...	10	13	142	76	90·	53·52	177	2	1	76	66	26	...	...	5	...	...
13	307...	Attempts at murder	39	...	3	3	17	10	85·71	58·82	34	2	...	9	5	6	...	...	14	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	82	2	6	12	76	42	92·04	55·26	80	...	1	41	28	7	...	...	8	...	...
15	376...	Rape	117	8	...	4	54	17	83·76	31·48	92	5	1	17	31	4	...	...	62	...	...
16	377...	Unnatural offences	44	...	1	...	26	5	91·11	19·23	41	...	...	5	19	2	...	...	12	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	80	...	4	3	42	35	79·76	83·33	67	...	...	35	7	6	...	...	12	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide..	165	2	1	3	143	94	96·98	65·73	161	...	...	94	40	4	...	...	24	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt, for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	8	...	...	...	7	4	75·	57·14	6	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	529	18	49	28	350	211	85·46	60·28	476	15	3	199	112	28	...	...	135	...	...
21	328...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	36	3	...	2	16	7	80·55	43·75	29	...	...	6	5	2	...	...	19	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	82	1	7	1	69	31	67·41	44·92	55	3	2	27	28	5	...	...	12	...	...
23	324...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	446	33	13	9	259	75	79·03	28·95	352	5	6	68	142	11	...	...	123	2	...
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction...	102	4	4	...	51	23	72·04	45·09	76	1	...	20	18	7	...	...	28	...	...
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	12	1	...	2	8	1	41·66	12·5	5	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	6	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	5	...	...	...	4	2	100·	50·	4	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357.	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	468	6	17	11	380	215	80·41	56·57	364	25	1	182	96	12	...	...	82	...	...
29	304A, 338... ...	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	24	1	1	4	23	10	88·	43·47	22	...	...	9	12	...	...	...	5	...	...
		Total ...	2,462	79	118	100	1,695	867	83·17	51·15	2,071	90	15	802	635	125	...	..	538	2	...
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property, or against Property only.*																			
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	120	...	17	7	56	26	70·74	46·42	101	2	1	25	27	12	...	...	19	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity...	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt. by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	4	...	...	...	1	1	50·	100·	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. by other means ...	43	1	3	2	36	25	84·31	69·44	42	...	1	25	9	...	...	...	4	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. in dwelling house ...	50	2	6	2	15	3	76·78	20·	38	5	...	3	4	2	...	...	25	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	65	...	9	6	45	20	83·78	44·44	62	...	...	19	13	2	...	...	21	...	...
		Robbery ... other robberies	271	9	11	4	117	57	85·46	48·71	233	8	...	56	45	7	...	...	114	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435, to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	511	9	39	13	201	60	72·	29·85	333	8	5	37	78	13	...	...	151	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	345	8	20	1	191	82	80·	42·93	276	14	2	77	56	10	...	...	128	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	3,716	39	144	30	1,229	889	73·31	72·33	2,821	5	4	886	259	85	...	...	360	...	...
37	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	80	1	3	...	63	35	80·72	55·55	66	1	...	33	20	3	...	...	11	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	2	...	...	...	2	1	100·	50·	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	2	...	...	...	1	1	50·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	5,223	69	252	65	1,959	1,201	74·57	61·30	4,029	43	13	1,165	512	135	...	...	833	...	...

A.

Crime for the Year 1888.

Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.)		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died; transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.			PROPERTY.				
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					Before appearance before a Magistrate.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.
																	In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before Magistrate.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
																								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	3	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	122	7	130	1	13	10·65	116	53	4	41	17	58	47·54	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	15	...	15	..	...	...	15	4	3	4	...	4	26·66	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
14	4	266	70	354	...	23	8·64	330	94	...	225	2	192	17·18	...	...	1	1	2	6	...	...	.....	.....	...
175	...	1,450	1,134	2,767	...	127	8·75	2,626	1,767	20	675	5	522	36·	...	...	...	14	137	22	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	22	5	27	...	...	...	27	8	...	19	...	15	68·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
190	4	1,875	1,216	3,293	1	103	8·69	3,114	1,926	27	964	24	791	42·18	...	1	1	14	144	28	...	...	.....	.....	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	15	11	...	26	...	...	...	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	50·	155 0 0	97 0 0	62·58
9	...	41	...	51	...	2	4·87	49	6	26	...	16	16	39·02	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	7	87·5	3,242 8 0	1,827 14 9	56·37
1	...	30	...	31	...	1	3·33	30	17	3	...	2	2	6·66	...	...	...	...	3	5	3	2	66·66	530 0 0	32 0 0	6·03
52	...	357	10	410	4	12	3·36	390	62	131	34	90	119	33·33	...	9	1	3	39	25	12	9	75·	564 0 0	187 0 0	33·15
4	...	18	2	24	...	1	5·55	23	4	2	...	10	10	55·55	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
23	...	146	...	169	...	15	10·27	152	34	50	3	46	48	32·87	...	2	...	2	4	13	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
4	...	77	7	88	...	25	32·46	63	24	15	...	18	18	23·87	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	...	...	6 0 0	.....	...
...	...	39	...	39	...	9	23·07	30	15	8	...	5	5	12·82	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
3	...	59	2	64	...	2	3·38	81	15	...	24	15	39	67·79	...	1	...	1	4	2	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
2	...	167	2	171	1	14	8·38	156	51	...	94	6	99	59·28	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	25	1	26	...	...	...	26	13	8	2	3	4	16·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
57	2	681	103	846	1	93	13·65	746	339	22	270	53	286	41·99	...	1	...	6	54	7	...	...	...	.....	.....	..
3	...	29	...	32	...	10	34·48	22	5	8	2	5	7	24·13	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	179	50	230	4	4	2·23	222	115	4	72	...	62	34·68	...	1	...	...	21	6	...	...	...	.....	.....	..
9	...	509	182	700	...	166	32·61	594	455	4	103	4	88	17·28	...	8	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	..
2	2	106	29	139	3	11	10·37	125	73	11	25	5	27	25·47	...	...	...	...	6	5	5	2	40·	108 0 0	13 0 0	12·03
...	...	9	16	25	...	...	...	25	19	1	...	1	1	11·11	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	9	5	14	...	...	...	14	9	1	3	1	3	33·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
31	...	596	195	822	...	32	5·36	790	429	3	327	1	467	78·35	...	1	...	...	29	...	1	1	100·	17 0 0	3 0 0	17·64
6	...	28	4	38	...	5	17·85	33	21	2	8	2	10	35·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
207	19	3,116	608	3,945	13	402	12·90	3,597	1,706	325	967	283	1,311	42·07	...	24	1	12	202	70	32	22	68·75	4,622 8 0	2,159 14 9	46·71
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
25	6	367	1	399	9	16	4·35	372	69	132	5	96	101	27·52	...	1	1	...	9	51	113	52	46·01	37,276 11 0	3,359 7 0	9·01
...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	4	4	66·66	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	100·	59 0 6	7 10 0	12·84
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	2	4	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	50·	171 0 0	20 0 0	11·69
4	4	71	4	83	...	9	12·67	74	33	2	26	13	39	54·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	24	63·15	3,864 4 4	1,129 4 4	29·22
5	...	20	...	25	...	3	15·	22	9	3	6	...	6	30·	...	...	...	...	4	...	28	14	50·	4,610 12 0	188 0 0	4·07
11	...	78	7	96	...	15	19·23	81	28	15	33	2	35	44·87	...	...	...	...	2	1	42	30	71·42	4,536 5 0	823 7 0	18·26
5	4	222	17	248	4	36	16·21	202	91	14	81	8	88	39·63	...	...	...	6	8	...	145	84	57·93	6,021 9 9	2,371 10 3	39·38
15	1	232	200	448	...	41	17·67	404	252	45	67	26	42	18·10	...	...	...	3	21	8	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
2	...	269	65	336	...	29	10·78	306	157	...	124	1	117	43·12	...	1	...	1	23	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
68	14	2,028	28	2,138	6	185	9·12	1,935	561	24	1,244	32	1,271	62·67	...	4	4	8	68	2	2,451	1,151	46·96	3,16,412 1 0	88,672 12 7	28·02
...	...	119	25	144	...	...	...	144	79	...	53	1	50	42·01	...	...	...	...	11	...	4	4	100·	206 0 0	206 0 0	100·
...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	2	2	50·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	22	...	22	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	22	22	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
135	29	3,442	347	3,953	19	334	9·70	3,577	1,261	236	1,641	209	1,781	51·74	...	6	5	18	152	62	2,824	1,361	48·19	8,78,187 11 7	96,763 3 2	25·9

STATEMENT

PART I.—*Return of Cognizable*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES. Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crime.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police. *Suo motu.*	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated by Police. By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in conviction. *a.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Ending in acquittal or discharge. *b.*	Number of cases in columns 12 to 14 and of those investigated by Police in column 7. Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court. *c.*	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has appeared before a Magistrate. *a.*	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C. When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate. *b.*
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18*a*	
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																			
40	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	440	19	22	6	285	48	61·03	16·84	252	30	...	32	99	6	...	...	157	4	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	52	1	...	1	34	14	80·76	41·17	40	2	...	13	17	...	...	...	11	...	...
42	374...	Compulsory labour	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	494	20	22	7	321	62	62·79	19·31	292	32	...	45	116	6	...	...	168	4	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																			
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking	722	7	54	7	189	112	87·75	59·25	679	2	...	112	69	7	...	...	58	...	...
44	379 to 382... ...	Theft { of cattle ... ... ordinary	2,943	71	70	66	1,683	1,226	89·54	72·84	2,669	20	9	1,201	370	72	...	...	500	1	...
			11,648	452	609	94	6,107	4,426	79·67	72·47	9,559	162	45	4,221	1,216	177	...	...	2,806	2	...
45	406 to 408... ...	Criminal breach of trust	778	44	47	4	418	151	67·51	36·12	480	69	8	132	100	7	...	...	308	4	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property...	1,007	17	21	20	781	574	91·92	73·49	936	7	2	563	193	56	...	...	135	...	...
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	1,724	17	81	12	1,386	341	56·34	24·60	929	86	2	239	365	10	...	...	337	43	3
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacles	7	...	...	...	3	2	85·71	66·66	6	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	18,829	608	882	203	10,567	6,832	79·49	64·65	15,258	346	66	6,470	2,314	329	...	....	4,144	50	3
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																			
49	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion	18	...	2	1	11	5	85·	45·45	17	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	10	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B) C. P. C. and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	383	...	4	17	371	296	95·34	79·78	362	7	...	282	70	24	...	...	4	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	112	...	...	1	110	92	100·	83·63	112	...	...	91	18	1	...	...	...	...	...
52		——— Excise Laws	1,641	5	18	26	1,571	1,345	85·17	85·61	1,395	8	10	1,160	187	25	...	...	49	...	...
53		——— Opium Act	314	...	3	11	296	256	96·21	84·45	301	3	1	239	41	10	...	...	15	...	...
54		——— Railway Laws	23	...	...	...	21	19	91·30	90·47	21	...	...	18	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
55		——— Salt and Custom Laws	332	...	...	4	335	306	54·21	91·34	173	7	...	171	11	...	...	...	2	...	...
56		——— Arms Act	292	...	5	7	267	234	95·62	87·64	280	4	...	227	29	12	...	...	9	...	...
57		——— Stamp Act...	5	...	...	...	5	5	100·	100·	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58		——— Forest Act...	411	...	1	1	397	289	7·76	72·79	19	13	...	25	2	...	...	...	3	...	1
59	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291, to 294. Section 34 of Act V of 1861; and any other Municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	4,615	3	5	14	4,559	4,315	95·82	94·64	4,408	17	2	4,160	210	10	...	...	39	...	...
		Total ...	8,146	8	38	82	7,943	7,156	87·54	90·09	7,093	59	13	6,382	572	82	...	...	132	...	1
60	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	Offences against Stage Carriage Act and Cantonment Act	1,984	...	...	6	1,977	1,829	88·25	92·51	1,750	1	...	1,613	132	8	...	...	2	...	...
		Government of India Act VII of 1867 ...	1,368	...	...	3	1,356	1,259	98·90	92·84	1,353	..	...	1,244	98	4	...	...	8	...	...
		Offences against Public Conveyance Act.	400	...	...	...	372	335	93·75	90·05	375	...	...	335	37	3	...	...	...	...	...
		Offences against Act VI of 1867... ...	12	..	...	...	12	11	100·	91·66	12	...	...	11	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Act VIII of 1867	49	...	...	...	46	40	100·	86·95	49	...	...	40	6	...	...	...	3	...	...
		Army discipline Act	3	...	...	...	3	2	100·	66·66	3	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		A'bkári Act	35	...	...	...	34	30	77·14	88·23	27	...	...	23	3	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Telegraph Act	...	...	1	...	...	...	100·	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Land Revenue Code...	1	...	...	...	1	1	100·	100·	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	3,852	...	1	9	3,801	3,507	92·70	92·26	3,571	1	...	3,269	278	15	...	...	15	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL ...	39,314	800	1,357	489	26,861	19,947	81·63	74·26	32,924	577	110	18,403	4,573	725	...	...	5,999	56	4

A.—*continued.*

Crime for the Year 1888—continued.

		PERSONS.																	PROPERTY.						
Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to given security for good conduct).		Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e.g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at the end of year.			Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.
		Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.						By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.					In custody of Police.	On bail.	Under trial before a Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.						
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
																								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
14	...	245	400	659	...	37	15·10	622	521	1	89	...	45	18·36	...	2	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	44	9	54	...	...	...	54	33	...	20	...	16	36·36	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
15	...	289	414	718	...	37	12·80	681	559	1	109	...	61	21·10	...	2	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
10	...	273	7	290	...	44	16·11	276	111	...	127	1	127	46·52	...	...	...	...	7	...	43	24	55·81	7,698 2 0	859 2 0	11·16
97	23	2,751	195	3,066	21	320	11·63	2,718	900	13	1,675	18	1,655	60·15	...	6	2	5	94	9	2,395	1,829	76·36	1,18,715 1 1	90,184 7 10	75·96
202	19	9,469	1,226	10,916	9	1,032	10·89	9,830	3,293	48	6,220	55	5,919	62·50	...	16	6	39	196	2	8,573	6,451	75·24	4,38,157 5 4	2,08,004 13 5	47·47
8	2	303	202	515	...	45	14·35	469	300	1	162	...	131	43·23	...	...	1	...	6	...	350	181	51·71	49,084 4 6	26,185 1 6	52·38
49	21	1,557	61	1,688	5	139	8·24	1,533	486	8	841	9	925	59·40	...	...	...	11	187	...	646	741	100·	32,665 15 9	30,065 14 0	92·04
33	...	798	1,947	2,778	...	70	8·77	2,706	2,215	...	481	...	263	32·95	...	3	...	2	7	...	4	3	75·	16 0 0	16 0 0	100·
...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	5	2	...	3	...	3	42·85	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	1	33·33	53 3 6	0 3 6	...
399	65	15,158	3,638	19,260	35	1,650	10·88	17,537	7,307	70	9,509	83	9,023	59·52	...	25	9	59	497	11	12,014	9,230	76·82	6,47,290 0 2	3,55,315 10 3	54·89
1	...	32	7	40	...	1	3·12	39	31	...	8	...	7	21·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
19	...	406	72	497	...	16	3·94	481	97	14	345	...	295	72·66	...	1	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	513	1	515	...	4	·77	511	98	...	412	...	411	80·11	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	50·	16 0 0	8 0 0	50·
53	...	1,682	312	2,047	1	54	3·21	1,991	384	...	1,567	...	1,331	79·13	...	...	...	1	40	...	292	286	97·94	591 0 0	587 0 0	99·32
14	...	357	19	390	...	12	3·36	377	69	1	296	...	282	78·79	...	...	...	1	11	...	128	127	99·21	4,792 0 0	4,792 0 0	100·
...	...	25	2	27	1	...	...	26	2	...	24	...	23	92·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
5	...	219	249	473	...	9	4·10	464	73	...	391	...	190	86·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	29	100·	22 0 0	22 0 0	100·
8	...	291	28	327	...	10	3·43	313	47	...	252	1	229	78·69	...	1	...	4	12	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
1	...	48	843	892	...	...	...	892	246	...	632	...	36	75·	...	...	...	...	14	...	103	97	94·17	350 3 0	338 3 0	96·57
13	...	4,679	269	4,961	4	31	·66	4,918	353	...	4,554	...	4,343	92·81	...	...	...	8	11	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
115	...	8,257	1,802	10,174	6	137	1·65	10,017	1,400	15	8,486	1	7,162	86·61	...	2	...	14	113	...	554	540	97·47	5,771 3 0	5,747 3 0	99·58
7	...	1,836	237	2,080	...	1	·05	2,079	168	...	1,895	...	1,676	91·28	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	2	...	.....	.....	...
3	...	1,367	23	1,393	1	3	·21	1,389	108	...	1,277	...	1,263	92·39	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	1	50·	3 0 0	2 0 0	66·67
...	...	376	...	376	...	...	...	376	38	...	335	...	335	89·09	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	20	...	20	...	4	20·	16	1	...	15	...	15	75·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	61	...	61	...	...	...	61	9	...	52	...	52	85·	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	45	100·	30 0 0	30 0 0	100·
...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	...	2	66·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	27	10	37	...	...	...	37	6	...	31	...	22	81·48	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	7	100·	14 0 0	14 0 0	100·
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	100·	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...
10	...	3,691	270	3,971	1	8	·21	3,962	331	...	3,508	...	3,366	91·19	..	...	...	...	23	...	54	53	98·14	47 0 0	46 0 0	97·87
1,074	117	35,828	8,295	45,317	75	2,731	7·62	42,487	14,493	674	25,184	600	23,485	65·54	...	60	16	117	1,141	171	15,478	11,206	72·39	10,30,918 6 9	4,60,051 15 2	44·62

STATEMENT A.

PART II.—*Return of Non-Cognizable Crime for the Year 1889.*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.								
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.	REMARKS.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	115	Abetment of offences not committed, &c.	1·6	2	..	2	..	1	3	4	..	..	.	4	..	..	
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence	..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	1	..	..	3	..	..	
		Total ..	1·8	5	..	5	..	4	7	8	1	..	..	7	..	..	
	CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, &c.*																
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State	2·0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice ..	656·85	692	27	719	13	686	991	1,007	124	364	2	478	..	39	
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants	99·60	98	9	107	7	98	138	143	32	43	6	54	1	7	
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 426.	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property	303·65	425	26	451	31	417	472	483	172	91	6	178	19	17	
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents	46·35	76	8	84	13	64	125	130	36	23	24	5	37	6	
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	132·30	151	2	153	11	145	163	169	33	14	..	122	..	..	
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks..	·10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, and affray	70·2	81	..	81	8	113	434	432	14	117	..	263	..	38	
		Total ..	1,311·05	1,523	72	1,595	83	1,523	2,323	2,364	411	652	38	1,100	57	107	
	CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*																
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	9·85	13	3	16	11	7	12	12	9	..	..	1	2	..	
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
		Total ..	9·85	13	3	16	11	7	12	12	9	..	..	1	2	..	
	CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*																
13	384 to 389	Extortion	54·10	91	3	94	18	76	152	148	48	54	8	27	3	8	
	CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*																
14	345	Wrongful confinement	6·6	12	1	13	3	10	33	33	8	22	1	2	..	..	
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	3,195·33	3,868	64	3,932	41	3,737	7,935	7,796	2,074	5,068	4	585	..	65	
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	26·05	29	45	74	42	42	70	67	25	26	1	15	..	..	
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	21,238·98	25,457	1,125	26,582	423	24,959	61,921	59,264	21,627	30,618	..	3,564	5	450	
		Total ..	24,521·06	29,457	1,238	30,695	527	28,824	70,111	67,308	23,782	35,788	14	4,193	8	523	
	CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*																
17a	379 and 411	Theft, &c.	..	7	..	7	..	7	16	16	4	5	..	7	..	..	
18	417 to 420	Cheating	414	512	16	528	66	382	550	552	279	151	..	102	5	14	
19	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property	510·35	549	21	570	74	470	750	805	382	207	..	200	..	17	
20	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	67·95	44	6	50	5	45	49	54	25	6	1	15	5	2	
21	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	2,460·75	4,178	118	4,296	154	3,910	9,728	9,412	2,364	5,986	29	964	2	67	
		Total ..	3,453·05	5,290	161	5,451	299	4,814	11,102	10,889	3,054	6,355	30	1,288	12	100	
	CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																
22	298	Offences against religion	1·2	5	..	5	1	4	11	11	11	..	..	..	..	..	
23	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service	9·80	10	..	10	..	8	31	28	2	23	..	3	..	..	
24	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ..	845·79	1,065	16	1,081	88	832	1,764	1,734	616	904	14	103	7	90	
25	500 to 502	Defamation	144	174	6	180	10	155	343	347	141	172	2	27	..	5	
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	4,810·62	4,694	64	4,758	128	4,406	8,775	8,561	3,462	4,433	..	599	..	67	
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	668·75	457	10	467	4	456	563	571	29	104	..	438	..	..	
28	291 A	Keeping a lottery office	·2	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction	89·8	174	4	178	35	150	237	243	40	31	16	155	..	1	
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	13·0	32	1	33	18	11	19	28	4	..	..	24	..	..	
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property .	7·6	38	..	38	24	20	45	45	33	..	..	12	..	..	
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children..	243·55	515	9	524	13	487	487	489	163	235	..	92	..	..	
		Total ..	6,834·31	7,165	110	7,275	321	6,530	12,276	12,058	4,501	5,902	32	1,454	7	163	

STATEMENT A—*continued.*

PART II—*Return of Non-Cognizable crime for the Year 1889.*

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	CASES.						PERSONS.							
			Average institution of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the Police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Special Laws, offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.															
	Irrigation Act No. VII of 1879		28·8	88	..	88	..	86	152	158	4	57	..	87	..	10
	Forest Act No. VII of 1878		62·4	347	28	375	..	359	683	696	73	172	..	433	..	18
	Stamp Act No. I of 1879		22·4	232	1	233	..	226	266	270	37	9	..	222	..	2
	Abkari Act No. V of 1878		18·4	131	5	136	3	134	165	165	7	40	..	116	..	2
	Cattle Pound Act No. I of 1871		735·9	1,720	61	1,781	17	1,726	4,254	4,179	975	2,558	..	607	..	39
	District Municipal Act No. VI of 1873		1,745·5	5,188	156	5,344	..	5,173	6,377	5,282	148	576	..	4,541	..	17
	District Police Act No. VII of 1867		131·9	365	83	438	5	415	495	510	6	129	..	333	..	3
	Land Revenue Code Act No. V of 1879		43·	327	28	355	3	338	508	522	17	99	..	404	..	2
	Carriage Act No. VI of 1863		3·	38	..	38	..	38	45	45	25	4	..	14	..	2
	The Artificer's Act No. XIII of 1859		23·2	269	5	274	..	269	336	311	37	86	..	135	..	3
	Act No. IV of 1887 (Gambling)		4·2	11	..	11	3	11	147	147	1	6	..	140	..	..
	Arms Act No. XI of 1878 (India)		3·	7	..	7	7	7	7	7	..	..	..	5	..	2
	Act No. VI of 1878 (Treasure Trove)		·2	3	1	4	2	4	10	10	2	1	..	7	..	..
	Railway Act No. IV of 1879		17·9	33	..	33	1	30	37	37	..	9	..	28	..	..
	Salt Act No. XII of 1882 (India)		21·2	16	..	16	..	16	17	17	2	6	..	9	..	..
	Telegraphs Act No. XIII of 1885 (India)		..	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	1	..	..	1	..	..
	Boat and other Vessels Act No. I of 1868 (Bombay)		6·5	3	..	3	..	3	3	2	..	..	..	2	..	..
	Public Ferries Act No. II of 1868 (Bombay)		9·	37	5	42	..	42	56	55	5	18	..	32	..	..
	Village Police Act No. VIII of 1867		85·4	193	..	193	29	156	190	247	22	31	..	194	..	..
	Act No. XIV of 1866		1·8	6	..	6	1	6	6	6	..	1	..	5	..	..
	Act No. III of 1877		·2	1	..	1	..	1	2	2	1	..	1	..	..	..
	Act No. XI of 1878		9·8	23	2	25	14	23	26	25	7	1	..	17	..	..
	Act No. XVIII of 1869 (India)		..	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	2	..	..
	Act No. XX of 1882 (India)		..	9	..	9	..	9	9	9	..	..	..	9	..	..
	India Act XIV of 1882 (Civil Procedure Code)		1·4	2	..	2	..	2	3	3	..	..	..	3	..	..
	Bombay Act II of 1874 (Jail Act)		·6	2	..	2	..	2	3	3	1	..	..	2	..	..
	Bombay Act VIII of 1866		..	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	1	..	1	..	..
	Amendment of Municipal Act, II of 1884		2·	34	..	34	..	34	34	34	..	2	..	32	..	..
	Criminal Procedure Code X of 1882		8·6	7	..	7	..	7	8	9	..	3	..	6	..	..
	Act No. I of 1878 (Opium)		·4	5	5	10	1	4	6	12	3	4	..	5	..	..
	Act No. VI of 1879 (Customs)		...	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Salt Act VII of 1873 (Bombay)		3·	6	1	7	..	5	5	7	..	..	..	7	..	..
	Act No. XIX of 1838 (employing vessels without a certificate)		13·6	26	..	26	..	25	27	27	1	1	..	25	..	..
	Act No. VII of 1880 (Indian Telegraph Act)		..	7	..	7	..	7	7	7	..	1	..	6	..	..
	Act XVII of 1879 (Agriculturists' Relief) India		7·6	46	4	50	2	47	49	48	5	30	..	13	..	..
	Act No III of 1866 (Gambling), Bombay		·4	...	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Act No. III of 1867 (Cantonment), Bombay		39·4	154	..	154	10	144	154	155	..	26	..	126	..	3
	Act No. XVI of 1866 (The Indian Post Office Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Offences under Section 485, Civil Procedure Code (imprisonment or commital of persons refusing to answer or produce documents)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Act No. III of 1880 (Cantonment Act), India		..	19	..	19	..	19	20	20	..	2	3	15	..	..
	Act No. VIII of 1863		116·5	258	..	258	..	215	147	206	33	72	..	140	..	1
	Act No. XV of 1881 (The Factory Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Act No. XVI of 1861 (Stage Carriage Act)		3·	37	3	40	2	38	45	44	8	1	..	35	..	..
	Act No. III of 1875 (Toll Act)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Act No. XXV of 1867 (Printing Presses) India		..	3	..	3	..	3	4	4	1	2	..	1	..	..
	Chapter XXXV of Criminal Procedure Code (India)		·6	..	6	6	..	..	..	6	..	1	..	5	..	..
	Chapter XLII do. do.		·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Act No. XII of 1827 (Bombay)		2·	8	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	..	..
	Cantonment Rules, Bombay		81·2	35	..	35	..	35	35	33	..	4	..	31	..	..
	Act No. XII of 1875 (Bombay)		42·2	45	..	45	..	45	40	45	..	1	..	44	..	..
	Act No. XVI of 1879 (Bombay)		12·	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Poison Act No. VIII of 1886 (Bombay)		1·	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Ferry Act No. II of 1878 (Bombay)		..	2	..	2	..	2	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Section 27 of Merchant Shipping Act, Amendment Act of 1862		1·	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Act No. VIII of 1878 (Customs)		·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Act No. XXIX of 1857 (Bombay Land Customs)		·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Act No. VII of 1880 (Customs)		..	1	..	1	..	1	5	5	..	..	..	5	..	..
	Act No. X of 1887 (Native Passengers)		..	1	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..
		Total ..	3,316·2	9,747	394	10,141	100	9,719	13,399	13,486	1,522	3,957	4	7,910	..	104
			*5,341·05	†875	..	†875	†2	†843	†1,312	†1,339	†139	†241	†2	†943	..	†14
		Total ..	9,157·25	10,622	394	11,016	102	10,562	14,711	14,825	1,661	4,198	6	8,853	..	118
		Grand Total ..	45,342·47	54,166	1,981	56,147	1,361	52,340	1,10,694	1,07,562	33,467	52,949	128	16,923	89	1,019

* Offences under certain special laws in the Ahmedabad, Hyderabad, Panch Mahâls, Broach, Surat, Thâna, Násik, Poona, Sholápur and Karáchi Districts. These are not shown separately because details are not given.

† Offences under certain special laws in the Karáchi District. These are not shown separately because details are not given.

No. 6675 OF 1889.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 13th December, 1889.

FROM

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY;

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

In continuation of my letter No. 2836, dated 28th May, 1889, I am now, whilst forwarding a copy of the Police Report for 1888 and a copy of this Government's Resolution thereon, to state, for the information of the Government of India, the result of the further enquiry into the Police organization in Sind as promised in paragraph 12 of my letter referred to above.

2. The remarks of Mr. Trevor, Acting Commissioner in Sind, on Mr. Heaton's note are contained in paragraphs 11 to 26 of his observations on the report of the Inspector-General of Police for 1888, at pages 78-2 to 78-8 of the printed reports. Mr. Trevor has arrived at the conclusions that crime generally is not more prevalent in Sind than it was; and that it is not increasing at the present time.

3. On the whole, I am to state, there can be little doubt that Mr. Trevor is right. In support of this assertion, it will be best to consider first whether crime is increasing at the present time. Dealing with figures arrived at on the plan adopted in Mr. Heaton's note, the number of true reported cases in Sind was—

In 1884	...	...	...	...	6,874
1885	...	...	...	...	6,575
1886	...	...	...	...	6,330
1887	...	...	...	...	6,528
1888	...	...	..	...	6,386

In general, therefore, it is safe to say that crime is not now increasing; but that it is very nearly stationary, with, if anything, a tendency towards decrease.

4. Dealing with offences in detail,* it is found that thefts have been almost stationary since 1885 with a slight tendency towards decrease; a good sign, as cattle thefts are undoubtedly more accurately registered from year to year. Cases of house-breaking are decreasing. Of the more serious offences against property, robberies alone are increasing, but the total number of robberies is small for so large a province as Sind. There is an increase in the number of cases of receiving stolen property, but this, it seems to the Governor in Council, is rather a sign of police activity than of increase in crime; and may be partly due to the tendency there is in cases of doubt to convict of

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* See the appended Statement.

receiving rather than of theft. The numbers of persons convicted of this offence are as under :—

In 1884	...	...	...	196
1885	...	...	...	226
1886	...	...	...	202
1887	...	...	...	227
1888	...	...	...	232

As regards offences against property, therefore, there is on the whole a slight but distinct tendency towards decrease.

5. There is not, it is true, the same tendency in serious offences against the person. Cases of grievous hurt have largely increased in 1888, from 144 in 1887 to 166, but they do not stand so high as in 1884 when they were 181. As a set off against this, however, there is a large fall in the number of cases of riot and unlawful assembly. The most extraordinary increase is in murders, from 40 in 1887 to 50 in 1888. Excluding the year 1888, the figures for 1884—87 were very similar to those for 1875 to 1879. There has, it is to be remembered, been a large increase in murders throughout the whole Presidency and in Madras also, and, it is believed, in other parts of India in 1888. Culpable homicides and attempts at murder have decreased in 1888, and are normal.

6. There is, therefore, nothing abnormal or in the least alarming in the statistics of serious offences against the person, (if we exclude the very curious increase in murders, an occurrence common to at least the whole of the Indian Peninsula) though it cannot be said that there is a distinct tendency towards decrease.

7. The fact that crime has not increased during the past five years is at least some ground for supposing that the large apparent increase in the number of offences since 1875-76 is not a real increase. Had there in reality been causes actively at work which could bring about an extraordinary increase in the mass of crime, it is exceedingly improbable that they would have remained entirely unobserved and unknown. Yet in fact no such causes have been noticed, and executive officers in Sind from the Commissioner downwards concur in stating that there has been no real increase in crime. Again, the district of Kaira in the Presidency Proper shows results precisely similar to those in Sind; and it is known that in Kaira the registration of crime in 1875-76 was exceedingly defective, and that the increase there shown by the crime statistics is not a real increase. There are also very similar results in Ahmedabad, where too the registration of crime is known to have been imperfect in 1875-76. Lastly, there is the extraordinary increase in cases of grievous hurt and riot and unlawful assembly in 1884-88 as compared with 1875-79. These offences have more than doubled, and they are precisely the offences, the reported number of which would increase with an improvement in crime registration and increased confidence in the police. The bulk of both these offences are not serious crimes but personal quarrels, and a weak police force that had not the confidence of the people would either not hear of them or ignore them.

8. The Governor in Council has, therefore, no hesitation in stating that in Sind, as in the Presidency Proper, crime is not now committed with greater impunity than formerly. At the same time it is evident that the Police Force in Sind is in need of improvement, and measures to that end are now, I am to add, engaging the attention of this Government.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

J. MONTEATH,
Acting Secretary to Government.

B 152—6

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on 01 February, 2020

Table of true reported offences in Sind.

Years.	Murders.	Attempts at murder and culpable homicide.	Grievous hurt, &c., Serial Nos. 19 to 23 of Statement A, Part I.	Riot and unlawful assembly.	Robbery.	House-breaking.	Theft.	Receiving stolen property.	
1875 ...	38	25	80	44	15	928	3,494	128	
1876 ...	34	22	72	42	14	852	2,797	175	
1884 ...	37	16	181	132	38	1,088	2,742	281	
1885 ...	38	18	145	154	35	1,203	3,593	318	
1886 ...	40	17	114	164	37	1,123	3,314	284	
1887 ...	40	21	144	151	43	1,172	3,487	296	
1888 ...	50	17	166	118	50	1,074	3,453	331	